Major League Sports

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Division of Labor

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3. Diamond Watson - MLB Statistics

Phase 1

Figure 1.1: NFL Team Divisions

This is a text table visual. This visualization shows the NFL divisions and each NFL team within each division. There are 8 divisions and 4 teams per division making it 32 NFL teams.

Division

- AFC East
- AFC North
- AFC South
- AFC West
- NFC East
- NFC North
- NFC South
- NFC West

Figure 1.1: NFL Team Divisions

Division				
AFC East	Buffalo Bills	Miami Dolphins	New England Patriots	New York Jets
AFC North	Baltimore Ravens	Cincinnati Bengals	Cleveland Browns	Pittsburgh Steelers
AFC South	Houston Texans	Indianapolis Colts	Jacksonville Jaguars	Tennessee Titans
AFC West	Denver Broncos	Kansas City Chiefs	Los Angeles Chargers	Oakland Raiders
NFC East	Dallas Cowboys	New York Giants	Philadelphia Eagles	Washington Redskins
NFC North	Chicago Bears	Detroit Lions	Green Bay Packers	Minnesota Vikings
NFC South	Atlanta Falcons	Carolina Panthers	New Orleans Saints	Tampa Bay Buccaneers
NFC West	Arizona Cardinals	Los Angeles Rams	San Francisco 49ers	Seattle Seahawks

Figure 1.2: 2016 NFL Season Total Team Wins

This is a vertical bar chart visualization showing how many wins each NFL team had for the 2016 NFL season. The New England Patriots led that season with the most wins of 14. The Cleveland Browns had a terrible season with only 1 win.

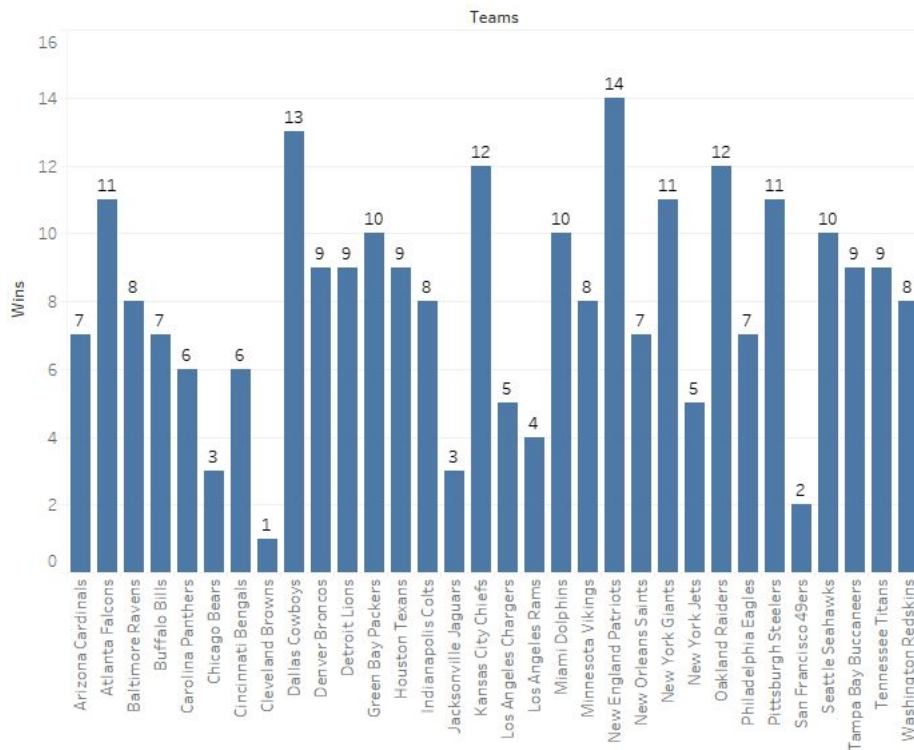Figure 1.2: 2016 NFL Season Total Team Wins

Figure 1.4: 2016 NFL Team Interceptions

This is a packed bubble visualization showing the number of interceptions each NFL team had during the 2016 NFL season. The circles are color coded by team.

- The largest circle is for 25 interceptions - New York Jets.
- The smallest circle is for 2 interceptions - New England Patriots.
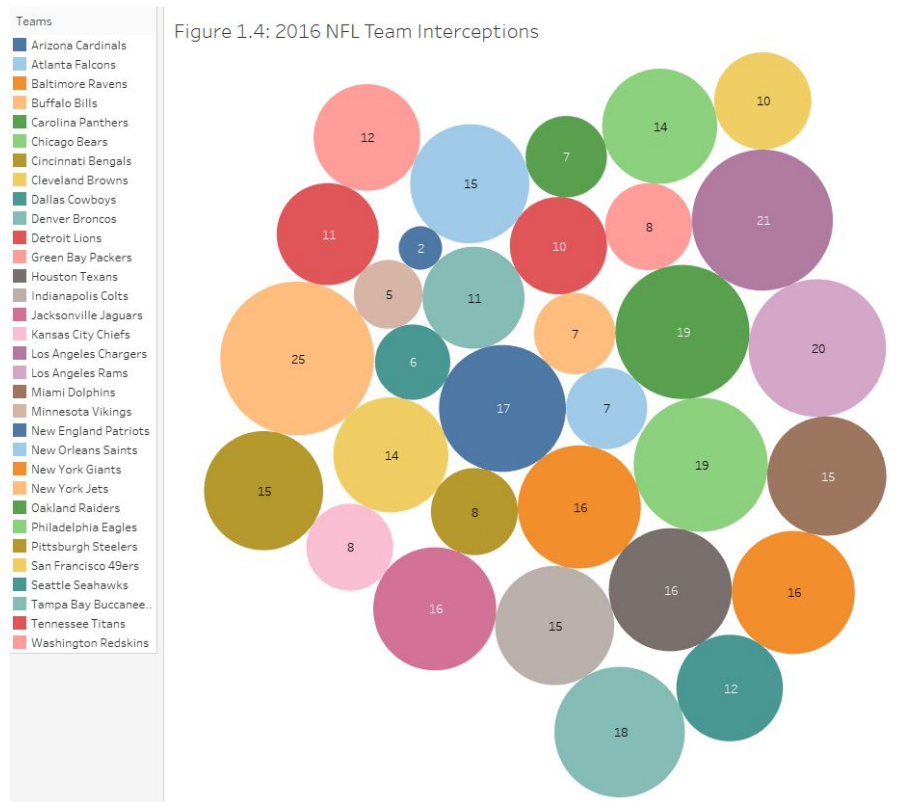

Figure 1.4: 2016 NFL Team Interceptions

Figure 1.6: 2016 NFL Season Team Quarterback Ratings

This is a circle view visualization that shows the ranking of team quarterbacks for the 2016 NFL season.

- Highest quarterback ranking: Atlanta Falcons - 114.94
- Lowest quarterback ranking: New York Jets - 66.22

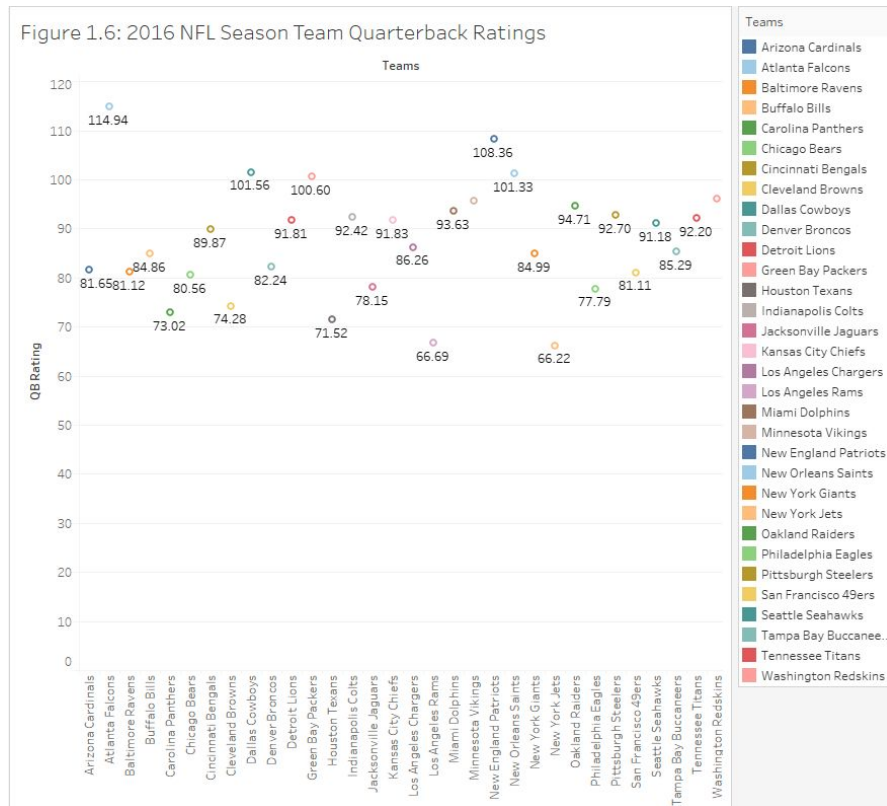Figure 1.6: 2016 NFL Season Team Quarterback Ratings

Figure 2.1: NBA Teams with most wins since 1946

This Tree Map represents the teams from the seasons of 1946 – 2016 that have received the most wins. The higher values are sorted as the top left section being the highest.

- Most wins: Boston Celtics - 2,677 wins.
- The next team is the Los Angeles Lakers at 2,576 wins.

Figure 2.1: NBA Teams with most wins since 1946

Boston Celtics* 2,677	
Los Angeles Lakers* 2,576	
San Antonio Spurs* 2,046	
New York Knicks* 1,871	
Chicago Bulls* 1,674	

Philadelphia 76ers* 1,621
Portland Trail Blazers* 1,512
Detroit Pistons* 1,469
Phoenix Suns* 1,460
Indiana Pacers* 1,435
Atlanta Hawks* 1,416

Milwaukee Bucks* 1,370
Houston Rockets* 1,337
Utah Jazz* 1,253
Denver Nuggets* 1,242
Seattle SuperSonics 1,100
Dallas Mavericks* 1,041
Golden State Warriors 937

Cleveland Cavaliers* 932
Orlando Magic* 673
Phoenix Suns 662
Los Angeles Clippers 646
Seattle SuperSonics 645
Milwaukee Bucks 613
Indiana Pacers 598
Houston Rockets 596
Sacramento Kings

Miami Heat* 884
Syracuse
New Jersey Nets
Portland Trail Blazers
Sacramento Kings*
Denver Nuggets
Philadelphia Warriors*
Kentucky Colonels*
Chicago Bulls 441
Dallas Mavericks

Detroit Pistons 834
Boston Celtics 544
Charlotte Hornets*
New York Nets*
Toronto Raptors*

New York Knicks 830
Atlanta Hawks 536
Minnesota
Utah Jazz 401
Los

Cleveland Cavaliers 796
St. Louis Hawks* 524
Fort
Los
San

Golden State Warriors* 765

New Jersey Nets* 707
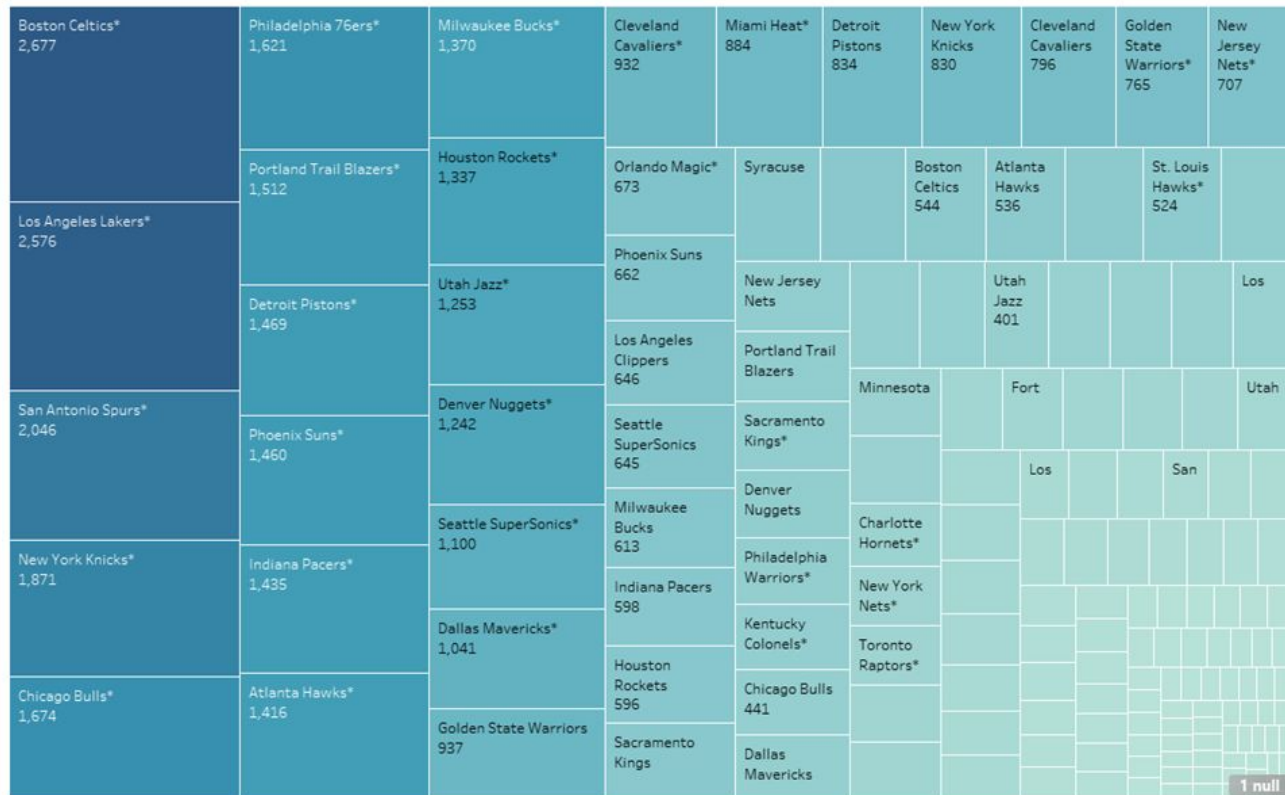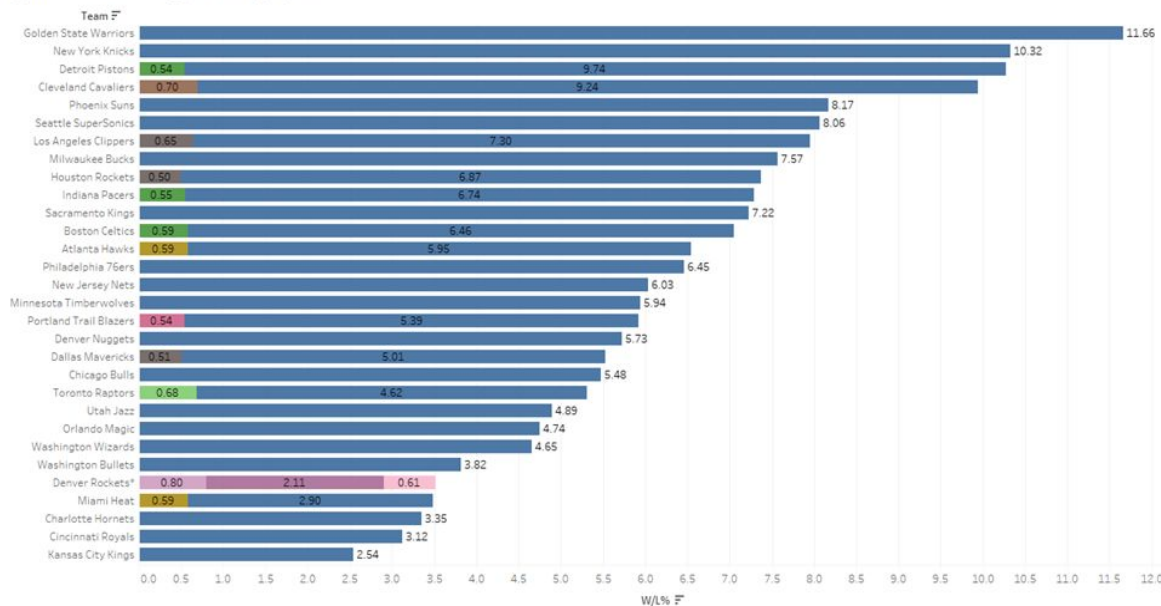Los
Utah

1 null

Figure 2.2: Win Losing percentage per Team

This bar chart represents the sum of the winning and losing percentages of the NBA teams from 1946 - 2016. The number for every win represents one loss. Color shows details about the playoffs which create outliers in the stats. Teams on the high end,Boston State Warriors, New York Knicks, and Detroit Pistons do well with having more successful games.

● The lowest W/N% Chicago packers - 0.23

Figure 2.2: Win Losing percentage per Team

Team

Team	W/L%
Golden State Warriors	11.66
New York Knicks	10.32
Detroit Pistons	0.54 / 9.74
Cleveland Cavaliers	0.70 / 9.24
Phoenix Suns	8.17
Seattle SuperSonics	8.06
Los Angeles Clippers	0.65 / 7.30
Milwaukee Bucks	7.57
Houston Rockets	0.50 / 6.87
Indiana Pacers	0.55 / 6.74
Sacramento Kings	7.22
Boston Celtics	0.59 / 6.46
Atlanta Hawks	0.59 / 5.95
Philadelphia 76ers	6.45
New Jersey Nets	6.03
Minnesota Timberwolves	5.94
Portland Trail Blazers	0.54 / 5.39
Denver Nuggets	5.73
Dallas Mavericks	0.51 / 5.01
Chicago Bulls	5.48
Toronto Raptors	0.68 / 4.62
Utah Jazz	4.89
Orlando Magic	4.74
Washington Wizards	4.65
Washington Bullets	3.82
Denver Rockets*	0.80 / 2.11 / 0.61
Miami Heat	0.59 / 2.90
Charlotte Hornets	3.35
Cincinnati Royals	3.12
Kansas City Kings	2.54

W/L% F

Figure 2.3: Teams with Most Losses since 1946

This figure represents all the NBA teams' losses from 1946 - 2016 in a bubble circle graph. The enlarged bubbles show the teams who have taken the most losses. The largest values are on the inside and the smaller values decreases towards the outside.

- Most losses: New York Knicks - 1,426 losses.
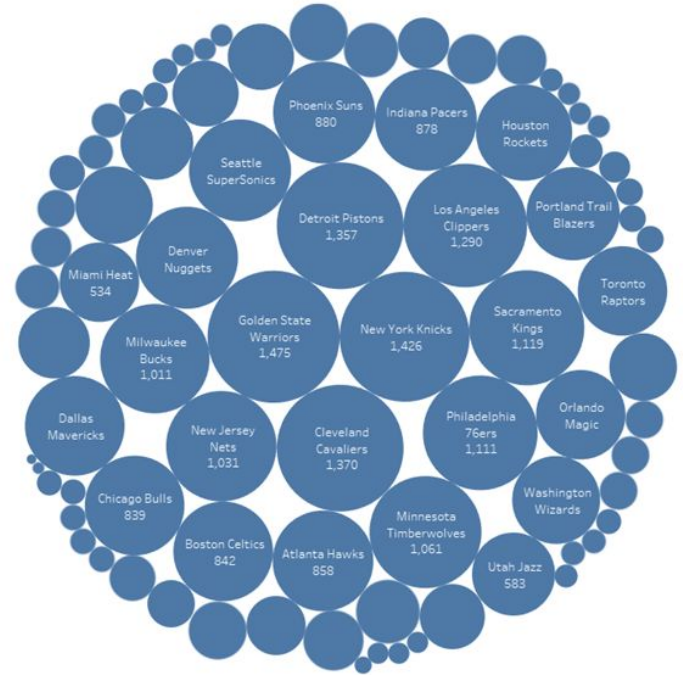
Figure 2.3: Teams with Most Losses since 1946

Figure 2.4: Seasons since 1946 - Sum of NBA Team Salaries

The bubble graph represents the data from all the NBA players salary from the seasons. This graph shows the data by having the largest values on the outer circle, while the smaller values are in the inner circle.

- Highest sum of salary: 2015-16 - $2,058,152,325

Figure 2.4: Seasons since 1946 - Sum of Team Salaries

2010-2011 $1,965,495,664.00
2015-2016 $2,058,152,325.00
2009-2010 $1,976,255,025.00
2014-2015 $1,902,512,855.00
2005-2006 $1,615,626,674.00
2004-2005
2003-2004
2006-2007 $1,698,866,581.00
2013-2014 $1,784,974,158.00
1999-2000
2000-2001
2002-2003
2001-2002 $1,266,925,000.00
2007-2008 $1,819,590,969.00
2012-2013 $2,036,499,805.00
2011-2012 $2,022,317,282.00
2008-2009 $2,007,661,207.00

Season
- 1999-2000
- 2000-2001
- 2001-2002
- 2002-2003
- 2003-2004
- 2004-2005
- 2005-2006
- 2006-2007
- 2007-2008
- 2008-2009
- 2009-2010
- 2010-2011
- 2011-2012
- 2012-2013
- 2013-2014
- 2014-2015
- 2015-2016

Figure 3.1: Player's Name, Team, & Salary

This figure displays the name of great Major League Baseball Players. Above, it also states the teams they played for at a particular time. It even compares each other's salaries. For example, the first name on the figure is Jason Castro, and he played for the San Diego Padres. That year he made $1,098,114. The name right under is Jason Heyward, and he played for the Chicago Cubs and made $53,777,778.

(Figure 3.1) Player's Name, Team, & Salary

Name	Team	Salary
Null	Null	$26,470,568,778.00
Aaron Bummer	chicago-white-sox	$832,890.00
Aaron Civale	cleveland-indians	$208,704.00
Aaron Hicks	new-york-yankees	$4,174,603.00
Aaron Judge	new-york-yankees	$14,007,448.00
Aaron Loup	new-york-mets	$3,000,000.00
	tampa-bay-rays	$370,370.00
Aaron Nola	philadelphia-phillies	$7,962,963.00
Aaron Slegers	tampa-bay-rays	$130,830.00
Abraham Almonte	atlanta-braves	$665,375.00
Abraham Toro	houston-astros	$583,588.00
Adalberto Mondesi	kansas-city-royals	$799,889.00
Adam Cimber	cleveland-indians	$721,286.00
	toronto-blue-jays	$477,408.00
Adam Conley	miami-marlins	$1,125,000.00
Adam Duvall	atlanta-braves	$3,166,667.00
	miami-marlins	$2,000,000.00
Adam Eaton	washington-nationals	$8,400,000.00
Adam Engel	chicago-white-sox	$1,936,618.00
Adam Frazier	pittsburgh-pirates	$5,921,037.00
Adam Haseley	philadelphia-phillies	$515,294.00
Adam Jones	arizona-diamondbacks	$4,500,000.00
Adam Kolarek	los-angeles-dodgers	$190,334.00
Adam Morgan	chicago-cubs	$464,544.00
	philadelphia-phillies	$583,333.00
Adam Ottavino	boston-red-sox	$8,150,000.00
	new-york-yankees	$12,962,963.00
Adam Plutko	baltimore-orioles	$584,200.00
	cleveland-indians	$573,953.00
Adam Wainwright	st-louis-cardinals	$20,962,963.00

0B 2B 4B 6B 8B 10B 12B 14B 16B 18B 20B 22B 24B 26B

Salary

Figure 3.2: Teams in 2019 with the total number of innings played

This figure displays the location of Major League Baseball Teams. In 2019 it also showed the total number of innings had at these locations and the number of games played there. For instance, Det (Detroit Tigers) played almost 80 games and played 30,177 innings in the 2019 season.

(Figure 3.2) Teams in 2019 with the total number of innings played
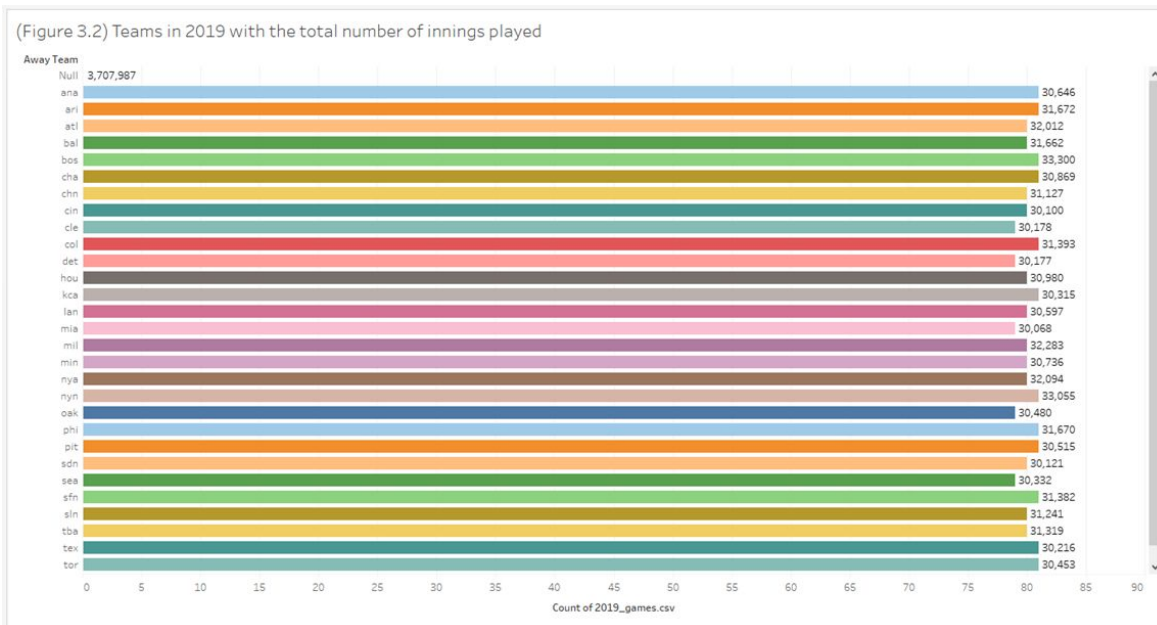
Figure 3.4:Teams Left On Base Average in 2012

This figure displays Major League Baseball Teams in 2012 left on base average. For example, the MLB Team in Texas ended the 2012 season with a 1,113 left-on-base average. That means at the end of each inning for the 2012 season, numerous players were still on bases by the time the inning ended, and that number added up.

(Figure 3.4) Teams Left On Base Average in 2012

TeamName	LOB
Null	
2012 ARI	1,122
2012 ATL	1,127
2012 BAL	1,027
2012 BOS	1,076
2012 CHC	1,044
2012 CHW	1,038
2012 CIN	1,135
2012 CLE	1,162
2012 COL	1,111
2012 DET	1,121
2012 HOU	1,090
2012 KCR	1,087
2012 LAA	1,079
2012 LAD	1,112
2012 MIA	1,092
2012 MIL	1,104
2012 MIN	1,144
2012 NYM	1,118
2012 NYY	1,135
2012 OAK	1,095
2012 PHI	1,135
2012 PIT	1,049
2012 SDP	1,146
2012 SEA	1,052
2012 SFG	1,171
2012 STL	1,198
2012 TBR	1,058
2012 TEX	1,113
2012 TOR	1,026

1 null

Figure 3.5: Number of Games had a Venues

This figure displays the number of games played at the venue for the MLB games in 2019. For example, in 2019, the London Stadium had only 2 games played there for that season. At the same time, Target Field had 81 games played there in 2019.

(Figure 3.5) Number of Games had a Venues
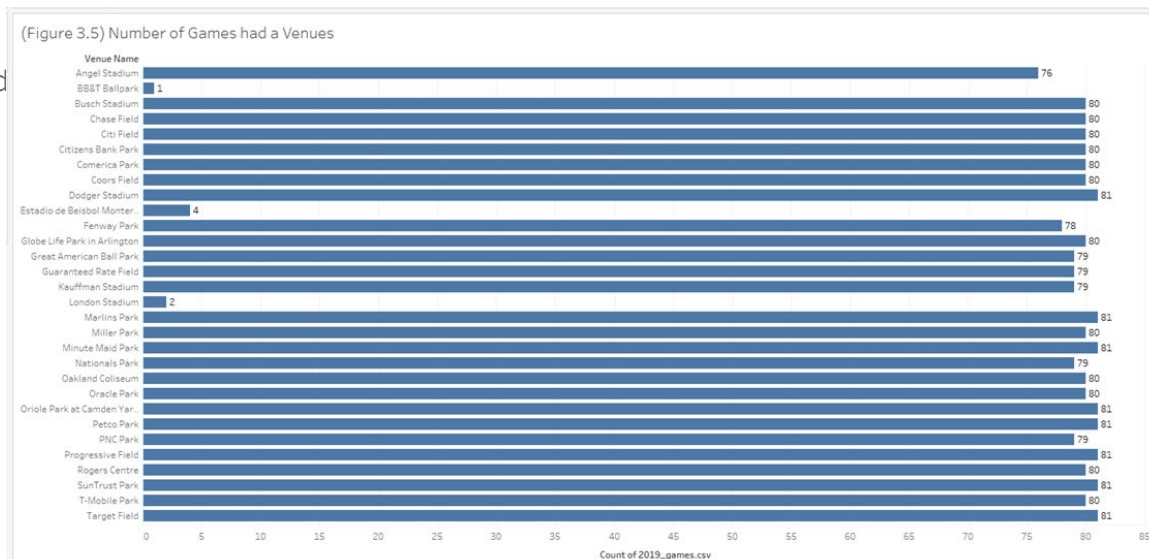
Phase 1 Conclusions

NFL -

- There are 8 different NFL divisions
  - 4 teams per division
- The Cleveland Browns had a horrible 2016 season with only 1 win
- Quarterbacks can be ranked high and be good but the team still has to be good altogether. Some of the quarterbacks are ranked higher than others but the whole team has a bad record
  - San Francisco 49ers quarterback ranked at 81.11(higher than 8 other team quarterbacks)
  - still had the second lowest win-loss record of 2 -14

NBA -

- The more wins a team holds the more revenue they can retain.
- Players have different amount of time active in NBA
- The only seasons of the NBA I obtained were 1946 - 2016.

MLB -

- Each team has played over 1,000 innings in a season and has played over 75 games within a season
- The average stadium gets played in was at least 76 times
- If teams feel like a field isn't a good field to play in, it won't be played in as often

Phase 2

Figure 1.7: Completed Passes & Attempted Passes for 2022 NFL Season & Figure 1.8: Completed Passes & Attempted Passes for 2016 NFL Season - stacked bar chart

Figure 1.7: Completed Passes & Attempted passes for 2022 NFL Season
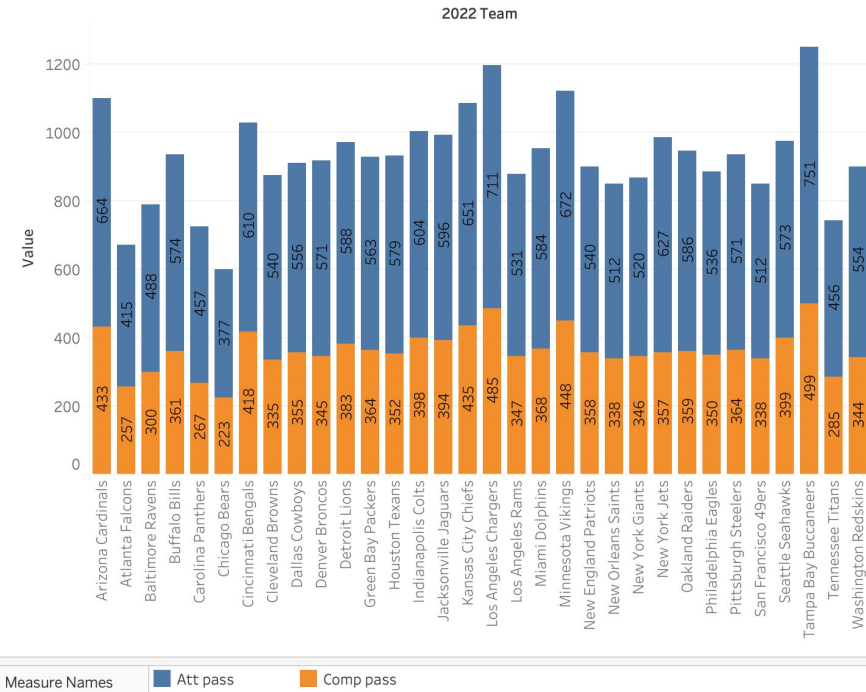
Figure 1.8: Completed Passes & Attempted Passes for 2016 NFL Season
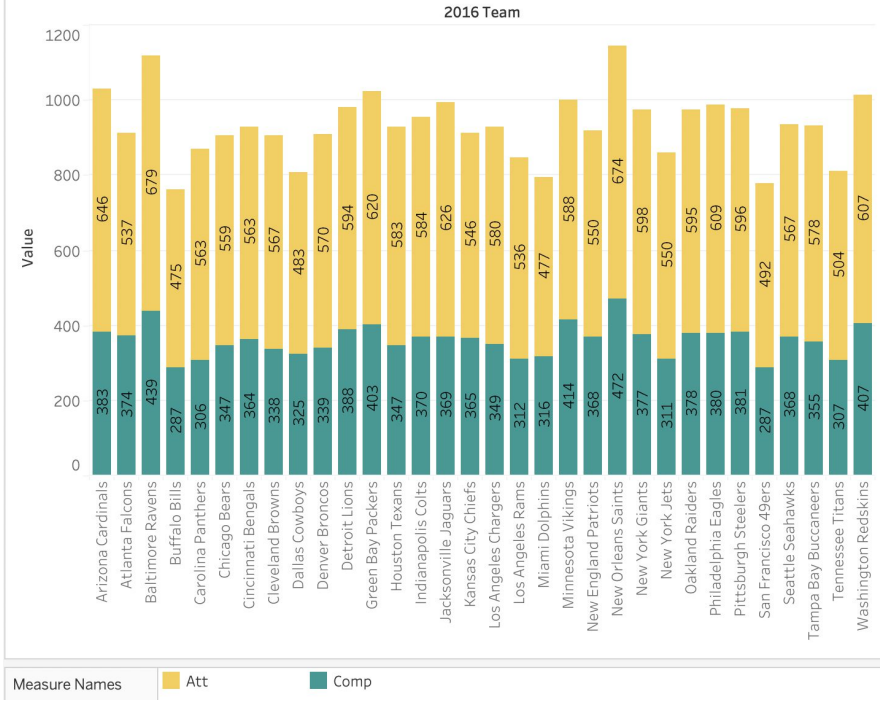
Figure 1.11: 2022 NFL Season Team Penalties & Penalty Yards & Figure 1.12: 2016 NFL Season Team Penalties & Penalty Yards - dual combination

Figure 1.11: 2022 NFL Penalties & Penalty Yards per Team
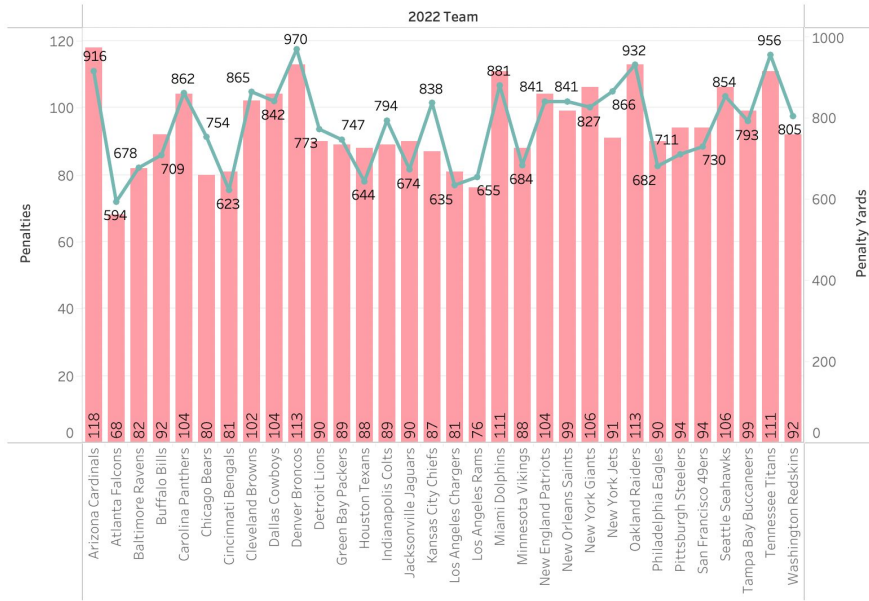
Figure 1.12: 2016 NFL Penalties & Penalty Yards per Team
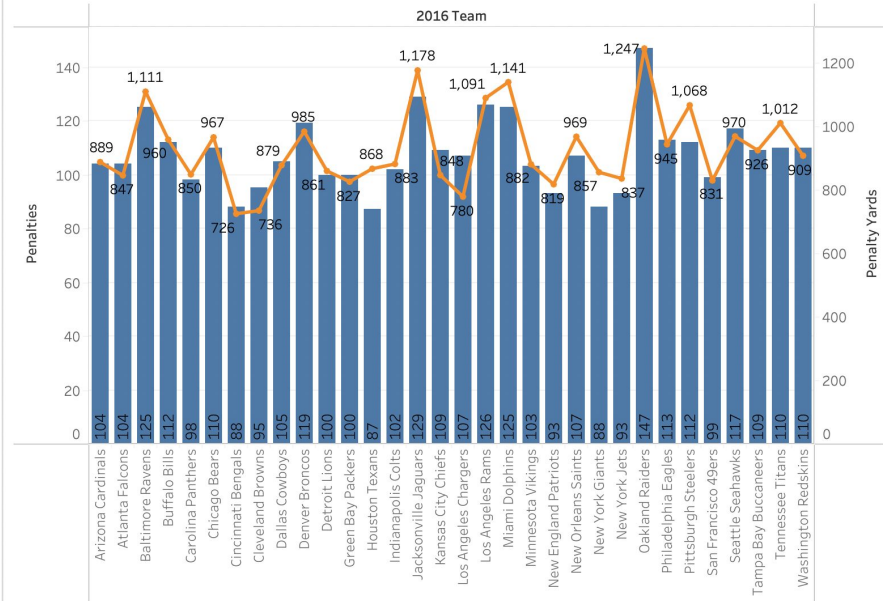
Figure 1.13: Level of Detail - 2022 NFL Season

This is a level of detail chart. This chart shows the wins ('W'), losses ('L'), and win/loss percentage (W/L %) for the 2022 NFL season, broken down by division and team.

Figure 1.13: Level of Detail - 2022 NFL Season

Division	2022 Team	W (2022 stats)	L (2022 stats)	W/L % 2022
AFC East	Buffalo Bills	13	3	0.81%
	Miami Dolphins	9	8	0.53%
	New England Patriots	8	9	0.47%
	New York Jets	7	10	0.41%
AFC North	Baltimore Ravens	10	7	0.59%
	Cincinnati Bengals	12	4	0.75%
	Cleveland Browns	7	10	0.41%
	Pittsburgh Steelers	9	8	0.53%
AFC South	Houston Texans	3	13	0.19%
	Indianapolis Colts	4	12	0.25%
	Jacksonville Jaguars	9	8	0.53%
	Tennessee Titans	7	10	0.41%
AFC West	Denver Broncos	5	12	0.29%
	Kansas City Chiefs	14	3	0.82%
	Los Angeles Chargers	10	7	0.59%
	Oakland Raiders	6	11	0.35%
NFC East	Dallas Cowboys	12	5	0.71%
	New York Giants	9	7	0.56%
	Philadelphia Eagles	14	3	0.82%
	Washington Redskins	8	8	0.50%
NFC North	Chicago Bears	3	14	0.18%
	Detroit Lions	9	8	0.53%
	Green Bay Packers	8	9	0.47%
	Minnesota Vikings	13	4	0.76%
NFC South	Atlanta Falcons	7	10	0.41%
	Carolina Panthers	7	10	0.41%
	New Orleans Saints	7	10	0.41%
	Tampa Bay Buccaneers	8	9	0.47%
NFC West	Arizona Cardinals	4	13	0.24%
	Los Angeles Rams	5	12	0.29%
	San Francisco 49ers	13	4	0.76%
	Seattle Seahawks	9	8	0.53%

Figure 2.7: Overall Highest Assist Percentage (Ast%) for NBA Players of 1946-2016

This Tree maps figure shows the NBA Players for highest assist percentage from 1946 to 2016, which is filtered to keep the top 100 of 4,328 members, and sum of Assist percentage.

- Ast% (Assist Percentage) - percentage of assists a player records in the relation to their team's overall total while in the game.
- Highest Ast%: John Stockton

Figure 2.7: Overall Highest Ast%

Player	Value
John Stockton*	939.2
Jason Kidd	721.7
Steve Nash	716.3
Mark Jackson	671.2
Rod Strickland	619.1
Andre Miller	581.0
Gary Payton*	530.9
Avery Johnson	525.5
Magic Johnson*	522.6
Chris Paul	516.7
Tim Hardaway	512.9
Sam Cassell	506.6
Muggsy Bogues	493.4
Tony Parker	488.1
Isiah Thomas*	487.2
John Lucas	484.7
Kobe Bryant	483.5
Baron Davis	477.1
Eddie Johnson	476.3
Terry Porter	474.5
Brevin Knight	469.1
Stephon Marbury	453.0
Kevin Johnson	451.3
LeBron James	451.2
Mike Dunleavy	450.9
Chauncey Billups	439.8
Kenny Anderson	438.4
Darrell Armstrong	437.3
Deron Williams	431.9
Maurice Cheeks	431.5
Mark Price	424.9
Rajon Rondo	421.8
Derek Harper	420.6
Robert Pack	420.2
Brad Davis	412.1
Nick Van Exel	408.9
Dwyane Wade	406.2
Rickey Green	404.2
Gary Grant	402.7
Mookie Blaylock	395.9
Allen Iverson	395.1
Jamaal Tinsley	394.4
Damon Stoudamire	392.2
Terrell Brandon	392.2
Scottie Pippen*	390.0
Anthony Carter	387.0
Kevin Garnett	384.9
Jose Calderon	383.3
Spud Webb	382.8
Tiny Archibald*	382.6
Earl Watson	380.6
Tracy McGrady	375.5
Mike Bibby	374.0
Clyde Drexler*	373.6
Jason Williams	373.3
Michael Jordan*	372.1
Grant Hill	371.1
Sherman Douglas	369.7
Eric Snow	368.4
Earl Boykins	368.3
Jason Terry	368.2
Jameer Nelson	367.8
Doc Rivers	366.1
Reggie Theus	363.4
Kevin Porter	359.1
Nate McMillan	358.9
Mo Williams	357.1
Karl Malone*	336.9
Sleepy Floyd	336.1
Jeff Hornacek	330.7
Pooh Richardson	329.6
Howard Eisley	328.5
Paul Pierce	328.2
Bimbo Coles	338.8
Brian Shaw	352.9
David Wesley	325.3
Devin Harris	323.0
Luke Ridnour	323.0
Larry Drew	320.0
Norm Nixon	316.6
Sedale Threatt	316.3
Rafer Alston	315.7
Derek Fisher	314.6
Manu Ginobili	352.3
Vince Carter	345.7
Steve Blake	318.6
Scott Skiles	318.2
Greg Anthony	313.9
Rory Sparrow	313.0
Walter Davis	312.7
Gerald	
John Bagley	340.7
Larry Bird*	322.3
Lindsey Hunter	317.7
Jamal	
Russell	
Kirk Hinrich	313.5
Lenny	

Figure 2.8 Top 20 players who played the most NBA games from 2012-2016

The horizontal bar graph represents the top 20 of 4,328 members with the highest sum of games played (G). Sum of Games played for each Player broken down by most recent Seasons acquired from 2012 to 2016 yearly. Color shows details about Player.

- Outlier in season 2013-14 from player Kobe Bryant.
  - Lakers Nation stated, "On April 12, 2013, Los Angeles Lakers legend Kobe Bryant made two clutch free throws after a torn Achilles injury against the Golden State Warriors," (Lakers Nation, 2022). He gradually began to play more games as the seasons passed.

Figure 2.8: Top 20 players who played the most NBA games from 2012 - 2016
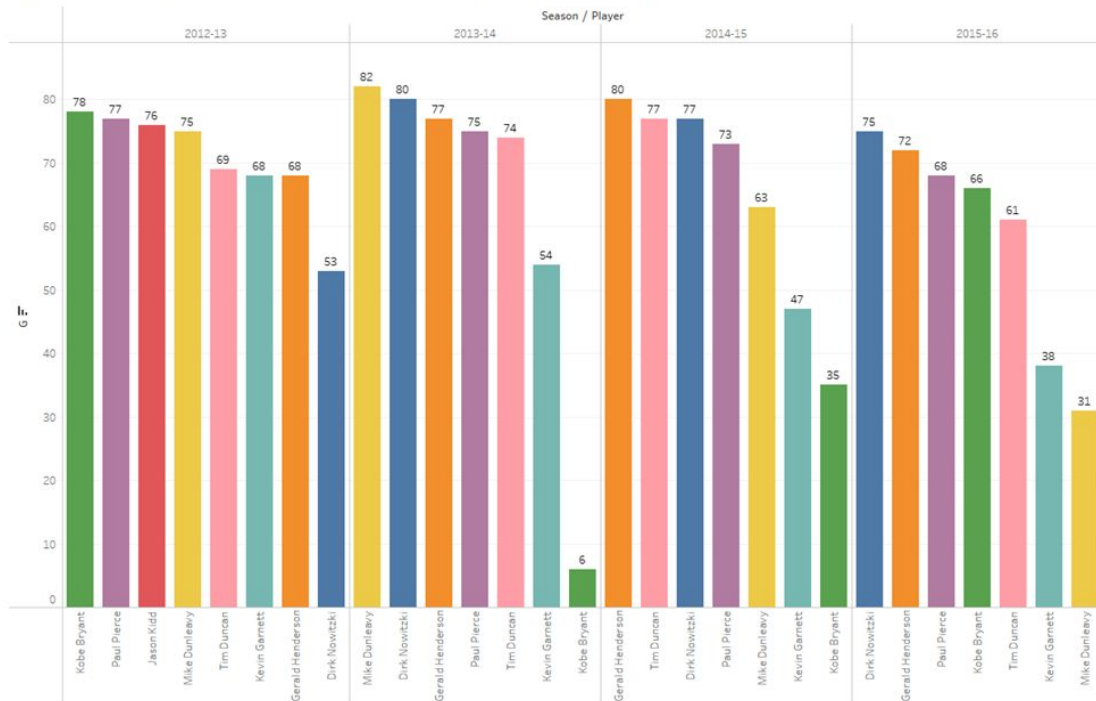
Figure 2.10 Boston Celtics Assist percentage (Ast%) & Block Percentage (Blk%) for 1973-2016 Comparison

This area map is shown from the team with the most wins in the NBA mentioned in Phase 1, the Boston Celtics, Ast% and Blk% for each Season.

Assist Percentage (Ast%) - The percentage of a team's assists that a player has while on the court

Block Percentage (Blk%) - Percentage of the 2-point field goal attempts blocked by the player while on the court

- Stats affect one another

- The team does a better job in Ast% than Blk%.

Figure 2.10: Boston Celtics Ast% & Blk% Comparision
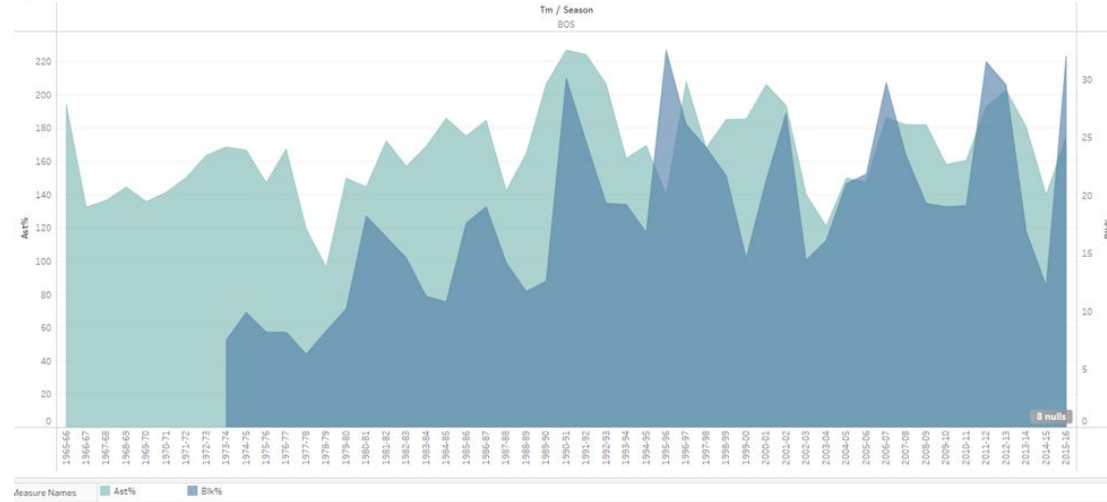
Figure 2.11 NBA Top BPM (Box Plus Minus) Comparison to WS (Win Share) Percentage for 1946-2016

This scatter plot shows two details on a dual axis being BPM (Box Plus Minus) and WS (Win Share) for each Player.

- BPM - evaluating the players' quality and contribution to the team from all their games played.
- WS - measures players based on their playing time during offense and defense. Worth one third of a team win.
- Top BPM & WS: Lebron James

Figure 2.11: NBA Top BPM Comparison to Win Share Percentage
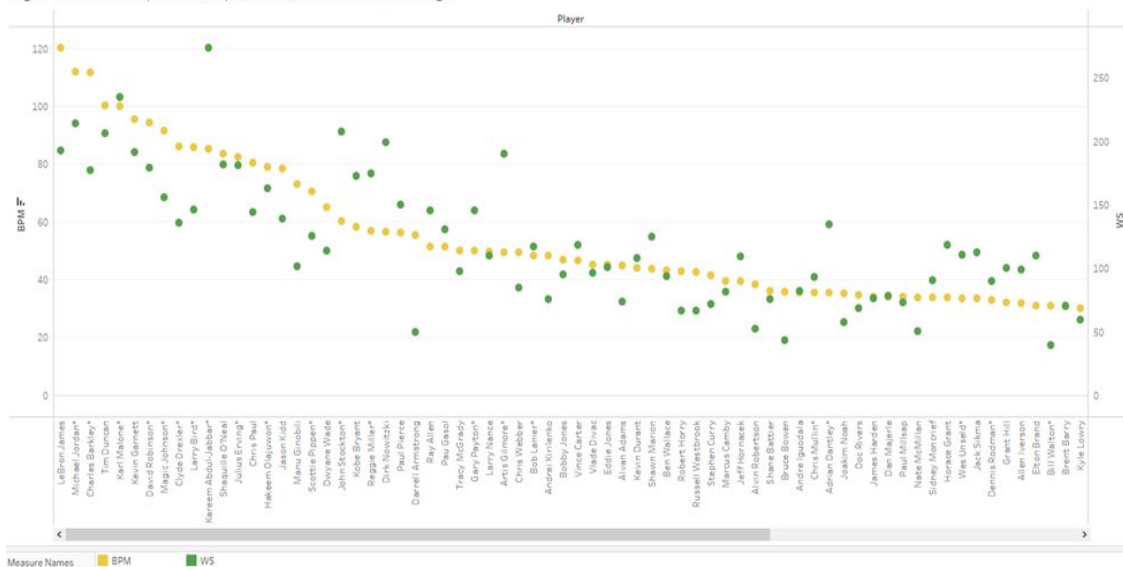
Figure 3.7: Pitcher ELO Rating

The figure above shows each player's Elo rating.

Their Elo rating is represented by a number that depends on the outcome of rated games played. So, after every game, the winning player takes points from the losing one. Then the difference in the ratings of the winner and loser determines the total number of points gained or lost after a game. As shown above, Jordan Montgomery has the highest Elo rating above. This is 100 of 320 pitchers for pitchers from the year 1871 – 2023.

Figure 3.7: Pitcher ELO Rating (1871 - 2023)

Figure 3.8: Pitcher Ratings (1871 - 2023)

Shown above are pitcher ratings. The pitcher with the highest rating is Framber Valdez, with a rating of 26,473. ERA (Earned Run Average) is the tool that is used for evaluating pitchers. The formula for finding the ERA is 9 times earned runs divided by innings pitched. So, if a pitcher leaves a game with runners on base, any received runs scored by those runners will count against them. ERA is an ideal evaluation of pitchers. This is from 1871 – 2023.

Figure 3.8: Pitcher Ratings (1871 - 2023)

- Yonny Chirinos 1,538
- Aaron Ashby 18,433
- David Phelps 1,552
- Vladimir Gutierrez 5,954
- Vince Velasquez 7,637
- Taylor Hearn 7,376
- Erick Fedde 20,299
- Framber Valdez 26,473
- George Kirby 18,138
- Hayden Wesneski 2,948
- Hunter Brown 1,573
- T.J. Zeuch 2,943
- Sandy Alcantara 23,745
- Rich Hill 21,358
- Noah Syndergaard 16,729
- Konnor Pilkington 6,001
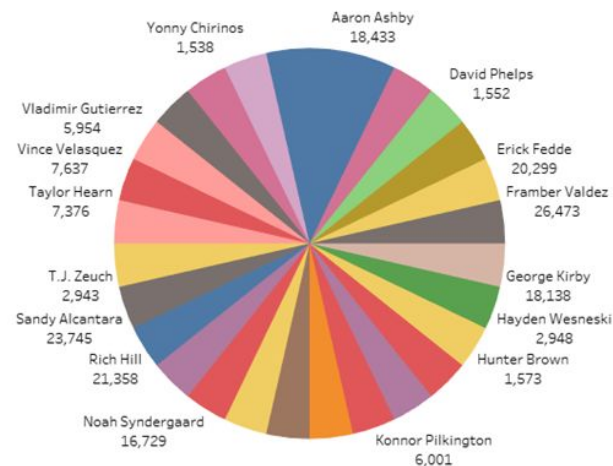
Figure 3.10: Team Hits vs Wind Speed (2016)

The trend bottom line shows the wind speed while the top shows team hits. The wind is a big factor in MLB games because it can enhance a game. The wing can cause a baseball to change course. Home Runs are easier to hit with the wind blowing is blowing out but not when it is blowing in. Also, if the wind is blowing, it may be harder to catch a ball depending on which direction the wind is blowing. When the Boston Red Sox played, the wind speed was 1,005. That day it worked in their favor because they were able to have 853 hits. This data is from 2016.

Figure 3.10: Team Hits vs Wind Speed (2016)
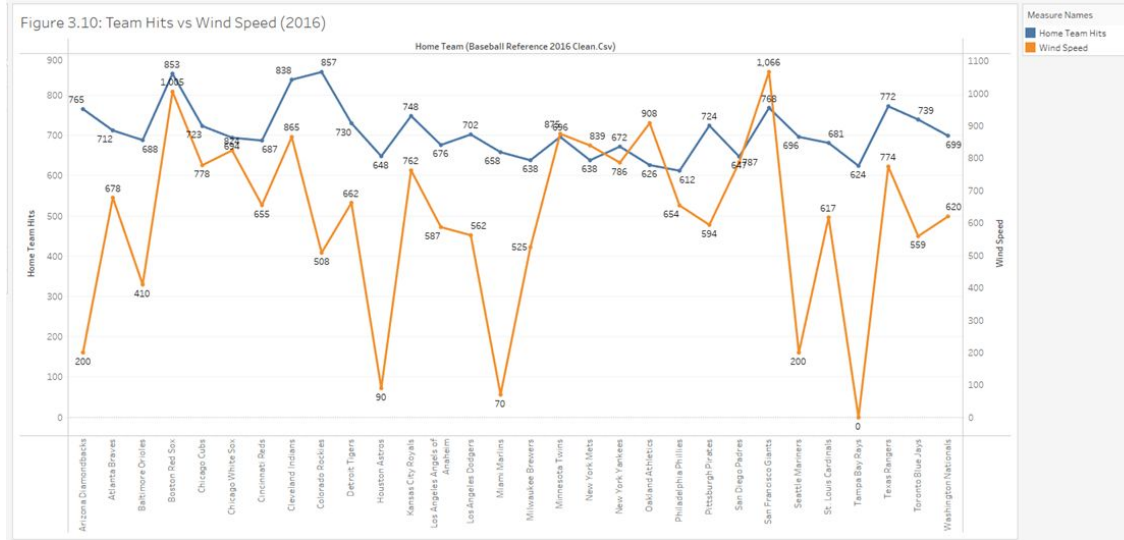
Figure 3.11: Home Team Errors and Home Team Loss for each Wind Direction (2019)

Like I said above the wind plays a drastic role in MLB games. Above shows the errors and losses that happened whenever the wind was blowing in a certain direction of the field. Less losses and errors happened when the wind was blowing in from the Center field, Left field, and Right field because, as you can see, it stays constant. Yet when the winding was blowing from left to right the errors were high at 213. The weather measures above are from games in 2019.

Figure 3.11: Wind Direction vs Team Errors & Losses (2019)
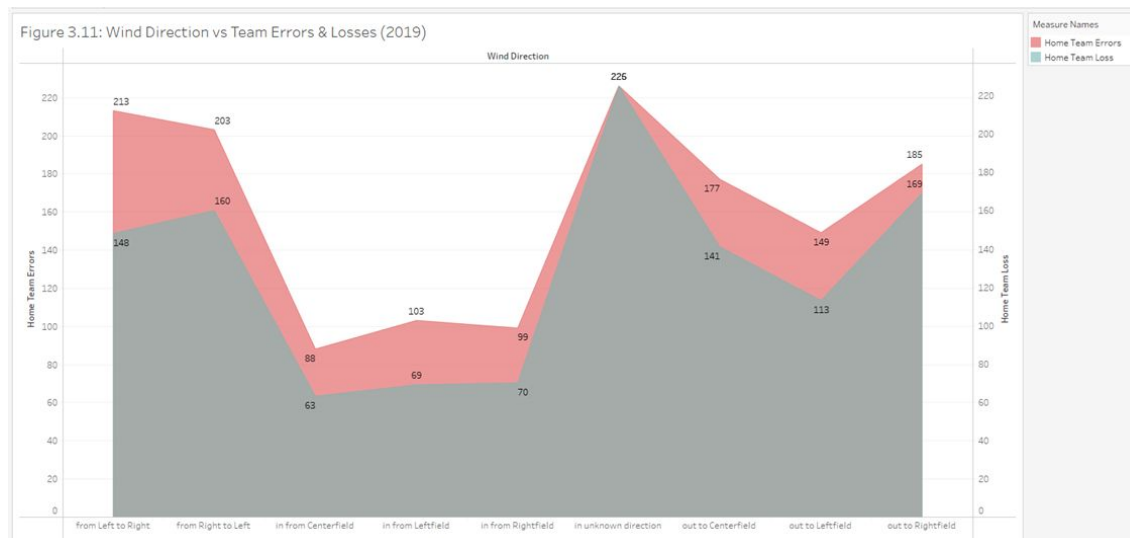
Phase 2 Conclusions

NFL -

- The consistency of attempted/completed passes for both seasons are inconsistent
- Oakland Raiders had an issue with penalties
  - During the 2016 & 2022 NFL season the Oakland Raiders led penalties
  - 2022: 113 penalties
  - 2016: 147 penalties

NBA -

- The factors considered
  - Assist Percentage, Block Percentage, Win Share, and Box Plus Minus.

- These stats explain how well a player contributes to the team during a game
- players playing for more than one team in their career. The time of each player's career is still in effect with the figures.

MLB -

- ELO and pitcher ratings are major evaluating tools for the MLB
- With there being pitcher-friendly and hitter-friendly fields, you can predict the outcome of games
- The wind can either be an enhancer or an enabler

Phase 3

Figure 1.17: NFL Super Bowl State Locations

This is a map figure. This figure highlights all the states that NFL Super Bowls were in. Out of all 50 States, Super Bowls were only hosted in ten. These ten States include California, Arizona, Texas, Florida, Louisiana, Georgia, Indiana, New Jersey, Michigan, & Minnesota.

Figure 1.17: NFL Super Bowl Locations

Figure 1.21: Number of NFL Super Bowl Games in each State

This is a treemap. This treemap is representing the number of Super Bowl games held in each participating State.

- 17 – Florida
- 13 – California
- 10 – Louisiana
- 4 – Texas
- 4 – Arizona
- 3 – Atlanta
- 2 – Michigan
- 2 – Minnesota
- 1 – Indiana
- 1 – New Jersey

Figure 1.21: Number of NFL Super Bowls Games in each State

Figure 1.23: NFL Super Bowl Winner and Loser Points Each Year

This is a step line chart. It shows all Super Bowl games' winner and loser points. The top layer in the winning team points and the bottom layer is the losing team points.

- Highest ever scored points for a Super Bowl Game: 55
- Lowest ever scored points in Super Bowl games: 3
  - 1972 and 2019

Figure 1.23: NFL Super Bowl Winner and Loser Points Each Year
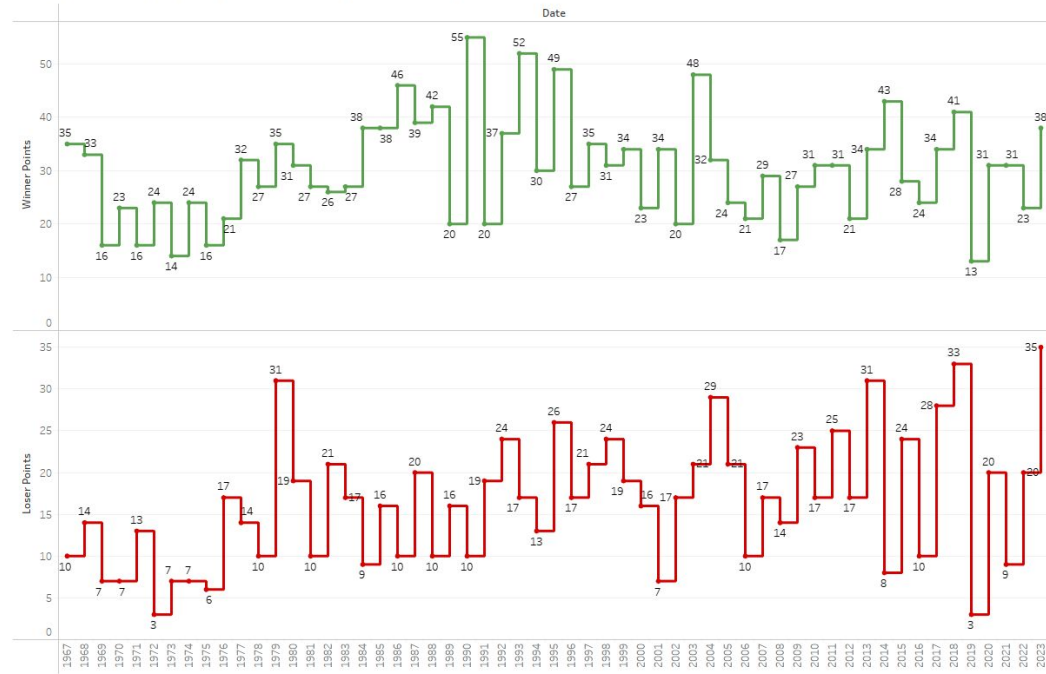
Figure 1.24: NFL Super Bowl MVP Count

This is a symbol chart. This figure shows all Super Bowl MVPs and how many times they have won the Super Bowl MVP title. The number of Super Bowl MVP titles are represented by the male gender symbol.

- Most have only one Super Bowl MVP title
- Tom Brady has won five Super Bowl MVP titles

Figure 1.24: NFL Super Bowl MVP Count

Figure 2.15: Count of NBA Players by Place of Birth

This figure represents a count of NBA players by place of birth on a donut chart. Specifically, the state in North America and then outside the country. Many players' place of birth in North America is California.

- NBA started out in New York

Figure 2.15 Count of NBA Players by Place_of_Birth
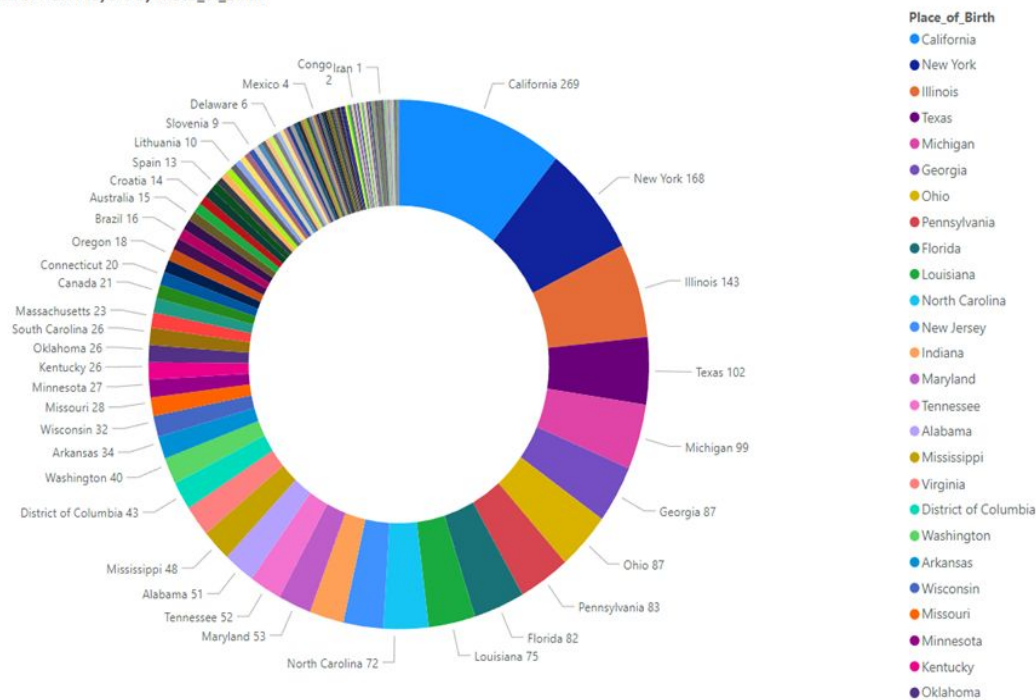
Figure 2.13: Count of NBA Players from 1946 - 2016 by Ethnicity

This figure is a count of the NBA Players from 1946 to 2016 by their Ethnicity on a waterfall chart. The data set grouped the majority of classes being black, white, black and white (mixed), and other. Others represent different races such as Hispanic, Asian, and more.

- The majority of people in the NBA are black, precisely 73% of all players.

Figure 2.13: Count of NBA Players by Ethnicity
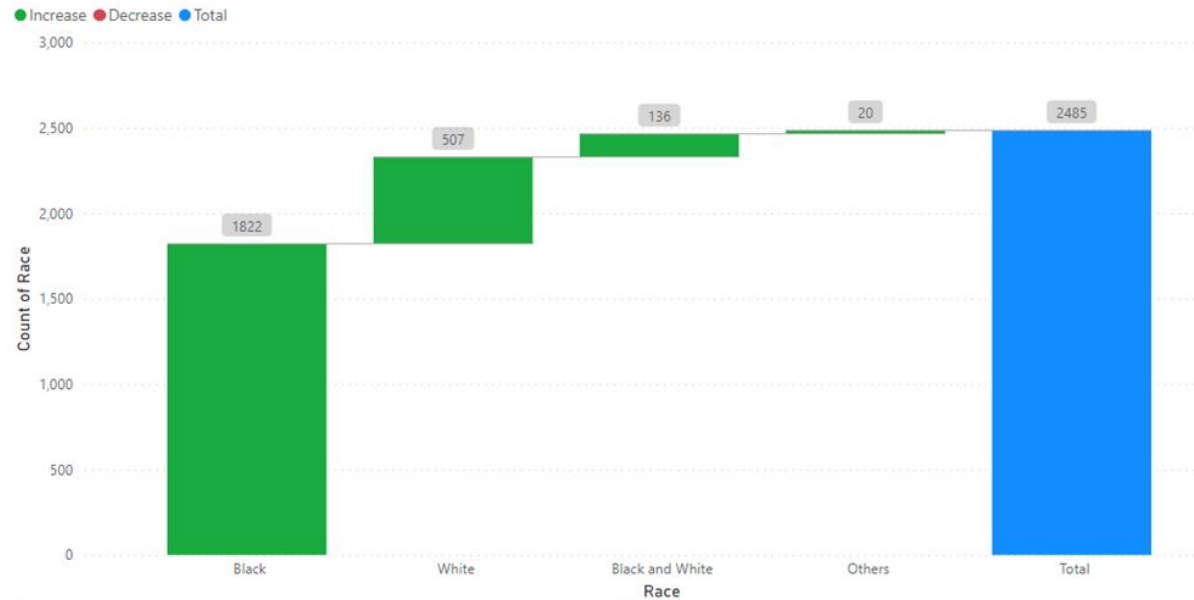
Figure 2.16: Count of NBA Players by College

This figure represents the count of NBA players by college. The amount that did not attend college are 249 players. 2236 players attended college.

Highest attendance: University of California, Los Angeles - 61 players

Most NBA players are scouted out by agents who normally seek players at college level.

'Figure 2.16 Count of Player by College

Figure 2.18: NBA Players Average Age Groups

This Histogram represents the amount of age groups that are accounted for in the NBA from 1946 – 2016. The age is counted per player per season they are active.

- The highest age group to be in the NBA:25-27.5 years old - 6,094 players.

Figure 2.18 NBA Players Average Age Groups
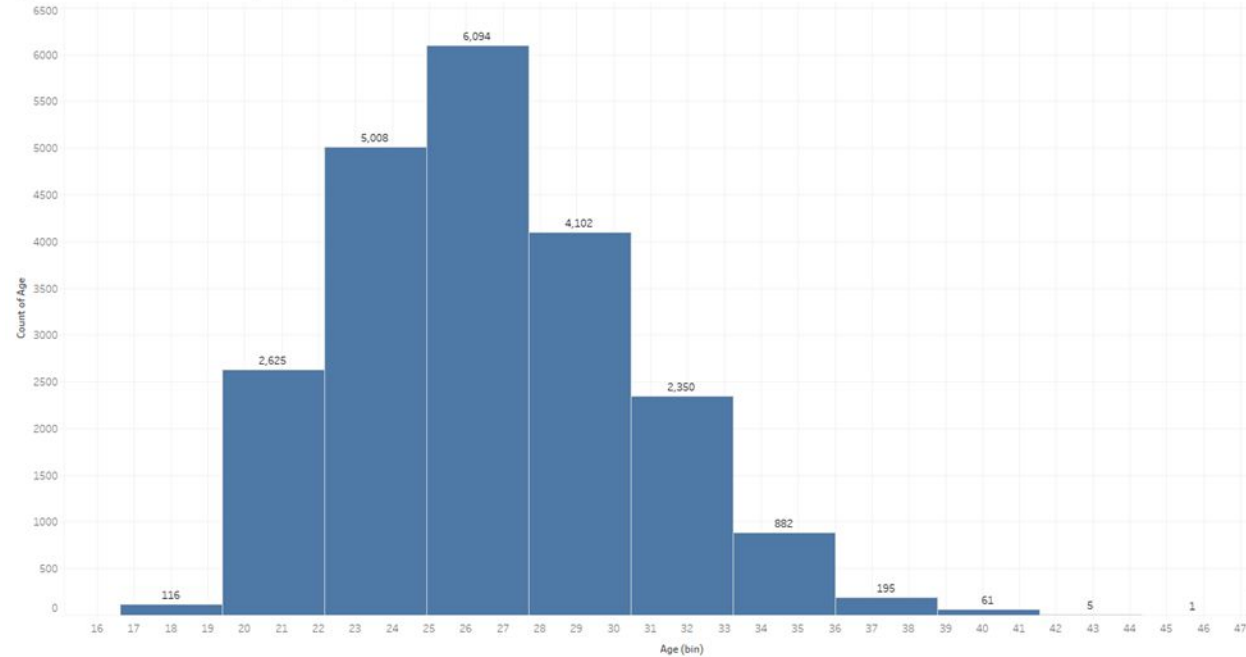
Figure 3.14: BOP, bWE, and RBI

The figure above displays the Base-Out Percentage (BOP), which is 60.72%. BOP was first introduced by Barry Codell in 1979. It determines how many bases a batter earns for each out he records. Runs Batted In (RBI) are also displayed above is 28.04%. It is the overall number of runs scored as a direct result of a player hitting the ball or being walked when at bat. bWE is also displayed above, which I think may be an error. I could not find anywhere what it means in baseball terms. This data is from 2001 – 2019.

Figure 3.14: BOP, bWE and RBI
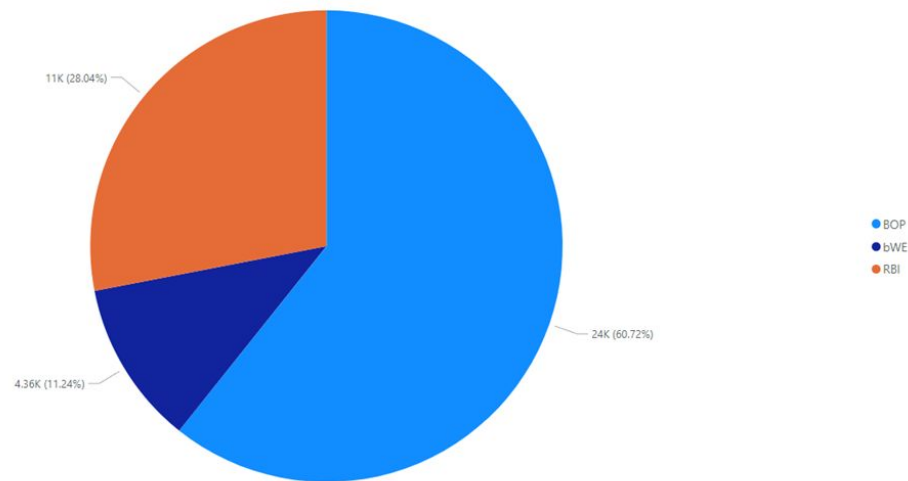
Figure 3.18: Top Players for each Year

The data above is from 1870 – 2020, as it is shown above. In 1904 C. Patten was the top player in the MLB. In 2016 C. Martinez was the top MLB player for that season. These rankings are based on Wins Above Replacement (WAR). It is combined with the seven seasons' WAR score, prime performances, best three seasons, and Championship games. Miss seasons and injuries are taken into consideration along with postseason performances and if the player has taken enhancing substances.

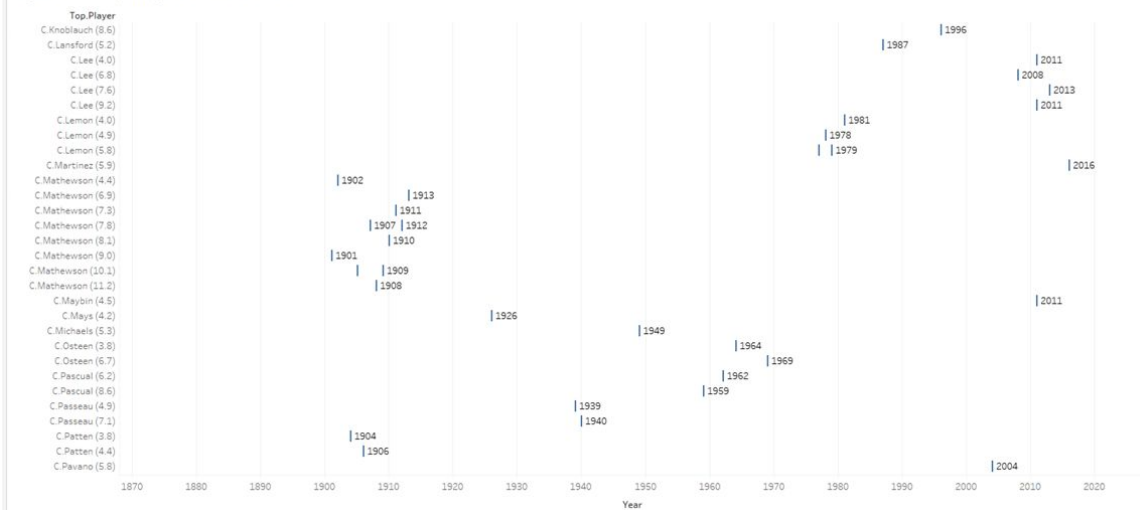Figure 3.18: Top Players for each Year

Figure 3.19: Pitcher Elevation Angle vs Horizontal Angle

Pitcher angles are very big across the country in Baseball. Vertical angles tell us how steep or flat the pitch was when it crossed home plate. Horizontal angles tell us how the ball came into the zone horizontally. All of this is taken into consideration because it is tracked during and also after every game for each pitcher. It also determines what kind of pitch the pitcher throws at the hitter. This data is from 2001 – 2019.

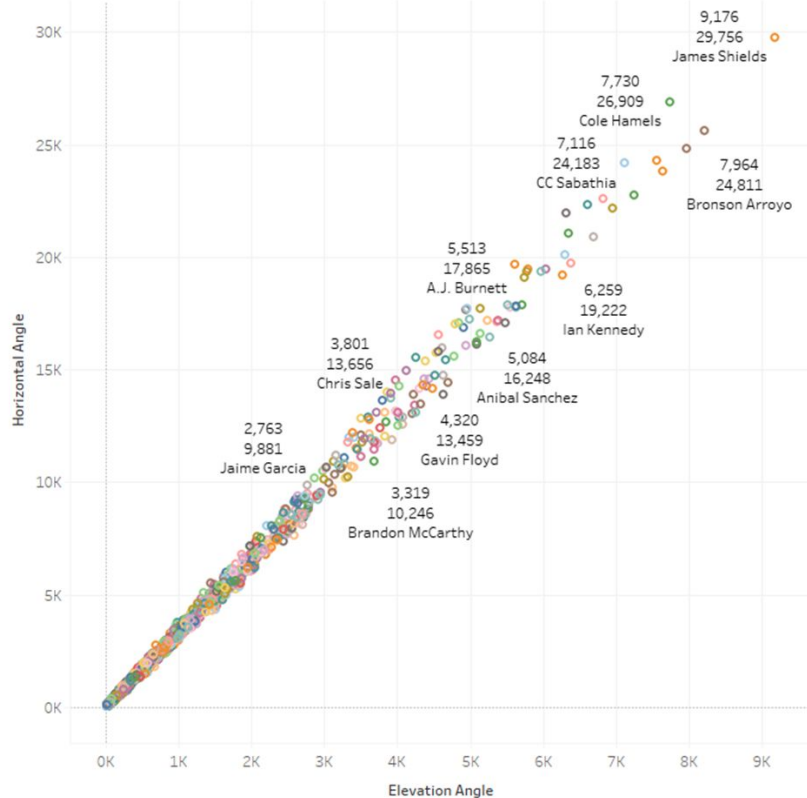Figure 3.19: Pitcher Elevation Angle vs Horzontal Angle

Figure 3.20: Player Names, Team & Age

The figure data above is from 2019. It states Player Names. What league they were playing for at the time, and their age at the time. Henry Romos was 29, and he was playing in the National League for the Boston Red Sox. Jace Fry was 27 in 2019, playing in the American League for the Detroit Tigers.

Figure 3.20: Player Names, Teams, & Age
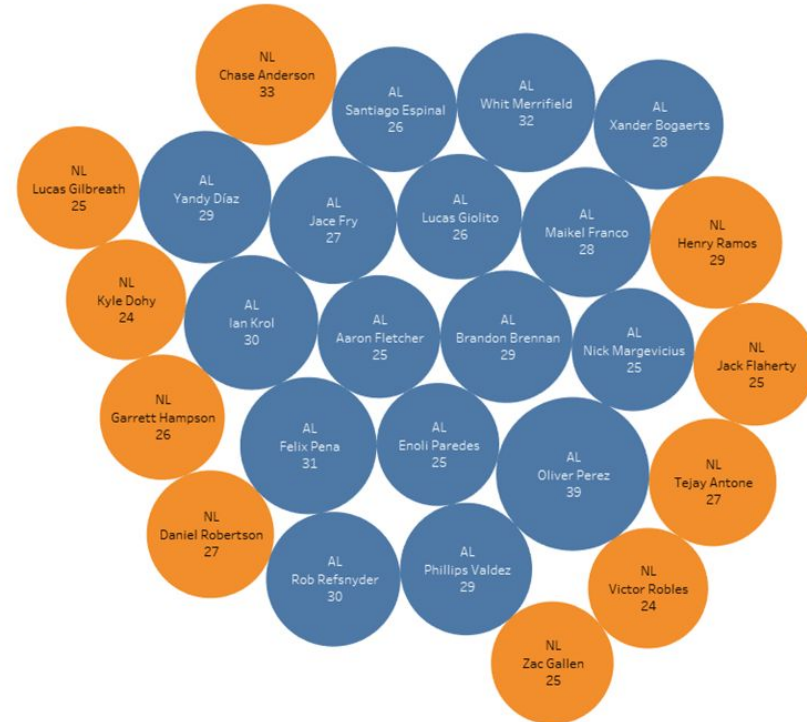
Phase 3 Conclusions

NFL -

- Super Bowls are only held in 10 of the 50 States
  - Mainly in Florida, California, and Louisiana
- The highest ever scored points during a Super Bowl game is 55
- Not many Super Bowl MVPs have over 1 Super Bowl MVP title

NBA -

An analysis of the NBA demographics, what exactly makes up the average NBA players as who they are, where they're from, and their age groups. Also taking in consideration where they are scouted and if going to college makes a difference.

- Average NBA player based on the demographics is a black male in the age group 25 – 28 that is from the United States.

MLB -

- Base-Out Percentages are how many bases a batter earns per out they get
- Runs batted In is the overall number of runs scored by directly hitting the ball or being walked when they are up to bat.

Overall Conclusions

NFL -

- Phase 1: There are 8 NFL divisions, with 4 teams in each division. The Cleveland Browns had the worst record (1-15) for the 2016 NFL Season. Just because a team record is bad, the QB ranking can still be high. The correlation is seen between Figures 1.2, 1.3, & 1.6.
- Phase 2: Shows a comparison on two NFL Seasons. Here we can conclude how each team can play differently each season, doing very well one season and falling off the next season.
- Phase 3: This phase was focused on NFL Super Bowls. I can conclude that NFL Super Bowl games are held mainly in 3 States (Florida, Louisiana, California). Lastly, most Superbowl NFL title holders only have 1 Super Bowl MVP title. Tom Brady is the only NFL Player with 5 NFL Super Bowl MVP titles.

NBA -

- Phase 1 from the NBA teams, it's clear the more wins a team holds the more revenue they can retain. The figures show relationships of high salaried players being in top winning teams.
- Phase 2 is a deeper analysis of Phase 1. The factors that were in consideration were the players' percentages while playing such as Assist Percentage, Block Percentage, Win Share, and Box Plus Minus. These stats explain how well a player contributes to the team.
- Phase 3 NBA players come from all over the world, but mainly from the United States who are often scouted from college basketball.

These stats examined show that there is true value in the NBA players while the well known names in the industry are able to prove themselves.

MLB -

- In Phase 1 I discovered that each team's batting average does vary greatly.
- In Phase 2 I discovered The wind can either be an enhancer or an enabler. It all just depends on the direction of the wind and where it is blowing to and from. It also is a game-altering factor because it can cause many errors or help score home runs.
- In Phase 3 I learned that every little thing is tracked in Baseball. The game is played from the pitch speed, type, and angle to the weather, wind, and field.