



# Python Programming

**COMP 8347** 

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# Python Basics

- ► Topics:
  - If statements
  - Loops
  - Exception handling
  - Functions
  - ► File Input/Output
  - Modules

## **Control Flow**

- Conditional branching
  - if statements
- Looping
  - while
  - ▶ for ... in
- Exception handling
- Function or method call

#### if Statements

- suite: a block of code, i.e. a sequence of one or more statements
- Syntax:

```
if bool_expression1:
    suite1
elif bool_expression2:
suite2
...
elif bool_expressionN:
suiteN
else:
else_suite
```

- No parenthesis or braces
- Use <u>indentation</u> for block structure

# Loops = What is it?

- Clear starting condition
- Clear finishing condition
- Some statement that leads the loops from its start to the end

## Loops: Python vs. Java

- Python:
  - while loops
  - ▶ for loops .... for i in range (5)
- Java:
  - while loops
  - ▶ do .. while
  - $\blacktriangleright$  for loops (int i = 0....)

### while Statements

- Used to execute a suite 0 or more times
  - number of times depends on while loop's Boolean expression.
  - Syntax:
    while bool\_expression:
    suite

**Example:** 

```
x, sum = 0,0

while x < 10:

sum += x
x += 2
print(sum, x) #What is final value of sum and x
```

Answer: sum=20, x=10



## for ... in Statements

Syntax:

```
for variable in iterable: suite
```

Example: fruits = ['apple', 'pear', 'plum', 'peach']

for item in fruits:

print(item)

Alternatively

```
for i in range(len(fruits)):
    print(fruits[i])
```

#### for ... in Statements - Enumerate

```
####for loop for a list of days
days = ["mon", "tue", "wed", "thu", "friday", "sat", "sun"]
for i,d in enumerate(days):
    print(i,d)
```

#### **Output**

0 mon
1 tue
2 wed
3 thu
4 friday
5 sat
6 sun

#### **Break and Continue**

```
ex2.py - C:\Users\Arunita\OneDrive - University of Windsor\8347\slidesF20\ex2.py (3.8.3)
                                                              □ X
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
 1 # Example using break and continue
 2 # Continue: control returns to top of current loop
   # Break: exit from current loop
   for num in [11, 8, 3, 25, 9, 16]:
        if num > 20:
             print('exiting loop')
            break # exit the loop completely
        elif num%2 == 0:
             continue # immediately start next iteration
10
11
        print(num)
12
                                                             Ln: 7 Col: 28
```

Iter#	num	num>20?	Num%2==0?	print(num)
0	11	n	n	11
1	8	n	У	
2	3	n	n	3
3	25	У		

## **Exception Handling**

► Functions or methods indicate errors or other important events by *raising exceptions*.

```
Syntax (simplified):
try:
    try_suite
    except exception1 as variable1:
        exception_suite1
...
    except exceptionN as variableN
    finally:
        # cleanup
```

variable part is optional

# Exception Handling - Example 1

```
Example:
   s = input('Enter number: ')
   try:
     n = float(s)
     print(n, ' is valid. ')
   except ValueError as err:
     print(err)
• If user enters '8.6' output is: 8.6 is valid
• If user enters 'abc', output is:
   ValueError: could not convert string to float:
    'abc'
```

#### Exception Handling - Example 2 - Scenario

- Part 1
  - Create a list with the following values 5, 10, 30, 40, 9.9
  - Run a for loop till the size of the list
  - ► Take a variable item and store each index of the list as a power of two. E.g., 1st value in item is 0, then 1, then 4, then 9, and so on
  - Print the index and the item. This program will give error for the index values which are out of the above list's range
- Part 2
  - ► For the above program, use try and except statements to print the index error when the index is out of bound/range. Your output should look like this:

```
index= 0 item 5
index= 1 item 10
index= 4 item 9.9
list index out of range
9 is out of range
list index out of range
16 is out of range
```

### Exception Handling - Example 2 - Part 1

📝 exceptionhandling.py - C:/Users/manch/OneDrive/Desktop/U of Windsor/Comp 8347/New/All slides/Usama Slides/2/exceptionhandling.py (3.10.1)

#### File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

```
mylist = [5, 10, 15, 20, 9.9]
for i in range (5):
    item = mylist[i**2]
    print("index=", i**2, "item", item)
```

#### iDLE Shell 3.10.1

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.10.1 (tags/v3.10.1:2cd268a, Dec 6 2021, 19:10:37) [MSC v.1929 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>>>

= RESTART: C:/Users/manch/OneDrive/Desktop/U of Windsor/Comp 8347/New/All slides/Usama Slides/2/exceptionhandling.py
index= 0 item 5
index= 1 item 10
index= 4 item 9.9

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "C:/Users/manch/OneDrive/Desktop/U of Windsor/Comp 8347/New/All slides/Usama Slides/2/exceptionhandling.py", line 3, in <module>
item = mylist[i**2]
IndexError: list index out of range
```

#### Exception Handling - Example 2 - Part 2

🥦 exceptionhandling.py - C:/Users/manch/OneDrive/Desktop/U of Windsor/Comp 8347/New/All slides/Usama Slides/2/exceptionhandling.py (3.10.1)

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
```

```
mylist = [5, 10, 15, 20, 9.9]
for i in range (5):

    try:
        item = mylist[i**2]
        print("index=", i**2, "item", item)

    except IndexError as err:
        print(err)
        print(i**2, "is out of range")
```

```
index= 0 item 5
index= 1 item 10
index= 4 item 9.9
list index out of range
9 is out of range
list index out of range
16 is out of range
```

#### **Functions**

Function definition:

A block of reusable code that is used to perform a single action

in function example.py - C:\Users\manch\OneDrive\Desktop\function example.py (3.10.1)

Ex. A code without a function →

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

#other code here

name = input("enter your name:")

time = input("enter the preferred time")

print("Good" + time + "," + name)

#other code here

name = input("enter your name:")

time = input("enter the preferred time")

print("Good" + time + "," + name)
```

## Functions - Example 1

Same code implemented with a function

```
#function starts here

def greet ():
    name = input("enter your name:")
    time = input("enter the preferred time")
    print("Good" + time + "," + name)

greet()
#other code here

greet()
#other code here
```

# Functions - Example 2

```
# function with two arguments
def add_numbers(num1, num2):
     sum = num1 + num2
     print("Sum: ",sum)
# function call with two values
add_numbers(5, 4)
# Output: Sum: 9
```

#### Functions - Example 3 - With Variable Arguments

```
# *args for variable number of arguments
def myFun(*argv):
    for arg in argv:
        print(arg)

myFun('Hello', 'Welcome', 'to', 'GeeksforGeeks')
```

#### Output:

```
Hello
Welcome
to
GeeksforGeeks
```



# File Input/Output

- Open a file
  - f = open(filename, mode)
  - mode is optional; possible values:
    - 'w' = write
    - 'r' = read (default)
    - ► 'a' = append
    - 'rb'('wb') = read (write) in binary
  - Example:
    - f = open("text.txt")



### File Methods

- Read data from a file print(f.read())
- Writing data on a file
  - f = open("test.txt", 'w')
  - f.write("Hello Python")
- f.read(n): reads at most n bytes from f
- f.readline(): reads only one line
- f.readlines(): reads all the lines to the end of file and return them as a list
- f.close(): closes a file and free up the resources

### Modules

- Modules: Contain additional functions and custom data types.
  - Ex. import calendar
- Other examples:
  - import os
  - import math
  - import datetime

### Module Example - Calendar

```
# import module
import calendar
yy = 2017
mm = 11
# display the calendar
print(calendar.month(yy, mm))
    Output:
        November 2017
     Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
         7 8 9 10 11 12
     13 14 15 16 17 18 19
     20 21 22 23 24 25 26
     27 28 29 30
```



- Slides from Dr. Arunita and Dr. Saja
- https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/pyth on/input-output-python-files/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/difference -between-for-loop-and-while-loop-inpython
- Programming in Python 3 A complete introduction to the python language (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed) by Mark Summerfield. Addison Wesley 2010.
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