Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)

Introduction

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Who am I?

- Worked in Information Security for 12 years
- Member of Hack42 (https://www.hack42.nl/)

Table of Contents

- 1. Background
- 2. Asymmetric Cryptography
- 3. Public Key Infrastructure
- 4. Certificate Life Cycle

Background

What is PKI?

PKI is a (supporting) technical solution used to secure digital communication

Real-life Examples

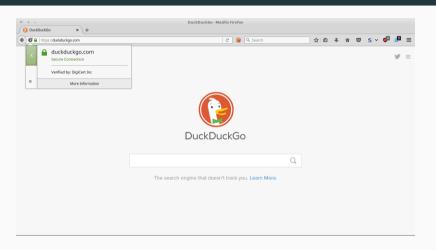


Figure 1: Duck Duck Go

Real-life Examples

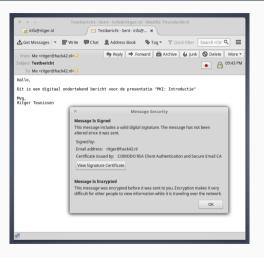


Figure 2: E-mail

Communication



Figure 3: Communication

When can digital communication be considered secure?

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AuthenticityDo we know who the sender is?

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Non-repudiation

Did the message really come from the sender and hasn't the message been changed?

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Non-repudiation

Did the message really come from the sender and hasn't the message been changed?

Confidentiality

Can the message only be read by the sender and receiver?

Asymmetric Cryptography

Cryptography

When you use cryptography to solve a problem, you have TWO problems

Asymmetric Cryptography

01. Generate key pair



02. Generate key pair



Figure 4: Key Generation

Asymmetric Cryptography

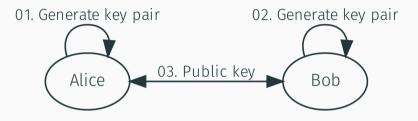


Figure 4: Key Generation

Key PairA key pair has both a public and private key





Figure 5: Digital Signature



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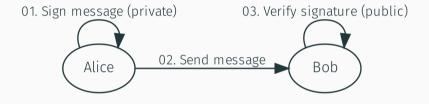


Figure 5: Digital Signature

ExampleDigitally signing a document or e-mail message

01. Encrypt message (public)



Figure 6: Encryption

01. Encrypt message (public) O2. Send message Bob

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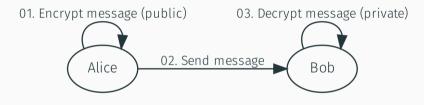


Figure 6: Encryption

Example Encrypting a document or e-mail message

How to prove authenticity?Prove possession of the private key for a public key



Figure 7: Authenticity

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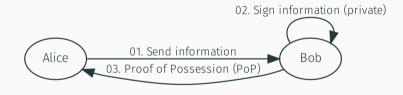


Figure 7: Authenticity

How to prove authenticity?

Prove possession of the private key for a public key

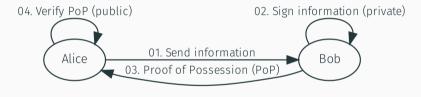


Figure 7: Authenticity

Why is authenticity separate from non-repudiation?

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Answer Prevent unintended signature creation

What do you need to know?

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Key Pair

Both a public and private key. All users need to have all public keys

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Digital Signature Sign using the private key, verify using the public key

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Digital Signature

Sign using the private key, verify using the public key

Encryption

Encryption using the public key, decryption using the private key

Public Key Infrastructure

Key Distribution

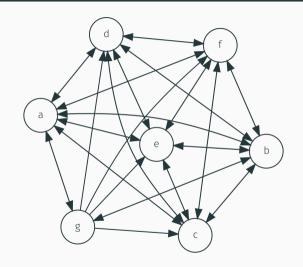


Figure 8: Key Distribution

Delegated Trust

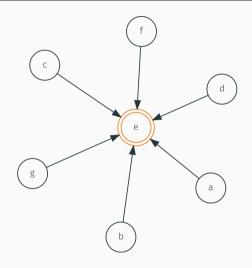


Figure 9: Delegated Trust

What is a Certificate Authority?

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- · Certifies the link between an identity and a public key
- Certifies a key for specific use cases
- · Can revoke trust in a public key

X.509 Certificates



Figure 10: X.509 Certificate

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Figure 10: X.509 Certificate

- Certificate = identity + public key
- · Limits key usage
- Limited validity (best-before date)
- · Certificate Revocation List
- Digitally signed by issuer (CA)

· Generates its own key pair (public and private key)

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- Issues X.509 certificates for end entities
- · Makes X.509 certificate non-reputable through a digital signature

Setup



Figure 11: PKI Architecture

Setup

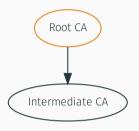


Figure 11: PKI Architecture

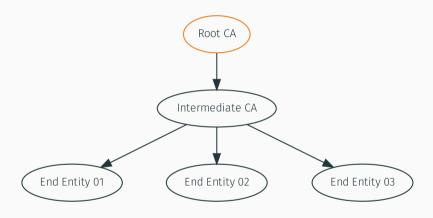


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CA Trust

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CA Trust

How is a (CA) certificate trusted?

End-entity & Intermediate CA

Trusted when the digital signature created by the CA is valid and the certificate has not been revoked

Root CA

Trusted through the use of an Access Control List

Largest Use Case

Prove authenticity of devices

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Web Server

Is issued an end entity certificate by a CA, which allows clients to trust the web server by its address (FQDN)

Public & Private Trust

 Private CAs issue X.509 certificates for a closed (usually corporate) environment

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- Private CAs issue X.509 certificates for a closed (usually corporate) environment
- Publicly trusted CAs issue X.509 certificates which are automatically trusted

CA/B Forum



Figure 12: CA/B Forum

Problem?

What could possibly go wrong?

DigiNotar



What do you need to know?

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Key DistributionKey distribution is a difficult problem to solve at scale

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Delegated Trust

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Certificate Authority

In PKI, the Certificate Authority manages trust. Everything start (or stops) with the CA

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- Trust is delegated to a Certificate Authority (CA)
- Certificate Authorities certify the combination of identity + key (including the CA public key itself)
- Global trust is managed by a small group of (very powerful) companies (CA/B Forum)



Certificate Life Cycle

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Figure 13: Certificate Life Cycle

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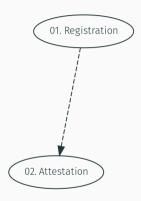


Figure 13: Certificate Life Cycle

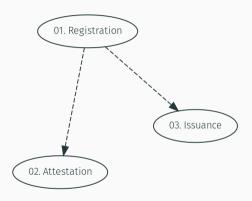


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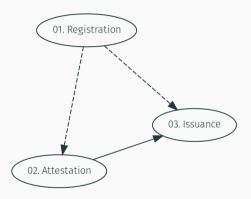


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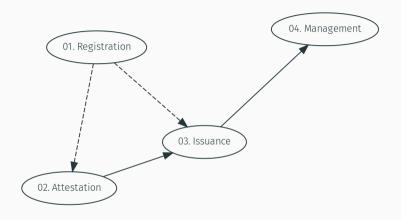


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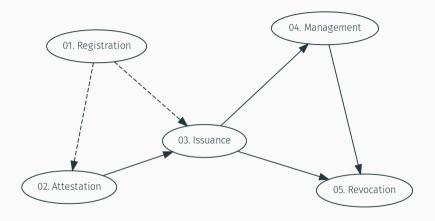


Figure 13: Certificate Life Cycle

RegistrationCreate a new certificate request

Attestation Attestation (validation) of the certificate request

IssuanceIssuance of an X.509 certificate

Management
Management of issued X.509 certificates

RevocationRevocation of issued X.509 certificates

Challenges

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- "Bob" manages certificates using Excel
- · Manual work, does not scale and is expensive

Solution?

Automation!

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- Provisioning Agents

