



# Building Resumable Applications with Qwik JS

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# where are we?

NEXT: Before we get into resumable apps and Qwik, let's first look at where we are now.

One quick metric to introduce so we have a common baseline for comparison.

# Time to Interactive (TTI)

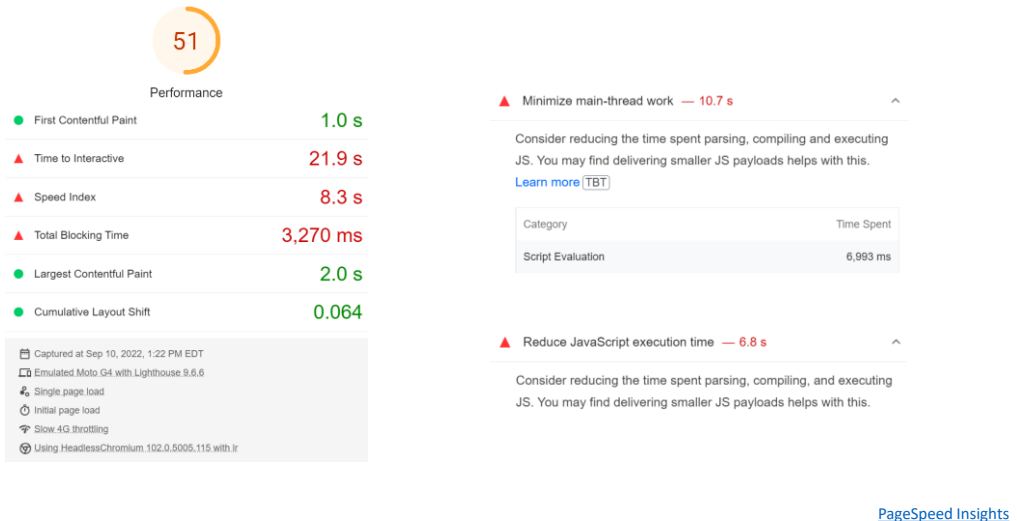
*"The TTI metric measures the time from when the page starts loading to when its main sub-resources have loaded and it is capable of reliably responding to user input quickly."*

<https://web.dev/tti/>

SSR can lead to scenarios where a page *looks* interactive but it's not *actually* interactive because the main thread is blocked downloading the app re-hydrating it.

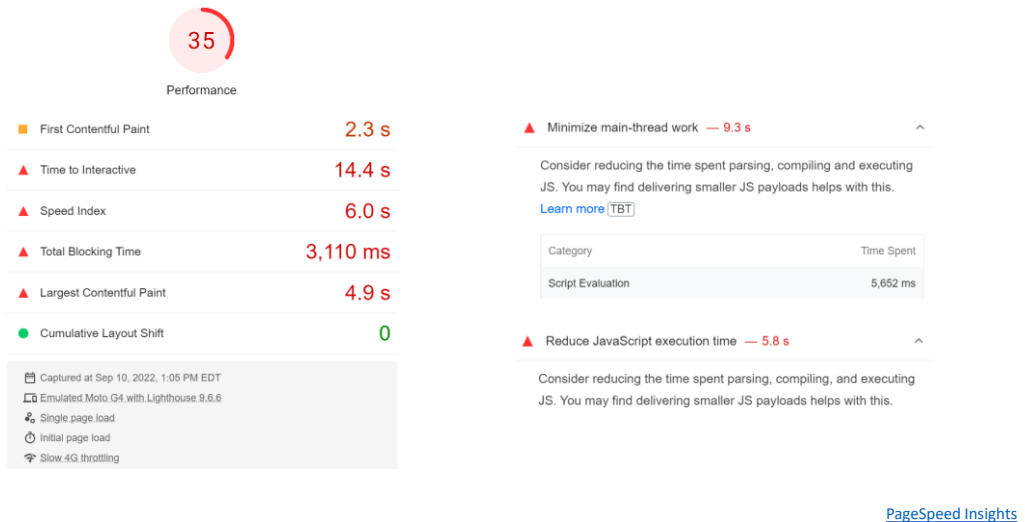
NEXT: Now that we have a name for what we are judging, let's take a look at top 3 e-commerce sites in the world and see where they are...

## #3 - Alibaba.com



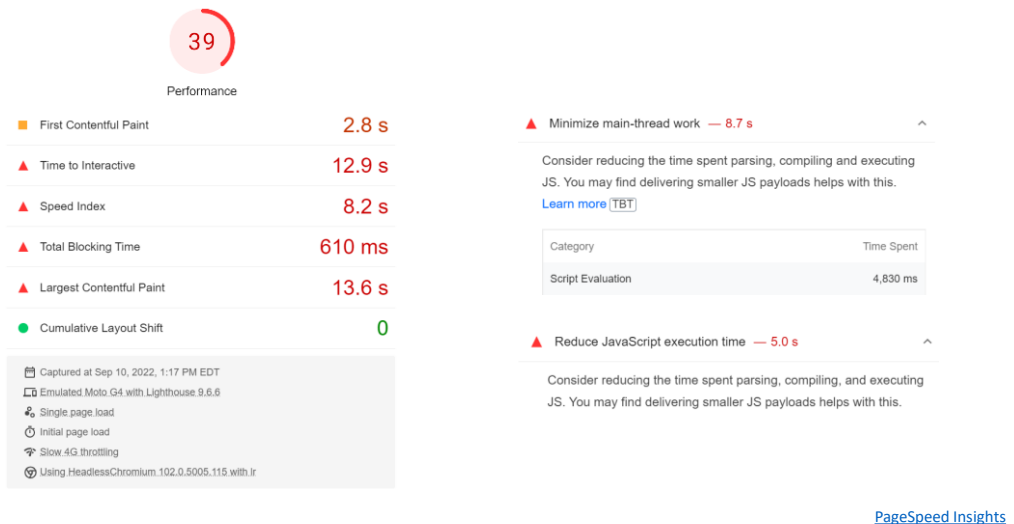
In 3<sup>rd</sup> place....

## #2 - Ebay.com



In the #2 spot...

# #1 - Amazon.com



#1 e-commerce site in the world

..ouch!

NEXT: PageSpeed offers optimization suggestions and, by far, the issue is JS

## PageSpeed - Average Increase from Top 50 E-Commerce Sites

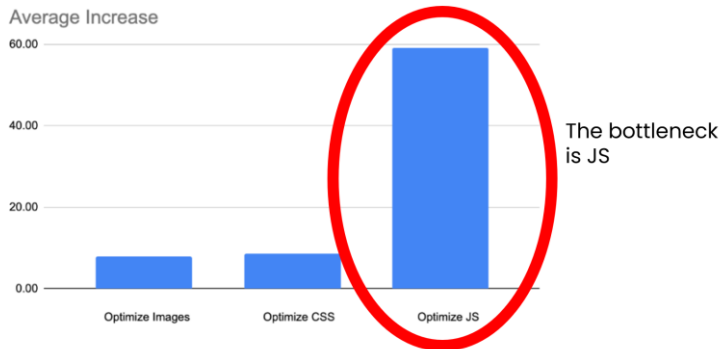


chart image: Miško Hevery (WebApps at Scale: ng-conf 2022) - <https://t.co/LAHyP98RW7>

PageSpeed offers several metrics for improvement, such as Optimize Images, Optimize CSS, and Optimize JS.

JS is consistently shown as the bottleneck across the top 50 e-commerce sites in a Builder.io study.

Pair this the fact that these top 50 have \$\$ to be the best, so imagine what the rest of e-commerce looks like.

- Note project I had for [large paper distrib] that started with Lighthouse of 3.
- Note that Amazon/ebay do not use any of the current frameworks



# TTI !== EASY

So, obviously TTI is not easy

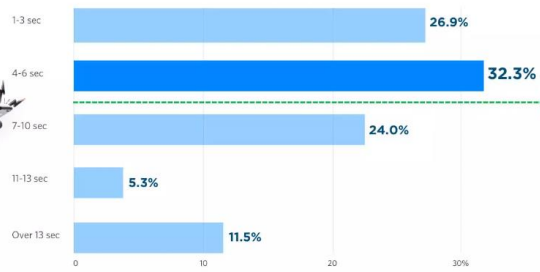
- These companies have big \$\$ and still losing the battle



599 respondents

## Visitors won't wait long for a page to load

How long will you wait for a website to load on your phone?



<https://unbounce.com/page-speed-report/>



As page load time goes from:

**1s to 3s** the probability of bounce **increases 32%**

**1s to 5s** the probability of bounce **increases 90%**

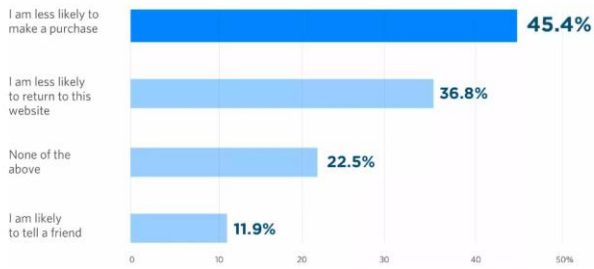
**1s to 6s** the probability of bounce **increases 106%**

**1s to 10s** the probability of bounce **increases 123%**

<https://www.thinkwithgoogle.com/intl/en-gb/marketing-strategies/app-and-mobile/mobile-page-speed-new-industry-benchmarks/>

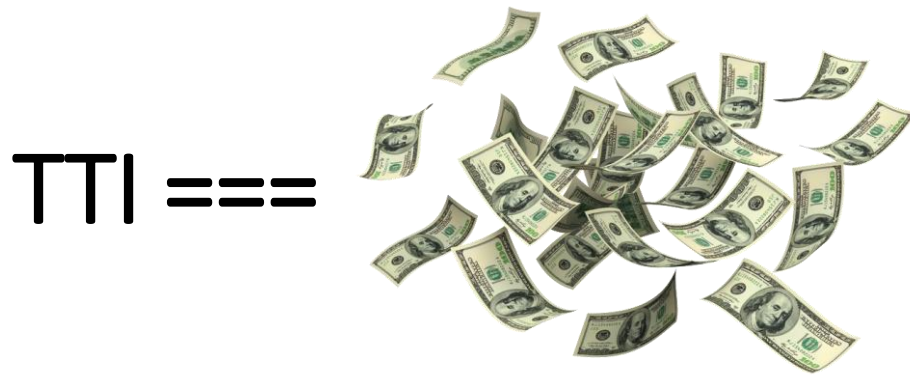
## Slow load times lead to fewer sales

Which actions do you take when an ecommerce site loads slower than expected?



525 respondents

<https://unbounce.com/page-speed-report/>



Improved TTI leads to more \$\$ ....

how did we get here?

# History

- HTML first
- More interactivity (xmlHttpRequest/AJAX)
- Browser differences
- jQuery
- Component frameworks
- Third-party JS (analytics/marketing)
- Current (replayable) frameworks

- HTML First – JS sprinkled in for handlers (WAY WAY back: htc/js added behavior, xmlDataIsland for state).
- More interactivity – More application/desktop experience expected by users. xmlHttpRequest really changed the game.
- Browser differences – a lot of JS was added to detect browsers and code around their differences.
  - JS for enterprise became unmanageable and it was wild west out there with where JS should live and standards were hard to find
- jQuery - put an api around selection and removed some of the complexity of browser differences and dealing with xpath and such to select.
  - User experience continued to demand more and more interactions and animations and eventually spaghetti jQuery was born
  - no real component structure around the client code still.
- Component Frameworks
  - Backbone, KnockoutJS, AngularJS
  - Brings familiar server-side component paradigm to web JS
  - Focused on DX
  - Not focused on TTI
- Current Frameworks



# Hydration

*"The rebuilding of the data structures and attaching of listeners."*

- Hydration - What is it?

- Hydration is the rebuilding of the data structures and attaching of listeners.
- Application State - examples
- Framework State - examples



## How do replayable frameworks work?

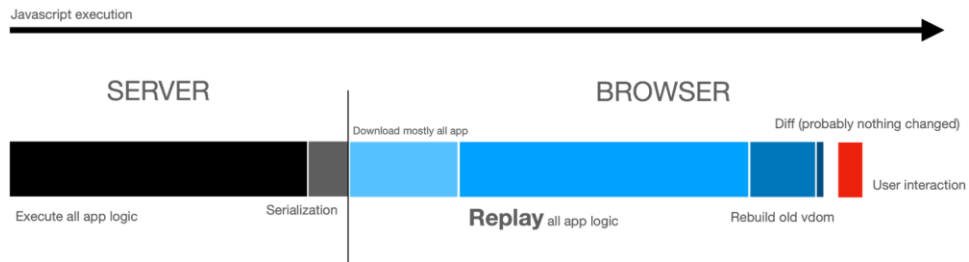
- Server runs application (SSR)
- Non-functional HTML version sent to browser
- JavaScript version of site sent to browser
- Browser parses JS version
- Browser reconciles HTML version with JS version
- Browser executes JS to create interactive version
- Browser replaces HTML version with interactive version
- User can interact

- Server runs application
- Generates the non-functional HTML version of the app and sends to browser
- Generates JS code to add listeners, reconstitute needed state, etc and sends to browser
- Browser parses JS
- Reconciliation step to verify the HTML version matches the JS version
- Run the JS to create the application and attach handlers, etc.
- Replace the HTML version in the browser before user interacts

Note that JS for ALL elements is sent regardless if ever used

- Rehydration is expensive

# Replayable



[image: Miško Hevery \(WebApps at Scale: ng-conf 2022\) - https://t.co/LAHyP98RW7](https://t.co/LAHyP98RW7)

This is the process of hydration

## Current Frameworks

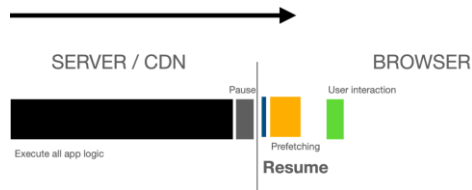
- PRO: Developer Experience (DX)
- PRO: Ecosystem of libraries/components
- PRO: Community of support
- PRO: Established patterns
- CON: Lazy-loading is hard
- CON: Framework not intimate with bundling
- CON: Initial bundle size increases with app size

### Current (Replayable) Pros and Cons

- PRO: DX
- PRO: Ecosystem of libs/comps
- PRO: Community
- PRO: Established patterns
- CON: lazy-loading is hard because not built for it.
- CON: framework separate from bundling
- CON: init bundle size is  $O(n)$  and increases as app increases size/complexity.

NEXT: That is the number one con and not something easily overcome with replayable frameworks because of the way they are built from ground-up....

# Resumable Applications



- Server runs application (SSR)
- Server serializes all state into HTML
- Server sends interactive version to browser
- User can interact

[image: Miško Hevery \(WebApps at Scale: ng-conf 2022\) - https://t.co/LAHyP98RW7](https://t.co/LAHyP98RW7)

- Server runs app
- Server serializes to HTML
- Server sends functional version to browser.
- Qwik serializes listeners, internal data structures, and framework state into the HTML.
- VM Analogy
  - Resumability allows Qwik applications to continue execution where the server left off. (skip the "boot" process)

## Replayable



## Resumable



Replayable:

- Angular, Vue, React, Solid, Svelte

Resumable:

\* Qwik, G-Wiz, Marko

# Qwik JS!

## Qwik Overview

- General Purpose
- Resumable
- Bundling built-in
- Scalable
- Lazy Loading
- Reduced Rendering
- React-like Syntax
- SEO Friendly

- Qwik Overview
  - General Purpose – not just for e-commerce (example: EMS/Fire/Police dispatch initial load – slow could equal people dying)
  - Resumable – does not have to rehydrate, picks up where server left off on client
  - Bundling - Built from ground-up to address bundle size of delivered code
  - Scalable - Constant initial bundle size regardless of size of app
  - Lazy loading – JS, HTML, styles, configurable pre-fetching
  - Reduced Rendering – surgical precision on what is rendered and when
  - React Like syntax – very similar to functional React
  - SEO Friendly – site is ready faster – Google signals (load time, mobile friendly, secure)

## Qwik Goals

- Only download and execute the bare minimum of the application.
- Delay execution and download of JS as long as possible.
- Serialize the execution state of the application and the framework on the server and resume it on the client.

### •Think Qwik

- The goal of Qwik is having only to download and execute the bare minimum of the application.
- Delay execution and download of JavaScript for as long as possible.
- Serialize the execution state of the application and the framework on the server and resume it on the client.



# Demo

Qwik JS



## Qwik Advanced Concepts

- Prefetching
- Containers
- Qwikify for React components (later)
- SSR Streaming
- Built-in Debugging (SSR, browser, prerender)
- Built-in Extendable Styling (Tailwind, PostCss, ...)
- Ready for Edge Caching (Netlify, Cloudflare, ...)

- **Advanced**

- Prefetching – configurable strategies, not the same as resumable (does not execute)
- Containers – to break app into smaller parts, can comm and share data with others
- Qwikify for React components coming later
- SSR Streaming
- Debugging (SSR, browser, prerender)
- Extendable styling (Tailwind, PostCss, ...)
- Edge caching (Netlify, Cloudflare)

## Qwik City

- Companion meta-framework for Qwik
- Directory-based routing
- Nested layouts
- Breadcrumbs
- MDX authoring
- File-based menu definition
- Data endpoints
- Currently MPA only - SPA next

Not demoing, just mentioning. Compare to Remix/Next for React.

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## Partytown 🎉

Partytown is a lazy-loaded library to help relocate resource intensive scripts into a web worker, and off of the main thread.

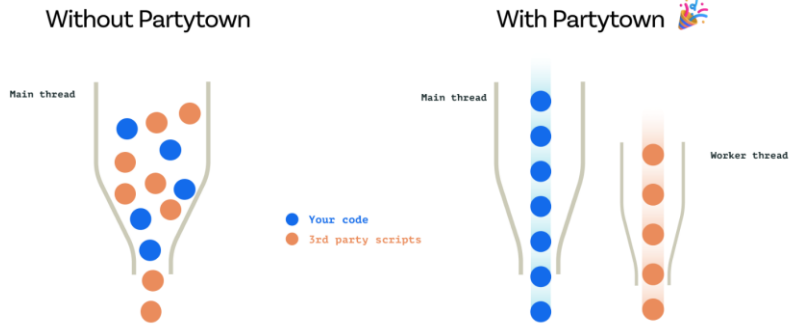


image from [partytown.builder.io](https://partytown.builder.io)

Not demoing, just mentioning

- Quick aside on how one might handle 3<sup>rd</sup>-party JS
- Separate from Qwik
- Partytown moves 3<sup>rd</sup> party scripts to webworker and off main threads
- How they do it is very interesting - encourage you to take a look at PT – resources have a link to how it works post

NEXT: Now, back to our scripts and code...

## Get Started with Qwik

- Download at [qwik.builder.io](https://qwik.builder.io)
- Docs, Examples, Playground, Tutorials
- Discord community ([qwik.builder.io/chat](https://qwik.builder.io/chat))
- Twitter (@QwikDev)
- BETA will be soon

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- Twitter
- BETA soon



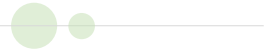
## Resources

- Qwik Docs
  - <https://qwik.builder.io/docs/overview/>
- Hydration is Pure Overhead
  - <https://www.builder.io/blog/hydration-is-pure-overhead>
- Don't Blame the Developer for What the Frameworks Did
  - <https://www.builder.io/blog/dont-blame-the-developer-for-what-the-frameworks-did>
- Our Current Frameworks are  $O(n)$ ; We Need  $O(1)$ 
  - <https://www.builder.io/blog/our-current-frameworks-are-on-we-need-o1>
- How Partytown Works
  - <https://www.builder.io/blog/how-partytown-works>
- Deloitte: Milliseconds Make Millions
  - [https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/ie/Documents/Consulting/Milliseconds\\_Make\\_Millions\\_report.pdf](https://www2.deloitte.com/content/dam/Deloitte/ie/Documents/Consulting/Milliseconds_Make_Millions_report.pdf)



## Recommended Presentations

- JS-Poland: Miško with additional demos (2022-09-07)
  - <https://youtu.be/7MgNMIPISY4>
- Learn w/ Jason: Miško walks Jason through new Qwik app (2022-05-01)
  - [https://youtu.be/\\_PDpoJUacuc](https://youtu.be/_PDpoJUacuc)
- Pure HTML Streaming with Qwik (2022-08-11)
  - <https://youtu.be/yVOI81GKZBo>



questions?



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