

# Mathematical Model for Multi-Commodity Flow Problem

## Sets

$$\begin{aligned}H &= \{\text{Pencils, Pens}\} \\N &= \{\text{Detroit, Denver, Boston, New York, Seattle}\} \\A &= \{(i, j) \mid i, j \in N, i \neq j\}\end{aligned}$$

## Parameters

Capacity:  $\text{capacity}_{i,j}$  represents the maximum flow that can pass through arc  $(i, j)$

Cost:  $\text{cost}_{h,i,j}$  is the cost of transporting commodity  $h$  from node  $i$  to node  $j$

Inflow:  $\text{inflow}_{h,i}$  is the supply (if positive) or demand (if negative) of commodity  $h$  at node  $i$

## Decision Variables

Flow:  $\text{flow}_{h,i,j}$  represents the flow of commodity  $h$  from node  $i$  to node  $j$

## Objective Function

Minimize the total transportation cost:

$$\min \sum_{h \in H} \sum_{(i,j) \in A} \text{cost}_{h,i,j} \cdot \text{flow}_{h,i,j}$$

## Constraints

Capacity Constraints:

Flow Conservation Constraints:

1. Capacity Constraints:

$$\text{flow}_{h,i,j} \leq \text{capacity}_{i,j} \quad \forall h \in H, \forall (i, j) \in A$$

2. Flow Conservation Constraints:

$$\sum_{i \in N} \text{flow}_{h,i,j} + \text{inflow}_{h,j} = \sum_{k \in N} \text{flow}_{h,j,k} \quad \forall h \in H, \forall j \in N$$