



Improving Data Locality for Analytics Jobs on Kubernetes Using Alluxio

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Outline

Alluxio Overview

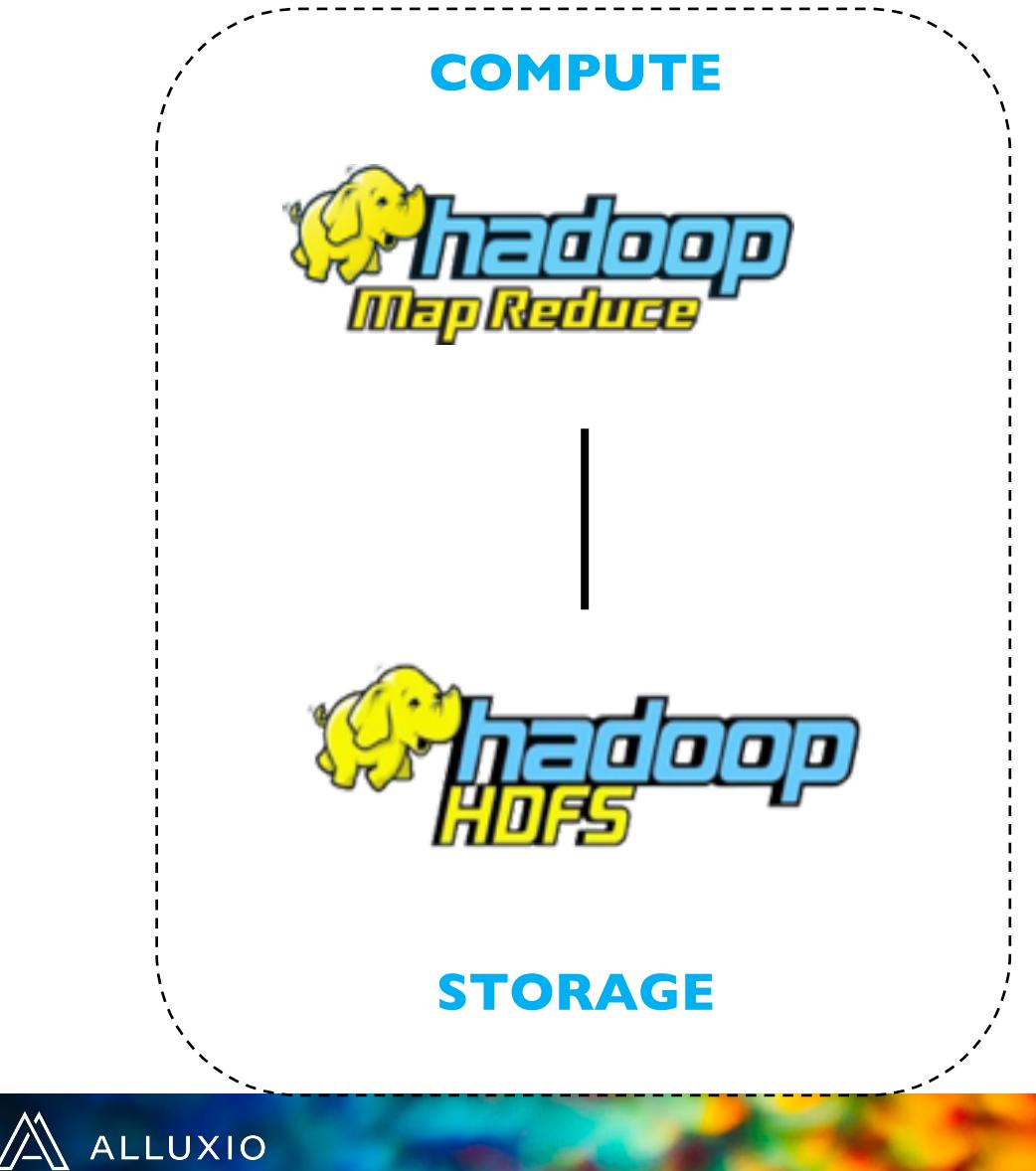
Data locality with Spark and Alluxio

Kubernetes Overview

Spark and Alluxio in Kubernetes

Alluxio Innovations for Structured Data

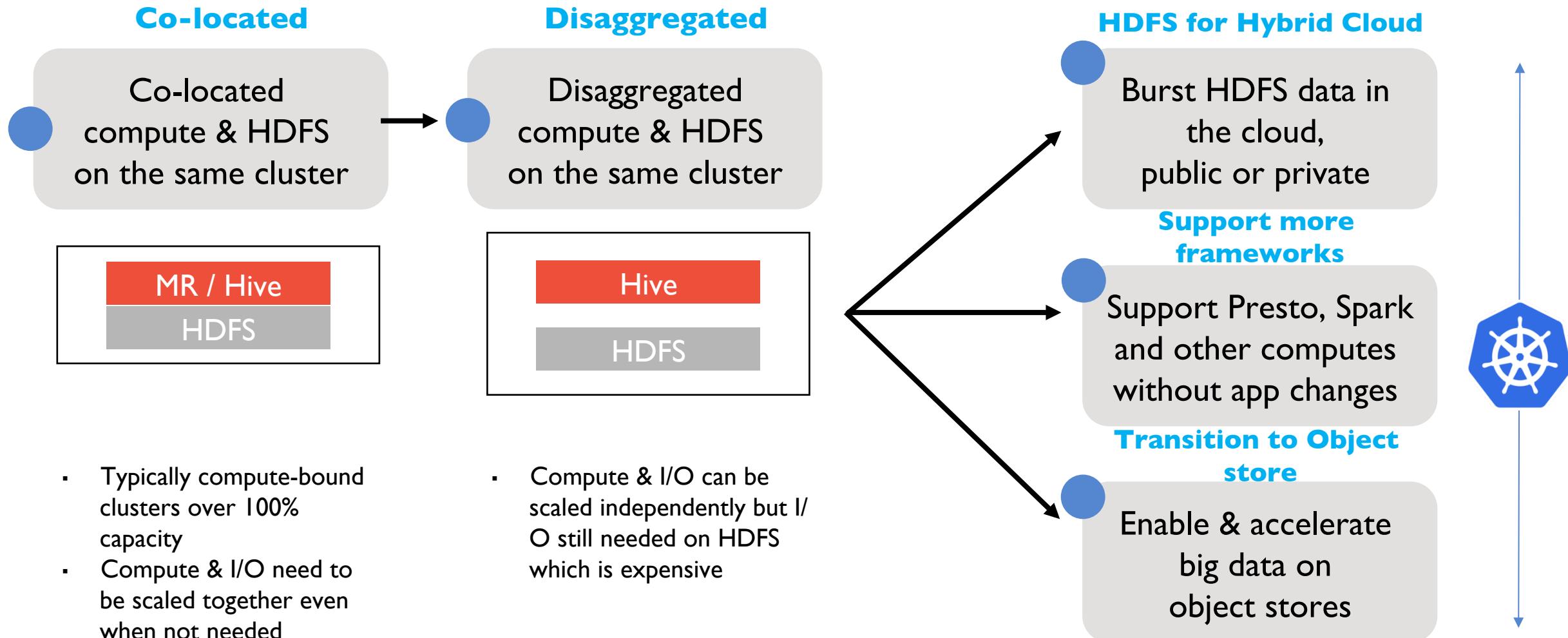
Data Ecosystem - Beta



Data Ecosystem 1.0



Data stack journey and innovation paths



Independent scaling of compute & storage



Java File API

HDFS Interface

S3 Interface

POSIX Interface

REST API



ALLUXIO Data Orchestration for the Cloud

HDFS Driver

Swift Driver

S3 Driver

NFS Driver



Alluxio Data Orchestration for the Cloud

Global
Namespace

Intelligent
Caching

Data
Management

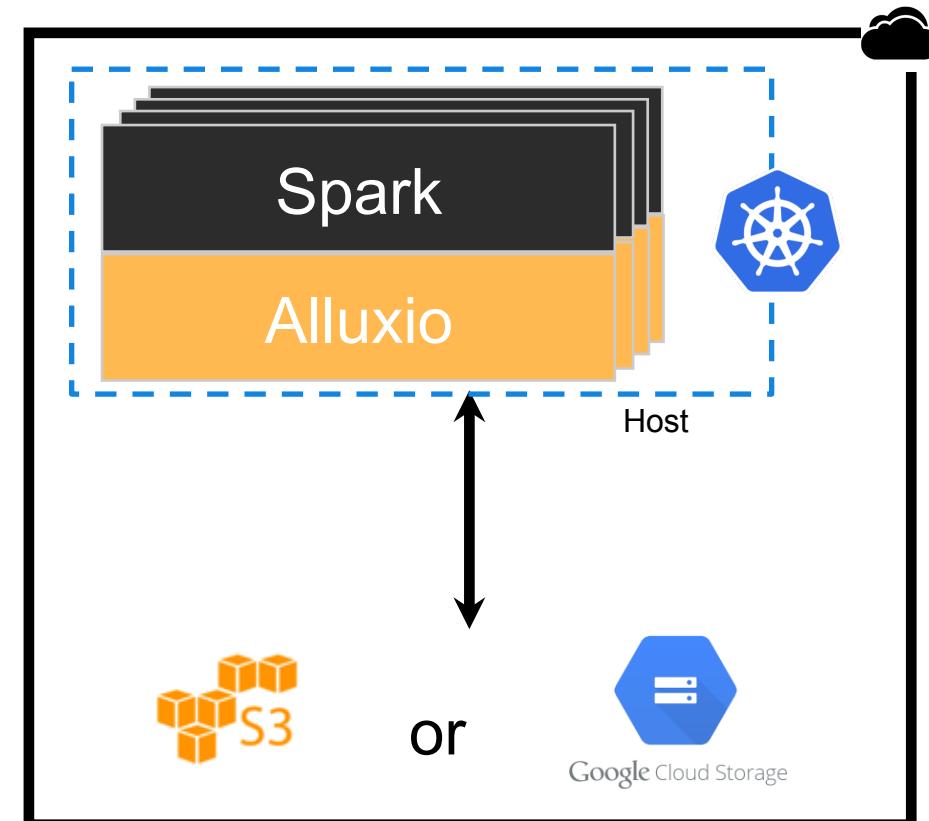
Structured
Data Catalog

Data
Transformation

Why Alluxio in K8s?

Elastic Data for Elastic Compute

- Improve Data locality
 - Big data analytics or ML
 - Cache data close to compute
- Enable high-speed data sharing across jobs
 - A staging storage layer
- Unification of persistent storage
 - Data abstraction across different storage



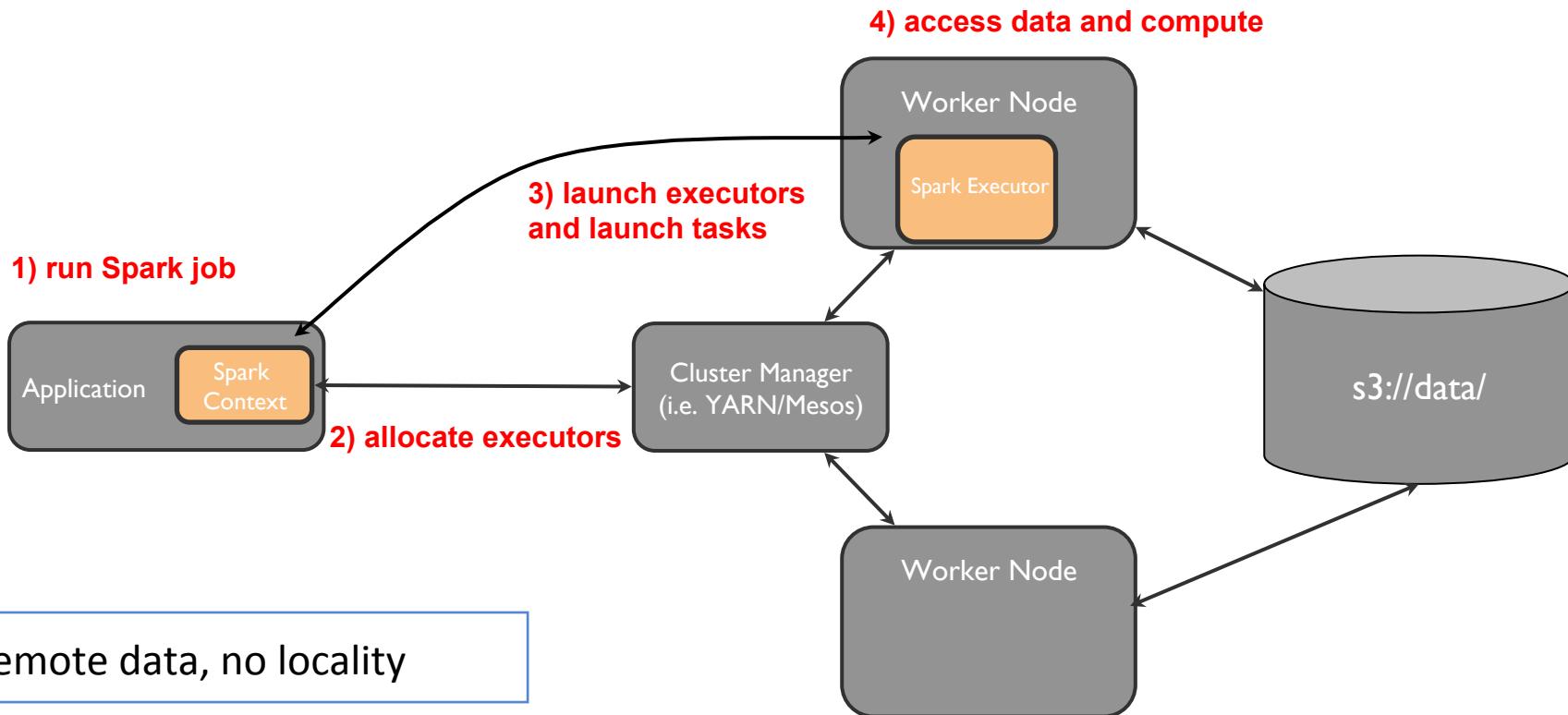
Read more at <https://www.alluxio.io/blog/kubernetes-alluxio-and-the-disaggregated-analytics-stack/>



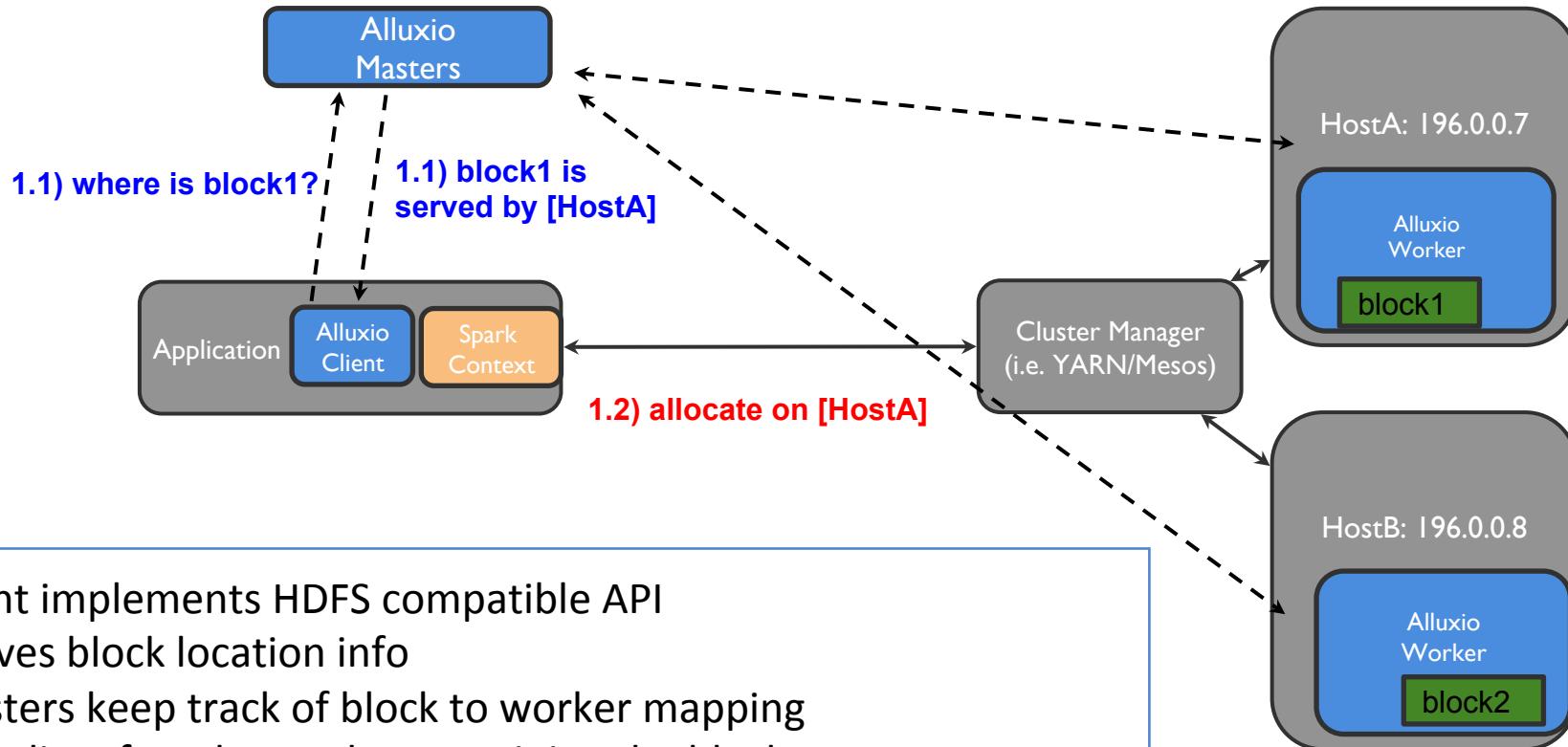
Spark + Alluxio Data Locality

Without K8s

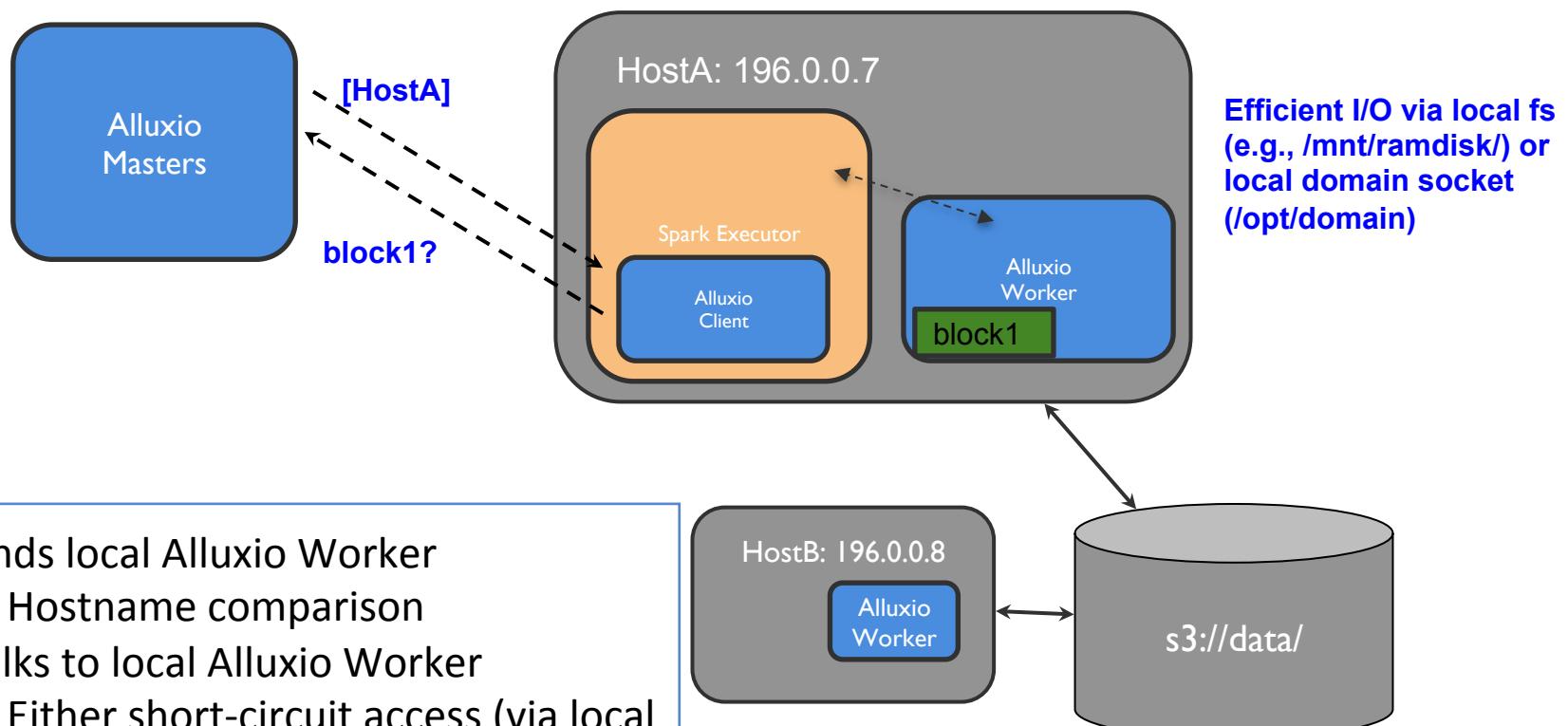
Spark Workflow (w/o Alluxio)



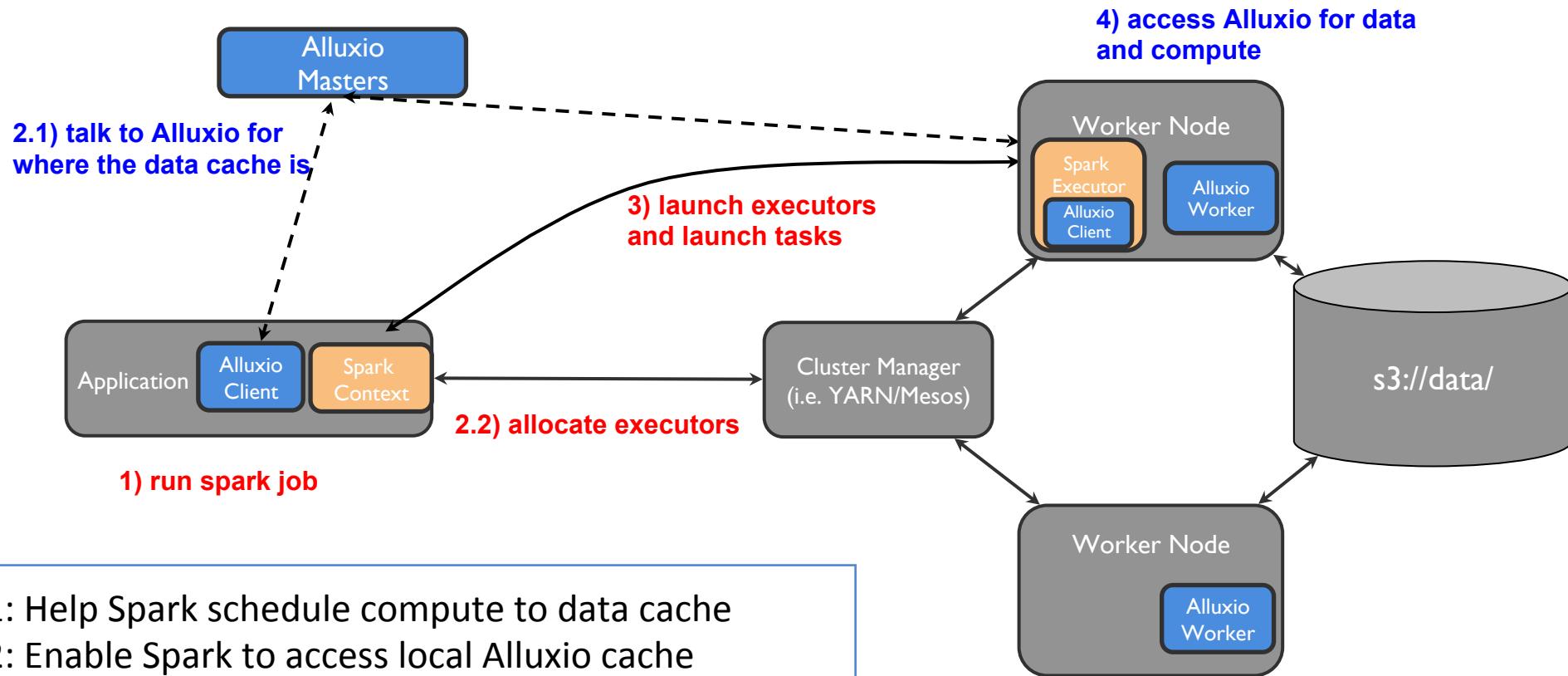
Step I: Schedule Compute to Data Location



Step 2: Detect+Exchange Data w/ local Worker



Recap: Spark Architecture w/ Alluxio

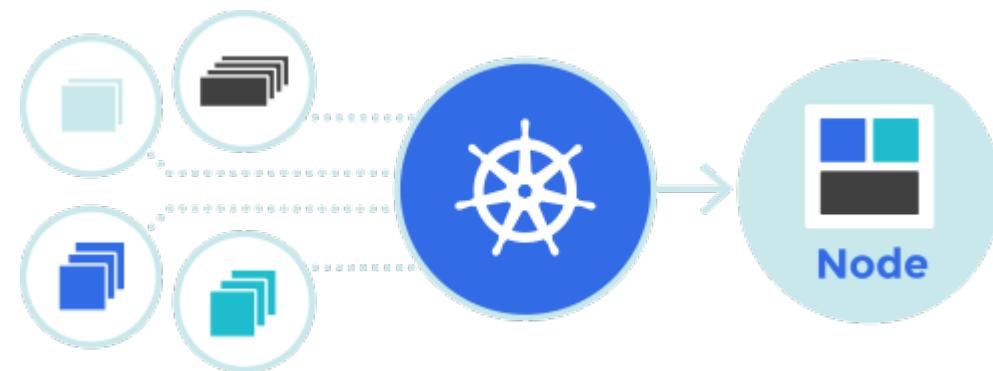




Kubernetes Overview

Kubernetes (K8s) is...

“an open-source container-orchestration system for automating application deployment, scaling, and management.”



Container Orchestration

- Platform agnostic cluster management
- Service discovery and load balancing
- Storage orchestration
- Horizontal scaling
- Self-monitoring and self-healing
- Automated rollouts and rollbacks



Key K8s Terms

- Node
 - A VM or physical machine
- Container
 - Container = Image once running on Docker Engine
- Pod
 - Schedulable unit of one or more containers running together
- Controller
 - Controls the desired state such as copies of a Pod
- DaemonSet
 - A Controller that ensures each Node has only one such Pod
- Persistent Volume
 - A storage resource with lifecycle independent of Pods

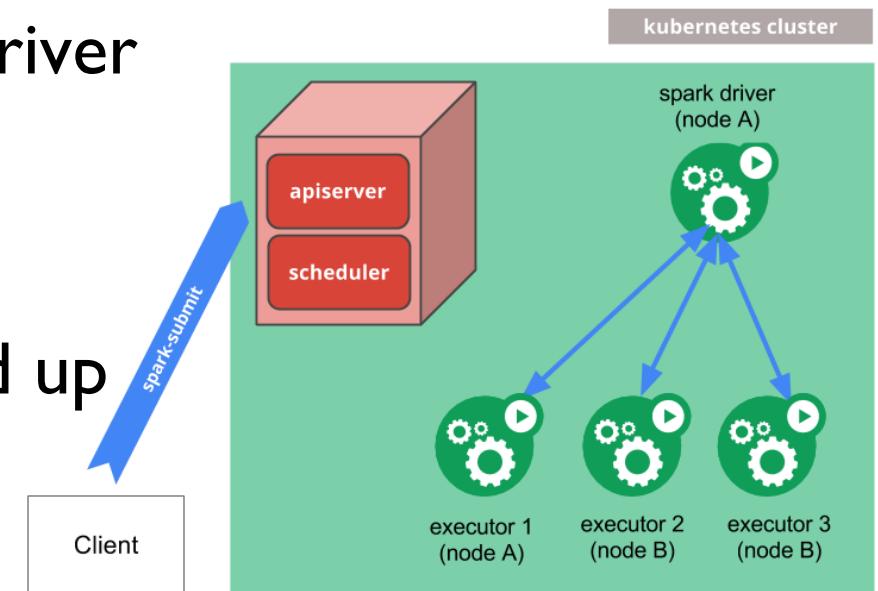


Spark + Alluxio Data Locality

In K8s environment

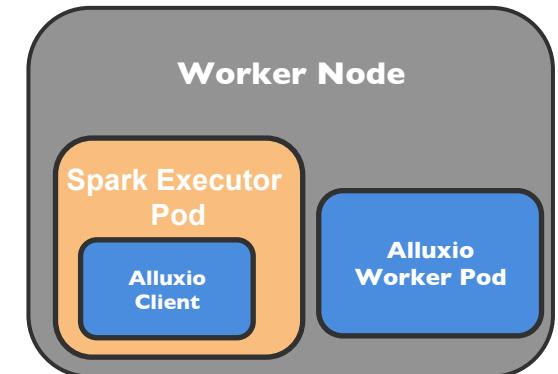
Spark on K8s Architecture

- Spark 2.3 added native K8s support
- *spark-submit* talks to API Server to launch Driver
- Spark Driver launches Executor Pods
- When the application completes,
 - Executor Pods terminate and are cleaned up
 - Driver Pod persists logs and remains in “COMPLETED” state

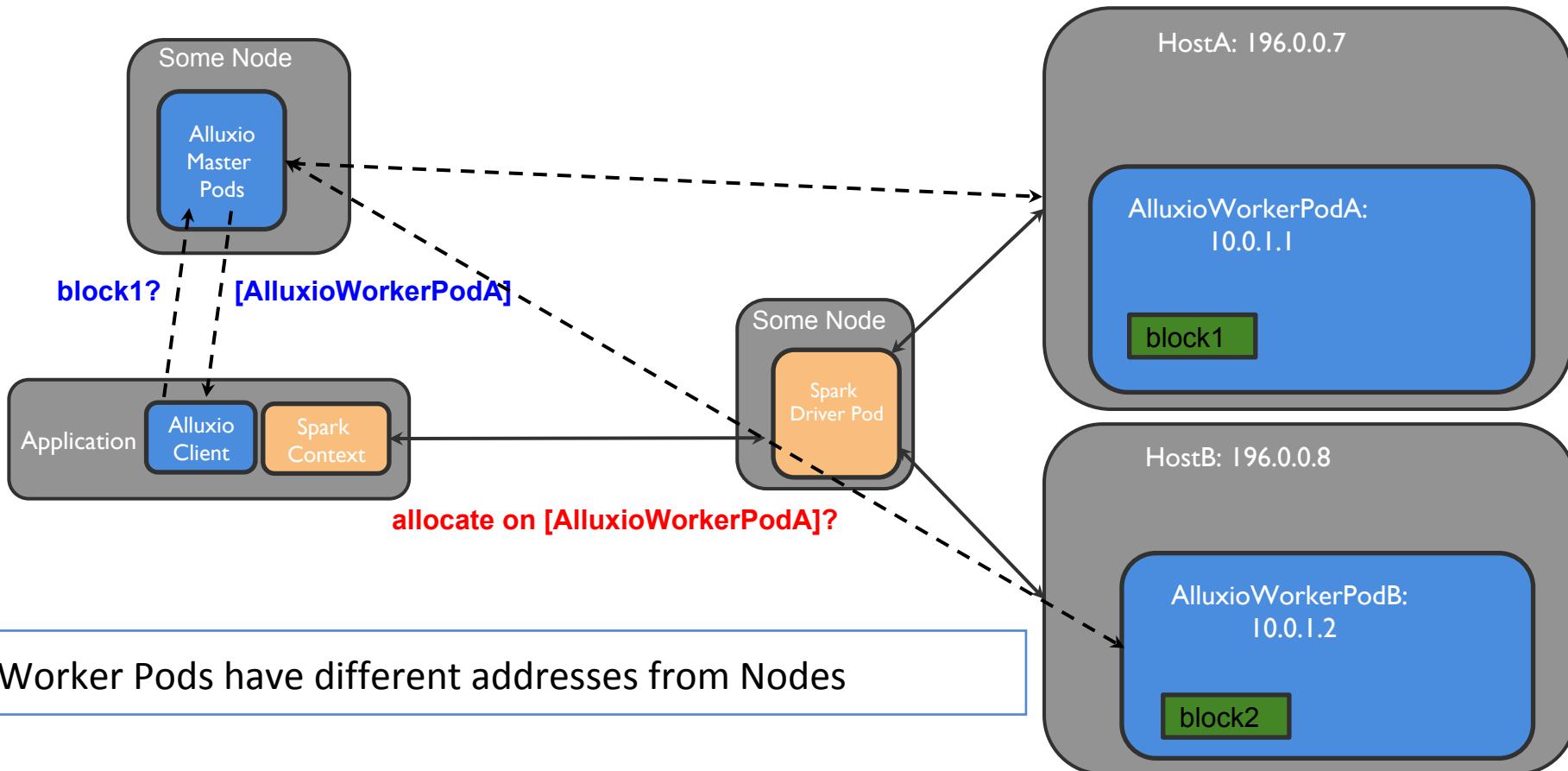


Deployment Model: Co-location

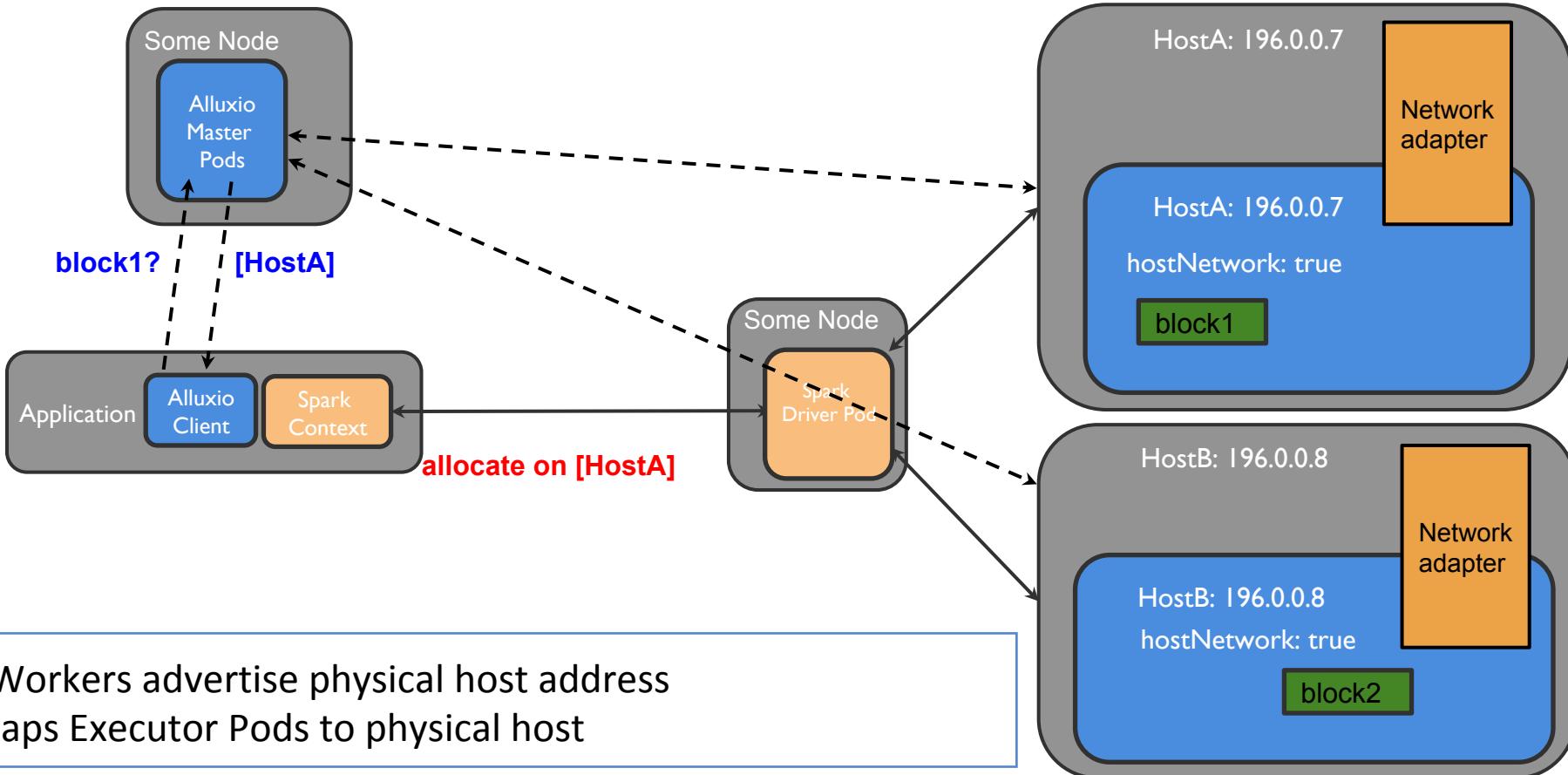
- Co-locate Spark Executor Pod w/ Alluxio Worker Pod
- Lifecycle
 - Spark Executors are ephemeral
 - Alluxio Workers persist across all Spark jobs
- Deployment order:
 - Deploy Alluxio cluster first (masters+workers)
 - An Alluxio Worker on each Node, by DaemonSet
 - `spark-submit` launches Spark Driver + Executors



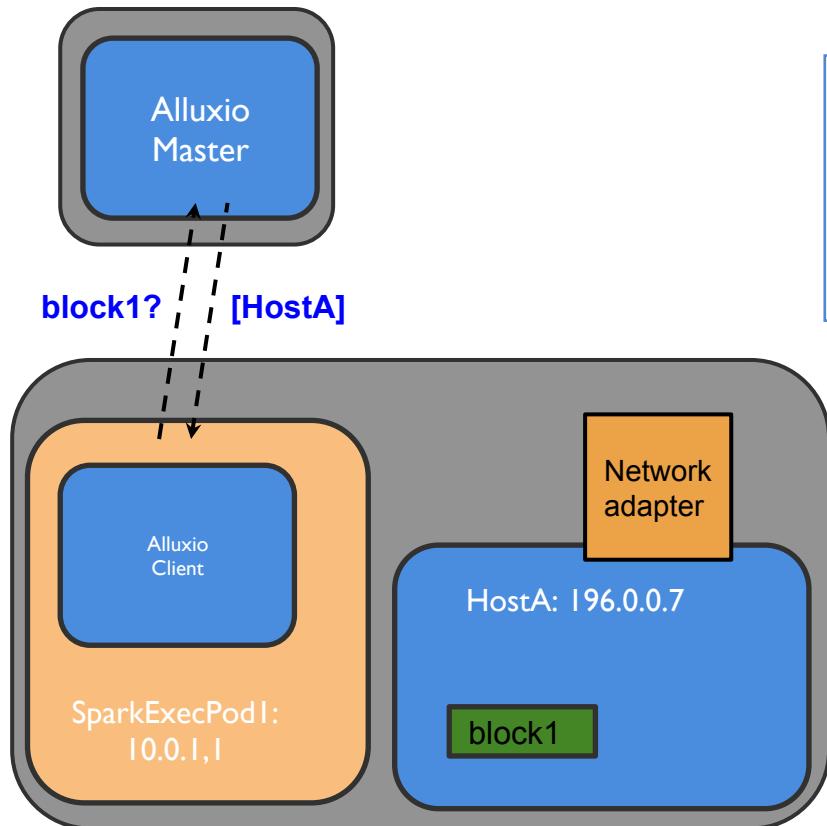
Challenge I: Executor Allocation to Workers



Solution: Alluxio Workers w/ *hostNetwork*

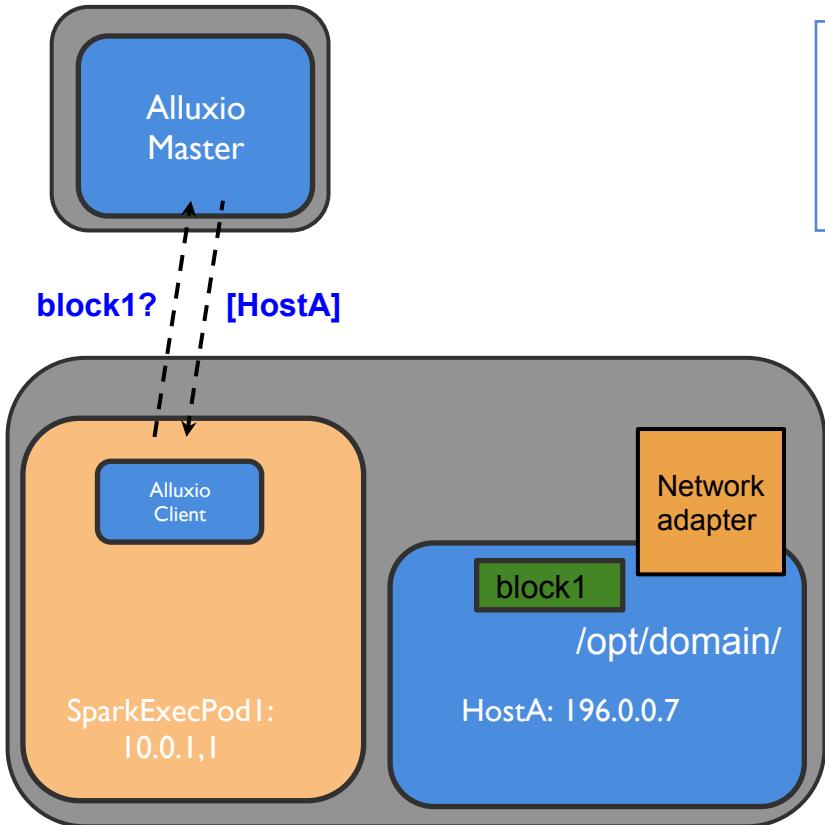


Challenge 2: Identify host-local Alluxio Pod



Problem:
Spark Executor Pod has different hostName
Hostname HostA != SparkExecPod1
Local Alluxio Worker not identified!

Challenge 3: Executor fails to find domain socket

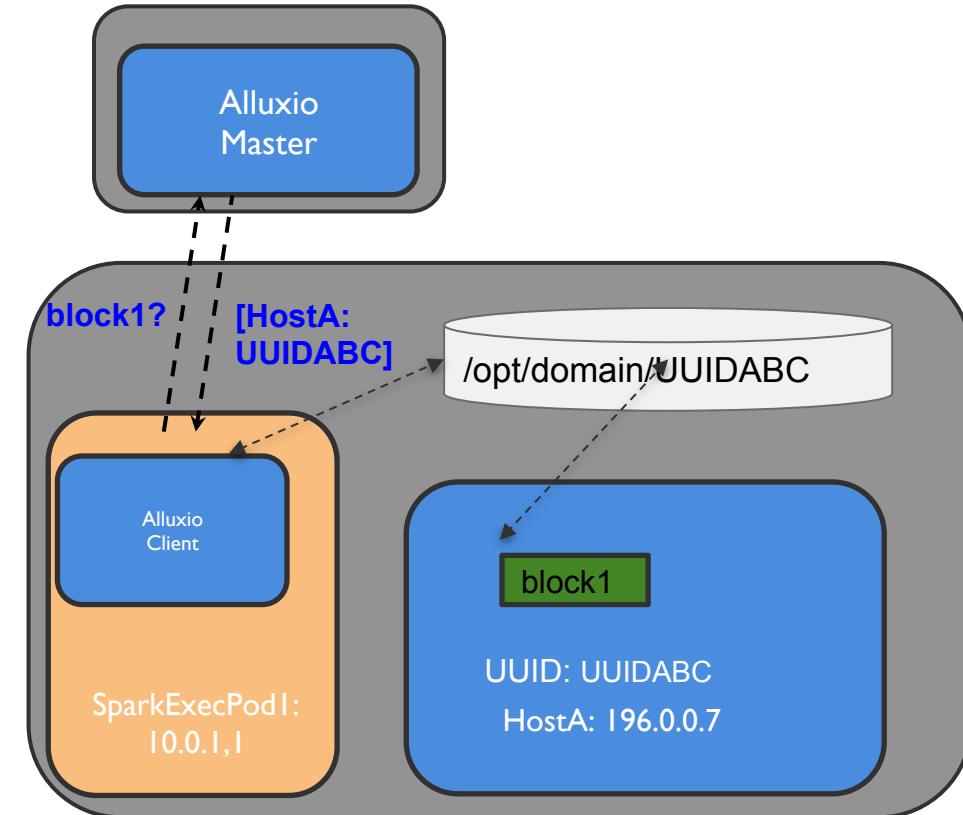


Problem:

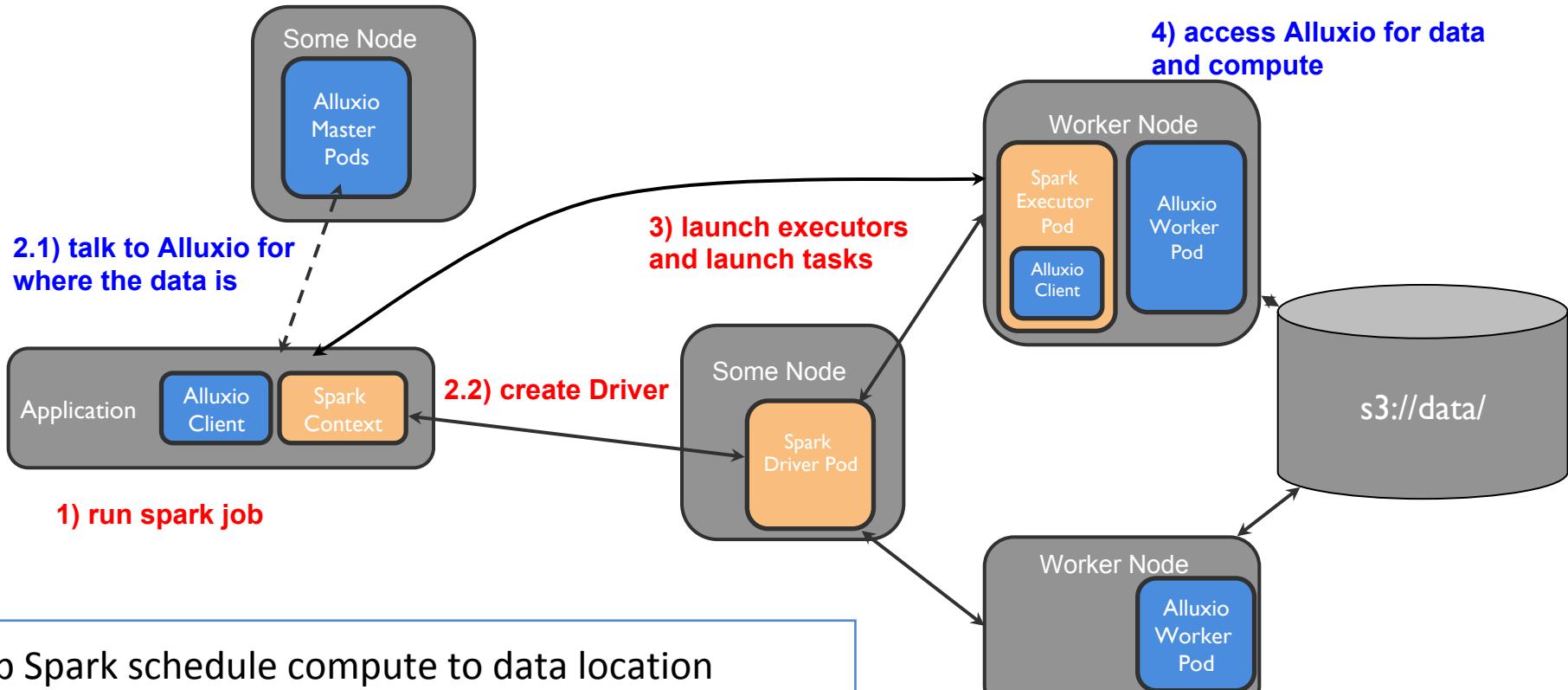
- Pods don't share the File System
- Domain socket `/opt/domain` is in Alluxio Worker Pod

Solution: Share a *hostPath* Volume b/w Pods

- Each Alluxio Worker has a UUID
- Share domain socket by a *hostPath* Volume
- Alluxio Client finds local worker's domain socket by finding file matching Worker UUID
- Worker domain socket path
 - */opt/domain/d* -> */opt/domain/UUIDABC*
- Mount hostPath Volume to Spark Executor
 - Enabled in Spark 2.4



Recap: Spark + Alluxio Architecture on K8s



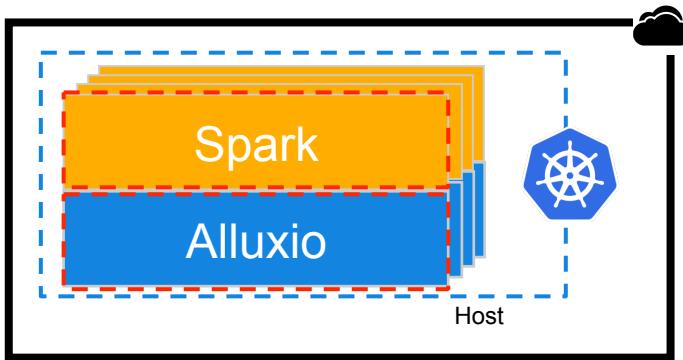
Limitations and Future Work

- Enterprise environments may restrict *hostNetwork* and *hostPath*
- Alluxio workers need *hostNetwork*
 - Plan: Support container network translation
- The domain socket file requires a *hostPath* volume
 - Plan: Using Local Persistent Volumes
- Feedback/collaboration are welcome!



Alternate Deployment Options

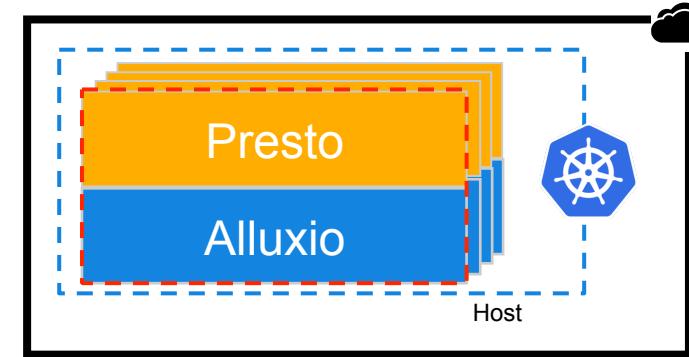
Deploying Alluxio in K8s



Alluxio and Compute in different pods on the same host

When do you use this?

- Compute, like Spark, is short running and ephemeral
- Alluxio data orchestration & access layer is long running and used across many jobs



Alluxio and Compute framework in the same pod

When do you use this?

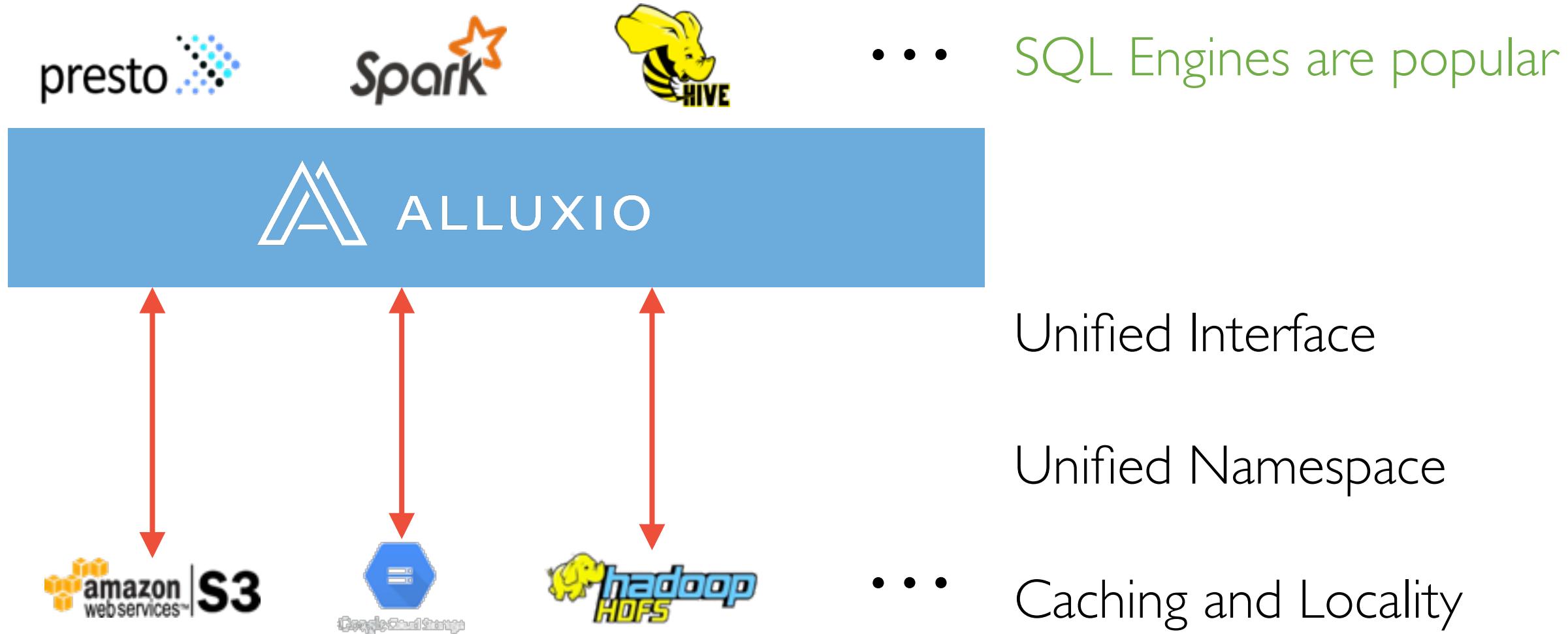
- Compute, like Presto, is long running
- Data tier with Alluxio needs to be scaled along with compute tier



Alluxio Structured Data Management

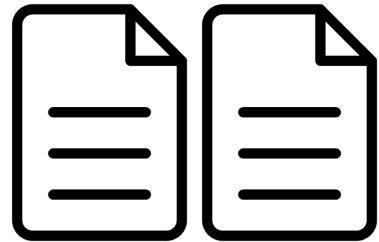
Innovations for Structured Data

Common Alluxio Use Cases

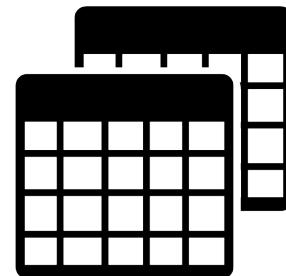
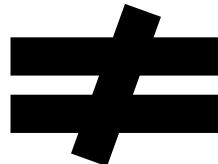


Storage Systems

Files/Objects



Directories



Raw Bytes

Tables

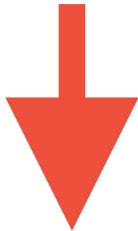
Schemas

Rows/Columns

**Storage
Optimized**

Impedance Mismatch

**Compute
Optimized**

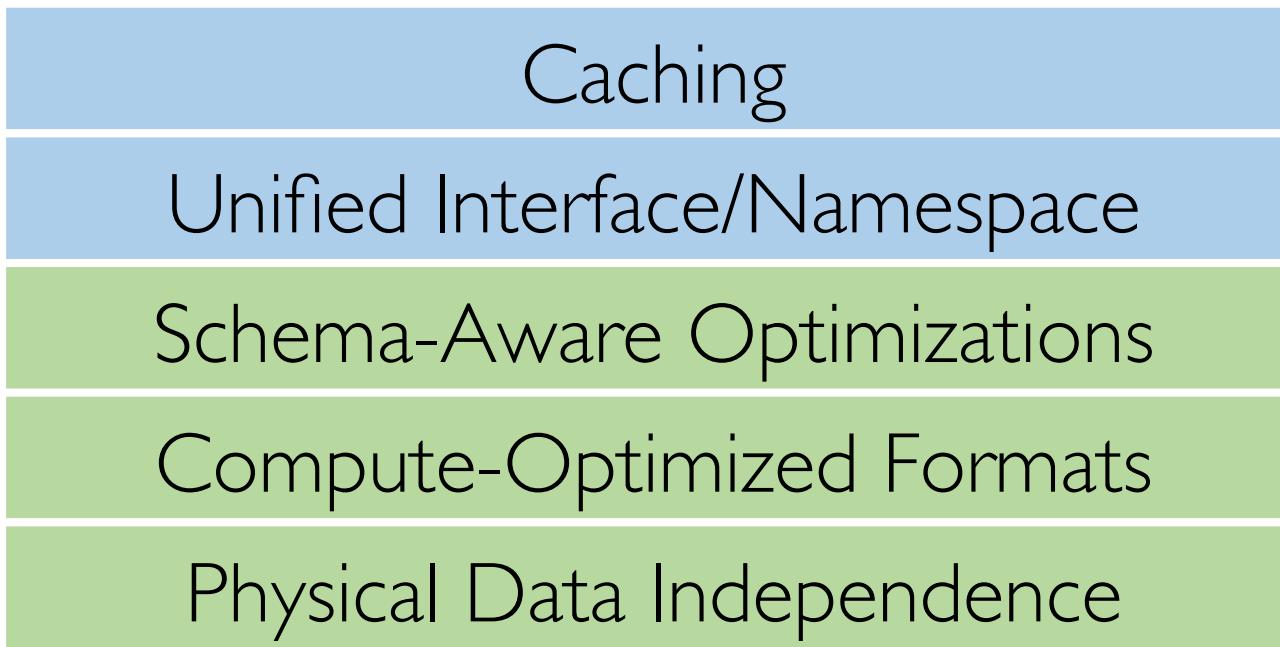


Further Expand Benefits!

Benefits of Alluxio Data Orchestration

Storage
Systems

SQL
Frameworks



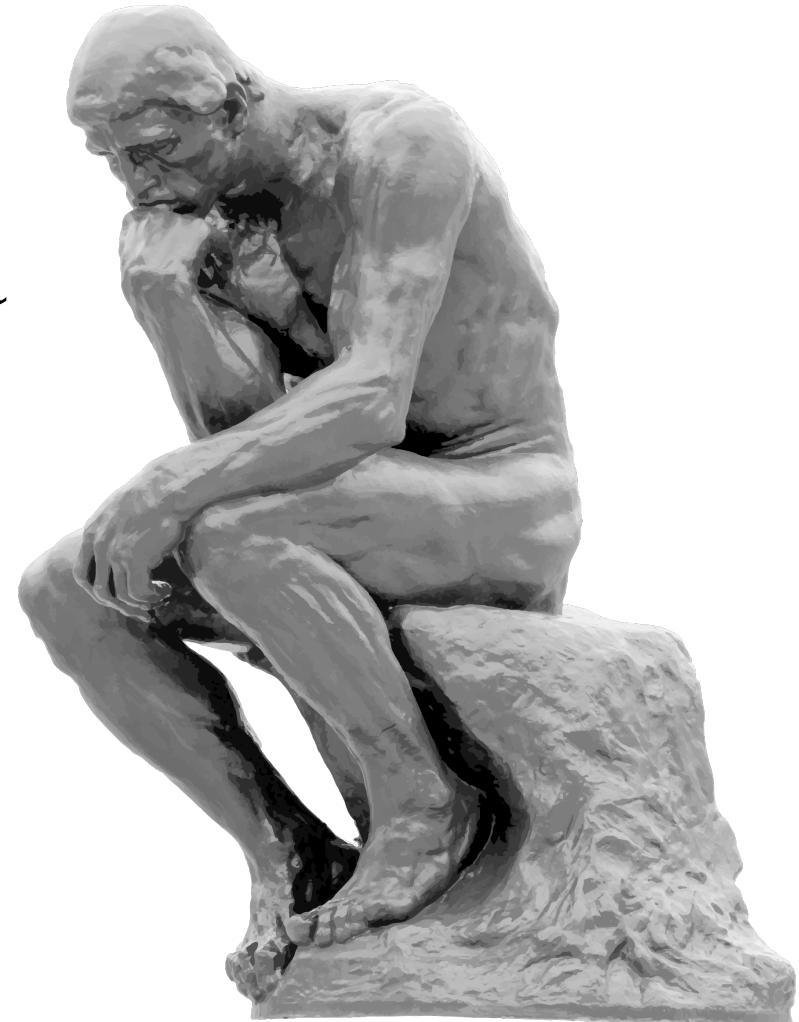
High-Level Philosophy

Provide Structured Data APIs

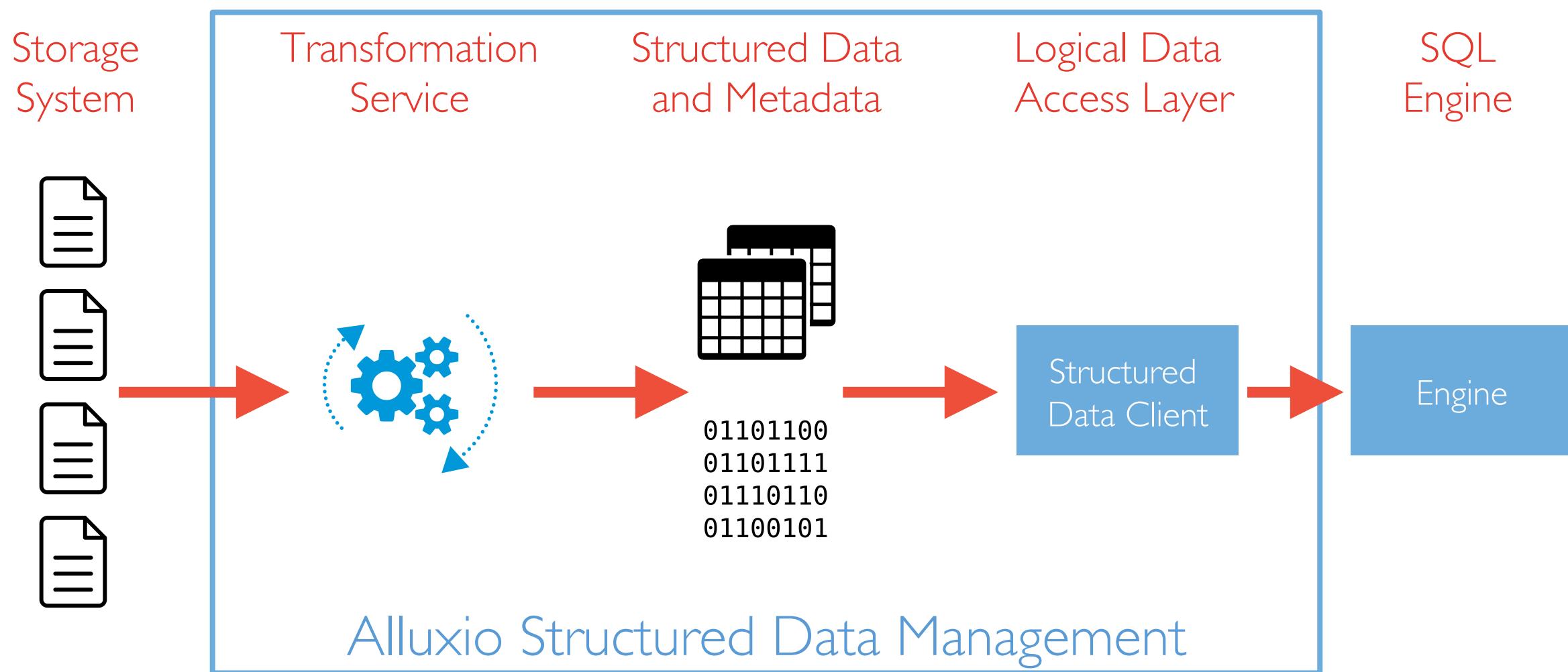
Focus on how frameworks interact with data

Cache Logical Data Access

Focus on caching what frameworks want



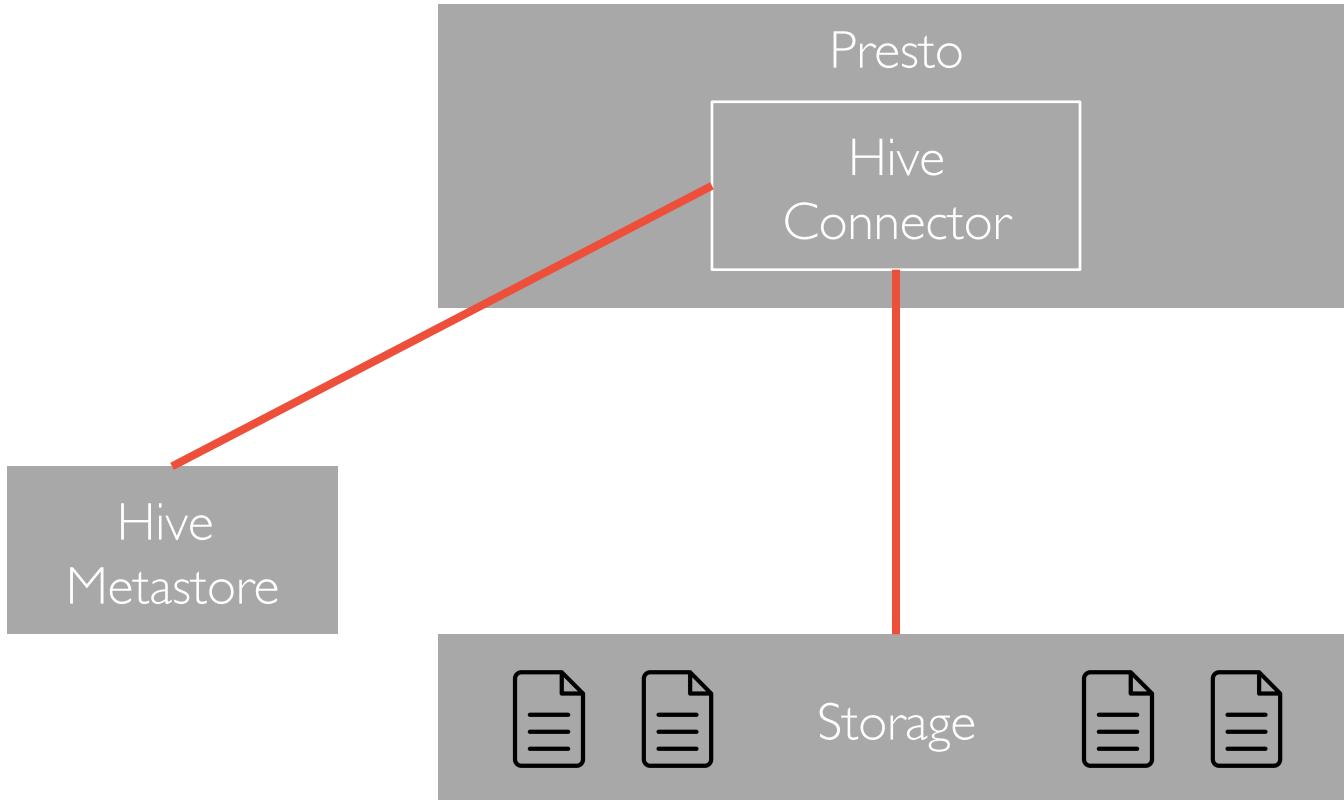
Alluxio Structured Data Management



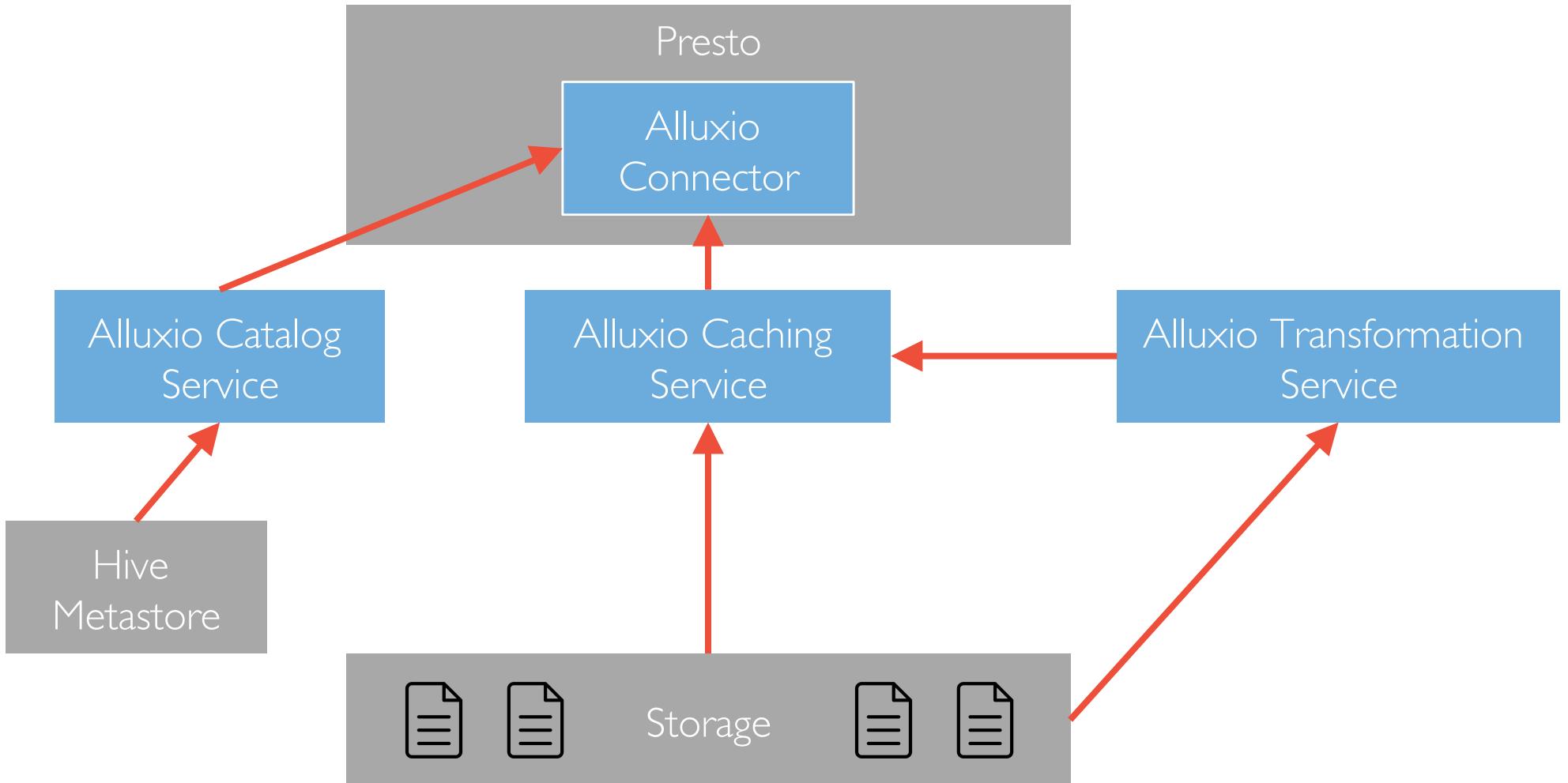


Developer Preview in Alluxio 2.1

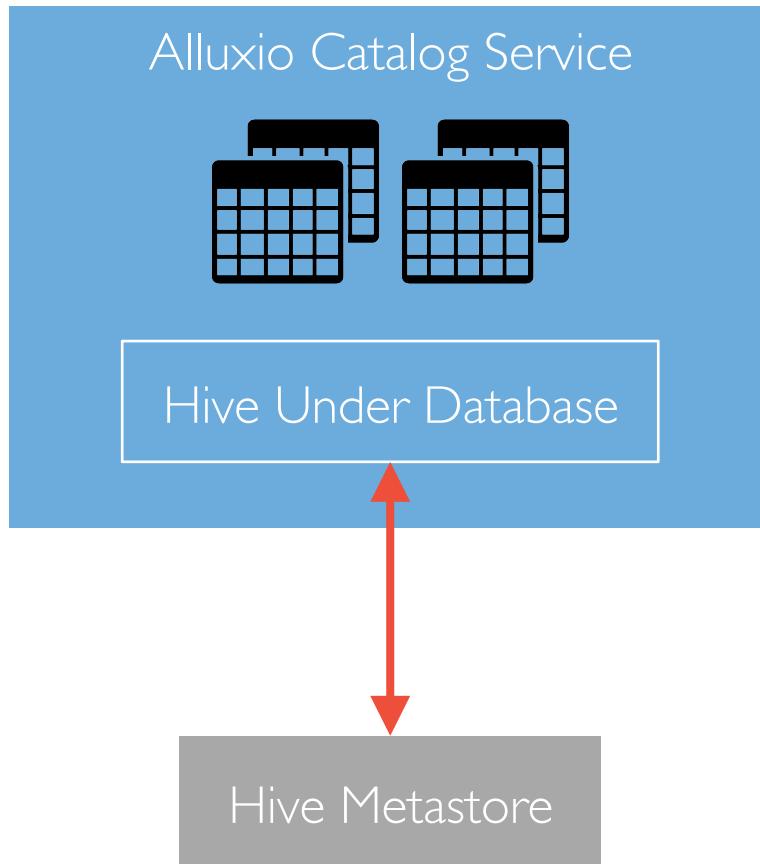
Target Environment



Alluxio Structured Data Management



Alluxio Catalog Service



Functionality

Manages metadata for structured data

Abstracts other database catalogs as
Under Database (UDB)

Benefits

Schema-aware optimizations

Simple deployment

Alluxio Presto Connector

Tighter integration with Presto

New plugin based on the Presto Hive connector

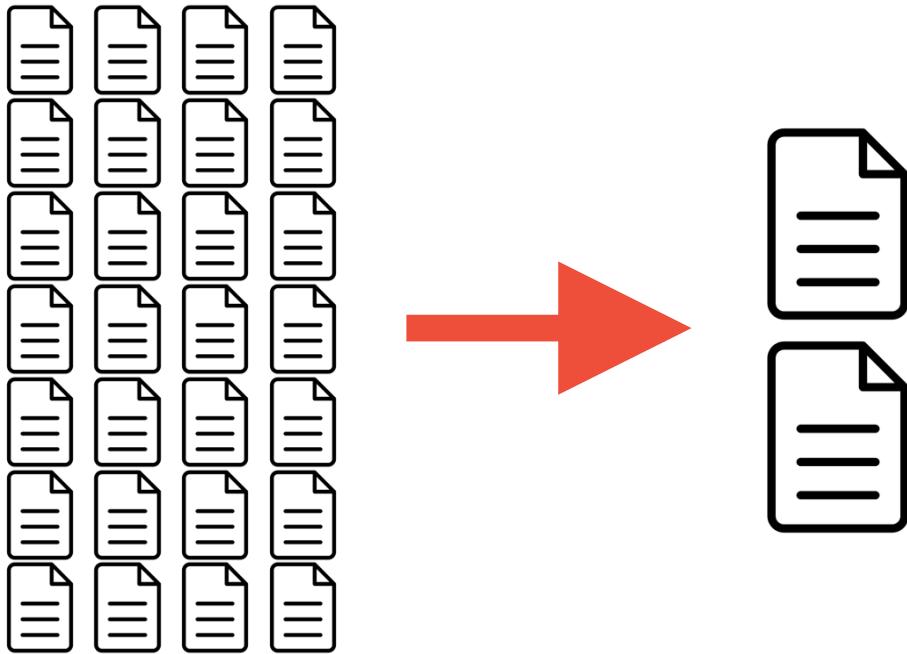
Available in Alluxio 2.1 distribution

In Progress: Merging connector into Presto codebase

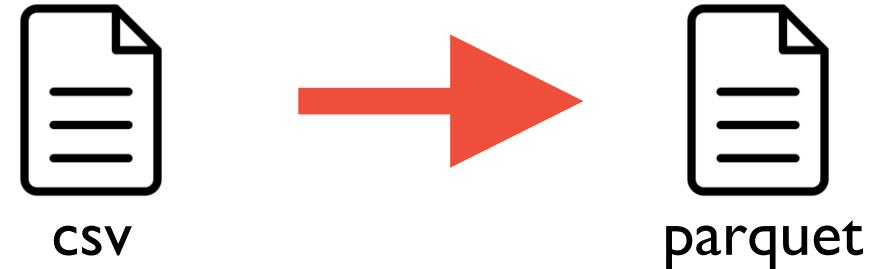
Transformation Service

Transform data to be **compute-optimized**
independent from **storage-optimized** format

Coalesce



Format Conversion





Demo!

Demo

2 isolated AWS 10-node clusters

Presto + Hive Metastore + S3 Data

Presto + Alluxio + Hive Metastore + S3 Data

TPCDS sample dataset on S3

~10,000 CSV files

Demo Summary

Attached existing Hive database into Alluxio Catalog

Alluxio Catalog served table metadata for Presto

Transformed store_sales by coalescing and converting CSV to Parquet

Presto Without
Alluxio

20s

Alluxio
Transformations

7s

Alluxio Transformations
With Caching

3s

Future Work

User community feedback/collaboration is important!

Future projects

- New UDB implementations (AWS Glue)

- More conversion formats (json)

- DDL/DML workloads (CREATE TABLE, INSERT, etc.)

- New Client APIs for structured data (Arrow)

Developer Preview Available in Alluxio 2.1

Try it out!

[Documentation](#)

Provide feedback

Feature requests and issues in Github [Alluxio/alluxio](#)

Thank You!