The evolution of Ingress through the Gateway API

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Evolving Landscape

self-service, single role



Transparent "Proxies" sidecars, kube-proxy... Middle **Cloud LBs Proxies** GCP, AWS, nginx, envoy, haproxy, ... Azure, ...

Goals

Better model the **personas and roles** involved with services and load-balancing.

Support modern load-balancing features while maintaining portability (or maybe "predictability")

Have **standard mechanisms for extension** for API growth / implementation / vendor-specific behaviors.

Goals (and how to get there)

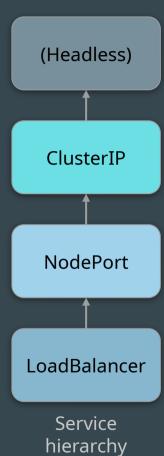
Better model the personas and roles involved with services and load-balancing.	→	Resource model + RBAC
Support modern load-balancing features while maintaining portability (or maybe "predictability")	→	Levels of support, specification and conformance
Have standard mechanisms for extension for API growth / implementation / vendor-specific behaviors.	→	Resource model, polymorphism- like

Modeling: Services

A Service resource describes many things:

- Method of exposure (ClusterIP, NodePort, LoadBalancer)
- **Grouping of Backends** (i.e. selector)
- **Attributes** (ExternalTrafficPolicy, SessionAffinity, ...)

Evolving and extending the resource becomes harder and harder due to interactions between fields...



Personas and Roles

Infrastructur e Provider	Provides the infrastructure for cluster creation, e.g. cloud provider, internal PaaS team.
Cluster Operator / NetOps / SRE	Manages the cluster overall once its created. Responsible for overall policies, e.g. which services expose to Internet.
Application Developer	Builds the services and applications and defines traffic routing, services.

Designing for RBAC

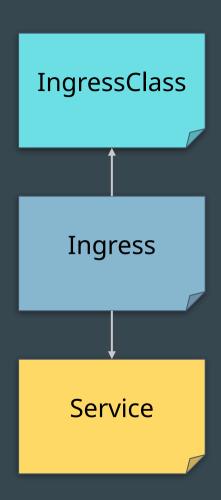


Modeling roles: Ingress

Ingress is a self-service model.

IngressClass is created by the infrastructure provider

Application developer manages Ingress + Service; Ingress limited to simple L7 descriptions.



Modeling roles: Gateway

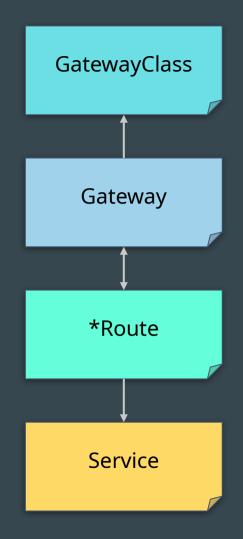
Idea: Decouple along role, concept axes:

Roles:

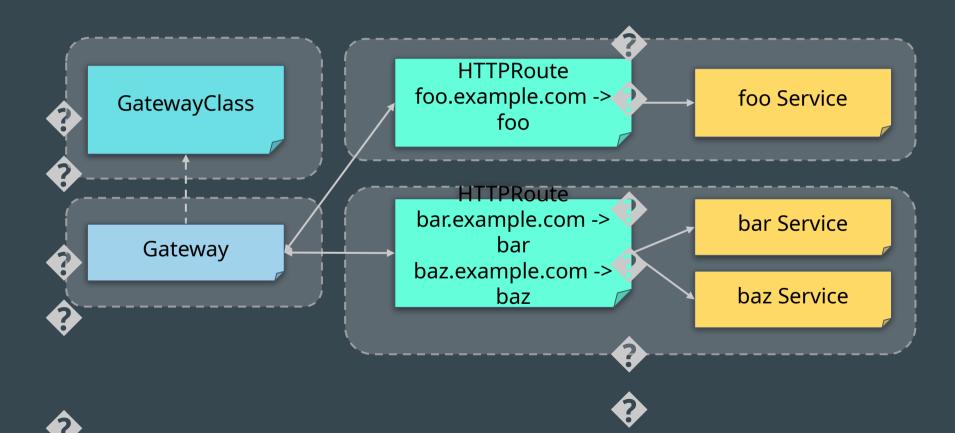
- Infrastructure Provider (GatewayClass)
- Cluster Operator / NetOps (Gateway)
- Application Developer (Routes and Services)

Concepts:

- Exposure and access (Gateway)
- Routing, protocol specific attributes (Routes)
- Grouping, selection (Service)



API schema



Portability vs predictability

Core

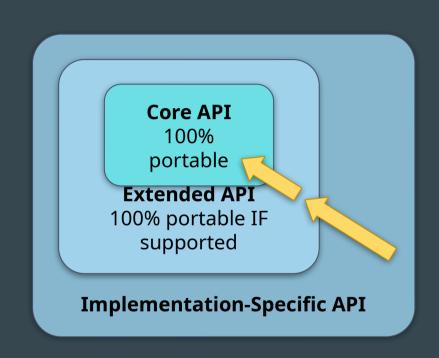
MUST be supported.

Extended

- Feature by feature.
- MAYBE supported, but MUST be portable.
- Part of API schema.

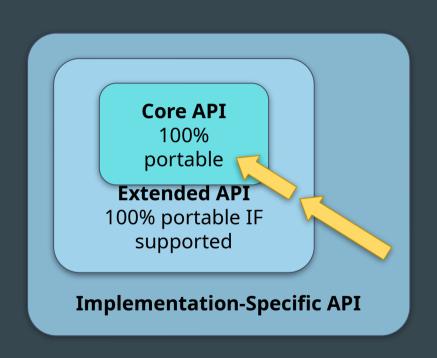
Implementation-specific

No guarantee for portability, No k8s API schema.



Portability vs predictability

- Enforcement by conformance tests
- Extended feature definition requires self-contained conformance
- Require all extended features be checkable statically

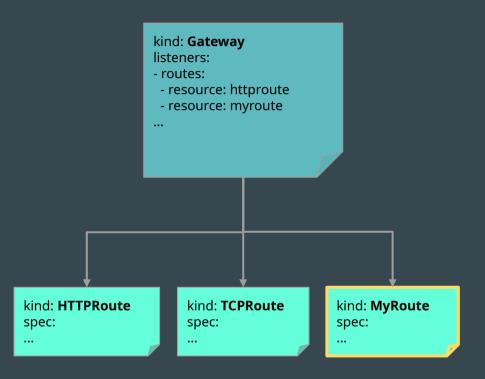


Extensibility

Polymorphic object references:

- Gateways can refer to different kinds of Routes: {HTTP, TCP, UDP, SNI} Route
- Route to backends also polymorphic (not just to Services)

Use of Custom Resources (CRs) for extension.



A taste of the API

User story

Alice the IaaS provider

Bob the SRE

Carol the application developer

User story: Alice the IaaS

Alice the IaaS provider offers two flavors of load-balancers:

- external: Public access to the Internet
- internal: Internal to the VPC

kind: GatewayClass meta: name: **external** spec: controller: alice.io/gw-ctrl ...

kind: GatewayClass meta: name: **internal** spec: controller: alice.io/gw-ctrl

User story: Bob the SRE

Bob wants:

- Only certain namespaces can deploy external LBs (namespaces with label internet:external)
- Anyone can deploy an internal LB
- Anyone can deploy a in-cluster proxy for testing (Bob installs an acme.io/proxy)

kind: GatewayClass
meta:
name: external
spec:
controller: alice.io/gw-ctrl
allowedGatewayNamespaces:
matchLabels:
internet: external

meta:
name: internal
spec:
controller: alice.io/gw-ctrl
Default allows all ns

kind: GatewayClass

kind: GatewayClass
meta:
name: test
spec:
controller: acme.io/proxy
Default allows all ns

Creates Routes and Services to describe her applications: "store", "checkout"

kind: HTTPRoute meta: name: store spec: hostnames: ["store.acme.io"] rules: - match: - path: { value: "/" } forwardTo: targetRef: name: store - match: - path: { value: "/search" } forwardTo: targetRef: name: search

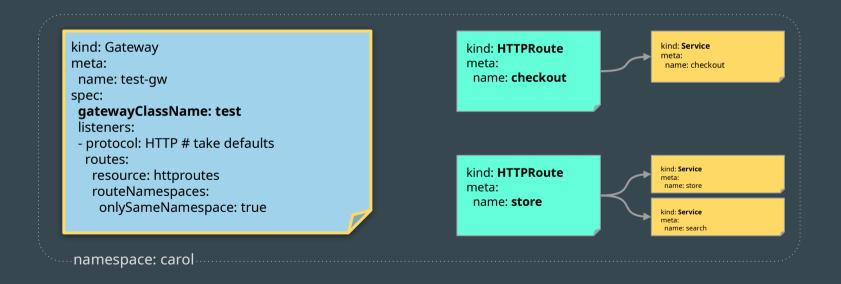
kind: **Service** meta: name: store ...

kind: **Service** meta: name: search kind: HTTPRoute
meta:
name: checkout
spec:
hostnames: ["checkout.acme.io"]
rules:
- match:
- headers:
 type: Exact
 values: {"canary": "y"}
forwardTo:
 targetRef:
 name: checkout-canary
...

kind: **Service** meta: name: checkout ...

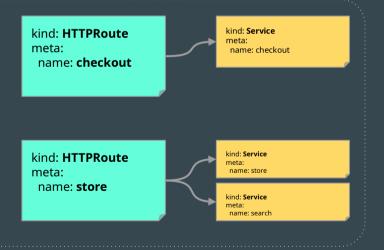
namespace: carol

To test out her applications, she creates a Gateway of class "test" in her namespace:

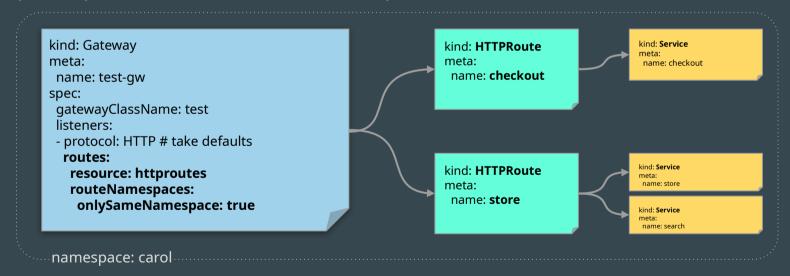


A Gateway is a "request" for an LB. It may be underspecified and the controller for the class will fill in the blanks:

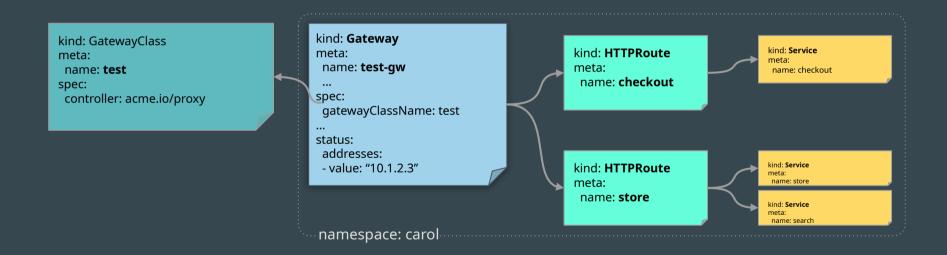




A Gateway serves Routes. Carol uses the simplest configuration which is to pick up routes in her own namespace:

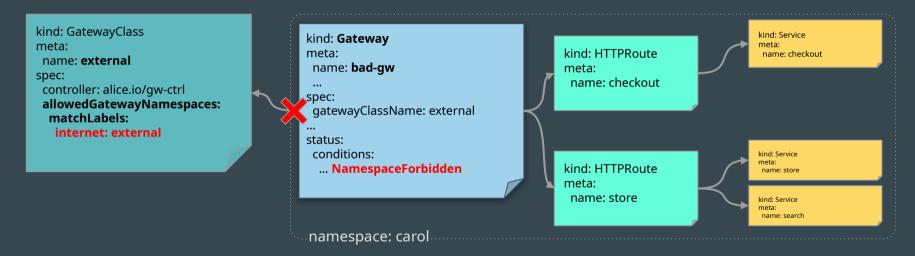


Creating the Gateway wires up the app(s) and the acme.io/proxy starts serving traffic:



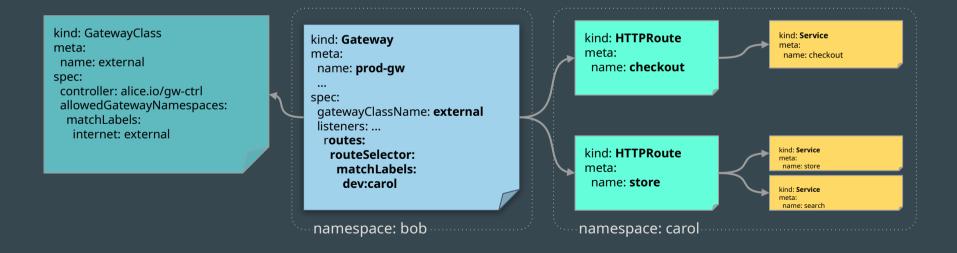
carol@acme\$ curl -H store.acme.io http://10.1.2.3 Hello, world!

Carol is cannot use the external class and serve production traffic - she isn't allowed:

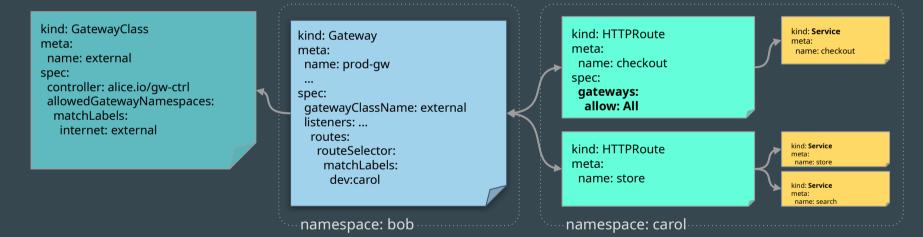


User story: Bob the SRE

Bob, who manages external Gateways for the cluster, can reference Carol's Routes and put them into production:



Carol also needs to allow her Route to the prod Gateway - otherwise anyone with a Gateway can start serving traffic (default is to allow in the same namespace):



carol@acme\$ curl -H http://store.acme.io Hello, world! ...

User story: recap

GatewayClass: Supports multiple classes of load-balancing, reflecting capabilities of the IaaS or deployed infrastructure

Gateway: defines how your app is **exposed** (e.g. VIP:port, what kind of proxy used)

Route: defines the routing of your app for a given protocol

Service: defines your Backends (grouping)

User story: recap

Supports multiple classes of load-balancing, reflecting capabilities of the IaaS or deployed infrastructure.

Access to GatewayClasses is controlled.

Gateways can reference and aggregate cross namespace Routes. Access is controlled using handshake between Gateway and Route

Conflicts

Merging Routes into Gateways can result in conflicts (same host, same path)...

Conflicts principles

Do no harm

- Don't break things that are working
- Drop as little traffic as possible

Be consistent

- Provide a consistent behavior when conflicts occur (A then B \equiv B then A)
- Prefer more specific matches to less specific ones
- Decide using stable properties: creation timestamp, canonical order <namespace, name>

Be clear

- Make it clear which configuration has been chosen
- Communicate conflicts via object status

Extension points

GatewayClass parameters for overall LB configuration.

Gateway.Listeners have an ExtensionRef to customize Listener properties

Routes

- Custom filters via ExtensionRef
- Backends can be more than Services

Feedback needed!

What in the Alpha?

Basic applications, data types:

- GatewayClass, Gateway
- {HTTP, TCP, UDP, SNI} Route
- TLS (HTTPS, TLS)

Implementations:

- Merging style (multiple Gateways hosted on in-cluster proxy)
- Provisioning/Cloud (Gateways mapped to externally managed resources)

What remains to be done:

- Feedback (users, users, users)!
- Conformance tests
- Delegation within Routes

→ Gain confidence towards Beta

Demo:

https://bit.ly/2RY9Xzr

Thanks for coming!

Kubernetes SIG-NETWORK subproject

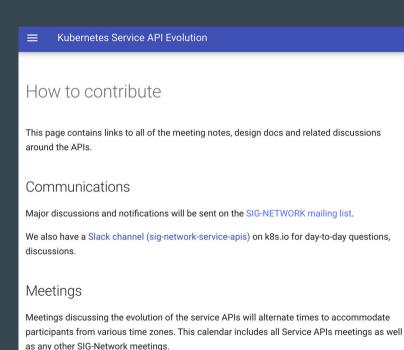
Project homepagegithub/kubernetes-sigs/service-apis

How to contribute kubernetes-sigs.github.io/service-apis/community/

Meetings

Wednesday, Thursdays

Alternating times AM/PM Pacific, check calendar, meeting code: "77777"



k8s-sig-network

Today September 2020 ▼

Fin

References

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ne9UJL6irXY (very old)
- Kubecon San Diego 2019 Evolving the Kubernetes Ingress APIs to GA an d Beyond [PUBLIC]
- Virtual KubeCon EU 2020: SIG-Network Intro and DeepDive
- https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/service-apis