

Q1  $A_1 = (2, 10), A_2 = (2, 5), A_3 = (8, 4)$

$B_1 = (5, 8)$

$C_1 = (1, 2), C_2 = (4, 9)$

$A_1, B_1$  &  $C_2$  are the centers

First iteration

	$A_1$	$A_2$	$A_3$	$B_1$	$C_1$	$C_2$
Centroid $A_1$	0	5	8.48	3.6	8.06	2.23
Centroid $B_1$	3.6	4.24	5	0	7.21	1.41
Centroid $C_2$	2.23	4.47	6.4	1.41	7.61	0

1) Cluster after first iteration.

Cluster - 1 =  $\{A_1 (2, 10)\}$

Cluster - 2 =  $\{A_2 (2, 5), A_3 (8, 4), B_1 (5, 8), C_1 (1, 2)\}$

Cluster - 3 =  $\{C_2 (4, 9)\}$

2) Centroid after first iteration:

Center - 1 =  $(2, 10)$

Center - 2 =  $\left(\frac{2+8+5+1}{4}, \frac{5+4+8+2}{4}\right) = (4, 4.75)$

Center - 3 =  $(4, 9)$

Q3  
1)  $P(C_0) = P(C_1) = \frac{10}{20} = \frac{1}{2}$

Gender	$C_0$	$C_1$
M	6/10	4/10
F	4/10	6/10

Car type	$C_0$	$C_1$
Family	1/10	3/10
Sports	8/10	0
Luxury	1/10	7/10

Shirt Size	$C_0$	$C_1$
Small	3/10	2/10
Medium	3/10	4/10
Large	2/10	2/10
Extra Large	2/10	2/10

New sample  $\rightarrow$  Gender = M, Car type = Family, Shirt Size Large.

$$P(C_0 | \text{new sample}) = P(C_0) \times P(\text{Gender} = M | C_0) \times P(\text{Car type} = \text{Family} | C_0) \times P(\text{Shirt Size} = \text{Large} | C_0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{10} \times \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{2}{10}$$

$$= 0.006$$

$$P(C_1 | \text{new sample}) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{10}$$

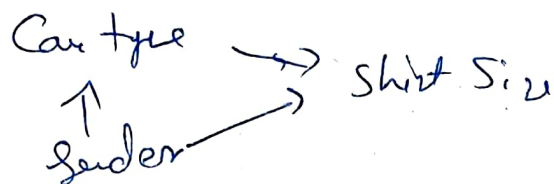
$$= 0.012$$

Since,  $P(C_1) > P(C_0)$

New sample is classified as  $C_1$

Q3

$$2) P(C_0) = P(C_1) = \frac{1}{2}$$



Since gender is independent

Gender	$C_0$	$C_1$
M	$6/10$	$4/10$
F	$4/10$	$6/10$

Since car type depends on gender

Car type	$C_0$	$C_1$
family, M	$1/10$	$3/10$
family, F	0	0
sports, M	$5/10$	0
sports, F	$3/10$	0
luxury, M	0	$1/10$
luxury, F	$1/10$	$6/10$

Since, shirt size depends on both car type = Gender

Shirt Size	$C_0$	$C_1$	Shirt Size	$C_0$	$C_1$	Shirt Size = Large	$C_0$	$C_1$
Small, M, family	$1/10$	0	Mid, M, family	0	$1/10$	M, family	0	$1/10$
Small, M, sports	0	0	Mid M, sports	$2/10$	0	M, Sports	$1/10$	0
Small, M, luxury	0	0	Mid M, luxury	0	0	M, luxury	0	0
Small, F, family	0	0	Mid F, family	0	0	F, family	0	0
Small, F, sports	$2/10$	0	Mid F, sports	$1/10$	0	F Sports	0	0
Small, F, luxury	0	$2/10$	Mid F, luxury	0	$3/10$	F luxury	$1/10$	$1/10$

Shirt Size	$C_0$	$C_1$
Extra Large		
M, family	0	$1/10$
M, Sports	$2/10$	0
M, luxury	0	$1/10$

Shirt Size	$C_0$	$C_1$
F, family	0	0
F, Sports	0	0
F, luxury	0	0

To Classify new sample.

$$\begin{aligned} P(C_0 / \text{new sample}) &= P(C_0) \times P(\text{gender} = \text{Male} / C_0) \times P(\text{Cartype} = \text{family} / C_0) \times \\ &\quad P(\text{Shirt Size} = \text{Large} / C_0) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{10} \times \frac{1}{10} \times 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(C_1 / \text{new sample}) &= P(C_1) \times P(\text{gender} = \text{Male} / C_1) \times P(\text{Cartype} = \text{Family Male} / C_1) \\ &\quad \times P(\text{Shirt Size} = \text{Large, Male, family} / C_1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{10} \\ &= 0.006 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(C_1 / \text{new sample}) > P(C_0 / \text{new sample})$$

$\Rightarrow$  New sample is classified as  $C_1$



Q4)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 w' \\
 \swarrow \searrow \\
 x \rightarrow \underbrace{w' x}_{z^1} \underbrace{\sigma(z^1)}_{h^1} \rightarrow \underbrace{w^2 h^1}_{z^2} \underbrace{\sigma(z^2)}_{h^2} \rightarrow \underbrace{w^3 h^2}_{z^3} \underbrace{\sigma(z^3)}_{h^3 = \hat{y}} \rightarrow L(y, \hat{y})
 \end{array}$$

$$L = (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w^3} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^3} \frac{\partial z^3}{\partial w^3} \rightarrow h^2$$

Here,

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^3} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{d \hat{y}}{d z^3}$$

And,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} &= \frac{\partial (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2}{\partial y_1} + \frac{\partial (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2}{\partial y_2} = -2(y_1 - \hat{y}_1) - 2(y_2 - \hat{y}_2) \\
 &= -2[(\hat{y}_1 - y_1) + (\hat{y}_2 - y_2)]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial z^3} &= \frac{\partial s(z^3)}{\partial z^3} = \frac{\partial s(z_1^3)}{\partial (z_1^3)} + \frac{\partial s(z_1^3)}{\partial z_2^3} + \frac{\partial s(z_2^3)}{\partial z_1^3} + \frac{\partial s(z_2^3)}{\partial z_2^3} \\
 &= s(z_1^3)(1 - s(z_1^3)) - 2s(z_1^3)s(z_2^3) + s(z_2^3)(1 - s(z_2^3))
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^3} &= 2[(\hat{y}_1 - y_1) + (\hat{y}_2 - y_2)] h^2 [s(z_1^3)(1 - s(z_1^3)) - \\
 &\quad 2s(z_1^3)s(z_2^3) + s(z_2^3)(1 - s(z_2^3))]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w^2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^2} \frac{\partial z^2}{\partial w^2} - h'$$

Here,

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^3} \times \frac{\partial z^3}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\text{Here, } \frac{\partial z^3}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial z^3}{\partial h^2} \xrightarrow{w^3} \frac{\partial h^2}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^2}{\partial z^2} = w^2 h' (1 - w^2 h')$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^2} = 2 [\hat{y} - y_1] + (\hat{y}_1 - y_2) [S(z_1^3)(1 - S(z_1^3)) - 2S(z_1^3)S(z_2^3) + S(z_2^3)(1 - S(z_2^3))] h' \times w^3 w^2 h' (1 - w^2 h')$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w'} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^2} \frac{\partial z^1}{\partial w'} \rightarrow x$$

Here,

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z^1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z^2} \frac{\partial z^2}{\partial z^1}$$

Here,

$$\frac{\partial z^2}{\partial z^1} = \frac{\partial z^2}{\partial h^1} \frac{\partial h^1}{\partial z^1}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^1}{\partial z^1} = w^1 x (1 - w^1 x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^1} = 2 [\hat{y}_1 - y_1 + (\hat{y}_2 - y_2)] [s(z_1^3) - (1 - s(z_1^3)) - 2s(z_1^3)s(z_2^3) + s(z_2^3)(1 - s(z_2^3))] x \\ \times w^3 w^2 h^1 (1 - w^2 h^1) x \quad w^2 w^1 x (1 - w^1 x)$$