Browser Routing

Navigation for Single-Page Applications



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#js-advanced

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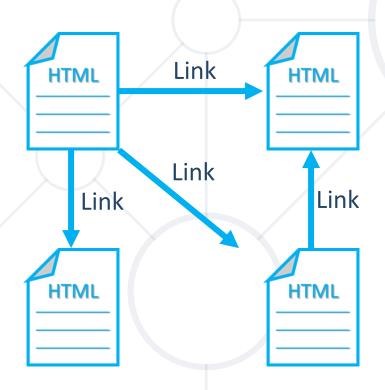
Client-Side Routing

Navigation for Single Page Apps

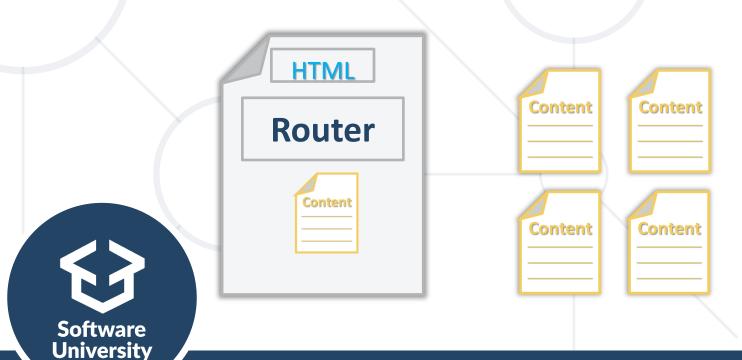
Navigation Types



Standard Navigation (Back-end routing)



 Client-Side Routing – navigation without reloading the page



How Routers Work



- A Router signals the application when the location changes
 - E.g., when the user manually enters an address
- Conversely, a change in content is reflected in the address bar
 - E.g., when the user clicks on a link



Location



```
https://www.example.com/one?key=value#trending
location = {
 protocol: "https:",	✓
 hostname: "www.example.com",
 pathname: "/one",
 search: "?key=value", -
 hash: "#trending"
```

Query Parameters



- Allow for application state to be serialized into the URL
- Represented by a series of key-value pairs, separated by &
 - Example: search=js+advanced&opCourses=true
 First parameter
 Second parameter
- Common use cases
 - Representing the current page number in a paginated collection
 - Filter criteria
 - Sorting criteria

Hash-based Routing





- Using the #hash part of the URL to simulate different content
- The routing is possible because changes in the hash don't trigger page reload



Example



Extracting the hash from the entire URL

```
let hash = window.location.hash;
```

Changing the path

```
let changePath = function (hash) {
   window.location.hash = hash;
}
```

Processing hashchange events



Using an event handler:

```
window.onhashchange = funcRef;
```

Using an HTML event handler:

```
<body onhashchange="funcRef();">
```

Using an event listener:

```
window.addEventListener("hashchange", funcRef, false);
```

Push-Based Routing





- You can actually surface real server-side data to support things like SEO and Facebook Open Graph
- It helps with analytics
- It helps fix hash tag issues
- You can actually use hash tag for what is was meant for, deep linking to sections of long pages

History API





- Provides access to the browser's history through the history object
- HTML5 introduced the history.pushState() and history.replaceState()
 - They allow you to add and modify history entries
 - These methods work in conjunction with the popstate event

The PushState() Method





- Takes three parameters:
 - State
 - Object which is associated with the new history entry
 - Title
 - Browsers currently ignore this parameter
 - URL
 - The new history entry's URL is given by this parameter
 - It must be of the same origin as the current URL



The ReplaceState() Method



- Modifies the current history entry instead of creating a new one
- It is particularly useful when you want to update the state object or URL of the current history entry

```
let stateObj = { facNum: "56789123" };
history.pushState(stateObj, "", "student.html");
history.replaceState(stateObj, "", "newStudent.html");
```

The Popstate Event



- Dispatched to the window every time the active history entry changes
- If the history entry being activated was created by a call to pushState or affected by a call to replaceState,
- The popstate event's state property contains a copy of the history entry's state object
- You can read the state of the current history entry without waiting for a popstate event using the history.state property



External Routing Library

Using page.js for Single-Page Routing

What is page.js?



- Compact client-side router
 - Small size 1.2KB
- Syntax inspired by Express (back-end framework)
- Supports:
 - Automatic link binding
 - URL glob matching
 - Parameters
 - Plugins



Getting Started



Installation via npm package:

```
npm install page
```

Direct import from online CDN (no installation):

```
import page from "//unpkg.com/page/page.mjs";
```

Basic Usage:

```
page('/', index);  // Register home route
page('*', notfound);  // Register catch-all (404)
page.start();  // Activate router
```

Documentation: https://github.com/visionmedia/page.js

Basic Routing



Routes are registered via match pattern and callback

```
page('/catalog', catalogView);
```

- Match pattern can be string, URL glob or RegExp
- The route handler (callback) will receive two parameters
 - context object with information about parameters and state
 - next callback, used when chaining route handlers

```
function catalogView(ctx, next) {
   // fetch data, render template, handle form, etc.
}
```

URL Parameters



- URL glob patterns can match dynamic parts of the URL
 - E.g., category name, product ID, user page, etc.

```
page('/catalog/:id', detailsView);
// match any route, following /catalog
```

The URL parameter can be accessed from the context

```
function detailsView(ctx, next) {
  console.log(ctx.params.id);
}
```

Multiple parameters can be captured

```
page('/:category/:id', detailsView);
```

Programmatic Redirect



Setup automatic redirect upon visit

```
page.redirect('/home', '/catalog');
// navigating to /home will be redirected to /catalog
```

Navigate to a page programatically

```
page.redirect('/login');
```

Chaining Route Handlers



Route handlers can be chained

```
page('/catalog/:id', loadData, detailsView);
```

- Practical when separating concerns
 - E.g., fetch remote data in one handler and render in another
- Add values to the context, to share them across handlers

```
async function loadData(ctx, next) {
  const data = await fetchProduct(ctx.params.id);
  ctx.product = data;
  next();
}
```

Summary



- Routing is an association between URL and page content
- Types of client-side routing
 - Hash-based for older browser
 - History API
- page.js is a lightweight routing library
 - Supports History-based routing
 - Has execution context
 - Can have custom middleware





Questions?



















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