## **Modular Applications**

Common Scenarios and Best Practices



**SoftUni Team Technical Trainers** 







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# #js-advanced

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### **Best Practices**

Common Scenarios and Techniques

#### **Component Approach**



- Components are a common theme among contemporary frameworks and libraires
- Focused on separation of concerns and composability:
  - Combine presentation, style and business logic in a single unit
  - Encapsulate state and control
  - Expose only necessary interfaces
  - Decoupled from the environment (via dependency injection)
  - Highly composable with other components

#### **Application State**



- Avoid storing state in the DOM
- Avoid attempting to infer state from the DOM
  - E.g., using the text content of an HTML element to reconstruct what a database record looked like
- Try to write declarative DOM logic:
  - Describe what the DOM should look like for a given state
  - When the state changes, the DOM follows
  - Rendering libraries allow for efficient DOM redraws

#### Routing



- Attempt to couple application content with the URL route
  - This allows more efficient use of browser history and sharing links to specific parts of the application
  - Can be done with paths, query parameters or fragments
- Examples:
  - Search terms should be included as query parameters
  - If a catalog is paginated, include the current page in the URL
  - Toggleable content or sub-navigation can also be included

#### **Action Feedback**



- Provide instant acknowledgement for user actions:
  - Change appearance when links and buttons are clicked
  - Clear the view on navigation
  - Show loading indicators during network requests
  - Disable input during requests, to prevent double submission
- Don't overdo feedback:
  - Don't attempt to validate input before the user has finished
  - There's no need to show notifications for everything

#### **User Input**



- Always sanitize user input:
  - Remove leading and trailing whitespace
  - Do not automatically include all form data in the request only pick the properties that are part of the collection
  - Prevent insertion of HTML anywhere in your code
  - Never use eval where user input is involved
- Remember that the front-end application does not provide security – the server must double check all user actions

#### **Error Handling**



- Always anticipate errors from network requests and user input
- Errors that can be resolved automatically can be handled behind the scenes
  - You can catch them where they occur
  - E.g., data parsing errors, empty server responses, etc.
- Errors that concern user action must be propagated to the presentation layer of the app (rethrow, or don't catch)
  - E.g., validation errors

#### **Summary**



- Components are a common theme among contemporary frameworks and libraires
- Routing allows more efficient use of browser history and sharing links to specific parts of t he application
- Error handling involves using try-catch blocks to gracefully manage and respond to potenti al runtime errors in code execution.





# Questions?



















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