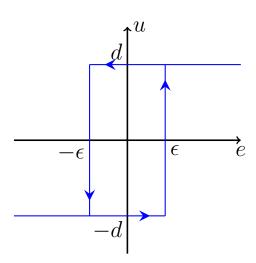
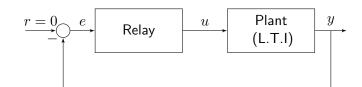
Relay feedback models of biological oscillators

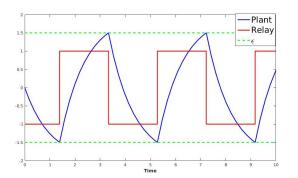
Rajiv Kurien

1 June 2016

Relay



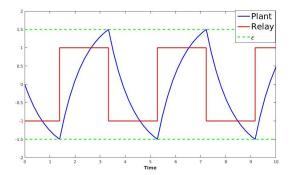




Oscillations in relay feedback systems Åström. Oscillations in systems with relay feedback. (1995)

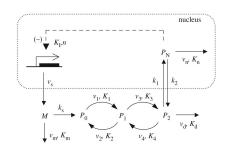
Analytical solutions for:

- Time period of oscillations
- Stability of oscillations
- Initial conditions for oscillations



Models of biological oscillations

Goldbeter. A model for circadian oscillations in the Drosophila period protein. (1995)



$$\begin{split} \frac{dM}{dt} &= v_s \frac{K_I^n}{K_I^n + P_N^n} - v_m \frac{M}{K_m + M} \\ \frac{dP_0}{dt} &= k_s M - v_1 \frac{P_0}{K_1 + P_0} + v_2 \frac{P_1}{K_2 + P_1} \\ \frac{dP_1}{dt} &= v_1 \frac{P_0}{K_1 + P_0} - v_2 \frac{P_1}{K_2 + P_1} - v_3 \frac{P_1}{K_3 + P_1} + v_4 \frac{P_2}{K_4 + P_2} \\ \frac{dP_2}{dt} &= v_3 \frac{P_1}{K_3 + P_1} - v_4 \frac{P_2}{K_4 + P_2} - v_d \frac{P_2}{K_d + P_2} - k_1 P_2 + k_2 P_N \\ \frac{dP_N}{dt} &= k_1 P_2 - k_2 P_N - v_n \frac{P_N}{K_n + P_N} \end{split}$$

Models of biological oscillations

- Difficult to analyse oscillations
- Tuning of parameters
- Relay feedback framework

Are relay feedback models appropriate to analyse biological oscillations?

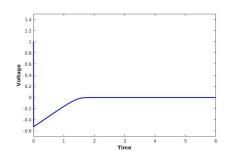
Project outline

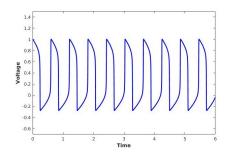
Are relay feedback models appropriate to analyse biological oscillations?

- Simple oscillations
 - Goodwin Oscillator model for circadian rhythms
 - FitzHugh-Nagumo model for action potentials
- Complex oscillations
 - Bursting normal form
 - Hindmarsh-Rose model for bursting

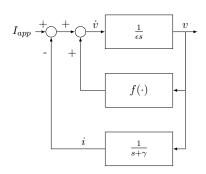
FitzHugh-Nagumo (1961)

- Action potential in a neuron
- Hodgkin-Huxley simplified to two variables
- Excitable system

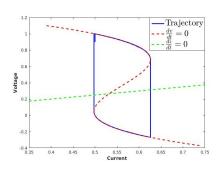


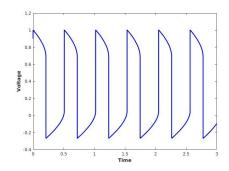


$$\label{eq:Voltage} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Voltage} & \epsilon \frac{dv}{dt} = f(v) - i + I_{\rm app} \\ \mbox{Current} & \frac{di}{dt} = v - \gamma i \end{array}$$

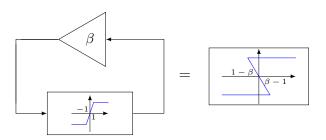


FitzHugh-Nagumo

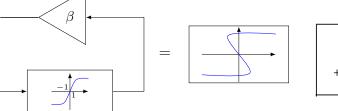




Positive feedback

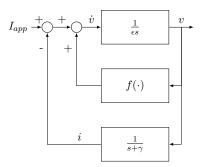


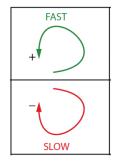
Positive feedback



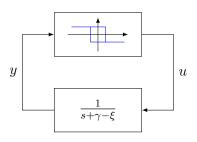


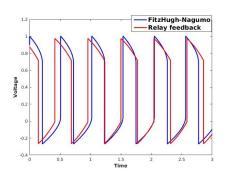
Separation of timescales



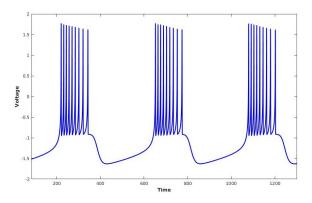


FitzHugh-Nagumo and Relay feedback

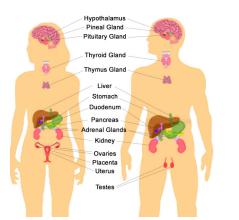


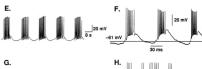


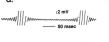
Bursting



- Important role in signalling mechanisms
- Neuroendocrine cells and nerve cells
- Very few tools to analyse bursting









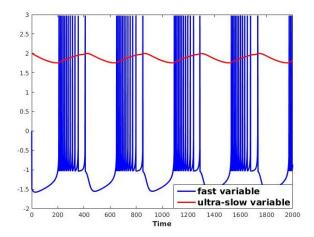
20 mV

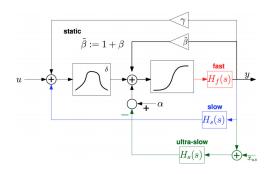


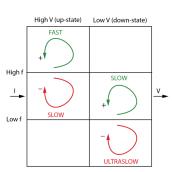
Bursting

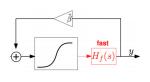
Three variables and three time-scales

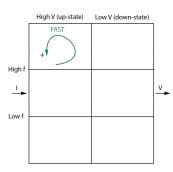
- Like FitzHugh-Nagumo, but with third (ultra-slow) state
- Ultra slow process modulates the fast processes

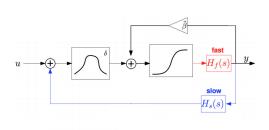


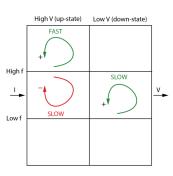


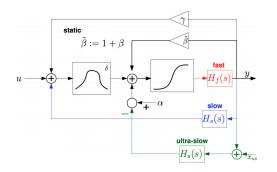


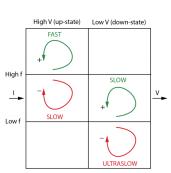




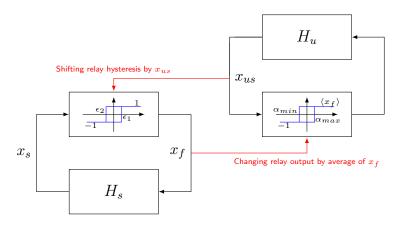








Bursting and Relay feedback



Conclusions

- Modelled simple oscillations using relay feedback
 - Goodwin oscillator model
 - FitzHugh-Nagumo model
- Modelled a complex oscillation using relay feedback
 - Bursting normal form model
 - Hindmarsh-Rose model
- Appealing framework
 - ullet Tractable in high dimensions o excitable systems
 - Predict stability, time periods, initial conditions