

## Python Implementation of Linear Regression

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def estimate\_coeff(x, y)

m = np.size(x)

m\_x = np.mean(x)

m\_y = np.mean(y)

sd\_xy = np.sum(y \* x) - m \* m\_y \* m\_x

sd\_xx = np.sum(x \* x) - m \* m\_x \* m\_x

b\_1 = sd\_xy / sd\_xx

b\_0 = m\_y - b\_1 \* m\_x

return(b\_0, b\_1)

def plot\_regression\_line(x, y, b):

plt.scatter(x, y, color="m", marker="o")

y\_pred = b[0] + b[1] \* x, s=30)

plt.plot(x, y\_pred, color="g")

plt.xlabel('x')

plt.ylabel('y')

def main():

x = np.array([0, 1, 2, ..., 9])

y = np.array([1, 3, 2, ..., 12])

b = estimate\_coeff(x, y)

print(b)

plot\_regression\_line(x, y, b)

Output:

$$(b_0, b_1) = (1.2363, 1.16969)$$

## → Multiple Linear Regression

```
from sklearn.model_selection import  
train_test_split  
import matplotlib.pyplot  
import numpy as np  
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model,  
metrics  
data_url = "https://lib.stat.cmu.edu/datasets/house  
raw_dt = pd.read_csv(data_url, sep = ",st",  
skiprows = 22, header = None)  
x = np.hstack((raw_dt.values[:, 2:],  
raw_dt.values[:, 2]))  
y = raw_dt.values[:, 2]  
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split  
(x, y, test_size = 0.4, random_state = 1)  
reg = linear_model.LinearRegression()  
reg.fit(x_train, y_train)  
print("Coefficient: ", reg.coef_ )  
print("Variance Score: {} ".format  
(reg.score(x_test, y_test)))  
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')  
plt.scatter(x_train, reg.predict(x_train),  
            color = "green", s = 10, label = "Train Data",  
            plt.scatter(x_test, reg.predict(x_test),  
            reg.predict(x_test) - y_test,  
            color = "blue", s = 10, label = "Test Data")  
plt.hlines(y = 0, xmin = 0, xmax = 50, linewidth = 2)  
plt.legend(loc = "upper right")  
plt.title("Residual error")  
plt.show()
```