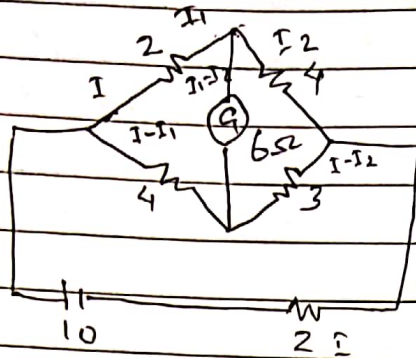


Test - 1

Q.2) C.



Soln,

Now, In loop 1<sup>st</sup>

$$\Rightarrow -4(I - I_1) + 6(I_1 - I_2) + 2I_1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -4I + 4I_1 + 6I_1 - 6I_2 + 2I_1 = 0$$

$$\therefore 12I_1 - 6I_2 - 4I = 0 \quad (1)$$

In loop 2<sup>nd</sup>.

$$\Rightarrow -3(I - I_2) + 4I_2 - 6(I_1 - I_2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -3I + 3I_2 + 4I_2 - 6I_1 + 6I_2 = 0$$

$$\therefore -6I_1 + 13I_2 - 3I = 0 \quad (2)$$

In 3<sup>rd</sup> loop

$$\Rightarrow -10 + 2I + 3(I - I_2) + 4(I - I_1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2I + 3I - 3I_2 + 4I - 4I_1 = 10$$

$$\therefore -4I_1 - 3I_2 + 9I = 10 \quad (3)$$

now

writing above eq<sup>n</sup> in matrix for.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -6 & -4 \\ -6 & 13 & -3 \\ -4 & -3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

now,

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 35/31 \\ 30/31 \\ 60/31 \end{bmatrix}$$

So,

$$I_1 = 1.12 \text{ A}$$

$$I_2 = 0.96 \text{ A}$$

$$I = 1.935 \text{ A}$$

now,

Current through galvanometer

$$\begin{aligned} I_{\text{req}} &= (I_1 - I_2) \\ &= (1.12 - 0.96) \\ &= 0.16 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

Q) sol<sup>n</sup>

when temp. is  $25^{\circ}$  we have

$$V = 120V$$

$$I = 15A$$

$$R_{25} = ?$$

now,

$$V = IR$$

$$R_{25} = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{120}{15}$$

$$= 8 \Omega$$

At temp  $70^{\circ}C$  we have

$$V = 120V$$

$$I = 9A$$

$$R_{70} = ?$$

again

$$R_{70} = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{120}{9}$$

$$= 13.33 \Omega$$

now

$$R_{70} = R_{25} (1 + \alpha_{25} \Delta t)$$

$$13.33 = 8 (1 + \alpha_{25} \times 45)$$

$$1.66 = 1 + 45 \alpha_{25}$$

$$45 \alpha_{25} = 0.66$$

$$\alpha_{25} = 0.0147 / ^{\circ}C$$

now  $R_{80} = ?$

$$R_{80} = R_{25} (1 + \alpha_{25} \Delta t)$$

$$= 8 (1 + 0.0147 \times 55)$$

$$= 14.424 \Omega$$



Now,

$$V = IR$$

$$R = \frac{120}{14.424}$$

$$= 8.31 \cdot \text{ at } 30^\circ\text{C}$$

We know,

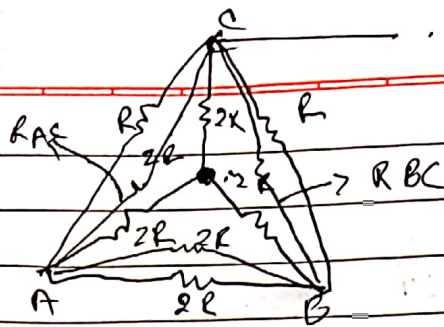
$$\alpha_{20} = \frac{\alpha_1}{1 + \alpha_1 (t_2 - t_1)}$$

$$\alpha_{20} = \frac{\alpha_{25}}{1 + \alpha_{25} (-20 - 25)}$$

$$= \frac{0.0146}{1 + 0.014 \times (-5)}$$

$$= 0.0157 / ^\circ\text{C}.$$

Q.3



The star connected N/w of junction A, B, & C can be converted into  $\Delta$  connection.

$$R_{AB} = 2R + 2R + \frac{2R \cdot 2R}{2R}$$

$$= 26R$$

$$R_{AC} = 2R + 2R + \frac{2R \cdot 2R}{2R}$$

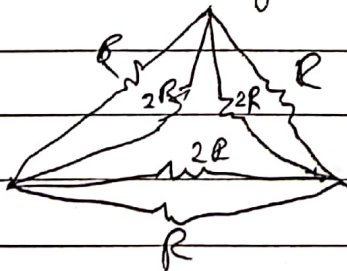
$$= 6R$$

$$R_{BC} = 2R + 2R + \frac{2R \cdot 2R}{2R}$$

$$= 6R$$

Now

Transformed figure



total resistance

$$R_{AB} = \left[ (6R \parallel 2R) \right] \parallel \left[ R \parallel 6R \right] + \left[ 6R \parallel R \right]$$

$$R_{AB} = \left( \frac{6R}{4} \right) \parallel \left( \frac{6R}{7} \right) + \left( \frac{6R}{7} \right)$$

$$R_{AB} = \frac{6R}{11} + \frac{6R}{7}$$

$$R_{AB} = R \left[ \frac{6}{11} + \frac{6}{7} \right]$$

$$= \frac{108}{77} R$$

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