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ACF077 BCT020.

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AC- Portion.

Q 6)

Soln.

$$R_A = 3 \Omega$$

$$L_B = 0.019 \text{ H}$$

$$\text{Active (P)} = 4 \text{ kW}$$

$$\text{reactive power (Q)} = 2 \text{ KVAR}$$

$$I_A = ?$$

$$R_B = ?$$

$$V_A = ?$$

$$V_B = ?$$

we know,

$$P = VI \cos \phi$$

$$4 \times 10^3 = 240 I \cos \phi \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$Q = VI \sin \phi$$

$$2 \times 10^3 = 240 I \sin \phi \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

Dividing (ii) by (i)

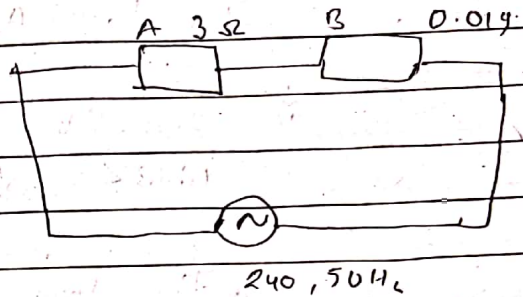
$$\frac{2 \times 10^3}{4 \times 10^3} = \frac{240 I \sin \phi}{240 I \cos \phi}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \tan \phi$$

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$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\phi = 26.56^\circ$$



Now,

$$P = VI \cos \phi$$

$$4 \times 10^3 = 240 I \cos(26.56)$$

$$I = 18.63 \text{ A}$$

$$\tilde{V} = 240 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\tilde{I} = 18.63 \angle -26.56^\circ \text{ A}$$

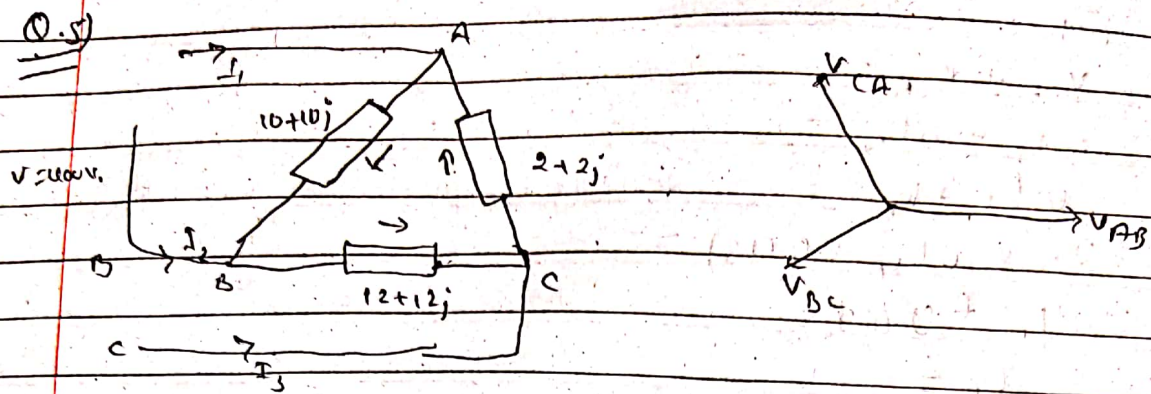
Since inductive load i lags v by angle ϕ

Hence

$$\tilde{V} = \tilde{I} Z$$

$$Z = \frac{\tilde{V}}{\tilde{I}}$$

$$= \frac{240 \angle 0^\circ}{18.63 \angle -26.56^\circ}$$



$$\begin{aligned} Z_{AB} &= 10 + j10 = 14.14 \angle 45^\circ \Omega \\ Z_{BC} &= 12 + j12 = 16.97 \angle 45^\circ \Omega \\ Z_{CA} &= 2 + j2 = 2.82 \angle 45^\circ \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{AB} &= 400 \angle 0^\circ \\ V_{BC} &= 400 \angle -120^\circ \\ V_{CA} &= 400 \angle 120^\circ \end{aligned}$$

ii) Phase current & line current

$$I_A = \frac{V_{AB}}{Z_{AB}} = \frac{400 \angle 0^\circ}{14.14 \angle 45^\circ} = 28.28 \angle -45^\circ$$

$$I_B = \frac{V_{BC}}{Z_{BC}} = \frac{400 \angle -120^\circ}{16.97 \angle 45^\circ} = 23.57 \angle -165^\circ$$

$$I_C = \frac{V_{CA}}{Z_{CA}} = \frac{400 \angle 120^\circ}{2.82 \angle 45^\circ} = 141.42 \angle 75^\circ$$

$\hat{I}_A, \hat{I}_B, \hat{I}_C$ are phase current.

Then,

for line current

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \hat{I}_A - \hat{I}_C = 28.28 \angle -45^\circ - 141.42 \angle 75^\circ \\ &= 157.47 \angle -96.07^\circ \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \hat{I}_B - \hat{I}_A = 23.57 \angle -165^\circ - 28.28 \angle -45^\circ \\ &= 44.96 \angle 161.99^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_3 &= \hat{I}_C - \hat{I}_B = 141.42 \angle 75^\circ - 23.57 \angle -165^\circ \\ &= 154.56 \angle 63.41^\circ \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

... do not support power.

(*) Power in R phase

$$\phi_R = 0 - (-45) = 45^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Active power } (P_R) &= V_{Ry} I_R \cos \phi_R \\ &= 400 \times 28.28 \times \cos 45 \\ &= 7998.79 \text{ W.}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Reactive power } (Q_R) &= V_{Ry} I_R \sin \phi_R \\ &= 400 \times 28.28 \times \sin 45 \\ &= 7998.79 \text{ VAR}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Apparent power } (S_R) &= V_{Ry} I_R \\ &= 400 \times 28.28 \\ &= 11312 \text{ VA}\end{aligned}$$

(*) Power in Y phase

$$\phi_Y = -120^\circ - (-165) = 45^\circ$$

$$P_Y = V_{Yb} I_Y \cos \phi_Y = 6666.602 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_Y = V_{Yb} I_Y \sin \phi_Y = 6666.602 \text{ VAR}$$

$$S_Y = V_{Yb} I_Y = 9428 \text{ VA}$$

(*) Power in B Phase

$$\phi_B = 120 - 75 = 45^\circ$$

$$P_B = 400 \times 141.42 \times \cos 45 = 39999.61 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_B = 400 \times 141.42 \times \sin 45 = 39999.61 \text{ VAR}$$

$$S_B = 400 \times 141.42 = 56568 \text{ VA}$$