

# Maths Assignment (1)

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$$\textcircled{1} \int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x + 4 \sin x + 5} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x + 2 \cdot \sin x \cdot 2 + 4 - 4 + 5} dx$$

$$\int \frac{\cos x dx}{(\sin x + 2)^2 + 1}$$

$$\int \frac{\cos x dx}{(\sin x + 2)^2 + 1}$$

let  $\sin x + 2 = y$   
diff w.r.t.  $x$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x dx = dy$$

$$= \int \frac{dy}{y^2 + 1}$$

$$= \tan^{-1} y + C$$

$$= \tan^{-1} (\sin x + 2) + C \neq$$

$$2. \int \frac{\log x}{(1+\log x)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1+\log x - 1}{(1+\log x)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \left[ \frac{1+\log x}{(1+\log x)^2} dx - \frac{1}{(1+\log x)^2} dx \right]$$

$$= \int \frac{dx}{1+\log x} - \int \frac{dx}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

$$= \int 1 \cdot (1+\log x)^{-1} dx - \int (1+\log x)^{-2} dx$$

= Integrating by parts.

$$= (1+\log x)^{-1} \int 1 dx + \int \frac{1}{(1+\log x)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx - \int (1+\log x)^{-2} dx$$

$$= (1+\log x)^{-1} x + \int \frac{1}{(1+\log x)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx - \int \frac{dx}{(1+\log x)^2}$$

$$= (1+\log x)^{-1} x + C$$

$$= \frac{x}{1+\log x} + C = \text{Ans}$$



$$3) \int \frac{dx}{(x^2+a^2)(x^2+b^2)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{b^2-a^2} \int \left[ \frac{1}{x^2+a^2} - \frac{1}{x^2+b^2} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{b^2-a^2} \left[ \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{b} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{b} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{b^2-a^2} \left[ \frac{1}{b} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{b} - \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a} \right] + C //$$

$$4) \int \frac{x e^x}{(x+1)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \left[ \frac{x+1-1}{(x+1)^2} \right] e^x dx$$

$$= \int \left[ \frac{x+1}{(x+1)^2} - \frac{1}{(x+1)^2} \right] e^x dx$$

$$= \int \left[ \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{(x+1)^2} \right] e^x dx$$

$$= \frac{e^x}{(x+1)} + C \quad \because e^{f(x)} \int [f(x) + f'(x)] = e^{f(x)} \cdot f(x) + C //$$

$$5) \int \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+4}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+4-4+4}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+4+0}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x-4}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{4-2x}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx + 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-(x^2-4x+4-4)}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \sqrt{4x-x^2} + 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4-(x-2)^2}}$$

$$= -\sqrt{4x-x^2} + 4 \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{x-2}{2} \right) + C$$

$$= 4 \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{x-2}{2} \right) - \sqrt{4x-x^2} + C$$