

7. Print the value of y for given x=2 & z=4 and analyze the output.

- a. `y = x++ + ++x; (=6)`
- b. `y=++x + ++x; (=8)`
- c. `y= ++x + ++x + ++x; (=13)`
- d. `y = x>z; (=0)`
- e. `y= x>z? x:z; (=4)`
- f. `y =x&z;(=0)`
- g. `y= x>>2 + z<<1; (=0)`

```
#include<stdio.h>//a
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y = x++ + ++x;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//b
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y=++x + ++x;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//c
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y= ++x + ++x + ++x;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//d
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y = x>z;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//e
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y= x>z? x:z;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//f
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
int x,y,z;
x=2,z=4;
y = x&z;
printf("%d",y);
return 0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//g
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int x,y,z;  
x=2,z=4;  
y= x>>2 + z<<1;  
printf("%d",y);  
return 0;  
}
```