



Armour Energy Limited

It's time to step on the gas

Armour Energy Limited (ASX:AJQ) is a junior energy producer and explorer with assets across northern, southern and eastern Australia. Pending the successful demerger and IPO of its Northern Basins' assets via McArthur Oil & Gas ('MOG'), AJQ will benefit from a restructured balance sheet after the injection of up to \$40mn (asset transaction proceeds) and stronger focus on its Surat and Cooper basins programmes on an independently funded basis. We highlight recent partnering and innovative financing agreements enabling the company to return to its production enhancement strategy, capturing upside whilst preserving capital and minimising equity dilution. The gas operating environment continues to underpin a strong economic opportunity from a supply squeeze and higher prices; and AJQ remains well positioned to benefit from planned work programmes over the next 12 months. The company is continuing to evaluate and build what will likely be a multi-year prospect portfolio with drill-ready opportunities.

Business model

Armour Energy is a junior oil and gas company holding a production base with expansion options; and an extensive exploration portfolio across three Australian states. The portfolio consists of exploration and development plays, reflecting a mix of moderate risk and early exploration stage prospects with significant, success case growth potential. The company is looking to leverage its production expansion plan in the Surat Basin in particular via specific partnering arrangements to service a more aggressive exploration strategy, without recourse to equity markets.

Lining up the partners to kick start Surat Basin growth

Armour has secured a number of partnering arrangements setting up a return to the field from mid-December. The company has entered into separate partnerships to fund work activities across the Walloon-1 and Myall Creek-2 wells and has concurrently secured a non-binding, farm-in arrangement with Gas2Grid (ASX:GGX) for work carries to the value of \$12mn, covering the drilling of three new wells, frack evaluation of the Riverside-1 (or Riverside North-1) and financial underpinning of a 400km² 3D seismic programme. These deals are consistent with the company's strategy to seek partners as a mechanism to accelerate and finance production growth opportunities. Armour will retain exposure to the any production upside without the capital cost and work will continue through 2022. The gas environment is primed for additional supply and incremental additions into existing infrastructure can maximise returns. The company's portfolio contains transformative oil and gas potential to be chased and exploited. Initial results should be to hand across through Q1'22. A success case should flow through to production growth quite rapidly.

Valuation – the growth opportunity is there

We retain a risked valuation of \$266mn (14cps) to AJQ noting the significant NAV premium to the reference share price (1.9cps), which likely reflects the discounted value of the Queensland assets and resumption of gas growth activity. Reserve metrics highlight the relative undervaluing of the company's reserves base compared to peers. We maintain that the most attractive assets in the current market are those already in production with incremental growth opportunities. AJQ fits that template. The success case from the upcoming stimulation campaign should flow directly through the remainder of the development portfolio. We note that valuing early-phase exploration and growth assets is a subjective exercise with potentially significant change on delivery of growth targets and exploration results. Our NAV is based on risk-weighted development scenarios and typical unit NPV values across a range of industry outcomes. Where appropriate we apply discretionary probability weightings and scaling to pricing, volume and success factors, which we believe are reasonable given the commercial operating environment and available data.

Energy Exploration & Production

6th December 2021



Share Performance (12 months)



Upside Case

- Above expectation results from Kincora gas growth programme ... more gas, higher price, lower capex
- Successful divestment of Northern Basins' assets supporting stronger balance sheet and working capital for growth projects
- Persisting tightness in gas markets driving 'stronger for longer' gas prices

Downside Case

- Gas growth is not delivered to expectation
- Current operating environment persists and all projects continue to be impacted by COVIDrelated restrictions
- Senior Secure Amortising Notes covenants require additional equity capital or asset divestment

Board of Directors

Brad Lingo CEO

Nick Mather Executive Chairman

Stephen Bizzell Non-Executive Director

Roland Sleeman Non-Executive Director

Eytan Uliel Non-Executive Director

Company Contacts

Brad Lingo (CEO) +61 7 3303 0620

blingo@armourenergy.com.au

RaaS Contacts

Andrew Williams

+61 417 880 680 andrew.williams@raasgroup.

com

Finola Burke*

+61 414 354 712 finola.burke@raasgroup.com

*The analyst holds shares



To FY22 and Beyond...

With the demerger and IPO of its Northern Basins' assets into an independent entity, McArthur Oil & Gas, progressing, we look at the core business of AJQ through FY22 and beyond.

We set the current investment backdrop based on anecdotal conversations with investors and industry participants:

- In general, the investment themes remain bullish on energy, with some suggestions that the issues with energy supply may turn out to be 'chronic', particularly through the medium term;
- ... but wholesale money is increasingly likely to apply 'carbon filters' to the investment decision and (on an "oils 'aint oils" basis) all other things being equal, would likely be attracted to the stock(s) with the lowest unit carbon impact/costs.

Underpinning the bullish energy view:

- Physical and anecdotal evidence suggests a growing skills shortage in the resources space there have been significant job losses related to pandemic issues;
- Companies are indicating increased administrative burdens, particularly in the approvals processes on a pre-development basis progress is operationally more difficult and is taking measurably longer;
- Supply chain constraints are impacting at the operational level it's taking longer to access long-leads etc;
- Amost all industries are being (will be) subject to commodity price inflation all metals and considerations for the cost and availability of say, 'green steel'.

All of that means greenfields projects are going to take longer and cost more. New supply will become more problematic unless there is an operational advantage (incremental additions into existing infrastructure [Kincora and other Surat options]) or nominally cheap to produce (say, the shallower, low-risk McArthur Oil & Gas plays).

Another interesting point brought out:

... explorers and current producers are increasingly being considered as providing 'better investment returns', versus companies in a development phase and that's not necessarily a new paradigm. From an investment perspective it's difficult to 'outperform' development expectations (cost and timing) and now it's simply harder to get things 'built'. The value is increasingly being seen in the discovery phase or in already operating projects where there is leverage to strong and rising product pricing.

Interestingly, AJQ is well poisoned across these two parts of the value chain - exploration and production.

AJQ is long gas on a 2P basis, retaining a significant reserves base, but it does need to address the mechanisms to getting it out of the ground at a higher rate.

Exhibit 1: Reserves metrics highlight the undervalued nature of the gas portfolio

Company	Ticker	Share Price	Capitalisation	EV	2P Gas	Reserves*	EV/2P
			A\$mn	A\$mn	PJ	2P Mboe	A\$/boe
Armour Energy	AJQ	0.021	39	71	147	27	2.67
Comet Ridge	COI	0.105	90	84	106	18	4.69
Blue Energy	BLU	0.046	70	59	71	12	4.89
Central Petroleum	CTP	0.115	83	127	72	12	10.40

Source: Company data, ASX pricing as of 3-Dec

On a reserves metrics basis, Armour prices most favourably against a small group of peers, particularly considering the conventional nature of the gas reserves and location of its production hub, adjacent to Wallumbilla and Newstead gas storage facilities.

It should be noted that reserves metrics are not an absolute measure of the value proposition but on a comparative basis do highlight the value opportunity inherent in the AJQ portfolio. We would point out



that, for instance, CTP (like AJQ) is a company with a similar level of net debt and arguably narrower margin gas, given its location, whilst COI is in a pre-FEED phase and BLU is in reserves definition.

Our financial forecasts and outlook are dependent on the company delivering a number of underpinning assumptions, particularly with respect to Surat/Cooper basin work programmes, especially production growth and the success of the MOG spin-out.

The key focus for FY22, as outlined in the recent Annual Report, is Kincora growth and high-grading of the Cooper-Eromanga exploration portfolio. We see a critical need for AJQ to better leverage its production assets and reserves base whilst pursuing new options. **Companies that work their assets deliver a strong point of investment differentiation.**

We remain confident in Surat (Kincora) growth opportunities. Notwithstanding the somewhat disappointing results of the three-well frack campaign undertaken in early 2021, the gas has not disappeared **and 2P sales** gas reserves stand at ~147PJ, with an uncontracted reserves position of >100PJ.

The less-than-expected production outcomes were reportedly related to mechanical issues with the frack gel rather than concerns with the conceptual plan - a fluid additive was identified as generating residual hydrated polymers in the frack zone, occluding the permeability and restricting fluid flow and this data has been incorporated into the plans on the next phase of works.

However, the frack campaign ticked a number of operational and geological positives; and armed with a new set of technical data, the platform has been set for notionally better outcomes. The proof will be in the flow rates.

Armour is now poised to recommence field works from mid-Dec having secured farm-in deals to partner the work programmes, offsetting the costs whilst retaining exposure to the expected upside. The deals are consistent with the company's previously announced strategy to seek partners as a mechanism to accelerate and finance production growth opportunities.

On 1-Nov, the company announced it had reached agreements for Armour to be carried 100% through the capital cost of re-stimulation activity on the Warroon-1 and frack stimulation of the Myall Creek-2 wells (~\$0.7mn for W-1 and up to \$2.9mn in two stages for MC-2), with the incoming party(ies) receiving "... 50% of the incremental revenue produced above the current well production profile less costs for a period of six years" from both wells.

AJQ will receive the remaining 50% and remains liable for the associated abandonment liabilities. We suggest the six-year tenure probably represents the nominal well life.

On 22-Nov, the company announced it had secured a non-binding, farm-in arrangement with Gas2Grid (ASX:GGX) for work carries to the value of \$12mn, covering the drilling of three new wells, frack evaluation of the Riverside-1 or Riverside North-1 well, and financial underpinning of a 400km² 3D seismic programme.

These farm-in activities are scheduled to commence from Q1'22 concurrently with the Warroon and Myall Creek programmes.

Given the timing of pending field works, positive results could be to hand early and continuously through most of CY2022.

The total value of the respective financial carries to the benefit of AJQ is budgeted to be around \$15.6mn against a market capitalisation of c.\$39mn.

Refer Appendix for specific details of these partnering and farm-in arrangements.



During the recent quarter, evaluation activity continued to generate high-graded, 'bypassed pay' opportunities, particularly within the Myall Creek area, noting that the initial results from earlier works, particularly in the Basal Rewan Formation play, was strongly encouraging. This zone demonstrated **higher permeability and sustained bottom hole pressure than other producing zones** – the success case should deliver more gas at higher rates on an EUR basis.

Exhibit 2: A deep portfolio of gas growth opportunities to be addressed from 2022

Candidate	Reservoir	Opportunity
Myall Creek 5A	Bandanna - Black Alley	Proof of Concept
myan oreen or	Tinowon A	Stimulated
Horseshoe 4	Basal Rewan	Proof of Concept Success!
	Basal Rewan	Proof of Concept
Horseshoe 2	Intra Wallabella	Success!
and a	Showgrounds	Acceleration
Warroon 1	Basal Rewan	Proof of Concept Success!
	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Par
Riverside 1	Tinowon B	Anastronica
Market State of the State of th	Tinowon C	Acceleration
Liall Oracle Fred	Rewan SS	New Bypassed Par
Ayall Creek East	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Pa
1	Tinowon A	Bypassed Pay
Parknook 4	Showgrounds	Acceleration
Farkhook 4	Basal Rewan	New Bypassed Pay
Parknook 2	Basal Rewan	Acceleration
	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Pay
Parknook 5	Basal Rewan	Acceleration
	Bandanna	New Bypassed Pag
Myall Creek 2	Black Alley	New Bypassed Pay
	Tinowon C	New Bypassed Pay
0.1.	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Par
Ogilvie Creek 1	Tinowon A	Bypassed Pay
Myall Creek 3	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Pay
Hambilla 4	Basal Rewan	New Bypassed Pay
Ungabilla 1	Tinowon A	Bypassed Pay
Rednook 1	Showgrounds	Completed interva pending tie in
	Bandanna - Black Allev	New Bypassed Par
Noorindoo 2	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Pa
	Tinowon A	Bypassed Pay
Myall Creek North 1	Bandanna - Black Alley	New Bypassed Pa
Parknook 3	Showgrounds	Acceleration
F di Kilouk 3	Basal Rewan	Acceleration

The portfolio of incremental gas growth opportunities is extensive, with the Warroon-1 and Myall Creek-2 wells;, and Riverside prospect, to be specifically addressed over 2022.

Bypassed pay can deliver especially high-margin growth.

As noted by management. The success case is supported by:

- Commercial volumes with oneto-two-year payouts;
- Gas to sales with immediate effect through the existing (underutilised) gathering network; and
- Success de-risks future drilling candidates and contributes to the reserves maturation plan.

Source: Company data



Kincora output has remained broadly steady, continuing to deliver between 5.0-5.5TJd but highlighting the inherent upside that can be captured on improving gas throughput in a plant with ullage and operating on a predominantly fixed-cost basis.





Production Softer But Revenue Up On Higher Prices

AJQ delivered significant progress across a range of corporate initiatives but operational performance was softer on continuing issues at Kincora which was also impacted by a planned maintenance shut-down.

Offsetting the lower sales volumes were stronger realised prices across the suite of product sales. We expect commodity prices to remain favourable given the global supply constraints currently being experienced.

Production and revenue		Q4'20	Q1'21	Q2'21	Q3'21	ΔQ-o-Q	
Production was down Q-o-Q ostensibly	Production (PJe)	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	(17%)	
on the maintenance shutdown (refer Exh 2)	Sales (PJe)	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5	-	
Weaker production offset by stronger	Sales revenue (\$mn)	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.5	2%	
ealised prices – up 11% Q-o-Q per gj	Debt (\$mn)	57.9	42.4	39.1	36.9	(6%)	
	Gas (TJ)		562.6	483.5	431.1	(11%)	
	Ave gas rate TJd		6.25	5.31	4.68		
	LPG (t)		860	906	833.3	(8%)	
	Oil (b)		2,129	2,873	1,457	(49%)	
	Condensate (b)		9,017	7,817	7,892	1%	
Continuing lift in realised commodity	Gas (\$/gj)		\$6.1	\$7.1	\$7.9	11%	
prices – gas up 11%, liquids up 12%	LPG (\$/t)		\$578	\$490	\$647	32%	
and the basket up 15% on a gje basis	Oil and condensate (\$/b)		\$78.8	\$89.4	\$100.0	12%	
Development, exploration and apprais	al						
Set for a return to production enhancement works	With the company securing p commence in the current (De incoming parties for up to \$3. anticipated well life. We note to produce at strong rates.	c) quarter on bot 6mn for 50% of r the Myall Creek-	h the Warroon-1 net operating reve 5A well which wa	and Myall Creek- enue for around s s successfully fra	2. Capital costs was years this is acked in late 2019	vill be borne be probably the or, is continuing	
	Technical work is continuing, aiming to high-grade by-passed pay opportunities, and cost-cutting initiatives are being pursued – some nine wells have been fitted with automated systems, improving utility and condensate production (note CGR increase Q-o-Q).						
The exploration portfolio is growing	Pandemic restrictions have not gone to waste with the company putting ' a significant amount of focus on developing a multi-year exploration programme based on building a deep portfolio of leads and drill-ready prospects' in both the Surat and Cooper basins, utilising the existing 3D seismic coverage.						
	We note the company is also be at the right economic dept		SG potential of ar	eas where the W	alloon coals are	considered to	
Corporate	-						
Demerger of the Northern Basins' assets via a spin-out and IPO of McArthur Oil & Gas continues to	As reported previously, a 20,0 grading of the existing leads a The NT exploration permits h	and prospects po	ortfolio for potentia	ally further evalua	ation.		
progress A Redeemable Exchangeable Note ssue is proposed as a pre-IPO raise	via an issue of Redeemable E upon IPO. Note that subsequent to end	· ·				to MOG shar	
A capital raise was successfully completed	An \$8.2mn placement was ur to be to be completed and se three attaching option exercise	ttled after AGM a	pprovals *schedu	uled for 25-Nov).			
	Proceeds will go towards the and general working capital ir					nce capital,	
Cash and working capital	The cash balance as at 30-Se	ep was \$5.3mn.					
	Exploration, evaluation and d	evelopment expe	enditure for the pe	eriod totalled ~\$3	.2k.		
COVID	We understand the company restrictions, and note that des a significant risk of futher outl view. As such, we highlight th CY2022.	spite the country preaks with a reti	trending rapidly to urn to travel restri	owards its dual valictions and poten	accination targets tial for quarantine	s, there remain periods, in o	



APPENDIX – Deals Driving Activity

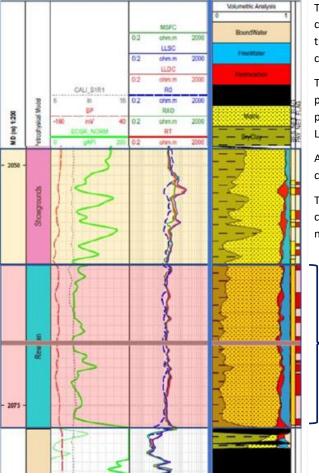
AJQ has entered into two separate partnering deals for evaluation works on the Warroon-1 and Myall Creek-2 wells. These programmes will commence within the current quarter.

Warroon-1 - a re-stimulation story

Armour has partnered with a private entity to fund 100% of the capital cost of a re-stimulation of the W-1 well at an estimated cost of \$0.7mn. Once commenced the work programme including clean-up is expected to take 10-14 days. Results should be to hand before the end of the year.

The incoming party will "... receive 50% of the incremental revenue produced above the current well production profile less costs for a period of six years, while Armour will retain the remaining income".

Exhibit 5: Warroon-1 well log highlighting zone of interest (pink shade)



The W-1 well was part of the three-well frack campaign conducted across late-2020 to early-2021 and is subject to the current dispute between the company and the service contractor.

The well was originally drilled in 1979 and completed in the primary target, Showgrounds Sandstone. This zone produced some 3.5Bcf, ~96kb of condensate and !7kt of LPG.

A gas zone in the underlying Rewan Formation was considered too tight to be economic at that time.

The Rewan was fracked in Nov-2020 after logging confirmation of the gas saturated and porous (but tight) nature of the zone.

The log signature indicates a significant, 'clean' sand compared to the Showgrounds Sandstone immediately overlying (RHS), but the resisitivity response demonstrates the low permeability nature of the interval – minimal curve separation.

The gas potential could be significant should the re-frack be successful.

Source: Company data

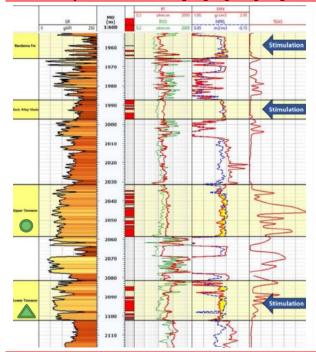
Myall Creek-2 - chasing more gas upside

Armour has partnered with a Stonehorse Energy (ASX:SHE) and a private entity to jointly fund 100% of the capital cost of a two-stage frack stimulation of the MC-2 well. The frack campaign is scheduled to commence in early-2022.

The consortium will "... jointly fund 100% of the capital which is estimated to cost \$1.5mn for the perforation and fracture stimulation of the Lower Tinowon, then a further A\$1.4mn for a second fracture stimulation within 12 months. The entities will receive 50% of the revenue produced from the well less costs for a period of six years, while Armour will retain the remaining income".



Exhibit 6: Myall Creek-2 well log highlighting targeted frack zones



The MC-2 -1 well was drilled in 1999 as an apparaisal of the Tinowan Formation, primarily the upper Tinowan zone which was tested at 5.7mmcfd with condensate. This gas zone was brought online in 2001 producing >1.&Bcf on free-flow before fracking, which delivered aapproximately a six-fold increase in gas flow (3mmcfd compared to 0.5mmcfd pre-frack).

The Lower Tinowan was not tested but is considered to consist of "... a series of good quality, fluvial channel sands with moderate to strong gas shows".

AJQ considers the Lower Tinowan has the potential to deliver comparable results upon completion of the frack works. Results are likely to become available through Q1'22.

As part of the partnering arrangement, an additional frack stage on either the Bandanna or Black Alley formations could be undertaken within 12 months of the Lower Tinowan programme.

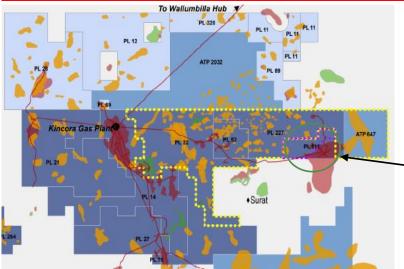
Note the logs indicate the presence of gas but restricted permeability.

Source: Company data

Riverside /Myall-Bainbilla farm-ins provide another catalyst for the Surat strategy

Armour has executed a non-binding Heads of Agreement with Gas2Grid (ASX:GGX), for GGX to farm-in to selected Surat Basin licences for 50% interests in each of the Riverside and Myall-Bainbilla tenements.

Exhibit 7: GGX farm-in areas - infrastructure, connections and discoveries are a good place to start



Across the two areas, GGX will 100% fund three wells, fracture stimulation programmes and the funding of 100km² of new 3D seismic data (as part of a larger survey), which is budgeted at around \$12mn.

Farm-in obigations are expected to be completed by mid-2023.

The Riverside farm-in block is located as a subset of PL 511 as indicated.

The Myall-Bainbilla farm-in area is outlined in yellow.

Source: Company data

The **Riverside farm-in** is chasing the evaluation and testing of the Tinowan C zone, which was intersected in the Riverside-1 well and identified as an overpressured, gas bearing but low permeability sand ... 'an ideal candidate for fracture stimulation'. At this location the Tinowan C is expected to hold ~3PJ gas-in-place.

The earn-in phase will see GGX fund:

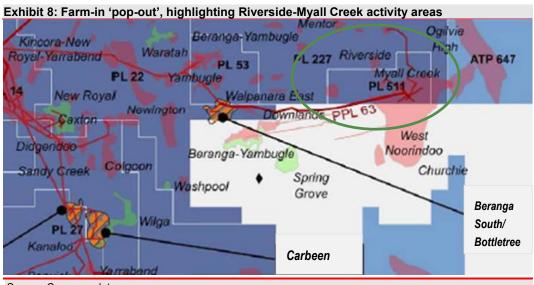
- A new well (Riverside North-1) to basement; and
- A two-stage frack evaluation in either R-1 or RN-1.



The well is to be drilled no later than 30-Jun-22 and the frack activity by no later than 30-Sep-22.

As indicated in the recent GGX announcement, the company "... plans to commence drilling and other field operations in Q1 CY 2022 after execution of binding Farm-in Agreements" and a success case "... may result in two wells producing and delivering gas into the nearby existing infrastructure for sale commencing in the second half of 2022".

GGX considers "... the drilling of Riverside North-1 and the fracture stimulation of the formation (as) a relatively low-risk and low-cost opportunity to produce gas in close proximity to existing, underutilised gas pipeline and processing infrastructure".



Source: Company data

The **Myall-Bainbilla farm-in** will be more exploration focussed with GGX highlighting the 'excellent' structural and stratigraphic potential of the entire sequence (Jurassic through Permian). Whilst noting the lack of new drilling in the farm-in blocks over the ast c.20-30 years, there is existing and extensive 3D seismic coverage across the Myall-Creek-Churchie Gas Field and immediately adjacent areas, which point to "... areas indicative of better quality gas filled reservoirs that have not yet been drilled".

The earn-in phase will see GGX fund:

- Reprocessing of the complete 3D data set across the farm-in areas;
- An exploration well to basement and completion as a producer in the success case;
- Acquisition and processing of 100km2 of new 3D seismic and 50% of an additional 148km2 (to be acquired concurrently); and
- A further exploration well on a 'newly' delineated target, to be completed as a producer on success.

The well is to be drilled no later than 30-Jun-22 and the frack activity by no later than 30-Sep-22.

	2021		20	2023			
Farm-in blocks/activity	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Warroon-1	Re-frack						
Myall Creek-2		Frack evaluation				Frack evaluation	
Riverside		1 well		Frack evaluation			
Myall-Bainbilla	Seismic processing			1 well	3D seismic		1 well

Source: Company data



Exhibit 10: Financial Summary

ARMOUR ENERGY	LTD	AJQ
YEAR END		June
NAV	A\$cps	\$0.14
SHARE PRICE	Acps	\$0.021
MARKET CAP	A\$mn	39.3
ORDINARY SHARES	M	1,872
OPTIONS	M	
COMMODITY ASSUM	PTIONS	FY20A
Realised liquids price	US\$/b	66.26

US\$/mcf

A\$/t

Realised gas price

Realised LPG Price

nm = not meaningful na = not applicable

FY24E PRODUCTION

93.20

6.11

680

FY23E

6.51

725

104.48

6.85

763

6.00

534

Exchange Rate	A\$:US\$	0.6989	0.7474	0.7289	0.7273	0.7264
RATIO ANALYSIS		FY20A	FY21E	FY22E	FY23E	FY24E
Shares Outstanding	M	779	1,530	1,872	1,872	1,872
EPS (pre sig items)	Acps	(1.5)	(0.8)	0.1	1.3	2.0
EPS (post sig items)	Acps					
PER (pre sig items)	X	na	(2.6x)	32.5x	0.0x	1.0x
OCFPS	Acps	(10.3)	(4.6)	4.4	21.4	32.7
CFR	X	na	(0.5x)	0.5x	0.0x	0.0x
DPS	Acps					
Dividend Yield	%					
BVPS	Acps	59.0	32.4	26.0	45.1	68.1
Price/Book	X	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
ROE	%	(23%)	(25%)	2%	30%	31%
ROA	%	(8%)	(12%)	1%	17%	20%
(Trailing) Debt/Cash	X	8.3x	24.6x	(21.0x)	1.9x	0.4x
Interest Cover	X	nm	(0.8x)	2.0x	16.6x	48.6x
Gross Profit/share	Acps	8.1	(3.0)	4.0	22.1	31.3
EBITDAX	A\$M	10.4	1.1	10.0	44.0	61.4
EBITDAX Ratio	%					

5.76

484

LUITUAN	MOINI	10.4	1.1	10.0	44.0	01.4
EBITDAX Ratio	%					
EARNINGS	A\$000s	FY20A	FY21E	FY22E	FY23E	FY24E
Revenue		23,208	17,502	28,188	69,827	91,745
Cost of sales		(16,931)	(22,151)	(20,638)	(28,496)	(33,122)
Gross Profit		6,277	(4,649)	7,549	41,330	58,623
Other revenue		2,879	601	0	0	0
Other income		123	70	44	325	0
Exploration written off		(520)	(853)	0	0	0
Finance costs		(5,276)	(6,316)	(2,776)	(2,382)	(1,168)
Impairment		0	(11,500)	0	0	0
Other expenses		(15,810)	(7,013)	(4,681)	(4,209)	(3,032)
EBIT		(4,257)	(5,346)	5,644	39,503	56,759
Profit before tax		(9,410)	(11,592)	2,912	37,446	55,591
Taxes		(403)	0	(424)	(10,784)	(16,227)
NPAT Reported		(9,812)	(11,592)	2,488	26,662	39,364
Underlying Adjustments						

NPAT Underlying						
CASHFLOW	A\$000s	FY20A	FY21E	FY22E	FY23E	FY24E
Operational Cash Flow		11,223	(3,094)	22,085	65,345	83,493
Net Interest		(5,153)	(4,427)	(3,150)	(2,057)	(1,168)
Taxes Paid		0	0	0	0	0
Other		(24,375)	(8,395)	(16,955)	(27,352)	(23,536)
Net Operating Cashflow		(7,999)	(7,062)	8,280	40,049	61,125
Exploration		(529)	0	0	0	(5,000)
PP&E		0	(30)	0	0	0
Petroleum Assets		(16,686)	(11,436)	(6,750)	(10,000)	(5,000)
Net Asset Sales/other		17,842	16,239	8,500	0	0
Net Investing Cashflow		627	4,773	1,750	(10,000)	(10,000)
Dividends Paid						
Net Debt Drawdown		(2,250)	(18,800)	(14,193)	(10,450)	(20,550)
Equity Issues/(Buyback)		7,457	20,463	0	0	0
Other						
Net Financing Cashflow		5,207	1,401	(14,193)	(10,450)	(20,550)
Net Change in Cash		(2,165)	(888)	(4,163)	19,599	30,575

7,457	20,463	U	U	U
5,207	1,401	(14,193)	(10,450)	(20,550)
(2,165)	(888)	(4,163)	19,599	30,575
\$000s FY20A	FY21E	FY22E	FY23E	FY24E
7,060	2,358	(1,805)	17,794	48,369
58,368	52,799	75,231	81,555	88,810
35,209	32,013	32,013	32,013	32,013
115,792	104,616	121,132	151,220	191,242
58,009	37,906	33,381	21,718	0
69,804	55,103	72,488	66,835	63,800
45,988	49,513	48,644	84,385	127,442
(50,949)	(27,848)	(35,187)	(3,924)	48,369
53%	36%	42%	4%	na
	5,207 (2,165) \$000s FY20A 7,060 58,368 35,209 115,792 58,009 69,804 45,988 (50,949)	5,207 1,401 (2,165) (888) 5000s FY20A FY21E 7,060 2,358 58,368 52,799 35,209 32,013 115,792 104,616 58,009 37,906 69,804 55,103 45,988 49,513 (50,949) (27,848)	5,207 1,401 (14,193) (2,165) (888) (4,163) (5000s FY20A FY21E FY22E 7,060 2,358 (1,805) 58,368 52,799 75,231 35,209 32,013 32,013 115,792 104,616 121,132 58,009 37,906 33,381 69,804 55,103 72,488 45,988 49,513 48,644 (50,949) (27,848) (35,187)	5,207 1,401 (14,193) (10,450) (2,165) (888) (4,163) 19,599 \$000s FY20A FY21E FY22E FY23E 7,060 2,358 (1,805) 17,794 58,368 52,799 75,231 81,555 35,209 32,013 32,013 32,013 115,792 104,616 121,132 151,220 58,009 37,966 33,381 21,718 69,804 55,103 72,488 66,835 45,988 49,513 48,644 84,385 (50,949) (27,848) (35,187) (3,924)

Condensate/Crude Oil	kboe	55.2	43.0	48.0	99.5	129.0
Nat Gas	PJ	2.7	2.1	2.7	8.0	11.1
LPG	kt	4.2	3.2	5.7	16.7	23.0
TOTAL	khoo	527	418	544	1 550	2 132
TOTAL	KDUE	321	410	J44	1,550	2,132
TOTAL						

Product Revenue	A\$mn	23.2	17.5	28.2	69.8	91.7
Cash Costs	A\$mn	15.7	17.0	18.2	25.8	0.0
Ave Price Realised	A\$/boe	44.02	41.83	51.81	45.06	43.03
Cash Costs	A\$/boe	29.73	40.53	33.43	16.66	0.00
Cash Margin		32%	3%	35%	63%	100%

		Re	serves		Conting	ent
Net To AJQ		1P	2P	3P	1C	2C
Kincora Rese	rves					
Sales Gas	PJ	43.9	147.1	326.5		
LPG	kt	91	304	674		
Condensate	kb	436	1,462	3,245		
Oil	kb	229	1,205	2,624		
MacArthur Ba						
Conventional					2.5	6.2
Wombat-Trite						
Sales Gas	PJ				437	818
Otway-1						
Sales Gas	PJ					35

Prospective Re	esources	1U	2U	3U			
MacArthur Basin plays							
Conventional	PJ	1,351	4,990	31,081			
Unconventional	PJ	3,950	31,185	345,634			
TOTAL	PJ	5,301	36,175	376,715			

EQUITY VALUATION				
	Interest	Pr	A\$mn	4\$/share
Queensland				
Kincora	Various	50%	\$64	\$0.03
Exploration	Various		\$10	\$0.01
Newstead Gas Storage		50%	\$13	\$0.01
Northern Australia				
McArthur Basin	Various	1%	\$187	\$0.10
Cooper Basin				
Exploration	Various		\$10	\$0.01
Victoria				
Wombat - Trifon	PRL 2	25%	\$10	\$0.01
Otway-1	PEP 169	6%	\$3	\$0.00
Other		_	\$3	\$0.00
		_	\$300	\$0.16
Net cash/(debt)			(\$29)	(\$0.02)
Corporate costs			(\$5)	(\$0.00)
TOTAL			\$266	\$0.14
Shares on issue (mn)			1,872	

Source: RaaS Advisory, Company data; Priced close of trading (3-Dec)

Please Note: These financial forecasts reflect a gas production growth scenario, which needs to be delivered to support our earnings and value estimates



FINANCIAL SERVICES GUIDE

RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd ABN 99 614 783 363

Corporate Authorised Representative, number 1248415

of

BR SECURITIES AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
ABN 92 168 734 530
AFSL 456663

Effective Date: 6th May 2021



About Us

BR Securities Australia Pty Ltd (BR) is the holder of Australian Financial Services License ("AFSL") number 456663. RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd (RaaS) is an Authorised Representative (number 1248415) of BR.

This Financial Service Guide (FSG) is designed to assist you in deciding whether to use RaaS's services and includes such things as

- who we are
- our services
- how we transact with you
- how we are paid, and
- complaint processes

Contact Details, BR and RaaS

BR Head Office: Suite 5GB, Level 5, 33 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD, 4000

RaaS: 20 Halls Road Arcadia, NSW 2159

P: +61 414 354712

E: finola.burke@raasgroup.com

RaaS is the entity providing the authorised AFSL services to you as a retail or wholesale client.

What Financial Services are we authorised to provide? RaaS is authorised to

- provide general advice to retail and wholesale clients in relation to
 - Securities
- deal on behalf of retail and wholesale clients in relation to
 - Securities

The distribution of this FSG by RaaS is authorized by BR.

Our general advice service

Please note that any advice given by RaaS is general advice, as the information or advice given will not take into account your particular objectives, financial situation or needs. You should, before acting on the advice, consider the appropriateness of the advice, having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs. If our advice relates to the acquisition, or possible acquisition, of a particular financial product you should read any relevant Prospectus, Product Disclosure Statement or like instrument. As we only provide general advice we will not be providing a Statement of Advice. We will provide you with recommendations on securities

Our dealing service

RaaS can arrange for you to invest in securities issued under a prospectus by firstly sending you the offer document and then assisting you fill out the application form if needed.

How are we paid?

RaaS earns fees for producing research reports. Sometimes these fees are from companies for producing research reports and/or a financial model. When the fee is derived from a company, this is clearly highlighted on the front page of the report and in the disclaimers and disclosures section of the report.

We may also receive a fee for our dealing service, from the company issuing the securities.

Associations and Relationships

BR, RaaS, its directors and related parties have no associations or relationships with any product issuers other than when advising retail clients to invest in managed funds when the managers of these funds may also be clients of BR. RaaS's representatives may from time to time deal in or otherwise have a financial interest in financial products recommended to you but any material ownership will be disclosed to you when relevant advice is provided.

Complaints

If you have a complaint about our service you should contact your representative and tell them about your complaint. The representative will follow BR's internal dispute resolution policy, which includes sending you a copy of the policy when required to. If you aren't satisfied with an outcome, you may contact AFCA, see below.

BR is a member of the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). AFCA provide fair and independent financial services complaint resolution that is free to consumers.

Website: www.afca.org.au; Email: info@afca.org.au; Telephone: 1800931678 (free call)

In writing to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority, GPO Box 3, Melbourne, VIC, 3001.

Professional Indemnity Insurance

BR has in place Professional Indemnity Insurance which satisfies the requirements for compensation under s912B of the Corporations Act and that covers our authorized representatives.



DISCLAIMERS and DISCLOSURES

This report has been commissioned by Armour Energy Limited and prepared and issued by RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd. RaaS Advisory has been paid a fee to prepare this report. RaaS Advisory's principals, employees and associates may hold shares in companies that are covered and, if so, this will be clearly stated on the front page of each report. This research is issued in Australia by RaaS Advisory and any access to it should be read in conjunction with the Financial Services Guide on the preceding two pages. All information used in the publication of this report has been compiled from publicly available sources that are believed to be reliable. Opinions contained in this report represent those of the principals of RaaS Advisory at the time of publication. RaaS Advisory provides this financial advice as an honest and reasonable opinion held at a point in time about an investment's risk profile and merit and the information is provided by the RaaS Advisory in good faith. The views of the adviser(s) do not necessarily reflect the views of the AFS Licensee. RaaS Advisory has no obligation to update the opinion unless RaaS Advisory is currently contracted to provide such an updated opinion. RaaS Advisory does not warrant the accuracy of any information it sources from others. All statements as to future matters are not guaranteed to be accurate and any statements as to past performance do not represent future performance.

Assessment of risk can be subjective. Portfolios of equity investments need to be well diversified and the risk appropriate for the investor. Equity investments in listed or unlisted companies yet to achieve a profit or with an equity value less than \$50 million should collectively be a small component of a balanced portfolio, with smaller individual investment sizes than otherwise.

The science of climate change is common knowledge and its impacts may damage the global economy. Mitigating climate change may also disrupt the global economy. Investors need to make their own assessments and we disclaim any liability for the impact of either climate change or mitigating strategies on any investment we recommend.

Investors are responsible for their own investment decisions, unless a contract stipulates otherwise. RaaS Advisory does not stand behind the capital value or performance of any investment. Subject to any terms implied by law and which cannot be excluded, RaaS Advisory shall not be liable for any errors, omissions, defects or misrepresentations in the information (including by reasons of negligence, negligent misstatement or otherwise) or for any loss or damage (whether direct or indirect) suffered by persons who use or rely on the information. If any law prohibits the exclusion of such liability, RaaS Advisory limits its liability to the re-supply of the Information, provided that such limitation is permitted by law and is fair and reasonable. Copyright 2021 RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd (A.B.N. 99 614 783 363). All rights reserved.