

CHAPTER 1

1. Spring is what kind of component?

- a) Lightweight
- b) Heavyweight
- c) None of one

Ans. A

2. IOC is a technique that externalizes the creation and management of

- a) Context dependencies
- b) Component dependencies
- c) Action dependencies
- d) None

Ans. B

3. Benefits of DI (Dependency Injection) is

- a) Reduced glue code
- b) Simplified application configuration
- c) Ability to manage common dependencies
- d) Improved testability
- e) Fostering good application design

Ans. A, B, C, D, E

4. Spring Expression Language (SpEL) is a technology to allow an application

- a) To manipulate Java objects at runtime
- b) To evaluate expressions at runtime
- c) To access Java objects and spring beans at runtime
- d) Above all

Ans. D

5. Spring's data access module provides out-of-the-box support for

- a) JDBC
- b) JDO
- c) Hibernate
- d) JPA
- e) Above all

Ans. E

6. Transforming JavaBeans into XML

- a) Marshaling
- b) Unmarshaling

Ans. A

7. Transforming XML into Java objects

- a) Marshaling
- b) Unmarshaling

Ans. B

8. What is spring?

- a) a database
- b) a framework
- c) a component
- d) a java class

Ans. B

9. The core of the Spring Framework is based on the principle of

- a) DOC
- b) JNDI
- c) IOC
- d) XML

Ans. C

10. What is IOC?

- a) A JavaBean
- b) Depend on DI
- c) A framework
- d) Externalize the management of component dependencies

Ans. D

11. Spring's DI implementation is based around two core java concepts:

- a) JavaBeans
- b) interfaces
- c) java object
- d) method

Ans. A, B

12. There are different ways to configure dependency. Which are?

- a) Externally in Xml file
- b) Spring java configuration classes
- c) Faces-config
- d) Java annotations

Ans. A, B, D

13. AOP provides the ability to implement

- a) Crosscutting logic
- b) MVC logic
- c) Constraint logic
- d) Bean logic

Ans. A

14. Spring introduce which expression Language?

- a) Special Expression language
- b) SQL Expression
- c) SpEL
- d) Java Language

Ans. C

15. What does mean the @NotNull annotation to bean's property?

- a) Attribute shouldn't contain a null value
- b) Attribute should contain a null value
- c) Shouldn't use for validation

Ans. A

16. By default, Spring will first look for which validator?

- a) Spring validator
- b) Hibernate validator
- c) Bean validator

d) Xml validator

Ans. B

17. Which are true?

- a) Marshaling (transforming JavaBeans to XML)
- b) Unmarshaling (transforming JavaBeans to XML)
- c) Unmarshaling (transforming XML into Java objects)
- d) Marshaling (transforming XML into Java objects)

Ans. A, C

18. Which are the alternatives to Spring Framework?

- a) JBoss Seam Framework
- b) Google Guice
- c) PicoContainer
- d) JEE 6 Container
- e) Above All

Ans. E

19. Which is not Spring own Module JAR File

- a) Aop
- b) Oxm
- c) primeface
- d) Asm

Ans: c

20. Spring is described as a

- a. Heavyweight framework
- b. Loosely type framework
- c. Lightweight framework
- d. Standalone framework

Ans. C

21. When Dependency Injections are injected by Spring?

- a) Runtime
- b) Coding time
- c) Compile time

Ans. A

22. JavaBeans also Known as?

- a) POJOs
- b) XML
- c) ANNOTATIONS

Ans. A

23. What is inversion of Control (IOC)?

- a) IOC is a technique that externalizes the creation of management of component dependencies.
- b) IOC is a technique that internalizes the creation of management of component dependencies.
- c) a & b
- d) none.

Ans. a

24. Spring's DI implementation based on

- a) Two core Java concept.
- b) Three core Java concept.

c) Four core Java concept.

Ans. a

25. AOP stands for...

- a) Aspect-oriented programming.
- b) Aspect-orientation programming.
- c) Aspect-object programming.
- d) Aspect-ordered programming.

Ans. a

26. AOP provides the implement_____

- a) functional logic.
- b) non-functional logic.
- c) crosscutting logic.

Ans. c

27. What is the meaning of 'marshaling'?

- a) transforming JavaBean into XML.
- b) transforming Java Object into XML.
- c) transforming XML into JavaBean.

Ans. a

28. What is the meaning of 'unmarshaling'?

- a) transforming Java Object into XML.
- b) transforming XML into JavaBean.
- c) transforming XML into Java object.

Ans. c

Chapter -2

1. If we use Maven for Spring's applications, where we can add dependencies?

- a) pom.xml
- b) Web.xml
- c) Context.xml
- d) Config.xml

Ans. A

2. Which is a byte code manipulation framework?

- a) Aop
- b) asm
- c) Jdbc
- d) Jsm

Ans. B

3. Which module is needed for every Spring application?

- a) Bean
- b) Jdbc
- c) core
- d) Orm

Ans. C

4. If you are using EJB 2.1 or prior versions, then you must use –Style of IOC?

- a) Lookup style
- b) Injection Style

c) None

Ans. A

5. Which one has zero Impact on your component code?

- a. Injection
- b. Lookup
- c. both

Ans. A

6. Each Bean can be assigned either an -----

- a) ID or a name or both
- b) ID or property
- c) ID or method

Ans. A

7. Which Interface reads XML files?

- a. XmlBeanDefinitionReader
- b. Serializable
- c. BeanDefinitionRegistry

Ans. A

8. Which version of jdk and Spring support java annotation?

- a. Jdk 4 and Spring 1.0
- b. Jdk 5 and Spring 2.5
- c. Jdk 2 and Spring 2.0

Ans. B

9. You use Maven for application development, you can simply add the dependencies for Spring into the project's pom.xml (project object model) file, and Maven will download _____ for you.

- a) XML
- b) JDBC
- c) JAR files
- d) Maven

Ans. c

10. The full distribution of Spring including a _____ set of dependencies.

- a) integration
- b) voluminous
- c) transaction
- d) manipulation

Ans. b

11. Which is ASM (asm.ow2.org) a Java ByteCode framework?

- a) MVC framework
- b) Struts web framework
- c) Spring framework
- d) Manipulation framework

Ans. d

12. This module extends Spring's standard JDBC feature set with support for popular ORM tools including _____.

- a) iBATIS
- b) JDO
- c) JPA

- d) All of them

Ans. d

13. Which does this module include all classes for integration between? (two choose)

- a) Manipulation framework
- b) Spring framework
- c) MVC framework
- d) Struts web framework

Ans. b, d

14. Which is Maven a powerful application management tool?

- a) building
- b) packaging
- c) dependency
- d) all of them

Ans. d

15. Which is each Maven artifact identified by? (two choose)

- a) artifact ID
- b) dependency management
- c) packaging
- d) packaging type

Ans. a, d

16. Which is the naming convention of a Spring EBR different from?

- a) Maven repository
- b) Maven artifact
- c) Maven Central

Ans. c

17. Most of the classes here support Spring's _____ implementation.

- a) manipulating
- b) bean factory
- c) MVC
- d) AOP

Ans. b

18. These modules provide support for OXM (object to XML mapping). Classes for abstraction of XML marshaling and unmarshaling and support for popular tools like_____.

- a) JAXB
- b) XMLBeans
- c) XStream
- d) All of them

Ans. D

CHAPTER 3

1. Which provides security controls that prevent unauthorized users from creating and editing blog entries?

- a) BasicBlog application
- b) SpringBlog application
- c) Spring-based application
- d) None

Answer: B

2. Users with the user role(ROLE_USER) assigned can perform (choose all that apply)

- a) Post a blog entry or comment on an existing entry
- b) Edit a blog entry or comment they have created
- c) None

Answer: A, B

3. Users with the admin role(ROLE_ADMIN) assigned can perform

- a) view audit data
- b) perform user maintenance
- c) all of the above

Answer: C

4. Who allows users to express their opinions about particular entries by posting comments?

- a) BasicBlog
- b) SpringBlog
- c) Spring_based
- d) all of the above

Answer: B

5. What is the most appropriate tool for developing Spring-based application (choose all that apply)

- a) Eclipse IDE
- b) Spring IDE
- c) Maven plugin
- d) Mylyn
- e) all of the above

Answer: E

6. How Spring supports the configuration management?

- a) via XML files
- b) via Java annotations
- c) above all
- d) None

Answer: C

7. Which layer is the core layer within the application and all business logic will be implemented in this layer?

- a) persistence layer
- b) service layer
- c) presentation layer
- d) security layer

Answer: B

8. Which are Spring supports?

- a) JDBC
- b) Hibernate
- c) MyBatis(iBATIS)
- d) JDO
- e) JPA
- f) above all

Answer: F

9. Spring AOP supports (choose all that apply)

- a) Spring native AOP framework
- b) integration with the aspect AOP framework

c) None

Answer: A, B

10. In the data access layer, developers will implement data access objects to separate the data access logic from the business logic

a) true

b) false

Answer: A

Chapter 4

1. Bean Factory is

a) An Interface

b) an Object

c) a Class

d) None

ans. A

2. ApplicationContext is

a) Interface

b) Object

c) Class

d) None

ans. A

3. ApplicationContext is an extension of

a) ActionServlet

b) Action

c) BeanFactory

d)None

Ans. C

4. There are two ways we can configure the ApplicationContext in Spring. Which are

a) XML based

b) Annotation based

c) jdbc based

d) SpEL Based

Ans. A, B

5. Some service provided by BeanFactory are:

a) Inheritance

b) life-cycle

c) autowiring

d) None

Ans. a, b, c

6. A component that requires certain dependencies is often referred to as the

a) ActionServlet

b) Dependent object

c) Independent object

d) None

Ans. B

7. IOC can be decomposed into two subtypes are

- a) Dependency Injection
- b) Dependency Lookup
- c) Bean factory
- d) None

ans. A, B

8. Dependency Lookup is

- a) Traditional approach
- b) Newer approach
- c) Both

ans. A

9. Dependency Injection is

- a) Traditional approach
- b) Newer approach
- c) Both

Ans. B

10. Dependencies are injected into the component by the

- a) Servlet container
- b) java container
- c) IOC container

Ans. C

11. Dependency Lookup are two types

- a) Dependency Pull
- b) Contextualized Dependency Lookup (CDL)
- c) Bean factory
- d) None

ans. A, B

12. Dependency Injection are two types

- a) Constructor Dependency Injection
- b) Setter Dependency Injection
- c) Both twos

Ans. C

13. Dependencies are pulled from a registry as required in

- a) Dependency Pull
- b) Setter Dependency Injection
- c) Constructor Dependency Injection

Ans. A

14. Lookup-based solutions are more complex than injection-based ones

- a) True
- b) False

Ans. A

15. Passive code is not much simpler to maintain than active code

- a) True
- b) False

Ans. B

16. Setter Injection is that it allows dependencies to be declared on an interface

- a) True
- b) False

Ans. A

17. Configuration parameters are

- a) Passive
- b) Information
- c) Components
- d) Simple values

Ans. A, B, D

18. Transaction and AOP service, message source for internationalization (i18n) and application event handling are the services of

- a) ApplicationContext
- b) BeanFactory
- c) FactoryBean
- d) ActionServlet

Ans. A

19. XML file configuration will override the annotation ones

- a) True
- b) False

Ans. A

20. Which namespace provides support for configuring Spring's ApplicationContext

- a) context
- b) p
- c) c
- d) ActionServlet

Ans. A

21. Which namespace provides a simpler DI configuration for Setter Injection

- a) e
- b) p
- c) c

Ans. B

22. Which namespace provides a simpler DI configuration for Constructor Injection

- a) context
- b) p
- c) c

Ans. C

23. Which namespace provides some useful utilities for DI configuration

- a) context
- b) p
- c) c
- d) util

Ans. D

24. Multiple base-package can be defined by using

- a) comma
- b) Semicolon
- c) Space

d) Underscore

Ans. A, B, C

25. By default, all beans in Spring are singletons

a) True

b) False

Ans. A

26. Dependency injection services that Spring offers, including

a) Setter Injection

b) Constructor Injection

c) Method Injection

d) Getter Injection

Ans. A, B, C

27. Spring's ApplicationContext interface extends

a) BeanFactory

b) GenericApplicatinContext

c) GenericApplication

d) None

Ans. A

28. How many ways to configure Spring application context?

a) Three

b) Four

c) Two

d) Five

Ans. C

29. How many types of Dependency Lookup?

a) Three

b) Two

c) Four

d) Five

Ans. B

30. Dependency Pull is the most familiar type of

a) IOC

b) DI

c) Contextualized Dependency Lookup

d) None

Ans. A

31. public class DeplInjection{
 private Dependency dependency ;
 public void setDependency(Dependency dependency){
 this.dependency = dependency ;
 }
}

What type of the above code is?

a) Constructor Dependency Injection

b) Setter Dependency Injection

c) Method Dependency Injection

d) Getter Dependency Injection

Ans. B

32. Active code is much simpler and less error prone.

- a) True
- b) False

Ans. B

33. IOC Stands for

- a) Inversion of Control
- b) Inversion of Class

Ans. A

34. DI is specialized from

- a) CDL
- b) IOC

Ans. B

35. BeanFactory is a class

- a) True
- b) False

Ans: b

36. What is the role IOC container in Spring?

- a) Create the instance
- b) Configure the instance
- c) Assemble the dependencies
- d) None

Ans: a, b, c

37. Which is the more traditional approach

- a) Dependency Injection
- b) Dependency Lookup

Ans: b

38. Dependency Lookup are

- a) Dependency Pull
- b) Contextualized Dependency Lookup
- c) None of above

Ans: a, b

39. DI stands for ...

- a) Declaration interface
- b) Dependency interceptor
- c) Dependency Injection

Ans: c

40. CDL stands for...

- a) Controller Dependency Lookup
- b) Contextualized Dependency lookup
- c) None

Ans: b

41. BeanDefinitionRegistry is an interface

- a) True
- b) False

Ans: a

42. IOC can be decomposed in which subtype

- a. Dependency Injection.
- b. Dependency certain.
- c. Dependency Lookup.
- d. Dependency pull

Ans. A, C

43. Which statement are correct

- a. Dependency Lookup is newer.
- b. Dependency Injection is newer.
- c. Dependency Lookup is more familiar to java programmers.
- d. Dependency Lookup is much traditional.

Ans. B, C, D

44. Function of dependency pull are

- a. Establish relation between two dependencies.
- b. Make Connection to Database.
- c. Dependencies are pulled from a registry as required.

Ans. C

45. Dependency requirement exposed by the

- a. setDependency ();
- b. getDependency();
- c. putDependency ()
- d. dependency constructor ();

Ans. A

46. Passive code is much simpler to maintain than active code

- a. True.
- b. False.

Ans. A

47. The core of Spring's implementation is based on

- a. Lookup injection
- b. Dependency injection
- c. Dependency lookup.
- d. Constructor injection

Ans. B

48. Bean can also have instantiated without any ID and name known as

- a. BeanFactory.
- b. Anonymous class.
- c. Anonymous bean.
- d. XmlBeanDefination.

Ans. C

49. Which statement are true about namespace

- a. c: The context namespace provides support for configuring spring's application context
- b. P: The p namespace provides a simpler DI configuration for setter injection.
- c. util: The util namespace provides some useful utilities for DI configuration for constructor Injection.

Ans. B, C

50. Spring is described as For building java application.

- a) A lightweight framework
- b) A standard framework
- c) An explain framework
- d) None

Ans: a

51. Inversion of control (IOC) represent –

- a) Dependency lookup
- b) Dependency injection
- c) Traditional approach
- d) Both a & b

Ans: d

52. Dependency injection has two common flavors, there are

- a) Method Dependency injection
- b) Constructor Dependency injection
- c) Getter Dependency injection
- d) Setter Dependency injection

Ans: b, d

53. For xml configuration you need to declared the required-

- a) Namespace
- b) Logical method
- c) Dependency pull

Ans: a

54. What are the true for configure parameter?

- a) Configure parameters are passive
- b) Configuration parameters are usually information not other component.
- c) Configure parameters are usually simple value.
- d) All of above.

Ans: d

55. Advantage of Dependency injection

- a) Makes the code loosely coupled, so easy to maintain
- b) Makes the code easy to test
- c) Both a & b
- d) None

Ans: c

56. Advantage of Spring framework

- a) Powerful abstraction
- b) Lightweight
- c) Easy to test
- d) All of above

Ans: d

57. There are two types of IOC containers. They are

- a) BeanFactory
- b) ApplicationContext
- c) BeanContext
- d) ApplicationFactory

Ans: a, b

58. Which is the Artifact ID for spring aspects Module JAR File.

- a) spring-aspects
- b) spring-core
- c) spring-asm
- d) spring-aop

Ans: a

59. SpEL Means

- a) Spring Expression Language
- b) Spring Exception Language
- c) Spring Export Language
- d) None

Ans: a

60. Which tags are used in Annotation based configuration?

- a) <context: annotation-config>
- b) <context: component-scan base-package="com.exam">
- c) A & B
- d) None

Ans: c

61. Write down the way of Dependency LookUp?

- a) Dependency Pull
- b) Contextualized Dependency LookUp (CDL)
- c) both.
- d) None.

Ans. c

62. Write down the way of Dependency Injection?

- a) Constructor Dependency Injection.
- b) Setter Dependency Injection.
- c) both.
- d) None.

Ans. c

63. Spring Expression Language(SpEL) is the Fiture OF ____?

- a) Spring 1
- b) Spring 2
- c) Spring 3

Ans. c

64. To configure Spring to Inject one bean to another we use ____ tag under the <Property> or <constructor-app>.

- a) <ref>
- b) <prob>
- c) <entry>

Ans. a

65. By using <prob> tag We can pass value as ____?

- a) List
- b) String
- c) Map

Ans. b

66. If we want to use Lookup Method injection in our application, we need a jar file called _____?

- a) CGLIB JAR file.
- b) Dpl jar file.

Ans. a

67. When you need to avoid to use method LookUp Injection in the beans?

- a) In the same life cycle
- b) If they are singleton
- c) If they are non-singleton.
- d) A & B

Ans. d

68. Every Bean must have a unique _____ With the application-context?

- a) ID.
- b) Name.
- c) Class
- d) Scope

Ans. b

69. By default, all beans in spring are ____?

- a) Nonsingletons.
- b) Singletons.
- c) Prototype
- d) session

Ans. b

70. Which of those bean scopes are supported by the version 3.1?

- a) Singleton
- b) Prototype
- c) Request
- d) Session
- e) All of the above

Ans. e

71. Spring support how many modes of AutoWiring?

- a) 2
- b) 3
- c) 4
- d) 5

Ans. c

Note: byName, byType, constructor, default

Chapter 6

1. Which type of AOP is correct?

- a. Static and non-static
- b. Static and dynamic
- c. Non-static and dynamic

Answer: b

2. By creating _____, you gain fine-grained control over how you apply advice to the components in your application.

- a. Pointcuts

- b. Joinpoints
- c. Aspects
- d. Weaving

Answer: a

3. An aspect is the combination of advice and pointcuts.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: a

4. Spring has two proxy implementations: the JDK dynamic proxy and the CGLIB proxy.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: b

5. Spring supports _____ different flavors of advice.

- A. Three
- B. Four
- C. Five
- D. Six

Answer: d

6. Which of the following interface is related to “Around” advice in spring?

- A. org.springframework.aop.MethodAround
- B. org.aopalliance.intercept.MethodInterceptor
- C. org.springframework.aop.AfterAdvice

Answer: b

7. When you are working with third-party or legacy code which of the following proxies you must use?

- A. JDK dynamic proxies
- B. CGLIB proxies
- C. Both of the above

Answer: b

8. Chose the correct answer from the following options.

- A. When a CGLIB proxy is first created, CGLIB asks Spring how it wants to handle each method.
- B. The CGLIB proxy handles fixed advice chains differently than the JDK proxy.
 - a) Only A is correct
 - b) Only B is correct
 - c) Both A and B are correct

Answer: c

9. The CGLIB proxy can proxy both classes and interfaces, whereas the JDK proxy can proxy only interfaces.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: a

10. When proxying a class, which is the default choice?

- A. JDK dynamic proxies
- B. CGLIB proxies
- C. There is no default choice

Answer: b

Chapter 8

1. What's the meaning of CRUD?

- A. Create, Read, Update, Destroy
- B. Create, Run, Update, Destroy

C. Create, Read, Update, Delete

D. Create, Run, Update, Delete

Ans: C

2. JDBC Infrastructure is a driver that allows code to access the database.

A. True

B. False

Ans: A

3. When JDBC Infrastructure is loaded it registers itself with a _____ class.

A. java.sql.DriverController

B. java.sql.DriverManager

C. java.sql.jdbcInfrastructure

D. java.sql.jdbcDatabase

Ans: B

4. Which class manages a list of drivers and provides static methods for establishing connections to the database?

A. java.sql.DriverController

B. java.sql.DriverManager

C. java.sql.jdbcInfrastructure

D. java.sql.jdbcDatabase

Ans: B

5. Which interface allows to run SQL statement against database?

A. java.sql.DriverConnection

B. java.sql.DriverManager

C. java.sql.Connection

D. java.sql.JdbcConnection

Ans: C

6. Which package contain the foundation of JDBC class?

A. org.springframework.jdbc.core

B. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource

C. org.springframework.jdbc.object

D. org.springframework.jdbc.support

E. org.springframework.jdbc.config

Ans: A

7. Which package contain helper classes and Datasource?

A. org.springframework.jdbc.core

B. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource

C. org.springframework.jdbc.object

D. org.springframework.jdbc.support

E. org.springframework.jdbc.config

Ans: B

8. Which package contain class that help to convert the data?

A. org.springframework.jdbc.core

B. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource

C. org.springframework.jdbc.object

D. org.springframework.jdbc.support

E. org.springframework.jdbc.config

Ans: C

9. Which is the most important class in org.springframework.jdbc.support package?

A. SQLException

B. SQLSyntaxError

C. SQLException

D. None

Ans: C

10. Which package contains classes that supports JDBC configuration within Spring's ApplicationContext?

- A. org.springframework.jdbc.core
- B. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource
- C. org.springframework.jdbc.object
- D. org.springframework.jdbc.support
- E. org.springframework.jdbc.config

Ans: E

11. Embedded database is useful for what?

- A. Local Development
- B. Global Development
- C. Unit Testing
- D. A & B
- E. A & C
- F. B & C

Ans: E

12. In the Spring JDBC module, there is a class called JdbcDaoSupport. It wraps up the _____ class.

- A. JdbcSupport
- B. JdbcDao
- C. JdbcTemplate
- D. None

Ans: C

13. Spring RowMapper<T> interface provides a simple way to perform mapping from a JDBC resultset to POJOs.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans: A

14. Which interface is suitable for only row base mapping to a single domain object?

- A. RowMapping<T>
- B. RowMapper<T>
- C. ResultSetExtractor
- D. None of the above

Ans: B

15. Which class wrap the query string together with the mapRow() method into a single class?

- A. MappingSqlQuery<T>
- B. SqlUpdate
- C. BatchSqlUpdate
- D. SqlFunction<T>

Ans: A

16. Which class allows to wrap any SQL update statement?

- A. MappingSqlQuery<T>
- B. SqlUpdate
- C. BatchSqlUpdate
- D. SqlFunction<T>

Ans: B

17. Which class allows to perform batch update operations?

- A. MappingSqlQuery<T>
- B. SqlUpdate
- C. BatchSqlUpdate
- D. SqlFunction<T>

Ans: C

18. Which class allow to call stored functions in the database with argument and return types.

- A. MappingSqlQuery<T>
- B. SqlUpdate
- C. BatchSqlUpdate

D. SqlFunction<T>

Ans: D

19. MyBatis (formerly known as iBATIS) is a popular DataMapper framework.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans: A

20. Which is generally more widely used database for web application development, especially on the Linux platform?

- A. PL/pgSQL
- B. MySQL
- C. PostgreSQL
- D. JDBC

Ans. B

21. Which is procedural a language?

- A. MySQL
- B. JDBC
- C. PL/psSQL
- D. None

Ans. C

22. A database is a collection of data.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. A

23. Which is the open source databases?

- A. PostgreSQL
- B. HSQL
- C. Derby
- D. All above

Ans:D

24. The difference between a DataSource and a Connection is that a DataSource provides and manages Connections.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans: A

25. Which package provides DriverManagerDataSource?

- A. org.springframework.jdbc.object
- B. org.springframework.jdbc.support
- C. org.springframework.jdbc.config
- D. none

Ans. D

26. The DriverManagerDataSource does not support database connection pooling makes this class unsuitable for anything other than testing.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. A

27. Which is/are the JEE application server?

- A. JBoss
- B. WebSphere
- C. GlassFish
- D. Above all
- E. None

Ans. D

28. Spring's IndioObjectFactoryBean to obtain the data source by

- A. JDBC lookup
- B. JNDI lookup
- C. MySQL lookup
- D. None

Ans. B

29. As of version 3.1, Spring supports by default

- A. HSQL
- B. H2
- C. DERBY
- D. All Above

Ans. A

30. Which is/are ORM frameworks?

- A. Hibernate
- B. EclipseLink/ TopLink
- C. OpenJPA
- D. All are

Ans. D

31. Which one is appropriate process to create a Table?

- a. Create table (Id int not null auto_increment, First_name varchar (25), Primary key(id));
- b. Create table (Id int not null auto_increment, First_name varchar, Primary key(id));
- c. Create table customer (Id int not null auto_increment, First_name varchar (25), Primary key(id));

Ans: c

32. Which is not Spring JDBC Packages?

- a. Core
- b. Datasource
- c. Object
- d. Config
- e. servlet

Ans: e

33. What is the correct extension of properties file?

- a. jdbc.properties
- b. Jdbc.property
- c. Jdbc.propertyfile

Ans: a

34. Which one is not JEE application server?

- a. JBoss
- b. webSpher
- c. GlassFish
- d. Primefaces

Ans: d

35. DML stand for?

- a. Data manipulation language
- b. Data maintain language
- c. Data margin language

Ans: a

36. SQL Exception are runtime exceptions True or False?

- a. True
- b. False

Ans: a

37. Public class IdbExam{

Private DataSource datasource;

Public void setDataSource(DataSource dadasource){

This.datasource=datasource;

}

}

Above this application DataSource is a ---

- a. Interface
- b. Class
- c. Method

Ans: b

38. JdbcTemplate is an Interface True or False?

- a. True
- b. False

Ans: b

39. Which is database management software?

- a) MySQL
- b) Primeface
- c) Java
- d) Html

Answer: a

40. RDBMS stands for

- a) Relational Database Management Software.
- b) Relational Database Management System.
- c) Relative Database Management System.

Answer: b

41. DriverManagerDataSource is under the package of

- a) Org.springframework.jdbc.JDBC
- b) Org.springframework.jdbc.datasource
- c) Org.springframework.jdbc.jdbcTamplete
- d) Org.springframework.jdbc.DriverManagerDataSource

Answer: b

42. What is friendlier to Oracle developers?

- a) MySQL
- b) PostgreSQL
- c) Oracle
- d) Above all

Answer: b

43. MySQL is generally more widely used for....

- a) Web application development
- b) Desktop application development
- c) Both a & b
- d) None

Answer: a

44. ORM stands for

- a) Object-Related Mapping
- b) Object-Related Module
- c) Object-Relational Mapping
- d) Object-Relational Module

Answer: c

45. What is the alternative of Object-Relational Mapping?

- a) JDBC
- b) ODBC
- c) JPA
- d) Hibernate

Answer: a

46. The instance of RDBMS is called

- a) Database management software
- b) Database engine
- c) Database server
- d) Database management system

Answer: b

47. In the Spring Jdbc module, there is a class called

- a) JdbcDaoSupport
- b) JdbcTemplateSupport
- c) JdbcTemplateDaoSupport
- d) JdbcObjectDaoSupport

Answer: a

48. Popular ORM framework is/are

- a) Hibernate
- b) EclipseLink
- c) OpenJPA
- d) Above all

Answer: d

49. What are the advantage of jdbcTemplate?

- a) mentioned problems of JDBC API.
- b) It provides you methods to write the queries directly,
- c) it saves a lot of work and time.
- d) All of the above

ans: d

50. What is a powerful mechanism to connect to the database and execute SQL queries?

- a) Jdbc
- b) jdbcTemplate
- c) odbcTemplate
- d) none of above

Ans: b

51. ResultSetExtractor interface can be used

- a. to fetch records from the database
- b. to delete records from the database
- c. a+b
- d. none

Ans: a

52. What are spring Jdbc package?

- a. org.springframework.jdbc.core
- b. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource
- c. org.springframework.jdbc.config
- d. all of the above

ans: d

53. Under which package the DriverManager is?

- a. org.springframework.jdbc.core
- b. org.springframework.jdbc.datasource
- c. org.springframework.jdbc.config
- d. none

ans: b

54. Where from spring property placeholder will load the connection information?

- a. jdbc.properties
- b. jdbc.config
- c. jdbc.support
- d. jdbc.object

Ans: a

55. DataSource implement by ---

- a. JEE Application server
- b. JMV Application server
- c. ODBC Application server
- d. Object Application server

ans: a

56. Which version spring offer embedded database supported

- a. version 4.0
- b. version 3.0
- c. version 1.0
- d. all

ans: b

57. Why jdbcTemplate used for?

- a. allows to issue any type of sql statement
- b. returns any type of result
- c. both a & b
- d. none

ans: c

58. jdbcTemplate will be initialized automatically_____

- a. when extend DAO supported.
- b. then extend JDBC supported.
- c. a+b
- d. only b

ans: a

59. Which is not Hibernate configuration property?

- a. hibernate.dialect
- b. hibernate.batch
- c. hibernate.batch-size
- d. hibernate.fetch-size

ans: b

60. which are spring supported EntityManagerFactory?

- a. LocalEntityManagerFactory Bean
- b. JEE6 compliant container
- c. localContainerLocalEntityManagerFactory Bean
- d. all of above

ans: d

61. Spring JdbcTemplate is based on which design pattern

- A. Decorator
- B. Proxy
- C. Facade
- D. Template

Ans: D

62. The interface is used by the JdbcTemplate to map a resultset row is

- A. RowElementMapper
- B. RowMapper
- C. Mapper
- D. ValueMapper

Ans: B

63. The main advantage of using Data Access Object (a.k.a. DAO) pattern is

- A. It provides object modeling for data
- B. It provides access credentials to the data objects
- C. It hides database specific implementation from the other layers of the application

- D. It always provides non jdbc specific implementation

Ans: C

64. A key benefit of using DataSource is that

- A. it is possible to use a database connection pool to fetch database connection
- B. it is possible to directly connect to a database without using connection parameters
- C. it automatically enables distributed transactions
- D. it facilitates logging of database queries and their results

Ans: A

65. If JdbcTemplate is used then

- A. SQL queries automatically become database agnostic
- B. object relational mapping is available out of the box
- C. it is not necessary to write SQL queries
- D. it is not necessary to manage connections in the application code

Ans: D

66. Named parameters are typically used for

- A. Statements
- B. Prepared Statements
- C. Callable Statements
- D. Transactions

Ans: B

67. Named parameters are typically specified using

- A. semicolon (;)
- B. dot (.)
- C. colon (:)
- D. hash (#)

Ans: C

68. Named parameters are typically passed using a

- A. List
- B. Set
- C. Map
- D. TreeSet

Ans: C

69. Using named parameters is preferred due to

- A. proxy pattern usage
- B. low cohesion
- C. loose coupling
- D. improved code maintainability

Ans: D

70. JdbcDaoSupport is based on

- A. Visitor pattern
- B. Decorator pattern
- C. Proxy pattern
- D. Data Access Object pattern

Ans: D

71. JdbcDaoSupport typically has a reference to

- A. JdbcDataSource
- B. JdbcReference
- C. Template
- D. JdbcTemplate

Ans: D

72. JdbcDaoSupport can be used as a

- A. cloned class for all data access operations
- B. base class for all data access operations

- C. derived class for all data access operations
- D. inner class for all data access operations

Ans: B

73. A class which extends JdbcDaoSupport is often injected into

- A. Service class
- B. Decorator class
- C. Visitor class
- D. Proxy class

Ans: A

Chapter 9

1) Which is manage Hibernate's session factory to work in a Spring application?

- a) SessionFactory
- b) Application context
- c) method

Ans: a

2) A Java class that is mapped to the underlying relational database structure is called

- a) An entity class
- b) A java class
- c) An Object Mapping

Ans: a

3) which is the Maven's project object model file?

- a) Web.xml
- b) context.xml
- c) pom.xml

Ans: c

4) The core concept of Hibernate is based on-

- a) Session factory
- b) Session interface
- c) Application context

Ans: b

5) embedded database using

- a) H2
- b) h2
- c) h1
- d) H1

Ans: a

6) Which is declaration of transaction demarcation requirements using annotations?

- a) <tx:annotation-class>
- b) <tx:annotated-driven>
- c) <tx:annotation-driven>

Ans: c

7) "depth" commonly used value is?

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 5

Ans: a

8) "@Entity" which means that this is a mapped-

- a) java class
- b) entity object
- c) entity class

Ans: c

9) "@Temporal" means we would like to map The data type from the Java date type

- a) date type
- b) object type
- c) string type

Ans: a

10) HQL means?

- a) Hibernate Query Language
- b) Hipertext Query Language
- c) Hiperlink Query Language

Ans: a

11) which means we want the transaction to be set as read-only?

- a) readOnly=true
- b) readOnly=false
- c) readOnly=yes
- d) readOnly=no

Ans: a

12) which means that Hibernate will not join the association tables for records?

- a) throw the IoException
- b) throw the InitializationException
- c) throw the LazyInitializationException

Ans: c

13) Hibernate covered common techniques for defining ----- mappings

- a) ORM
- b) MVC
- c) JVM

Ans: a

14) Spring was developed to embrace POJO base development.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans: A

15) What is the main objective of an ORM library?

- A. Close the gap between the relational data structure in the RDBMS and the OO model
- B. Close the gap between the hibernate and sql
- C. Close the gap between the OO model and hibernate
- D. None of the above

Ans: A

16) From EJB 2.5, the EJB entity bean was replaced with the Java Persistence (JPA)

- A. True
- B. False

Ans: B

17) POJO stand for?

- a. Plain Old Java Object
- b. Pre old java object
- c. Plain order java object

Ans: a

18) The relationship between hibernate and JPA is very close True or False?

- a. True
- b. False

Ans: a

19) When we use the AnnotationSessionFactoryBean ____

- a. Then use Xml annotation support
- b. Then use Hibernate annotation support
- c. None of the above

Ans: b

20) How many approaches are there to the mapping Hibernate Annotations?

- a. One
- b. Two
- c. Three

Ans: b

21) Which one is correct method for deleting data?

- a.

```
Public void delete(Contact contact){  
    sessionFactory.getCurentSession().delete(contact);  
    log.info("contact delete with id: " + contact.getId());  
}
```
- b.

```
Public void delete(Contact contact){  
    sessionFactory.getCurentSession().delete();  
    log.info("contact delete with id: " + contact.getId());  
}
```
- c.

```
Public void delete(Contact contact){  
    sessionFactory.getCurentSession().delete(delete());  
    log.info("contact delete with id: " + contact.getId());  
}
```

Ans: a

22) Object-Relational Mapping libraries that has wide support in spring

- a) Hibernate
- b) JDBC
- c) JPA
- d) ODBC

Answer: a

23) JDO stands for

- a) Java Data Object
- b) Java Database Object
- c) None

Answer: a

24) Popular ORM libraries are

- a) Hibernate
- b) TopLink
- c) JDO
- d) None

Answer: a, b, c

25) Who is the founder of Hibernate?

- a) Rod Johnson
- b) John Hibernate
- c) Gavin King
- d) Gavin Smith

Answer: c

26) Annotation approach is much more popular approach.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

27) Hibernate has the capability to model a lot of different kinds of....

- a) Generation
- b) Performance
- c) Associations
- d) Above all

Answer: c

28) Who is the founder of Spring3?

- A. Rod Johnson
- B. John Hibernate
- C. Gavin King
- D. Gavin Smith

Answer: A

Chapter 10

1. JPA means __?

- A. Java Processing Approach
- B. Java Persistence Applied
- C. Java Persistence API
- D. None

Ans: C

2. STS means __?

- A. Spring Tool Showcase
- B. Spring Tool Suits
- C. Spring Technical Support
- D. Spring Tool Setting

Ans: B

3. Which are the class level architecture of JPA?

- A. EntityManagerFactory
- B. EntityTransaction
- C. Component scan
- D. A & B

Ans: D

4. Which is creates and manages multiple EntityManager instances.

- A. EntityManagerFactory
- B. EntityTransaction
- C. Persistence
- D. None

Ans: A

5. This class contain static methods to obtain EntityManagerFactory instance.

- A. EntityManagerFactory class
- B. EntityTransaction class
- C. Persistence class
- D. None

Ans: c

6. Which is the persistence objects, stores as records in the database.

- A. EntityManagerFactory
- B. EntityTransaction
- C. Persistence
- D. Entity

Ans: D

7. The relationship between EntityManagerFactory and EntityManager is __?

- A. one-to-many
- B. one-to-one
- C. None

Ans: A

8. The relationship between EntityManager and EntityTransaction is __?

- A. one-to-many

- B. one-to-one
- C. None

Ans: B

9. The relationship between EntityManager and Entity is ___?

- A. one-to-many
- B. one-to-one
- C. None

Ans: A

10. EntityManager instance is used to create a ___?

- A. query object
- B. CriteriaBuilder object
- C. Entity object
- D. None

Ans: B

11. CriteriaQuery instance is used to create a ___?

- A. query object
- B. CriteriaBuilder object
- C. Embedded objects
- D. None

Ans: A

12. CRM means___?

- A. Customer Relational Management
- B. Customer Relational Manager
- C. Customer Relative Management
- D. Customer Relative Manager

Ans: A

13. To inject the EntityManager, we use the ___?

- A. @PersistenceContext annotation
- B. @Repository annotation
- C. @Service annotation
- D. None

Ans: A

14. Which file is required to configure the database and the registration of entity classes?

- A. Persistence.xml
- B. Web.xml
- C. App-context.xml
- D. None

Ans: A

15. We need to configure an EntityManagerFactory in Spring, just like the SessionFactory in Hibernate.

- a) true
- b) false

Answer: A

16. EMF means ___?

- A. Even Management Future
- B. EntityManagerFactory
- c. Entry Management Factory
- D. None of the above

Ans: B

17. The entity manager factory requires a ___ for transactional data access.

- A. component Scan
- B. transaction Manager
- c. dataSource
- D. None of the above

Ans: B

18. EntityManager is

- A. A class
- B. An object
- C. An interface

Ans. C

19. The main job of EntityManager is to maintain a persistence context, in which all the entity instances under management will be stored.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. A

20. JPQL is very similar to

- A. MySQL
- B. HQL
- C. iBatis
- D. None

Ans. B

21. A SQL resultset mapping is defined at the entity class level using the annotation

- A. @SqlResultSetMapping
- B. @SqlResultSetExactor
- C. @SqlResultSetQuery

Ans. A

22. EntityManager.getCriteriaBuilder() was called to retrieve an instance of CriteriaBuilder.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. A

23. Which is not JPA persistence?

- a. Hibernate
- b. eclipseLink
- c. OracleToplink
- d. Maven

Ans: d

24. In JPA2 Which one is same as SessionFactory?

- a. EntityManagerFactory
- b. SessionManagerFactory
- c. Session

Ans: a

25. How many types of configuration spring supports?

- a. One
- b. Two
- c. Three
- d. Four

Ans: c

26. How many types of EntityManagerFactory configuration Spring supports?

- a) Two
- b) Five
- c) Three
- d) Four

Answer: c

27. Which method is used to delete data in JPA?

- a) EntityManager.remove()
- b) EntityManager.destroy()
- c) EntityManager.delete()

d) None

Answer: a

28. A hierarchical in an oracle database. This kind of query is database-specific and referred to as a.....

- a) Custom query
- b) Simple query
- c) Native query
- d) JPA query

Answer: c

29. JPQL stands for

- a) Java Persistence Query Language
- b) Java Persistency Query Language
- c) Java Persistent Query Language
- d) Java Persist Query Language

Answer: a

30. Spring also provides intensive support for JPA.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

31. Why is it a best practice to mark transaction as read-only when code does not write anything to the database?

Select one or more answers.

- a) It is mandatory for using Spring exception translation mechanism
- b) May be improve performance when using Hibernate
- c) Spring optimizes its transaction interceptor
- d) Provides safeguards with Oracle and some other databases

Correct answers: b, d

32. What data access technology is supported by the Spring framework? Select one or more answers.

- a) JDBC
- b) NoSQL
- c) Hibernate
- d) JPA

Correct answers: a, c, d

33. What is not provided by the JdbcTemplate? Select a unique answer.

- a) Data source access
- b) Open/close data source connection
- c) JDBC exception wrapping into DataAccess Exception
- d) JDBC statement execution

Correct answer: a

34. Using JdbcTemplate, what is the Spring provided class you will use for resultset parsing and merging rows into a single object? Select a unique answer.

- a) RowMapper
- b) RowCallbackHandler
- c) ResultSetExtractor
- d) ResultSetMapper

Correct answer: c

35. What configuration is supported by the LocalSessionFactoryBean? Select a unique answer.

- a) Listing entity classes annotated with @Entity
- b) Scanning a package to detect annotated entity classes (with @Entity)
- c) Listing hibernate XML mapping configuration file (hbm.xml)
- d) All above

Correct answer: c

Chapter 12

1. Why we use the Design to interfaces

- A) Remove coupling
- B) Lose coupling
- C) Reduce coupling
- D) All of the above

Ans: C

2. In java, a class has only one shot at concrete inheritance but van implement as how much interfaces as necessary?

- A) Two interfaces
- B) Three interfaces
- C) One interfaces
- D) Many interfaces

Ans: D

3. DOM model concept come from?

- A) Interface problem
- B) Domain problem
- C) Database problem
- D) Pattern problem

Ans: B

4. The Data pattern it is not the same as the value object pattern.

- A) True
- B) False

Ans: A

5. DOM refers to

- A. Document Object Model
- B. Domain Object Model
- C. Delivery Object Model

Ans. B

6. DOM is a collection of _____ that provides an abstract model of the data.

- A. Object
- B. Interface
- C. Method

Ans. A

7. An application's service layer is a layer where all of the business logic that makes up the application is encapsulated.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. A

8. In Java, a class has only _____ shot at concrete inheritance.

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Five

Ans. A

9. Consider a system that has a business interface called.

- A. FreeService
- B. OrderService
- C. ExecuteService

Ans. B

10. Which is/are the drawbacks of the Basic Factory Pattern

- A. There is no way to change an implementing class without a recompile.

- B. There is no way simply to switch instantiation models.
- C. Only A
- D. Both A and B

Ans. D

11. The Value Object Pattern is same as the Data Transfer Object Pattern.

- A. True
- B. False

Ans. B

12. Which one is traditional OOP best practice?

- a. Interface-driven design
- b. Building domain object model
- c. None of the above

Ans: a

13. What is the responsibility of Factory Pattern?

- a) To provide application component
- b) To provide application context
- c) To provide application initiated object
- d) Above all

Answer: a

14. How many drawbacks are there in Factory Pattern?

- a) Five
- b) Six
- c) Two
- d) Three

Answer: d

15. What is the biggest drawback of the traditional Factory Pattern?

- a) Multiple implementation
- b) Single implementation
- c) Both a & b
- d) None

Answer: a

16. A Domain Object Model (DOM) is asset classes that model concepts from the problem domain.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

17. A good DOM makes it easier for developers to transform application requirements into application features.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

18. The goal of DOM is to create a set of

- a) Methods
- b) Classes
- c) Objects
- d) Instances

Answer: b

19. DTO stands for

- a) Data Objects
- b) Database Objects
- c) Data Transfer Objects
- d) None

Answer: c

Chapter 14

1. What is/are the purpose of validation?

- a) Fulfills all predefined business requirements.
- b) Ensure the data integrity of the application.
- c) Usefulness in other layers of the application.

Answer: a, b, c

2. In application development, data validation is always mentioned along with _____.

- a) Conversion
- b) Formatting
- c) Both conversion and formatting

Answer: c

3. Why in application development, data validation is always mentioned along with conversion and formatting?

- a) The format of the source of data is different from the format being used in the application server
- b) The format of the source of data is similar with the format being used in the application server

Answer: a

4. Type Conversion system can-

- a) provide an alternative to PropertyEditorsupport
- b) be configured to convert between any Java types and POJOs

Answer: a, b

5. To use the conversion service instead of PropertyEditor, where we need to configure an instance of the org.springframework.core.convert.ConversionService interface?

- a) web.xml
- b) dispatcher-servlet.xml
- c) applicationContext.xml
- d) context.xml

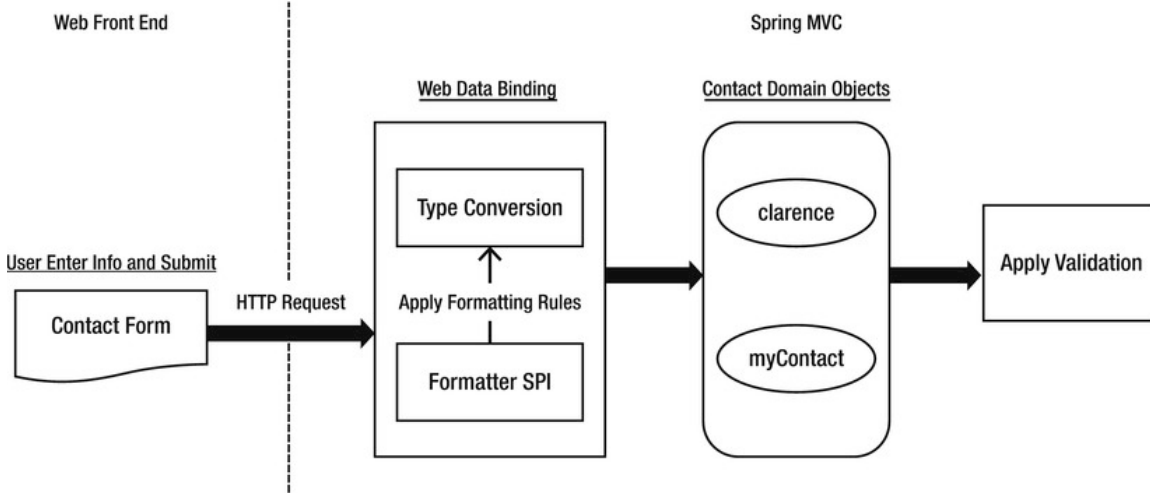
Answer: c

6. By default, the type conversion service supports conversion between common types including strings, numbers, enums, collections, maps, and so on.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

7. What does shows the bellow picture:



- a) Relationship between validation, conversion, and formatting
- b) Relationship between validation and formatting
- c) Relationship between validation and conversion
- d) None of the above

Answer: a

8. The real strength of the type conversion system is not the ability to convert between arbitrary types.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: b

9. In the web application context configuration, the declaration of the tag <mvc:annotation-driven/> will _____ register all default converters.

- a) Automatically
- b) Manually

Answer: a

10. The ideal case is that all validation rules are maintained in a _____.

- a) Centralized location.
- b) Different location

Answer: a

11. How many main types of validation supports by spring?

- a) Two
- b) Three
- c) Four
- d) Five

Answer: a

12. What is JSR-303?

- a) Spring dependency
- b) Spring formatting
- c) Spring conversion
- d) Bean Validation API

Answer: d

13. Using Spring's Validator interface, we can develop some validation logic by creating a class to implement the interface.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

14. SPI stands for

- a) Service Provider Interface
- b) Service Provider Inheritance
- c) Service Provider Interfaces
- d) None

Answer: a

15. Spring provides a few implementations of commonly used types, including

- a) CurrencyFormatter
- b) DateFormatter
- c) NumberFormatter
- d) PercentFormatter
- e) Above all

Answer: e

16. Validations rules applied on domain objects ensure that all business data is well structured and fulfills all business logic

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

17. JSR-303 is a JEE standard and is broadly supported by many fronted/backend frameworks. Which are these?

- a) Spring
- b) JPA2
- c) Spring MVC
- d) GWT

e) Above all

Answer: e

Chapter 17

1. For Which attribute we use bite array as a JAVA data type?

- a. Photo attribute
- b. Text attribute
- c. Name attribute

Ans: a

2. To set up the service layer within the spring MVC project what we create first

- a. Class
- b. Configuration file
- c. Method

Ans: b

3. What is commonly used pattern in implementing the presentation layer of an application.

- a. Model
- b. View
- c. Controller
- d. MVC

Ans: d

4. What is for spring bootstrap and shut down the root web application context

- a. CharacterEncodingFilter
- b. ContextLoderListerner
- c. httpMethodFiltter
- d. HiddenHttpMethodFilter

Ans: b

5. Which filter is used to specify the character encoding for request?

- a. CharacterEncodingFilter
- b. ContextLoderListerner
- c. httpMethodFiltter
- d. HiddenHttpMethodFilter

Ans: a

6. Which filter provides supports for Http methods other then GET and POST?

- a. CharacterEncodingFilter
- b. ContextLoderListerner
- c. httpMethodFiltter
- d. HiddenHttpMethodFilter

Ans: D

7. Which library provides a rich text editor in input form?

- a. Images
- b. Jqgrid
- c. Ckeditor
- d. Style

Ans: c

8. When we use <spring: eval> tag?

- a. If the require filled is null
- b. If the require filled is not null

Ans: a

9. Which attribute specifies the link for sending XmlHttpRequest, which gets the data for the current page?

- a. Datatype
- b. url
- c. mtype

- d. pager

Ans: b

10. Which attribute specifies the data format

- a. Datatype
- b. url
- c. mtype
- d. pager

Ans: a

11. Which attribute enables pagination support?

- a. Datatype
- b. url
- c. mtype
- d. pager

Ans: d

12. how many ways to file upload support?

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 4
- d. 5

Ans: A

13. Which one is not web application frameworks?

- a. Spring MVC
- b. Struts
- c. Java Server Faces(JSF)
- d. MySQL

Ans: d

14. Spring MVC which is the central servlet that receives requests and dispatchers then to the appropriate controllers?

- a. DispatcherServlet
- b. Servlet
- c. ActionServlet
- d. None of the above

Ans: a

15. Which one is not Interface?

- a. HandlerExceptionResolver
- b. ViewResolver
- c. ModelAndView

Ans: c

16. Major consideration for developing web application choose all that apply?

- a. Performance
- b. User-friendly
- c. Accessibility
- d. All

Ans: d

17. What is the Artifact ID of Joda-time?

- a. joda-time-jsptags
- b. joda-time-htmltags
- c. joda-time-jsftags
- d. None

Ans: a

18. The usage of Spring MVC?

- a. Internationalization
- b. Theming

- c. Page templating
- d. All

Ans: d

19. Richness to the SpringBlogsApplication highlights are?

- a. User Interface
- b. Rich-text-editing
- c. Data grid with pagination
- d. None

Ans: a, b, c

20. GWT stands for

- a) Google Web Toolkit
- b) Google Website Toolkit
- c) Google Web-based Toolkit
- d) Nome

Answer: a

21. The main principle of MVC is to define an architecture with clear responsibilities for different component.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

22. Spring provides comprehensive support the theming of web application.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

23. How many steps contain to implement the show view?

- a) Five
- b) Four
- c) Three
- d) Two

Answer: c

24. jQuery is one of the most popular JavaScript libraries being used for development

- a) Desktop application
- b) Web fronted
- c) Both a & b
- d) None

Answer: b

25. What is needed to be able to use jQuery and jQuery UI components in our view?

- a) Style sheets JavaScript files
- b) Style sheets Java files
- c) Style sheets jsp files
- d) Style sheets jsf files

Answer: a

26. What could not return a Spring MVC controller? Select a single answer.

- a) An absolute path to the view
- b) A logical view name
- c) A new JstlView
- d) void
- e) null value

Correct answer: a

27. Where do you cannot declare Spring MVC controller? Select one or more answers.

- a) In a Spring application context XML configuration file
- b) Into the web.xml file of the web application
- c) Into the java code by using annotations
- d) Into the JSP pages

Correct answer: b, d

28. When a bean has scope limited to HTTP session that is called?

- a) Request scope
- b) Session scope
- c) Prototype scope
- d) Singleton scope

Ans: b

Chapter 18

1. Spring used which repository abstraction?

- A. JPA
- B. JDB
- C. JBoss Seam
- D. Velocity

Ans: A

2. How many type of Spring web flow module?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

Ans: C

3. How many concept of Spring web-flow architecture?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Five

Ans: B

5.DSL means----

- A. Domain Static Language
- B. Domain Simple Language
- C. Domain Specific Language
- D. Domain Situation Language

Ans: C

6.How many types of bean scopes?

- A. One
- B. Two
- c. Three
- D. Four

Ans: C

7.JSF means---

- A. Java SecuredFaces
- B. Java ServerFaces
- C. Java SecuredForm
- D. None of the above

Ans: B

8.JSF consist of how many component?

- A. One
- B. Two
- c. Three
- D. Four

Ans: D

9.Which component hierarchy is represented by nesting tags?

- A. DI

- B. UI
- C. IOC
- D. None of the above

Ans: B

10. How many phases in application life cycle?

- A. Four
- B. Five
- c. Six
- D. Seven

Ans: C

11. How many dependencies for spring web-flow, JSP2 and Prime Faces?

- A. Four
- B. Five
- c. Six
- D. Seven

Ans: A

12. Which are Spring web flow modules?

- a. spring-faces
- b. spring-binding
- c. spring-js
- d. spring-webflow
- e. All

Ans: e

13. Which is not the Spring web flow feature?

- a. Flow
- b. View
- c. Controller
- d. Conversation

Ans: c

14. Which is not Life Cycle phases?

- a. Restore view
- b. Apply request
- c. Process validation
- d. Apply conversation

Ans: d

15. Which are the required dependencies for developing application using spring web flow with primefaces?

- a. org.springframework.webflow
- b. com.sun.faces
- c. org.primefaces
- d. All

Ans: d

16. DriverManagerDataSource is the implementation of a -----

- a. mysqlDataSource
- b. Database
- c. DataSource

Ans: c

17. EntityManager Interface is the core concept of -----

- a. JPA
- b. SQL
- c. JEE
- d. JDA

Ans: a

18. Spring Web Flow is an extension to the MVC pattern, it provides support for developing flow based applications and supports more fine-grained bean scopes.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: a

19. The architecture of Spring Web Flow is built around by how many concepts?

- a) Three
- b) Four
- c) Five
- d) Six

Answer: a

20. A flow is a business process representing a use case. In Spring Web Flow, a flow consists of a series of steps called.....

- a) Object
- b) Model
- c) Instance
- d) States

Answer: d

21. How many types of conversion?

- a) Two
- b) Three
- c) Four
- d) Five

Answer: b

22. In a web application, in terms of bean scopes, there are which scopes are available?

- a) Request
- b) Session
- c) Application
- d) Above all

Answer: d

23. Available bean scopes in Spring Web Flow....

- a) Flow
- b) View
- c) Request
- d) Flush
- e) Conversation
- f) Above all

Answer: f

24. How many life cycles in JSF application?

- a) Five
- b) Four
- c) Six
- d) Three

Answer: c

25. What are the components of JSF application life cycle?

- a) Restore view
- b) Apply request
- c) Process validations
- d) Update model values
- e) Invoke application
- f) Render response
- g) Above all

Answer: g