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Cyber Security Blog

Nmap Cheat Sheet



July 19, 2017 by [Nathan House](#)

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Target Specification

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
	nmap 192.168.1.1	Scan a single IP
	nmap 192.168.1.1 192.168.2.1	Scan specific IPs
	nmap 192.168.1.1-254	Scan a range
	nmap scanme.nmap.org	Scan a domain
	nmap 192.168.1.0/24	Scan using CIDR notation
-iL	nmap -iL targets.txt	Scan targets from a file
-iR	nmap -iR 100	Scan 100 random hosts
--exclude	nmap --exclude 192.168.1.1	Exclude listed hosts

Scan Techniques

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-sS	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sS	TCP SYN port scan (Default)
-sT	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sT	TCP connect port scan (Default without root privilege)
-sU	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sU	UDP port scan
-sA	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sA	TCP ACK port scan
-sW	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sW	TCP Window port scan
-sM	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sM	TCP Maimon port scan

Host Discovery

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-sL	nmap 192.168.1.1-3 -sL	No Scan. List targets only
-sn	nmap 192.168.1.1/24 -sn	Disable port scanning. Host discovery only.
-Pn	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -Pn	Disable host discovery. Port scan only.
-PS	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PS22-25,80	TCP SYN discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PA	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PA22-25,80	TCP ACK discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PU	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PU53	UDP discovery on port x. Port 40125 by default
-PR	nmap 192.168.1.1-1/24 -PR	ARP discovery on local network
-n	nmap 192.168.1.1 -n	Never do DNS resolution

Port Specification

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21	Port scan for port x
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21-100	Port range
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p U:53,T:21-25,80	Port scan multiple TCP and UDP ports
-p-	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-	Port scan all ports
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p http,https	Port scan from service name
-F	nmap 192.168.1.1 -F	Fast port scan (100 ports)
--top-ports	nmap 192.168.1.1 --top-ports 2000	Port scan the top x ports
-p-65535	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-65535	Leaving off initial port in range makes the scan start at port 1
-p0-	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p0-	Leaving off end port in range makes the scan go through to port 65535

Service and Version Detection

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-sV	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV	Attempts to determine the version of the service running on port
-sV --version-intensity	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV --version-intensity 8	Intensity level 0 to 9. Higher number increases possibility of correctness
-sV --version-light	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV --version-light	Enable light mode. Lower possibility of correctness. Faster
-sV --version-all	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV --version-all	Enable intensity level 9. Higher possibility of correctness. Slower
-A	nmap 192.168.1.1 -A	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

OS Detection

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-O	nmap 192.168.1.1 -O	Remote OS detection using TCP/IP stack fingerprinting
-O -- osscan-limit	nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -- osscan-limit	If at least one open and one closed TCP port are not found it will not try OS detection against host
-O -- osscan-guess	nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -- osscan-guess	Makes Nmap guess more aggressively
-O --max- os-tries	nmap 192.168.1.1 -O -- max-os-tries 1	Set the maximum number x of OS detection tries against a target
-A	nmap 192.168.1.1 -A	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

Timing and Performance

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-T0	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T0	Paranoid (0) Intrusion Detection System evasion
-T1	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T1	Sneaky (1) Intrusion Detection System evasion
-T2	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T2	Polite (2) slows down the scan to use less bandwidth and use less target machine resources
-T3	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T3	Normal (3) which is default speed
-T4	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T4	Aggressive (4) speeds scans; assumes you are on a reasonably fast and reliable network
-T5	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T5	Insane (5) speeds scan; assumes you are on an extraordinarily fast network

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example input</u>	<u>Description</u>
--host-timeout <time>	1s; 4m; 2h	Give up on target after this long
--min-rtt-timeout/max-rtt-timeout/initial-rtt-timeout <time>	1s; 4m; 2h	Specifies probe round trip time
--min-hostgroup/max-hostgroup <size>	50; 1024	Parallel host scan group sizes
--min-parallelism/max-parallelism <numprobes>	10; 1	Probe parallelization
--scan-delay/--max-scan-delay <time>	20ms; 2s; 4m; 5h	Adjust delay between probes
--max-retries <tries>	3	Specify the maximum number of port scan probe retransmissions
--min-rate <number>	100	Send packets no slower than <number> per second
--max-rate <number>	100	Send packets no faster than <number> per second

NSE Scripts

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-sC	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sC	Scan with default NSE scripts. Considered useful for discovery and safe
--script default	nmap 192.168.1.1 --script default	Scan with default NSE scripts. Considered useful for discovery and safe
--script	nmap 192.168.1.1 --script=banner	Scan with a single script. Example banner
--script	nmap 192.168.1.1 --script=http*	Scan with a wildcard. Example http
--script	nmap 192.168.1.1 --script=http,banner	Scan with two scripts. Example http and banner
--script	nmap 192.168.1.1 --script "not intrusive"	Scan default, but remove intrusive scripts

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
--script-args	nmap --script snmp-sysdescr --script-args snmpcommunity=admin 192.168.1.1	NSE script with arguments

Useful NSE Script Examples

<u>Command</u>	<u>Description</u>
nmap -Pn --script=http-sitemap-generator scanme.nmap.org	http site map generator
nmap -n -Pn -p 80 --open -sV -vv --script banner,http-title -iR 1000	Fast search for random web servers
nmap -Pn --script=dns-brute domain.com	Brute forces DNS hostnames guessing subdomains
nmap -n -Pn -vv -O -sV --script smb-enum*,smb-ls,smb-mbenum,smb-os-discovery,smb-s*,smb-vuln*,smbv2* -vv 192.168.1.1	Safe SMB scripts to run
nmap --script whois* domain.com	Whois query
nmap -p80 --script http-unsafe-output-escaping scanme.nmap.org	Detect cross site scripting vulnerabilities
nmap -p80 --script http-sql-injection scanme.nmap.org	Check for SQL injections

Firewall / IDS Evasion and Spoofing

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-f	nmap 192.168.1.1 -f	Requested scan (including ping scans) use tiny fragmented IP packets. Harder for packet filters
--mtu	nmap 192.168.1.1 --mtu 32	Set your own offset size
-D	nmap -D 192.168.1.101,192.168.1.102,192.168.1.103,192.168.1.23 192.168.1.1	Send scans from spoofed IPs

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-D	nmap -D decoy-ip1,decoy-ip2,your-own-ip,decoy-ip3,decoy-ip4 remote-host-ip	Above example explained
-S	nmap -S www.microsoft.com www.facebook.com	Scan Facebook from Microsoft (-e eth0 -Pn may be required)
-g	nmap -g 53 192.168.1.1	Use given source port number
--proxies	nmap --proxies http://192.168.1.1:8080, http://192.168.1.2:8080 192.168.1.1	Relay connections through HTTP/SOCKS4 proxies
--data-length	nmap --data-length 200 192.168.1.1	Appends random data to sent packets

Example IDS Evasion command

```
nmap -f -t 0 -n -Pn --data-length 200 -D
```

```
192.168.1.101,192.168.1.102,192.168.1.103,192.168.1.23 192.168.1.1
```

Output

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-oN	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oN normal.file	Normal output to the file normal.file
-oX	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oX xml.file	XML output to the file xml.file
-oG	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oG grep.file	Grepable output to the file grep.file
-oA	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oA results	Output in the three major formats at once
-oG -	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oG -	Grepable output to screen. -oN -, -oX - also usable
--append-output	nmap 192.168.1.1 -oN file.file --append-output	Append a scan to a previous scan file
-v	nmap 192.168.1.1 -v	Increase the verbosity level (use -vv or more for greater effect)
-d	nmap 192.168.1.1 -d	Increase debugging level (use -dd or more for greater effect)

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
--reason	nmap 192.168.1.1 --reason	Display the reason a port is in a particular state, same output as -vv
--open	nmap 192.168.1.1 --open	Only show open (or possibly open) ports
--packet-trace	nmap 192.168.1.1 -T4 --packet-trace	Show all packets sent and received
--iflist	nmap --iflist	Shows the host interfaces and routes
--resume	nmap --resume results.file	Resume a scan

Helpful Nmap Output examples

<u>Command</u>	<u>Description</u>
nmap -p80 -sV -oG - --open 192.168.1.1/24 grep open	Scan for web servers and grep to show which IPs are running web servers
nmap -iR 10 -n -oX out.xml grep "Nmap" cut -d " " -f5 > live-hosts.txt	Generate a list of the IPs of live hosts
nmap -iR 10 -n -oX out2.xml grep "Nmap" cut -d " " -f5 >> live-hosts.txt	Append IP to the list of live hosts
ndiff scan1.xml scan2.xml	Compare output from nmap using the ndif
xsltproc nmap.xml -o nmap.html	Convert nmap xml files to html files
grep " open " results.nmap sed -r 's/ +/\n/g' sort uniq -c sort -rn less	Reverse sorted list of how often ports turn up

Miscellaneous Options

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-6	nmap -6 2607:f0d0:1002:51::4	Enable IPv6 scanning
-h	nmap -h	nmap help screen

Other Useful Nmap Commands

Command

Description

<code>nmap -iR 10 -PS22-25,80,113,1050,35000 -v -sn</code>	Discovery only on ports x, no port scan
<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-1/24 -PR -sn -vv</code>	Arp discovery only on local network, no port scan
<code>nmap -iR 10 -sn -traceroute</code>	Traceroute to random targets, no port scan
<code>nmap 192.168.1.1-50 -sL --dns-server 192.168.1.1</code>	Query the Internal DNS for hosts, list targets only



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About Nathan House



Nathan House is the founder and CEO of Station X a cyber security training and consultancy company. He has over 24 years experience in cyber security where he has advised some of largest companies in the world, assuring security on multi-million and multi-billion pound projects.

Nathan is the author of the popular "The Complete Cyber Security Course" which has been taken by over 100,000 students in 175 countries.

Over the years he has spoken at a number of security conferences, developed free security tools, and discovered serious security vulnerabilities in leading applications.

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