Introduction to R for Biologists

Day 3 – Data transformation with dplyr

Tidy data

Three rules:

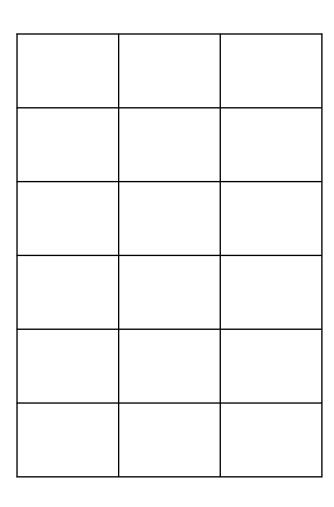
- 1. Each variable forms a column
- Each observation forms a row
- 3. Each type of observational unit forms a table

Working with tidy data in R: tidyverse

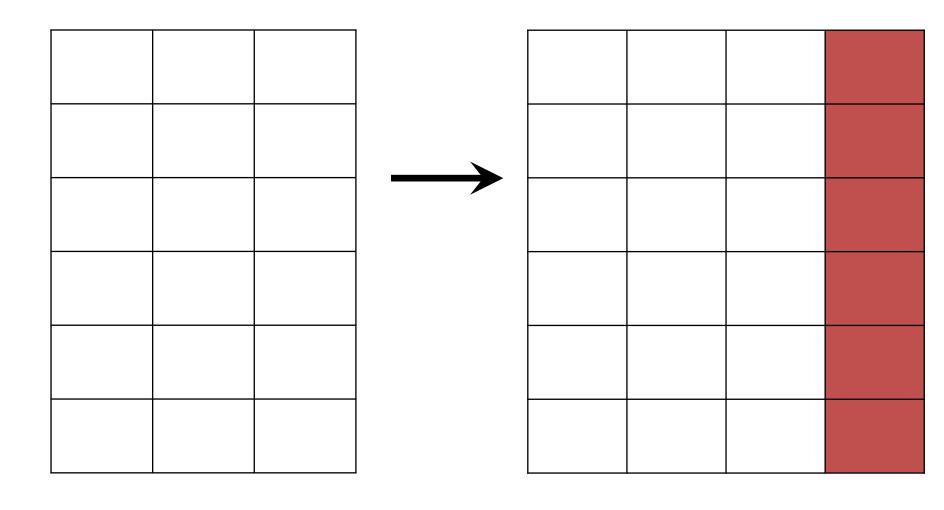
Fundamental actions on data tables:

- make new columns mutate()
- combine tables, adding columns left join()
- combine tables, adding rows bind rows ()
- choose rows filter()
- choose columns select()
- arrange rows arrange()
- calculate summary statistics summarize()
- work on groups of data group by ()

mutate(): make new columns



mutate(): make new columns



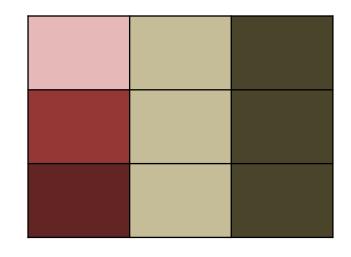
Make new column with ratio of Sepal. Length to Sepal. Width

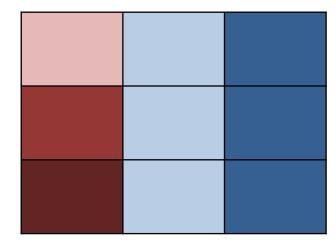
```
> mutate(iris, sepal_length_to_width = Sepal.Length/Sepal.Width)
```

Make new column with ratio of Sepal.Length to Sepal.Width

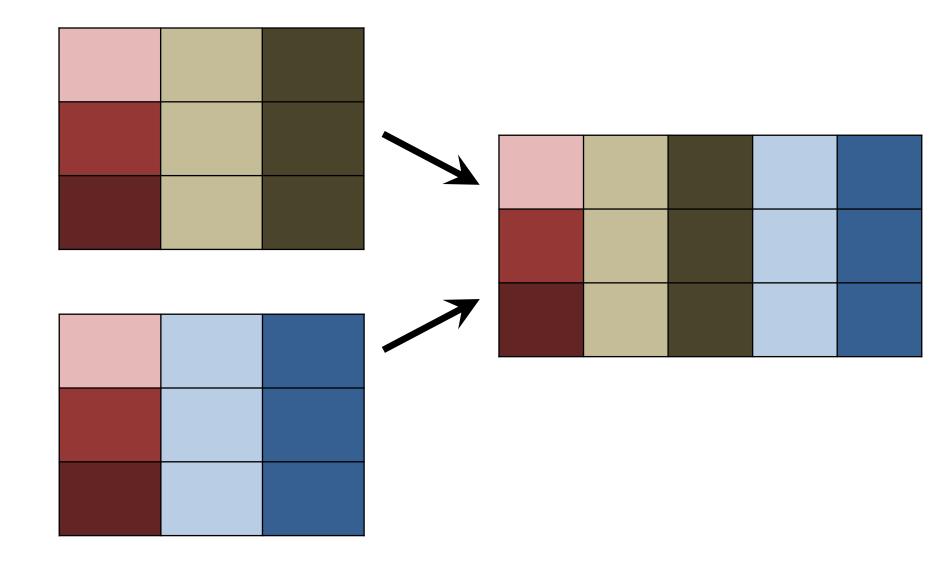
> mutate(iris, sepal_length_to_width = Sepal.Length/Sepal.Width)						
	Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species	sepal_length_to_width
1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa	1.457143
2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa	1.633333
3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa	1.468750
4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa	1.483871
5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa	1.388889
6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa	1.384615
7	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa	1.352941
8	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa	1.470588
9	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa	1.517241
10	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa	1.580645
11	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa	1.459459
12	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa	1.411765
13	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa	1.600000
14	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa	1.433333
15	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	setosa	1.450000
16	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	setosa	1.295455
17	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	setosa	1.384615
18	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	setosa	1.457143
19	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	setosa	1.500000
20	5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	setosa	1.342105

left_join(): combine two tables

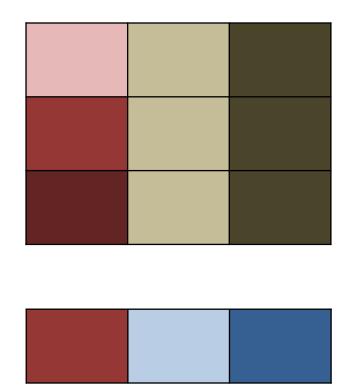




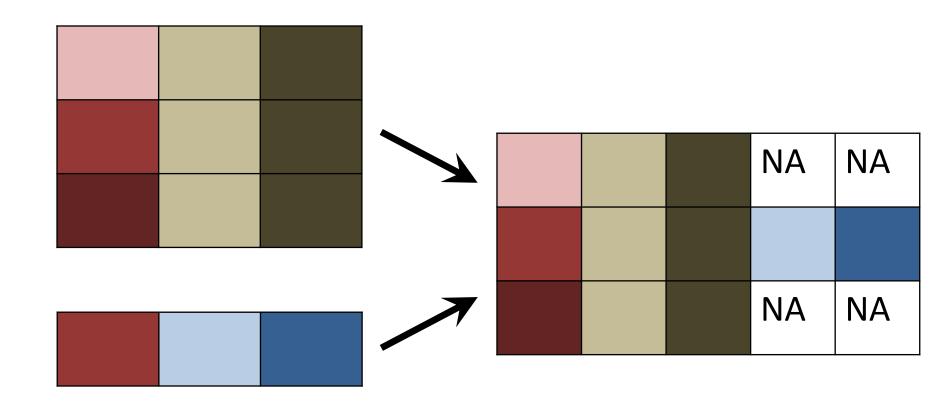
left_join(): combine two tables



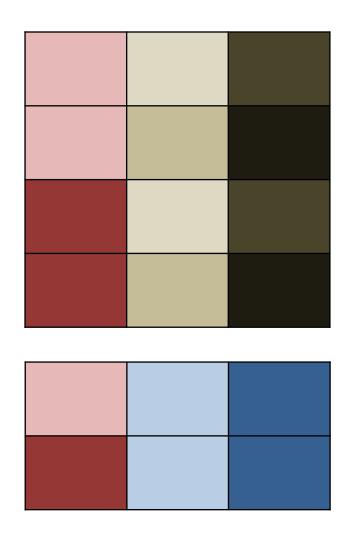
left_join(): missing values in 2nd table are set to NA



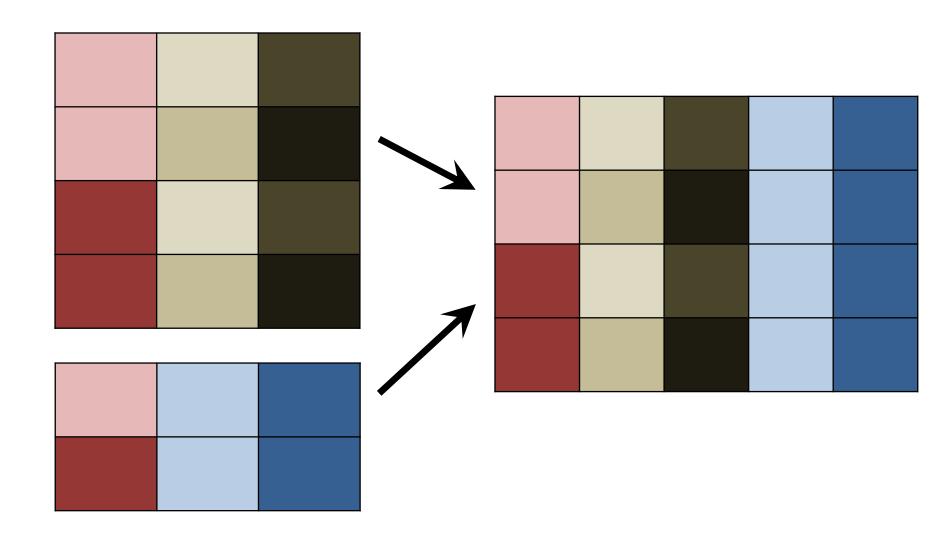
left_join(): missing values in 2nd table are set to NA



left_join(): values from 2nd table are duplicated where necessary



left_join(): values from 2nd table are duplicated where necessary



Let's extract two tables from msleep:

Let's extract two tables from msleep:

```
> order table <- select(msleep, name, order)</pre>
> order table
                                                order
                               name
                            Cheetah
                                           Carnivora
2
                                            Primates
                         Owl monkey
3
                   Mountain beaver
                                            Rodentia
       Greater short-tailed shrew
                                        Soricomorpha
5
                                        Artiodactyla
                                Cow
6
                  Three-toed sloth
                                               Pilosa
                 Northern fur seal
                                           Carnivora
8
                       Vesper mouse
                                            Rodentia
9
                                           Carnivora
                                Dog
10
                           Roe deer
                                        Artiodactyla
```

Let's extract two tables from msleep:

```
> awake table <- select(msleep, name, awake)</pre>
> awake table
                               name awake
                           Cheetah 11.90
2
                        Owl monkey 7.00
3
                   Mountain beaver 9.60
       Greater short-tailed shrew 9.10
5
                                Cow 20.00
6
                  Three-toed sloth 9.60
                 Northern fur seal 15.30
8
                      Vesper mouse 17.00
                                Dog 13.90
10
                          Roe deer 21.00
```

And put them back together:

```
> left_join(order_table, awake_table)
```

And put them back together:

```
> left join(order table, awake table)
Joining by: "name"
                                             order awake
                              name
                           Cheetah
                                        Carnivora 11.90
                       Owl monkey
                                          Primates 7.00
3
                  Mountain beaver
                                          Rodentia 9.60
                                      Soricomorpha 9.10
       Greater short-tailed shrew
5
                                      Artiodactyla 20.00
                               Cow
                 Three-toed sloth
                                            Pilosa 9.60
                Northern fur seal
                                         Carnivora 15.30
8
                     Vesper mouse
                                         Rodentia 17.00
9
                                         Carnivora 13.90
                               Dog
10
                         Roe deer
                                      Artiodactyla 21.00
```

Several different join functions are available

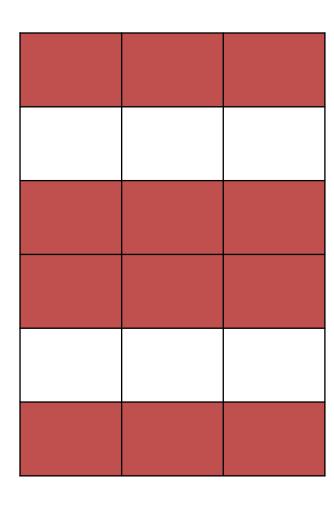
- left join()
- right join()
- inner join()
- semi join()
- full_join()
- anti join()

Working with tidy data in R: tidyverse

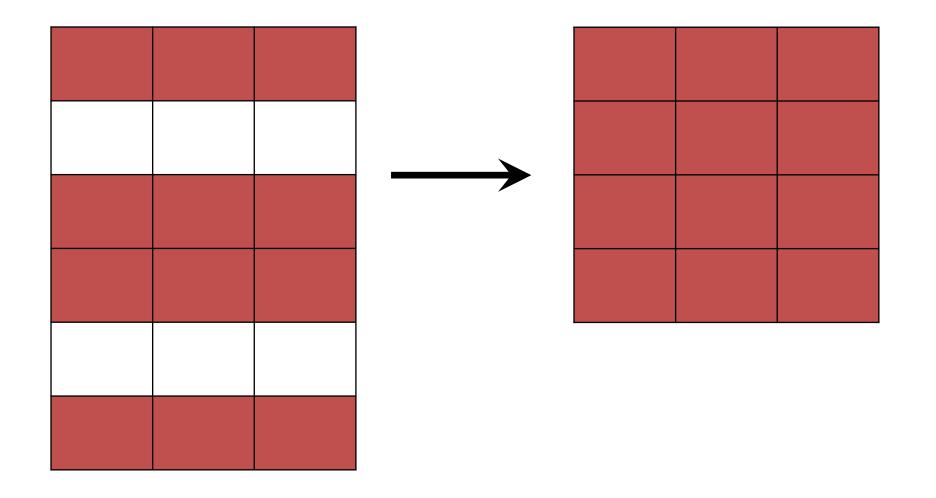
Fundamental actions on data tables:

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filter():pickrows



filter():pickrows



Choose rows with Sepal.Width > 4

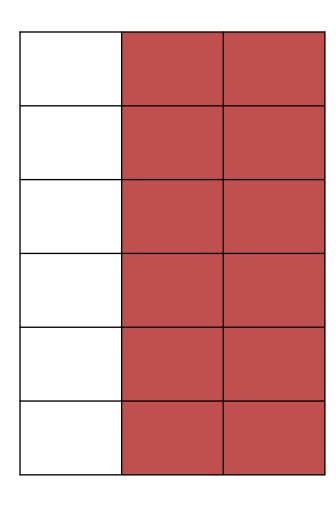
```
> filter(iris, Sepal.Width > 4)
```

Choose rows with Sepal.Width > 4

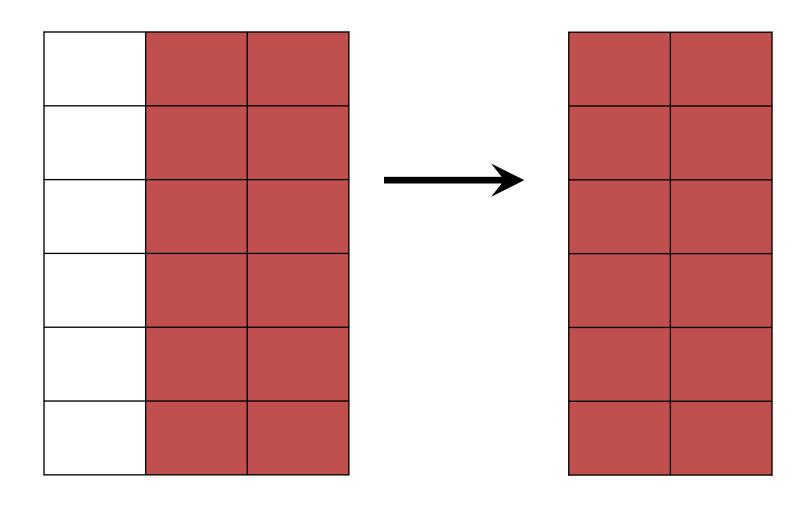
```
> filter(iris, Sepal.Width > 4)
 Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
         5.7
                                          0.4
1
                    4.4
                               1.5
                                              setosa
         5.2
                  4.1
                               1.5
                                          0.1 setosa
3
                  4.2
         5.5
                               1.4
                                      0.2 setosa
```

select(): pick columns

select(): pick columns



select(): pick columns



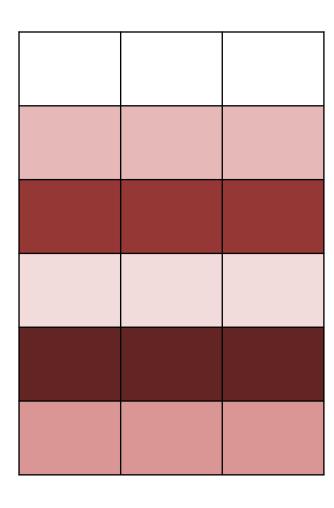
Choose the two columns Species and Sepal.Width

> select(iris, Species, Sepal.Width)

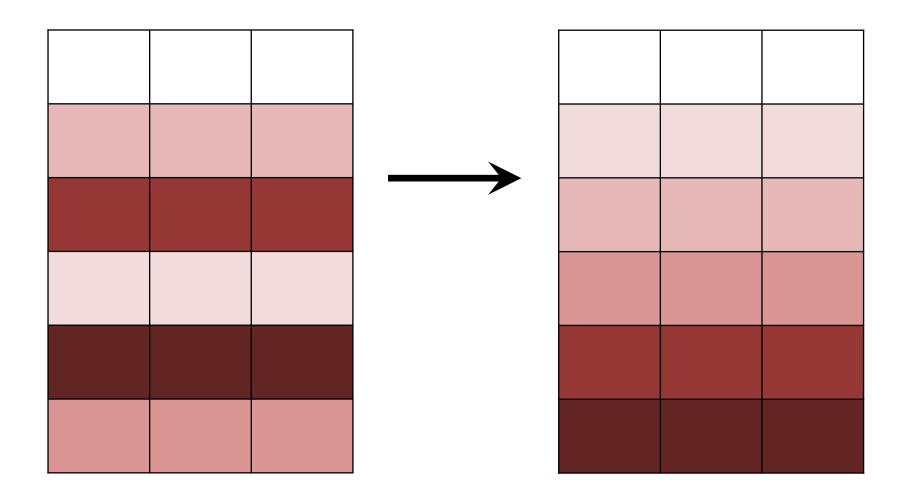
Choose the two columns Species and Sepal.Width

```
> select(iris, Species, Sepal.Width)
       Species Sepal.Width
1
         setosa
                          3.5
                          3.0
         setosa
3
                         3.2
         setosa
                         3.1
4
         setosa
                         3.6
5
         setosa
6
                          3.9
         setosa
                          3.4
         setosa
8
                          3.4
         setosa
                         2.9
9
         setosa
                          3.1
10
         setosa
11
         setosa
                          3.7
12
                          3.4
         setosa
13
                          3.0
         setosa
14
                          3.0
         setosa
```

arrange (): change row order



arrange(): change row order



Sort by increasing order of Sepal.Width

> arrange(iris, Sepal.Width)

Sort by increasing order of Sepal.Width

>	arrange(iris, Sepal.Width)	arrange(iris,			
	Sepal.Length Sepal.Width	Sepal.Length	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
1	5.0 2.0	5.0	3.5	1.0	versicolor
2	6.0 2.2	6.0	4.0	1.0	versicolor
3	6.2 2.2	6.2	4.5	1.5	versicolor
4	6.0 2.2	6.0	5.0	1.5	virginica
5	4.5 2.3	4.5	1.3	0.3	setosa
6	5.5 2.3	5.5	4.0	1.3	versicolor
7	6.3 2.3	6.3	4.4	1.3	versicolor
8	5.0 2.3	5.0	3.3	1.0	versicolor
9	4.9 2.4	4.9	3.3	1.0	versicolor
10	5.5 2.4	5.5	3.8	1.1	versicolor
11	5.5 2.4	L 5.5	3.7	1.0	versicolor
12	5.6 2.5	5.6	3.9	1.1	versicolor
13	6.3 2.5	6.3	4.9	1.5	versicolor
14	5.5 2.5	5.5	4.0	1.3	versicolor

Sort by decreasing order of Sepal.Length

```
> arrange(iris, desc(Sepal.Length))
```

Sort by decreasing order of Sepal.Length

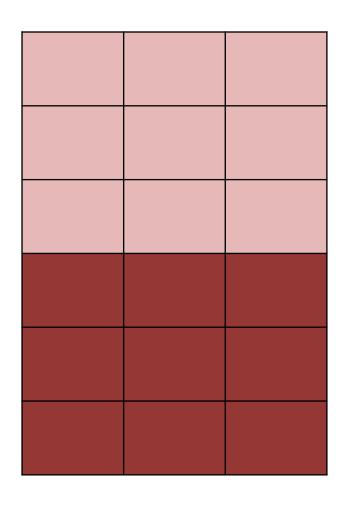
> arrange(iris, desc(Sepal.Length))					
	Sepal.Length Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species	
1	7.9 3.8	6.4	2.0	virginica	
2	7.7 3.8	6.7	2.2	virginica	
3	7.7 2.6	6.9	2.3	virginica	
4	7.7 2.8	6.7	2.0	virginica	
5	7.7 3.0	6.1	2.3	virginica	
6	7.6 3.0	6.6	2.1	virginica	
7	7.4 2.8	6.1	1.9	virginica	
8	7.3 2.9	6.3	1.8	virginica	
9	7.2 3.6	6.1	2.5	virginica	
10	7.2 3.2	6.0	1.8	virginica	
11	7.2 3.0	5.8	1.6	virginica	
12	7.1 3.0	5.9	2.1	virginica	
13	7.0 3.2	4.7	1.4	versicolor	
14	6.9 3.1	4.9	1.5	versicolor	

Working with tidy data in R: tidyverse

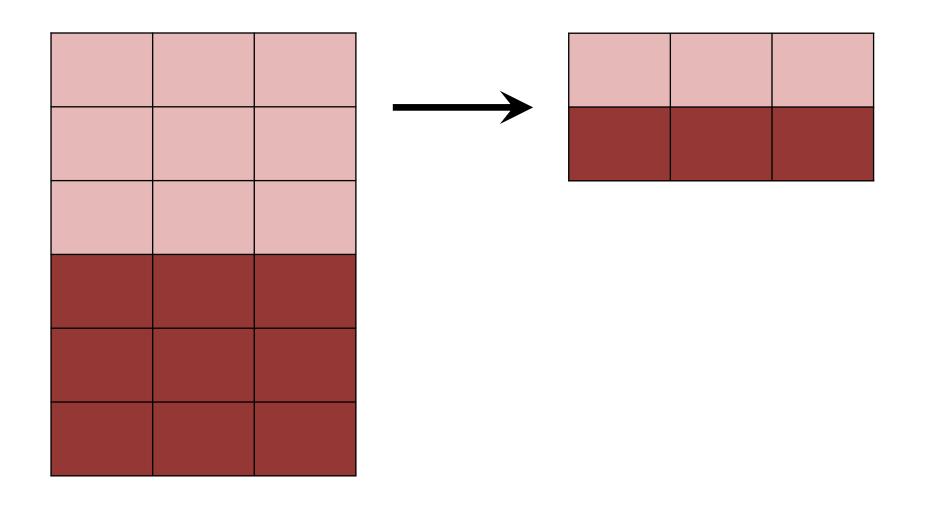
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summarize(): collapse multiple rows



summarize(): collapse multiple rows

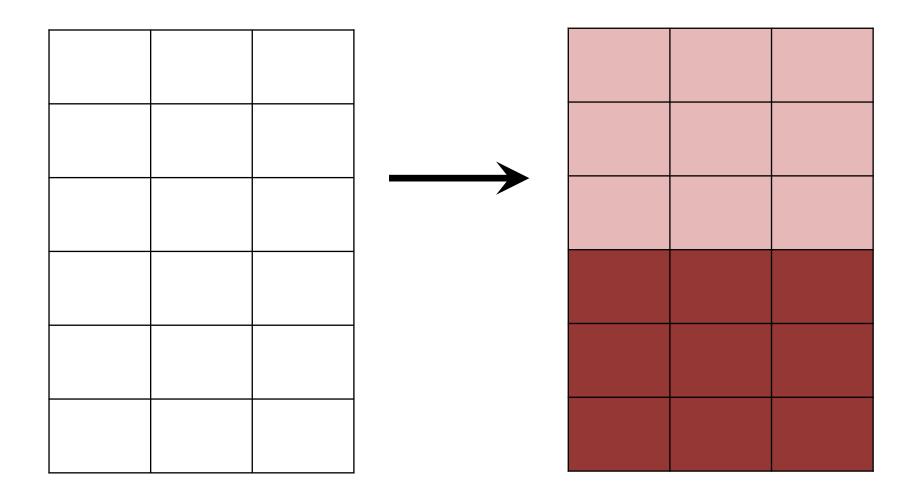


Calculate mean and standard deviation of Sepal.Length

Calculate mean and standard deviation of Sepal.Length

group_by():set up groupings

group_by(): set up groupings



Calculate mean and standard deviation of Sepal.Length, grouped by Species

Calculate mean and standard deviation of Sepal.Length, grouped by Species

```
msleep %>%
  filter(vore == "herbi")
```

```
msleep %>%
  filter(vore == "herbi") %>%
  group_by(order)
```

```
msleep %>%
  filter(vore == "herbi") %>%
  group_by(order) %>%
  summarize(count = n())
```

```
msleep %>%
  filter(vore == "herbi") %>%
  group_by(order) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(count))
```

```
msleep %>%
  filter(vore == "herbi") %>%
 group by(order) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
 arrange(desc(count))
          order count
       Rodentia 16
   Artiodactyla
 Perissodactyla
     Hyracoidea
    Proboscidea
  Diprotodontia
     Lagomorpha
8
         Pilosa
       Primates
```

```
msleep %>%
  group_by(order)
```

```
msleep %>%
  group_by(order) %>%
  summarize(med_awake = median(awake))
```

```
msleep %>%
  group_by(order) %>%
  summarize(med_awake = median(awake)) %>%
  arrange(med_awake)
```

```
msleep %>%
 group by (order) %>%
 summarize(med awake = median(awake)) %>%
 arrange(med awake)
           order med awake
       Chiroptera
                 4.20
  Didelphimorphia 5.30
        Cinqulata 6.25
     Afrosoricida 8.40
5
          Pilosa 9.60
6
         Rodentia 11.10
    Diprotodontia 11.60
     Soricomorpha 13.70
8
        Carnivora 13.75
9
                    13.80
10
   Erinaceomorpha
```