



Verified Tweets

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Research Question

Can we use a Twitter user's tweets to predict whether their account is verified or not?

Why be verified in the first place?

- ◎ Credibility
 - Trust matters in the media
- ◎ Added security
- ◎ Shows you are one of the top in your field
 - You have public interest

The Problem

- ◎ Misinformation is a prominent part of everyday news
 - 23% of adults have shared fake news
 - Studies show people cannot decipher truthful information and propaganda
 - Respondents believed the fake headlines were “somewhat” or “very” accurate 75% of the time.
- ◎ Fake Twitter accounts get confused with real ones very easily

Let's compare...



Donald J. Trump
@realDonaldTrump

Angelina was right to dump Brad. He is a loser. Delusional like Benjamin Button.

← Reply ↻ Retweet ★ Favorite **Her**



Donald J. Trump
@realDonaldTrump

I have never seen a thin person drinking Diet Coke

← Reply ↻ Retweet ★ Favorite **Her**

...which one is real?

What we did

- Made our own twitter dataset
- Built 4 predictive models on it
 - ◆ Baseline
 - ◆ Naive Bayes
 - ◆ Perceptron
 - ◆ CNN
 - Features: Word2Vec trained on Twitter

The Data

Collected 2-10 tweets from **1,000 verified** twitter users and **1,000 unverified** twitter users

Non-Verified User Selection

Pulled 5,000 most recent followers of the 10 most followed accounts, selected 1,000 randomly from this pool

Verified User Selection

The twitter account @verified follows all verified accounts. Pulled random followers from this account until we reached 1,000

A decorative network diagram in the top-left corner, featuring a complex web of interconnected nodes and lines. The nodes are represented by small circles, some of which are larger and have concentric circles, suggesting different levels of connectivity or importance. The lines are thin and gray, creating a mesh-like structure.

Our Results

A decorative network diagram in the bottom-right corner, similar to the one in the top-left. It shows a cluster of nodes connected by lines, with some nodes being larger and more prominent than others. The overall style is clean and modern, using a light gray color scheme.

Baseline

- Counts the number of each word in the training set in both unverified and verified tweets.
- Observes whether that word was found more often in verified or unverified tweets.
- Add 1 to the 'value' of that tweet for each word that was found more often in verified tweets or subtract 1 if found more often in unverified tweets.
- 5 trials: 0.670, 0.663, 0.659, 0.651, 0.691
- Avg accuracy = 66.7%

Naive Bayes

- 5 trials: 0.646, 0.663, 0.714, 0.686, 0.708
- Avg accuracy = 68.3% accuracy

Perceptron

- 5 trials & 10 iterations: 0.773, 0.766, 0.777, 0.769, 0.779
- Avg accuracy = 77.3% accuracy

CNN

- 5 trials: 0.741, 0.735, 0.718, 0.735, 0.736
- Avg accuracy = 73.3% accuracy



What This Means

Proof of concept

- Tying **credibility to word usage**
 - ◆ Right now credibility is clearly signified by Twitter's verified stamp, but our results suggest it's possible that credibility information is also contained in the content of tweets
- Shows the kind of information we are able to extract from tweets
 - ◆ This research can be used as a **starting point** for more in-depth research

Model enhancements / possible future uses

- Overall Validity Prediction
 - ◆ A company account that's unverified, but still the **official company account**
 - ◆ Unverified police departments tweeting about the Jersey shooting on Tuesday
 - program to verify if they are the **actual police** department or a **fake**

A decorative network diagram in the top-left corner, featuring a complex web of interconnected nodes and lines. Some nodes are highlighted with blue circles, and others with blue dots. The diagram is rendered in a light gray color.

Questions?

A decorative network diagram in the bottom-right corner, featuring a complex web of interconnected nodes and lines. Some nodes are highlighted with blue circles, and others with blue dots. The diagram is rendered in a light gray color.

Works Cited

- <https://www.forbes.com/sites/brettedkins/2016/12/20/americans-believe-they-can-detect-fake-news-studies-show-they-cant/#2b8716b34022>
- <https://www.forbes.com/sites/tomward/2017/04/14/how-i-got-verified-on-twitter-and-how-you-can-too/#1edd84086493>
- <https://journalistsresource.org/studies/society/internet/fake-news-conspiracy-theories-journalism-research/>
- <https://help.twitter.com/en/managing-your-account/about-twitter-verified-accounts>
- Link to our GitHub repo: <https://github.com/brAlnPower2/twitterverification>