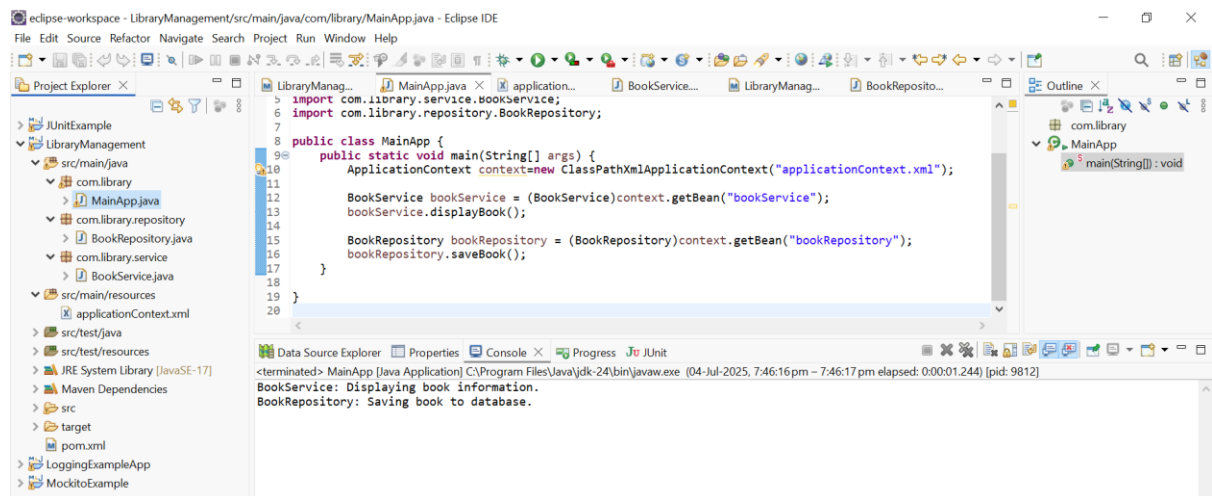
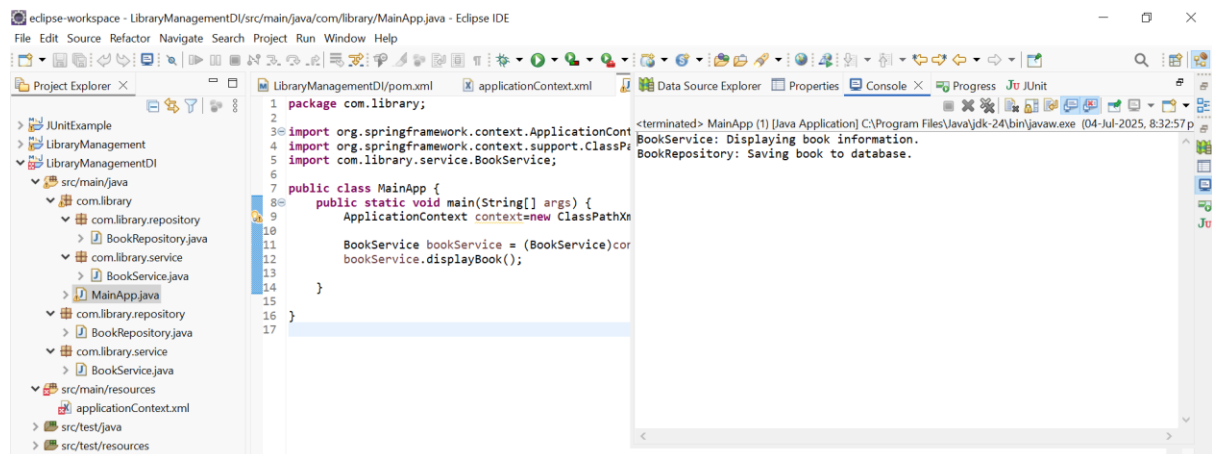


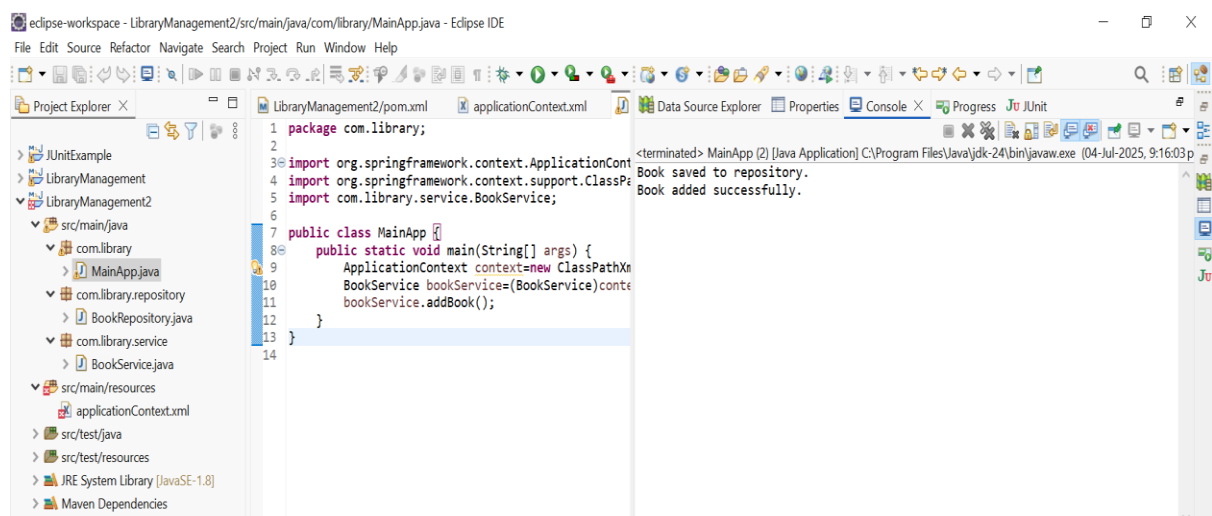
Exercise 1: Configuring a Basic Spring Application



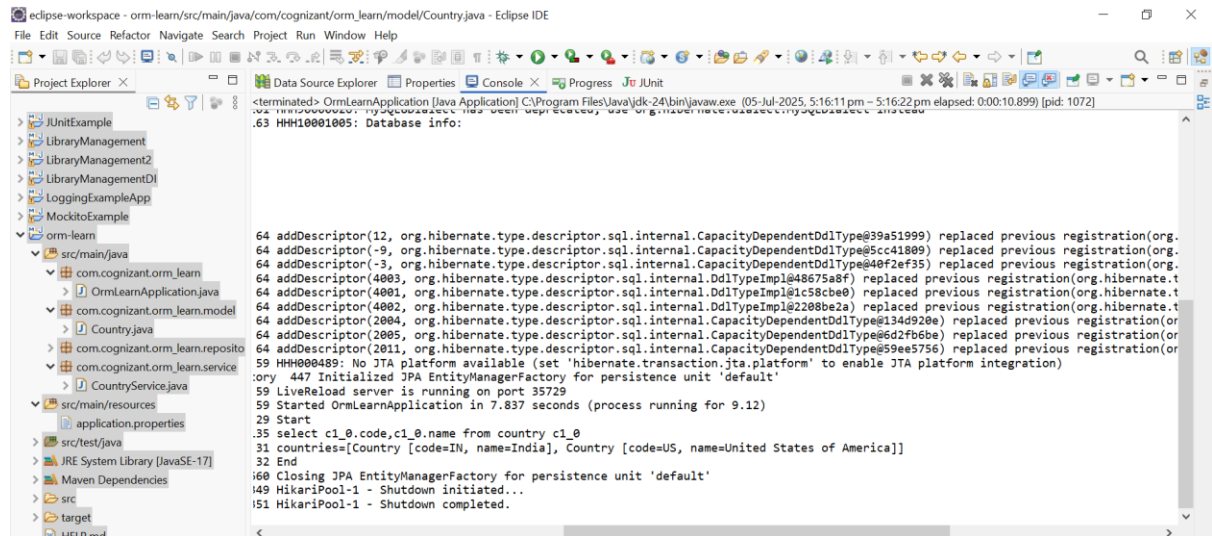
Exercise 2: Implementing Dependency Injection



Exercise 4: Creating and Configuring a Maven Project

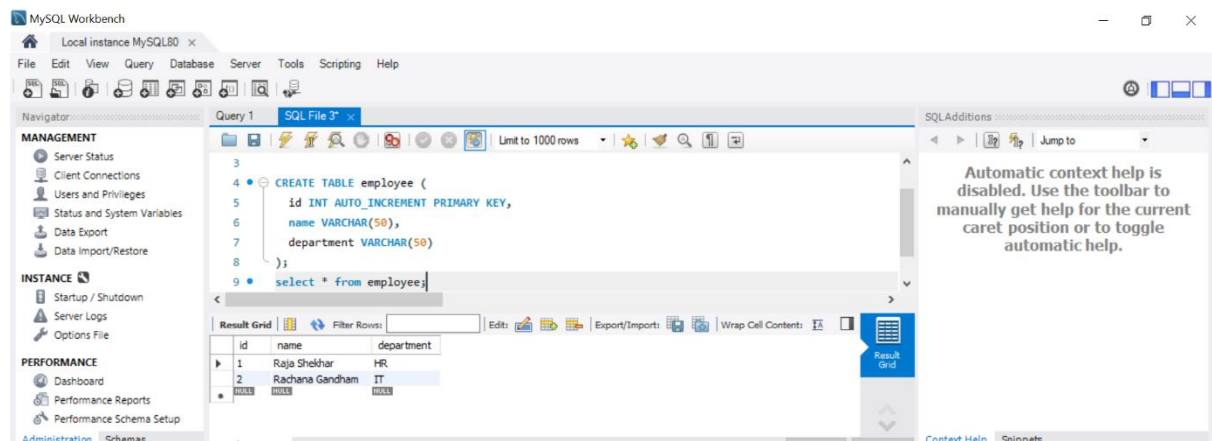
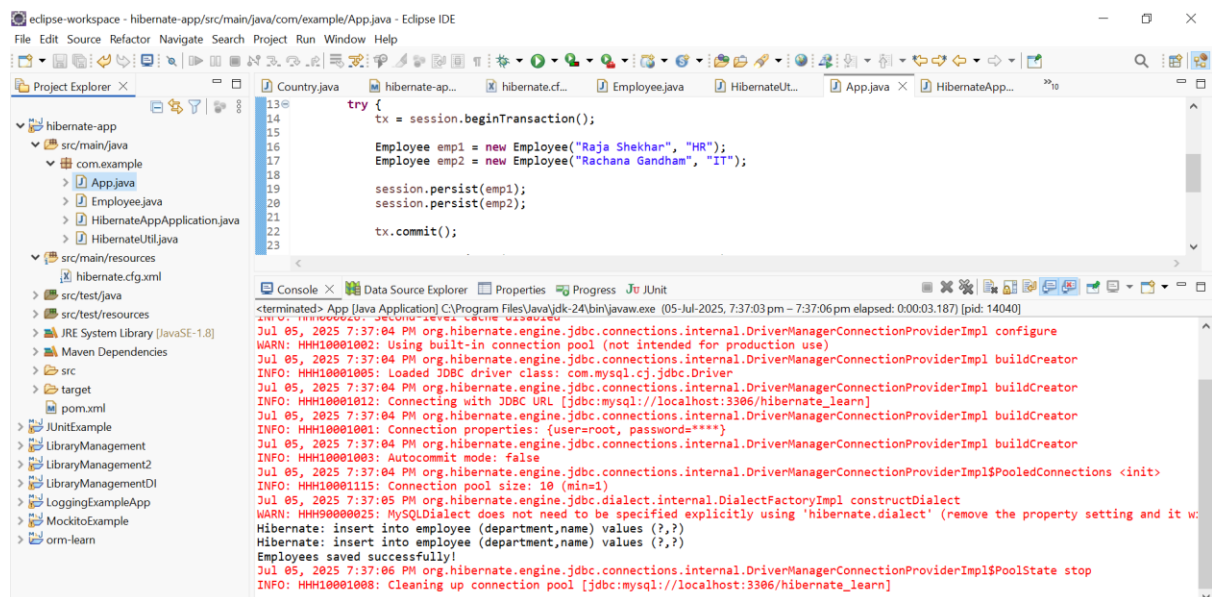


Spring Data JPA - Quick Example

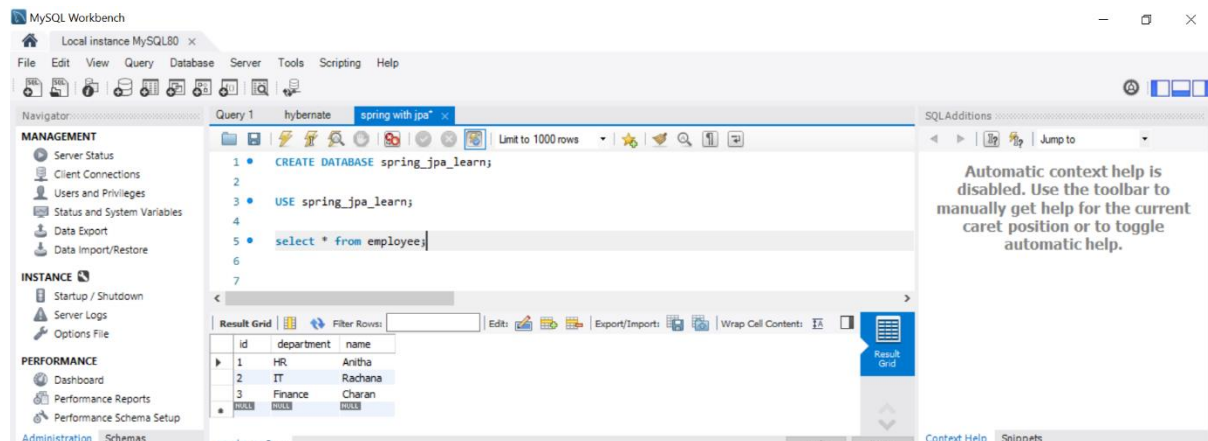
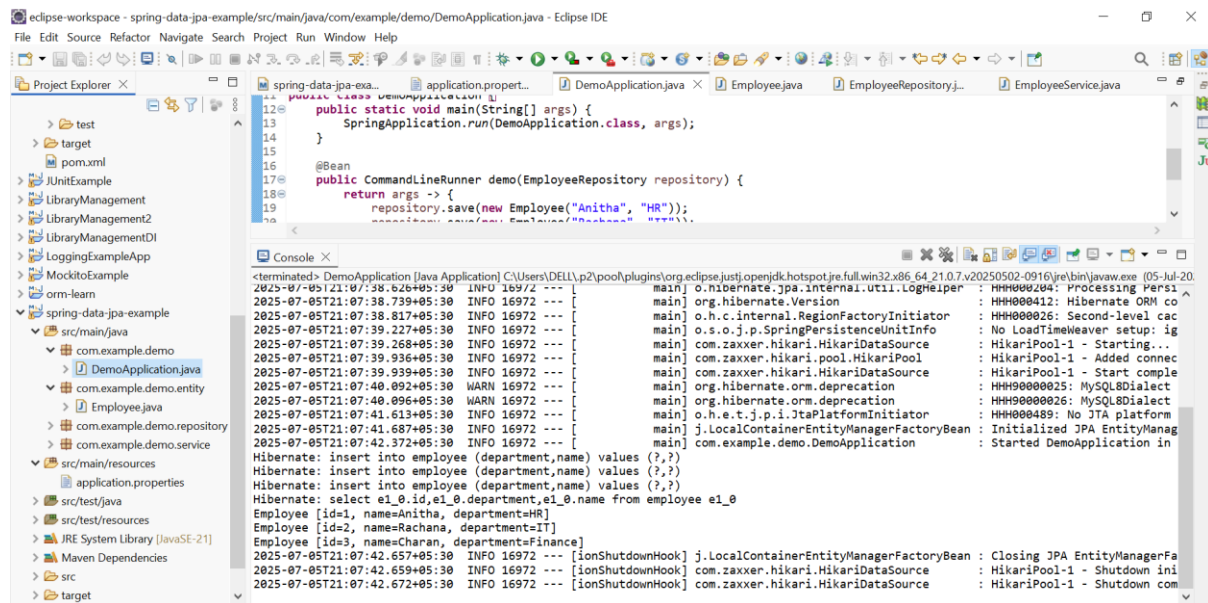


Difference between JPA, Hibernate and Spring Data JPA

Hibernate



Spring Data JPA



Java Persistence API (JPA)

- **What it is:**
JPA is a specification (defined by JSR 338) for mapping Java objects to relational database tables and managing persistent data.
- **Key point:**
It is just an interface/standard, and does not provide its own implementation.
- **Usage:**
You still need a JPA provider (like Hibernate, EclipseLink, etc.) to actually perform the persistence operations.
- **Features:**
Defines standard annotations (`@Entity`, `@Id`, etc.) and APIs for CRUD, querying (JPQL), and transaction management.

Hibernate

- **What it is:**
Hibernate is a framework (ORM tool) and a JPA implementation.

- **Key point:**
It provides the actual implementation of the JPA specification, with additional proprietary features.
- **Usage:**
You write code using JPA (or Hibernate-specific) APIs, and Hibernate translates it into SQL queries and manages database interactions.
- **Features:**
 - Implements JPA.
 - Adds advanced features like caching, lazy/eager loading, batch fetching, criteria API, etc.
 - Requires more boilerplate code than Spring Data JPA.

Spring Data JPA

- **What it is:**
Spring Data JPA is a Spring project that builds on top of JPA (and its implementation, like Hibernate).
- **Key point:**
It is not a JPA implementation, but a higher-level abstraction that reduces boilerplate code and simplifies repository and query creation.
- **Usage:**
You define interfaces that extend `JpaRepository` or `CrudRepository`, and Spring auto-generates implementations at runtime.
- **Features:**
 - Automatically implements CRUD methods.
 - Supports query derivation from method names (`findByName`, `deleteById`, etc.).
 - Manages transactions and sessions for you.
 - Greatly reduces the amount of boilerplate code compared to plain Hibernate.