# 17: Crafting Reports

# Environmental Data Analytics | Kateri Salk

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#### LESSON OBJECTIVES

- 1. Describe the purpose of using R Markdown as a communication and workflow tool
- 2. Incorporate Markdown syntax into documents
- 3. Communicate the process and findings of an analysis session in the style of a report

#### BASIC R MARKDOWN DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

- 1. YAML Header surrounded by on top and bottom
  - YAML templates include options for html, pdf, word, markdown, and interactive
  - More information on formatting the YAML header can be found in the cheat sheet
- 2. R Code Chunks surrounded by "on top and bottom + Create usingCmd/Ctrl+Alt+I'
  - Can be named {r name} to facilitate navigation and autoreferencing
  - Chunk options allow for flexibility when the code runs and when the document is knitted

# Create this R chunk easily by typing: command, option, I

3. Text with formatting options for readability in knitted document

A handy cheat sheet for R markdown can be found here. Another one can be found here.

# WHY R MARKDOWN?

<Fill in our discussion below with bullet points. Use italics and bold for emphasis (hint: use the cheat sheets to figure out how to make bold and italic text).>

- Note: instructions written with <> should not appear in knitted PDF
- italic
- bold
- An R markdown file allows you to incorporate figures, tables, and text all in the same file
- Additionally, this format allows for you to *provide comments* on your code and output so that collaborators can easily understand what you've done and reproduce analyses
- Can easily display the code, output, and accompanying written material in a PDF format

#### TEXT EDITING CHALLENGE

Create a table below that details the example datasets we have been using in class. The first column should contain the names of the datasets and the second column should include some relevant information about the datasets. (Hint: use the cheat sheets to figure out how to make a table in Rmd)

Dataset Name	Relevant Dataset Information
EPA Air pollutants measurement	Provides measurements in Ozone and PM

Dataset Name	Relevant Dataset Information
EXOTOX	Provides data from studies on several neonicotinoids and their effects on mortality of various organisms

• Kateri prefers to use the kable function to make tables, this is sometimes glitchy

#### R CHUNK EDITING CHALLENGE

## Installing packages

Create an R chunk below that installs the package knitr. Instead of commenting out the code, customize the chunk options such that the code is not evaluated (i.e., not run).

## Setup

Create an R chunk below called "setup" that checks your working directory, loads the packages tidyverse and knitr, and sets a ggplot theme. Remember that you need to disable R throwing a message, which containts a check mark that cannot be knitted.

Load the NTL-LTER\_Lake\_Nutrients\_Raw dataset, display the head of the dataset, and set the date column to a date format.

Customize the chunk options such that the code is run but is not displayed in the final document.

#### getwd()

```
## [1] "/Users/rachelgonsenhauser/Documents/Environmental_Data_Analytics_2020"
```

```
##
    lakeid lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth_id depth tn_ug tp_ug nh34 no23
## 1
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                    1
                                                      0.00
                                                             538
                                                                    25
                                                                         NA
                                                                              NA
## 2
                                                    2 0.85
                                                             285
                                                                         NA
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                                    14
                                                                              NA
## 3
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                    3 1.75
                                                             399
                                                                    14
                                                                         NA
                                                                              NΑ
## 4
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                    4
                                                      3.00
                                                              453
                                                                    14
                                                                         NA
                                                                              NA
## 5
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                    5 4.00
                                                              363
                                                                    13
                                                                         NA
                                                                              NA
## 6
         L Paul Lake 1991
                              140
                                     5/20/91
                                                    6 6.00
                                                             583
                                                                     37
                                                                         NA
                                                                              NA
    po4 comments
##
## 1
     NA
## 2
     NA
## 3 NA
## 4
     NA
## 5
     NA
## 6 NA
```

```
Nutrients.raw$sampledate <- as.Date(Nutrients.raw$sampledate, format = "%m/%d/%y") class(Nutrients.raw$sampledate)
```

#### Data Exploration, Wrangling, and Visualization

Create an R chunk below to create a processed dataset do the following operations:

- Include all columns except lakeid, depth\_id, and comments
- Include only surface samples (depth = 0 m)

```
Nutrients.processed <-
Nutrients.raw %>%
select(lakename:sampledate, depth:po4) %>%
filter(depth == 0)

#could also code like this to exlucde rows we don't want
#Nutrients.processed <-
#Nutrients.raw %>%
#select(-lakeid,-depth_id,-comments) %>%
#filter(depth == 0)
```

Create a second R chunk to create a summary dataset with the mean, minimum, maximum, and standard deviation of total nitrogen concentrations for each lake. Create a second summary dataset that is identical except that it evaluates total phosphorus. Customize the chunk options such that the code is run but not displayed in the final document.

```
Nitrogen.summary <-
  Nutrients.processed %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  group_by(lakename) %>%
  summarize(meanTN = mean(tn ug),
            minTN = min(tn ug),
            maxTN = max(tn ug),
            sdTN = sd(tn_ug))
Phosphorous.summary <-
  Nutrients.processed %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  group_by(lakename) %>%
  summarize(meanTP = mean(tp_ug),
            minTP = min(tp_ug),
            maxTP = max(tp_ug),
            sdTP = sd(tp ug))
```

Create a third R chunk that uses the function kable in the knitr package to display two tables: one for the summary dataframe for total N and one for the summary dataframe of total P. Use the caption = " " code within that function to title your tables. Customize the chunk options such that the final table is displayed but not the code used to generate the table.

Create a fourth and fifth R chunk that generates two plots (one in each chunk): one for total N over time with different colors for each lake, and one with the same setup but for total P. Decide which geom option will be appropriate for your purpose, and select a color palette that is visually pleasing and accessible. Customize the chunk options such that the final figures are displayed but not the code used to generate the figures. In addition, customize the chunk options such that the figures are aligned on the left side of the page. Lastly, add a fig.cap chunk option to add a caption (title) to your plot that will display underneath the figure.

## Other options

What are the chunk options that will suppress the display of errors, warnings, and messages in the final document?

ANSWER: \* suppress display of warnings - warnings=FALSE \* suppress display of messages - messages=FALSE

## Communicating results

Write a paragraph describing your findings from the R coding challenge above. This should be geared toward an educated audience but one that is not necessarily familiar with the dataset. Then insert a horizontal rule below the paragraph. Below the horizontal rule, write another paragraph describing the next steps you might take in analyzing this dataset. What questions might you be able to answer, and what analyses would you conduct to answer those questions?

Total phosphorous concentrations experience a peak between 1996 and 1997, where East Long Lake has the highest concentrations among lakes compared. Total nitrogen also peaks around this same time, with East and West Long Lakes experiencing the highest concentrations.

Next steps for research might include gathering more data for other contaminants included in the dataset (such as NH3^4, NO2^3, and PO4). These variables have a lot of missing data, so gathering more data would allow us to compare concentrations of total nitrogen and phosphorous to the occurrence of these other chemical constituents. To analyze these occurrences, a multiple linear regression could be used to see if total nitrogen or phosphorous are predictors for the occurrence of other compounds, or vice versa.

#### KNIT YOUR PDF

When you have completed the above steps, try knitting your PDF to see if all of the formatting options you specified turned out as planned. This may take some troubleshooting.

#### OTHER R MARKDOWN CUSTOMIZATION OPTIONS

We have covered the basics in class today, but R Markdown offers many customization options. A word of caution: customizing templates will often require more interaction with LaTeX and installations on your computer, so be ready to troubleshoot issues.

Customization options for pdf output include:

- Table of contents
- Number sections
- Control default size of figures
- Citations
- Template (more info here)

pdf document:

toc: true

number\_sections: true

fig\_height: 3 fig\_width: 4

citation package: natbib

template: