**Report**

**1) Introduction/Business Problem**

Clearly define a problem or an idea of your choice, where you would need to leverage the Foursquare location data to solve or execute. Remember that data science problems always target an audience and are meant to help a group of stakeholders solve a problem, so make sure that you explicitly describe your audience and why they would care about your problem.

**This study is to help people who are planning to open a new restaurant in Toronto to choose the right location by providing data about the income and population of each neighbourhood and also the competitors who are already present on the same regions. Since there are lots of restaurants in Toronto we will try to detect locations that are not already crowded with restaurants. We would also prefer locations as close to city centre as possible, assuming that first two conditions are met. We will use our data science powers to generate a few most promising neighbourhoods based on this criteria. Advantages of each area will then be clearly expressed so that best possible final location can be chosen by stakeholders.**

**2) Downloading and Prepping Data**

Describe the data that you will be using to solve the problem or execute your idea. Remember that you will need to use the Foursquare location data to solve the problem or execute your idea. You can absolutely use other datasets in combination with the Foursquare location data. So make sure that you provide adequate explanation and discussion, with examples, of the data that you will be using, even if it is only Foursquare location data.

**To provide the stakeholders the necessary information I'll be combining Toronto's 2016 Census that contains Population, Average income per Neighbourhood with Toronto’s Neighbourhoods shapefile and Foursquare API to collect competitors on the same neighbourhoods.**

***Toronto's Census data is publicly available at this website:***[***https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/open-data/open-data-catalogue/#8c732154-5012-9afe-d0cd-ba3ffc813d5a***](https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/open-data/open-data-catalogue/#8c732154-5012-9afe-d0cd-ba3ffc813d5a)

***Toronto Neighbourhoods’ shapefile is publicly available at this website:***[***https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/open-data/open-data-catalogue/#a45bd45a-ede8-730e-1abc-93105b2c439f***](https://www.toronto.ca/city-government/data-research-maps/open-data/open-data-catalogue/#a45bd45a-ede8-730e-1abc-93105b2c439f)

**3) Methodology**

Methodology section which represents the main component of the report where you discuss and describe any exploratory data analysis that you did, any inferential statistical testing that you performed, and what machine learnings were used and why.

**For this report I used a few different maps that could help a new investor to decide the best neighbourhood to open a restaurant in Toronto based on its income, population and available competitors. In order to do that I've used the 2016 Census information combined with choropleth maps to visually display the wealthier and more populational neighbourhood’s and Foursquare data to display the current restaurants in each region.**

**4) Results**

Results section where you discuss the results.

***Comparing the maps we can notice the majority of the restaurants grouped on main streets and on the south of the city, although some of the wealthiest neighbourhood’s are up to the north. Also, the areas with a dense population don't reflect on the number of restaurants.***

**5) Discussion**

Discussion section where you discuss any observations you noted and any recommendations you can make based on the results.

***When I first decided to create this study I was expecting to find clusters of restaurants in certain regions and the final result didn't meet that expectation.***

**6) Conclusion**

Conclusion section where you conclude the report.

***This report may be helpful for someone planning on opening a restaurant in Toronto, by comparing the current offers and neighbourhood’s profiles, however it may not cover all variables such as access to public transportation or even the restaurants profiles, so it shall not be used as a single deciding making tool.***