Time calibrated pyhlogeny (incl. diagnostics)

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StarBEAST2 species trees file output Building the tree (Fig. 2)	
Set your working directory to the parent directory containing all of your MCMC analyses	
knitr::opts_knit\$set(root.dir = '')	
Call "treeio" and "ggtree" packages for reading and writing trees	
require(treeio) require(ggtree)	
Read in the summary tree	
hand the control hand (UCt DEACTO / commons the call)	

Rename taxa for displaying on tree

Call "ggplot2" for additional plotting capability

```
require(ggplot2)
```

Create time-calibrated phylogeny displaying age-estimation uncertainty and posterior estimates

```
tree <- ggtree(beast_tree) +
   coord_cartesian(clip = 'off') +
   geom_tiplab(aes(label = label2), size=3, offset = 1) +
   geom_nodelab(aes(x=x, label=round(posterior, 2)), hjust=1, vjust=-1.2, size=2) +
   geom_range("height_0.95_HPD", color = "grey", size = 2, alpha = 0.7) +
   theme_tree2(plot.margin=margin(6, 15, 6, 3)) +
   geom_cladelabel(node=43, label = "Clade I", offset = 5) +
   geom_cladelabel(node=69, label= "Clade II", offset = 5) +
   geom_cladelabel(node=53, label= "Clade III", offset = 5) +
   geom_cladelabel(node=56, label= "Clade IV", offset = 5)</pre>
```

Save it as a PDF

```
ggsave("Figures/Fig2.pdf", revts_tree, width = 12, height = 7)
```

StarBEAST2 log files output

Output from each independent run should be saved into its own subdirectory within the StarBEAST2 directory.

Reading in the data as mcmc objects

Read in your traces and make sure they are named correctly

Remove any parameters that are not involved with the species tree and give the remaining parameters sensible names

attributes(run1)\$names

```
##
     [1] "Sample"
##
     [2] "posterior"
##
     [3] "likelihood"
     [4] "prior"
##
##
     [5] "speciescoalescent"
     [6] "popMean.Species"
##
##
     [7] "branchRatesStdev.Species"
##
     [8] "TreeHeight.Species"
     [9] "TreeHeight.t.16S"
##
    [10] "TreeHeight.t.ARG"
    [11] "TreeHeight.t.COI"
##
##
    [12] "TreeHeight.t.D7"
    [13] "TreeHeight.t.H3"
##
    [14] "TreeLength.Species"
##
##
    [15] "treeLikelihood.16S"
    [16] "treeLikelihood.ARG"
##
##
    [17] "treeLikelihood.COI"
    [18] "treeLikelihood.D7"
##
    [19] "treeLikelihood.H3"
##
    [20] "rateAC.s.16S"
##
    [21] "rateAG.s.16S"
##
    [22] "rateAT.s.16S"
##
    [23] "rateCG.s.16S"
##
##
    [24] "rateCT.s.16S"
##
    [25] "rateGT.s.16S"
##
    [26] "substmodel.s.16S"
##
    [27] "rateAC.s.ARG"
    [28] "rateAG.s.ARG"
##
##
    [29] "rateAT.s.ARG"
    [30] "rateCG.s.ARG"
##
##
    [31] "rateCT.s.ARG"
##
    [32] "rateGT.s.ARG"
    [33] "substmodel.s.ARG"
##
    [34] "rateAC.s.COI"
##
    [35] "rateAG.s.COI"
##
    [36] "rateAT.s.COI"
##
    [37] "rateCG.s.COI"
    [38] "rateCT.s.COI"
##
##
    [39] "rateGT.s.COI"
##
    [40] "substmodel.s.COI"
##
    [41] "rateAC.s.D7"
##
    [42] "rateAG.s.D7"
    [43] "rateAT.s.D7"
##
##
    [44] "rateCG.s.D7"
    [45] "rateCT.s.D7"
##
##
    [46] "rateGT.s.D7"
##
    [47] "substmodel.s.D7"
   [48] "rateAC.s.H3"
   [49] "rateAG.s.H3"
##
```

```
[50] "rateAT.s.H3"
##
##
    [51] "rateCG.s.H3"
##
    [52] "rateCT.s.H3"
    [53] "rateGT.s.H3"
##
##
    [54] "substmodel.s.H3"
##
    [55] "BMT ModelIndicator.s.16S"
    [56] "BMT ModelIndicator.s.ARG"
##
    [57] "BMT ModelIndicator.s.COI"
##
    [58] "BMT ModelIndicator.s.D7"
##
##
    [59] "BMT_ModelIndicator.s.H3"
    [60] "BMT_Rates.s.16S1"
    [61] "BMT_Rates.s.16S2"
##
##
    [62] "BMT Rates.s.16S3"
##
    [63] "BMT_Rates.s.16S4"
##
    [64] "BMT_Rates.s.16S5"
##
    [65] "BMT_Rates.s.16S6"
##
    [66] "BMT_Rates.s.ARG1"
##
    [67] "BMT Rates.s.ARG2"
##
    [68] "BMT_Rates.s.ARG3"
##
    [69] "BMT Rates.s.ARG4"
##
    [70] "BMT_Rates.s.ARG5"
##
    [71] "BMT Rates.s.ARG6"
    [72] "BMT_Rates.s.COI1"
##
##
    [73] "BMT Rates.s.C0I2"
##
    [74] "BMT Rates.s.COI3"
    [75] "BMT Rates.s.COI4"
##
    [76] "BMT_Rates.s.COI5"
    [77] "BMT_Rates.s.COI6"
##
    [78] "BMT_Rates.s.D71"
##
    [79] "BMT Rates.s.D72"
##
    [80] "BMT_Rates.s.D73"
##
##
    [81] "BMT_Rates.s.D74"
    [82] "BMT_Rates.s.D75"
##
##
    [83] "BMT_Rates.s.D76"
    [84] "BMT Rates.s.H31"
##
##
    [85] "BMT Rates.s.H32"
##
    [86] "BMT Rates.s.H33"
##
    [87] "BMT_Rates.s.H34"
##
    [88] "BMT Rates.s.H35"
    [89] "BMT_Rates.s.H36"
##
    [90] "BMT gammaShape.s.16S"
##
    [91] "BMT gammaShape.s.ARG"
    [92] "BMT_gammaShape.s.COI"
##
##
    [93] "BMT_gammaShape.s.D7"
    [94] "BMT_gammaShape.s.H3"
##
    [95] "BMT_ProportionInvariable.s.16S"
##
    [96] "BMT ProportionInvariable.s.ARG"
##
##
    [97] "BMT_ProportionInvariable.s.COI"
##
    [98] "BMT_ProportionInvariable.s.D7"
    [99] "BMT_ProportionInvariable.s.H3"
##
##
   [100] "hasGammaRates.s.16S"
   [101] "hasGammaRates.s.ARG"
## [102] "hasGammaRates.s.COI"
## [103] "hasGammaRates.s.D7"
```

```
## [104] "hasGammaRates.s.H3"
## [105] "hasInvariableSites.s.16S"
## [106] "hasInvariableSites.s.ARG"
## [107] "hasInvariableSites.s.COI"
## [108] "hasInvariableSites.s.D7"
## [109] "hasInvariableSites.s.H3"
## [110] "ActivePropInvariable.s.16S"
## [111] "ActivePropInvariable.s.ARG"
## [112] "ActivePropInvariable.s.COI"
## [113] "ActivePropInvariable.s.D7"
## [114] "ActivePropInvariable.s.H3"
## [115] "ActiveGammaShape.s.16S"
## [116] "ActiveGammaShape.s.ARG"
## [117] "ActiveGammaShape.s.COI"
## [118] "ActiveGammaShape.s.D7"
## [119] "ActiveGammaShape.s.H3"
## [120] "hasEqualFreqs.s.16S"
## [121] "hasEqualFregs.s.ARG"
## [122] "hasEqualFreqs.s.COI"
## [123] "hasEqualFreqs.s.D7"
## [124] "hasEqualFreqs.s.H3"
## [125] "BMT_frequencies.s.16S1"
## [126] "BMT_frequencies.s.16S2"
## [127] "BMT frequencies.s.16S3"
## [128] "BMT_frequencies.s.16S4"
## [129] "BMT_frequencies.s.ARG1"
## [130] "BMT_frequencies.s.ARG2"
## [131] "BMT_frequencies.s.ARG3"
## [132] "BMT_frequencies.s.ARG4"
## [133] "BMT_frequencies.s.COI1"
## [134] "BMT_frequencies.s.COI2"
## [135] "BMT_frequencies.s.COI3"
## [136] "BMT_frequencies.s.COI4"
## [137] "BMT_frequencies.s.D71"
## [138] "BMT_frequencies.s.D72"
## [139] "BMT_frequencies.s.D73"
## [140] "BMT frequencies.s.D74"
## [141] "BMT_frequencies.s.H31"
## [142] "BMT_frequencies.s.H32"
## [143] "BMT_frequencies.s.H33"
## [144] "BMT frequencies.s.H34"
## [145] "molecularClockRate.c.16S"
## [146] "molecularClockRate.c.ARG"
## [147] "molecularClockRate.c.COI"
## [148] "molecularClockRate.c.D7"
## [149] "molecularClockRate.c.H3"
## [150] "BirthDeathModel.t.Species"
## [151] "netDiversificationRate.t.Species"
## [152] "ExtinctionFraction.t.Species"
## [153] "logP.mrca.root.prior.."
## [154] "mrcatime.root.prior."
## [155] "parameter.hyperExponential.mean.root.prior.prior"
## [156] "HyperPrior.hyperExponential.mean.root.prior.prior"
```

Set the variables that will be used to create your MCMC object, including 20% post-burnin used when combining posterior species trees.

```
burnin <- floor(0.20 * nrow(run1))
thin <- run1$sample[2] - run1$sample[1]
start <- burnin*thin
end <- max(run1$sample)</pre>
```

Call the "coda" package for creating mcmc objects

```
require(coda)
```

Make your mcmc objects and throw away the burnin

Put them into a list

```
mh.list <-mcmc.list()
for (i in 1:length(directories)){
    temp <- eval(parse(text=paste("mcmc", i, sep = "")))
    mh.list[[i]] <- temp
}</pre>
```

Comparing log files when sampling from the prior and when sampling from the data (Fig. 3)

Reshape data for root age parameter from run 1 (sampling with data) and run 3 (sampling from the prior only)

```
reshaping <- function(x) {
  y <- rbind(t(x[,-1]))
  result <- setNames(as.data.frame.table(y),c("variable","run","value"))
}

for (i in 1:length(directories)){</pre>
```

```
temp <- eval(parse(text=paste("run", i,sep = "")))
reshape <- reshaping(temp)
reshape$run <- as.factor(rep(i, nrow(reshape)))
reshape <- reshape[-c(1:burnin),]
assign(paste("reshape", i, sep = ""), reshape)
}
plot_df <- subset(rbind(reshape1,reshape3), variable == "root.age")</pre>
```

Plot the density curves againt each other

Save figure

```
ggsave("Fig3.pdf", plot = p, device = NULL, path = "Figures",
    scale = 1, width = 7, height = 5, dpi = 300, limitsize = TRUE,
    units = "in")
```

Diagnostics of StarBEAST2 analysis

1) Diagnostics for a single run

Create a new mh.list only including data from runs 1 and 2 (runs with data)

```
mh.list.2 <- mcmc.list()
for (i in 1:(length(directories)-1)){
    temp <- eval(parse(text=paste("mcmc", i, sep = "")))
    mh.list.2[[i]] <- temp
}</pre>
```

a) Autocorrelation

Calculate autocorrelation between draws

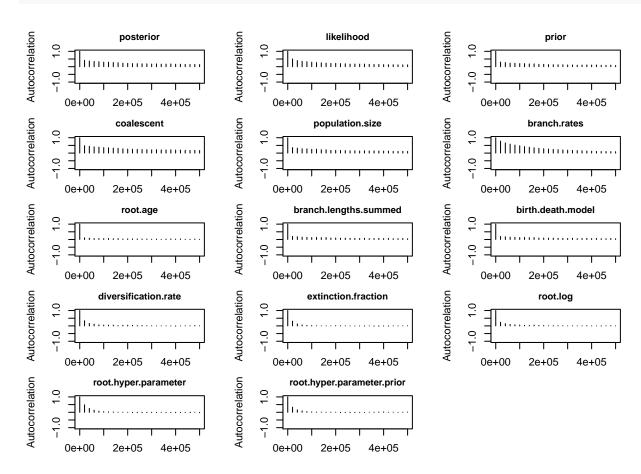
```
diag(autocorr(mcmc1)[2, , ])
```

```
## sample posterior
## 0.9996250 0.4157919
## likelihood prior
## 0.5059585 0.2979133
## coalescent population.size
```

```
0.4823087
##
                                                  0.3565740
##
                  branch.rates
                                                   root.age
##
                     0.7760449
                                                  0.1098280
##
        branch.lengths.summed
                                         birth.death.model
##
                     0.2020148
                                                  0.1964479
         diversification.rate
                                       extinction.fraction
##
##
                     0.3313919
                                                  0.3109229
##
                      root.log
                                      root.hyper.parameter
##
                     0.2380908
                                                  0.4868924
##
   root.hyper.parameter.prior
##
                     0.3317132
```

Present autocorrelation in plot form

```
par(mfrow=c(5,3), mar=c(2,4,2,2)+0.1, cex.main = 0.9) autocorr.plot(mcmc1[,-1], lag.max = 25, auto.layout = F)
```



b) Effective sample size

Calculate effective sample size

```
effectiveSize(mcmc1[,-1])
```

posterior likelihood

```
##
                      393.8220
                                                   565.2079
##
                                                coalescent
                         prior
##
                      636.0853
                                                   316.9500
##
                                              branch.rates
              population.size
##
                      401.9005
                                                   537.4080
##
                      root.age
                                     branch.lengths.summed
                     3122.9389
                                                  987.4064
##
##
            birth.death.model
                                      diversification.rate
##
                      996.7976
                                                 2579.2317
##
          extinction.fraction
                                                  root.log
##
                     3925.2359
                                                 2989.5049
##
         root.hyper.parameter root.hyper.parameter.prior
##
                     2633.7426
                                                 3433.4249
```

2) Test for convergence of multiple runs

a) Gelman-Rubin statistic

Calculate Gelman-Rubin diagnostic of convergence

```
gelman.diag(mh.list.2,confidence = 0.95, transform=TRUE, autoburnin=FALSE, multivariate=FALSE)
```

```
## Potential scale reduction factors:
##
##
                               Point est. Upper C.I.
## sample
                                       \mathtt{NaN}
                                                  NaN
## posterior
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## likelihood
                                      1.15
                                                  1.16
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## prior
## coalescent
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## population.size
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## branch.rates
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## root.age
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## branch.lengths.summed
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## birth.death.model
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## diversification.rate
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## extinction.fraction
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## root.log
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
## root.hyper.parameter
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
## root.hyper.parameter.prior
                                      1.00
                                                  1.00
```

b) Plotting traces

Get data into correct format for plotting traces from both runs simultaneously

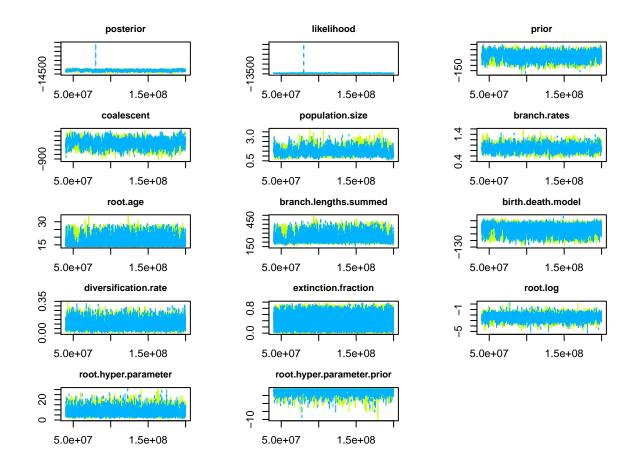
```
for (i in 2:length(run1)){
  for (j in 1:length(directories)){
    temp <- eval(parse(text=paste("mcmc", j, "[,i]", sep = "")))
    assign(paste("trace_","mcmc", j, colnames(run1[i]), sep=""), temp)
}

temp_list = mcmc.list()</pre>
```

```
for (i in 2:length(run1)){
  for (j in 1:(length(directories)-1)){
    temp_list[[j]] <- eval(parse(text=paste("trace_mcmc", j , colnames(run1[i]), sep = "")))
    assign(paste("trace_" , colnames(run1[i]), sep = ""), temp_list)
}
}</pre>
```

Plot traces

```
par(mfrow=c(5,3), mar = c(2,4,2,2)+0.1, cex.main = 0.9)
for (i in 2:length(run1)){
  temp <- eval(parse(text = paste("trace_", colnames(run1[i]), sep = "")))
  traceplot(temp,col = rainbow(3, start=0.2, end=0.9))
  title(main = colnames(run1[i]), ylab = " ")
}</pre>
```



c) Plotting density curves

Get data into correct format for plotting density curves of both runs and throw out burnin

```
reshaping <- function(x) {
  y <- rbind(t(x[,-1]))
  result <- setNames(as.data.frame.table(y),c("variable","run","value"))
}</pre>
```

```
for (i in 1:(length(directories)-1)){
  temp <- eval(parse(text=paste("run", i,sep = "")))
  reshape <- reshaping(temp)
  reshape$run <- as.factor(rep(i, nrow(reshape)))
  reshape <- reshape[-c(1:burnin),]
  assign(paste("reshape", i, sep = ""), reshape)
}

plot_df <- rbind(reshape1,reshape2)</pre>
```

Plot by each parameter

```
p <- ggplot(plot_df, aes(x= value, fill = run, colour = run)) +
    geom_density(alpha = 0.1) +
    theme_bw(base_size = 12)+
    theme(legend.position = "none", strip.text.x = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size=5), axis.text.x = element_text(size=5),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(), panel.grid.minor = element_blank())+
    labs(x="Parameter value", y = "Density") +
    facet_wrap(~variable, scales = "free", ncol = 3)</pre>
```

