



PCOS Care: A Web Application for Diagnosing PCOS Patients Using Machine Learning

Interim Progression Demonstration (IPD)

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Recap of the Problem



OVERVIEW

This project develops a web-based application that uses machine learning (ML) to assess Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) risk and provide educational resources.



SIGNIFICANCE

Around 70% of women with PCOS remain undiagnosed due to diagnostic challenges and limited healthcare access (Adla et al., 2021).

Early detection through this tool can improve health outcomes and empower users to seek timely medical advice.

"Years passed and I was going to different GPs and no one could get to the bottom of the issue."
(Battiste, BBC, 2024).

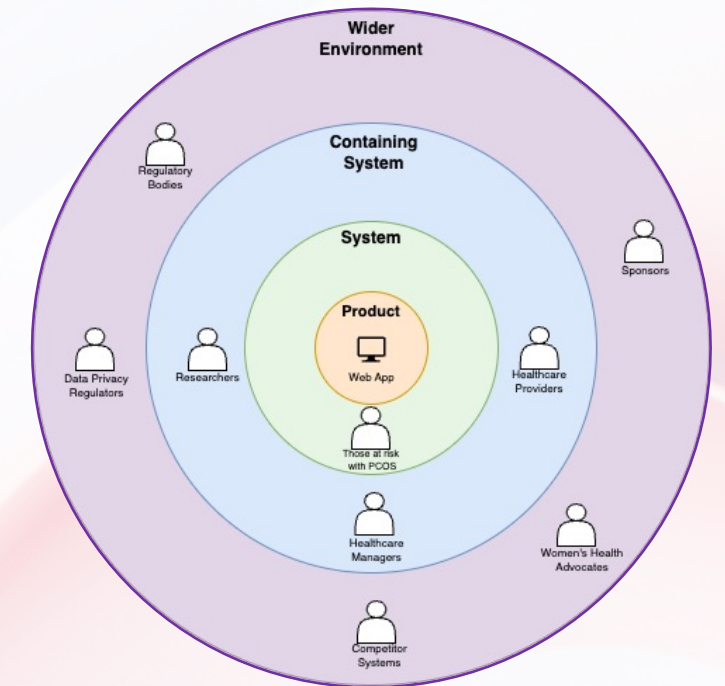


PROBLEM & SOLUTION

PCOS diagnosis is complex, and time consuming. This project addresses the gap by creating a user-friendly application for preliminary risk assessment, supporting awareness and early intervention.

Project Stakeholders

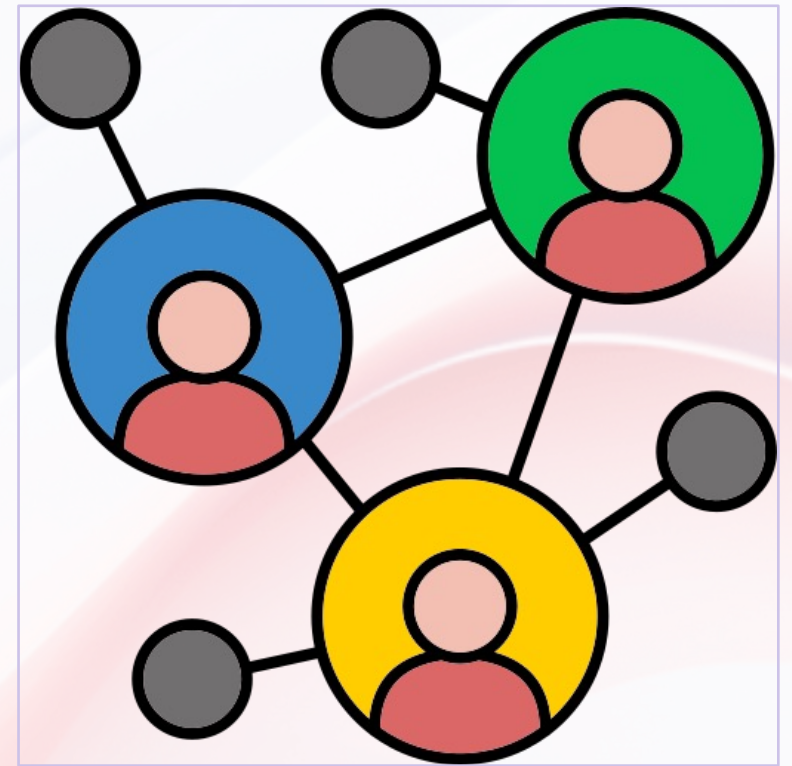
Stakeholder	Description
Users	Women at risk of or experiencing PCOS symptoms.
Healthcare Providers	Endocrinologists and gynaecologists diagnosing PCOS.
Healthcare Managers	Those in charge of medical facilities and patient care.
Researchers	Those studying PCOS in academia and industry.
Regulatory Bodies	Organizations that establish rules and regulations for healthcare applications.
Data Privacy Regulators	Authorities responsible for ensuring privacy laws are followed.
Women's Health Advocates	Groups working to raise awareness about women's health issues.
Competitor Systems	Other platforms or studies offering PCOS management tools.
Sponsors	Potential investors supporting the application's development.



Onion Model (Self composed)

Roles & Influence





Stakeholder	Role and Influence
Users	Provide input data and receive predictions.
Healthcare Providers	Use app for preliminary assessments.
Healthcare Managers	Oversee implementation in medical settings.
Researchers	Analyse data to enhance prediction models.
Regulatory Bodies	Ensure compliance with healthcare laws.
Data Privacy Regulators	Enforce data protection and privacy policies.
Women's Health Advocates	Enhance awareness and outreach.
Competitor Systems	Set industry benchmarks and drive innovation.
Sponsors	Provide funding and resources for development.







Requirements & their Alignment with aims

Requirement	Requirement Type	Supporting Objective
Data Input Form	Functional	Enable users to input health data and symptoms
Prediction Model	Functional	Provide accurate PCOS predictions
Results Display	Functional	Display predictions in a user-friendly manner
Information Page	Functional	Provide educational resources on PCOS
Performance	Non-functional	Efficient and responsive system
Usability	Non-functional	Application is easy to use
Security	Non-functional	Safeguard personal data entered by users
Compatibility	Non-functional	Application runs on multiple devices

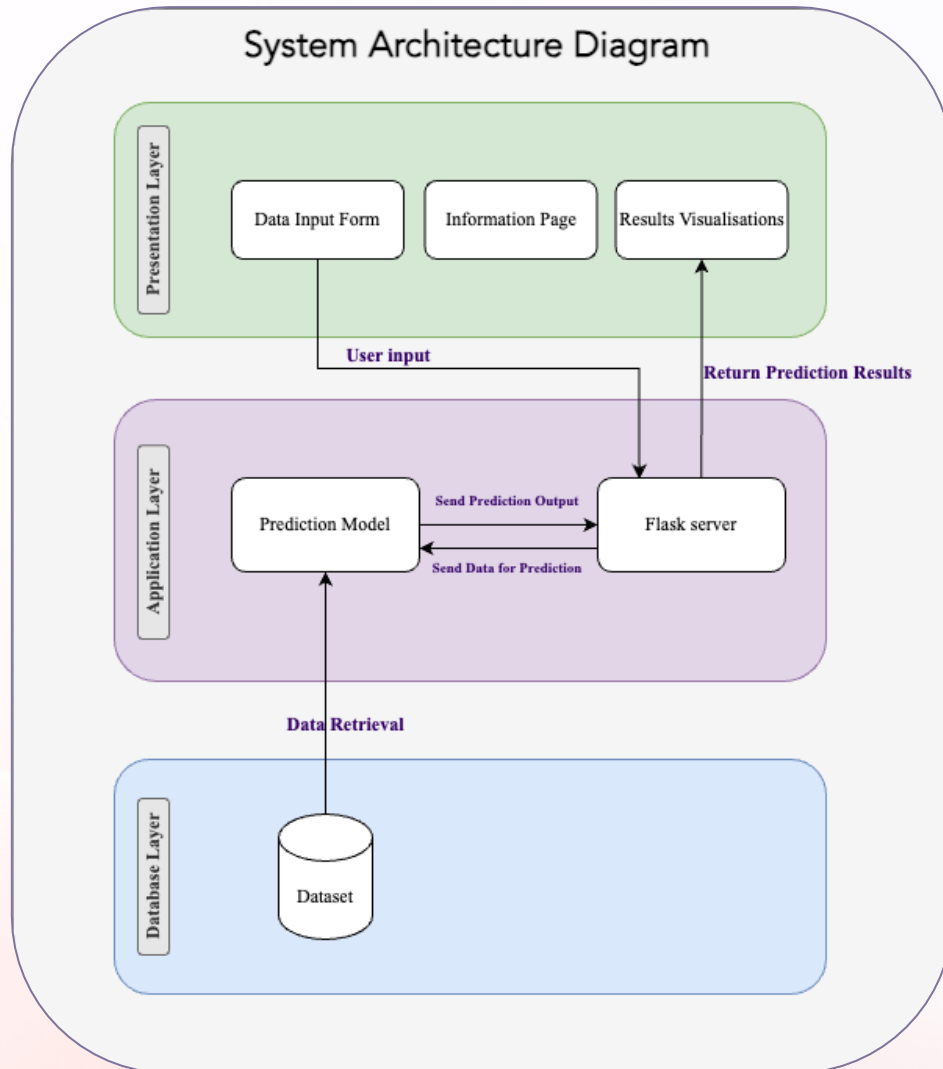
Functional Requirements

Functional Requirement	Description	Progress
 Data Input Form	Users can input symptoms, medical data	Implemented
 Prediction Model	Use ML to predict likelihood of PCOS	Implemented
 Results Display	Graphical display of prediction results	Statistical testing implemented
 Information Page	Provide information on PCOS symptoms, causes, and management	Basic UI implemented

Non-Functional Requirements

Non-Functional Requirement	Description	Progress
 Performance	Ensure fast response times during input, prediction, and display	Pages load fast Further testing needed when pages are linked
 Usability	Provide an intuitive, user-friendly interface	Basic frontend implemented Pending usability testing to get user feedback
 Security	User data is not stored or shared with any third parties	User data not stored or shared
 Compatibility	The application runs seamlessly on multiple devices and browsers	Tested on Safari and Chrome

System Architecture & Design



System Architecture Diagram (Self composed)

Key Reasons for a 3-Tier System

Scalability



Each layer can be modified independently for future improvements.

Maintainability



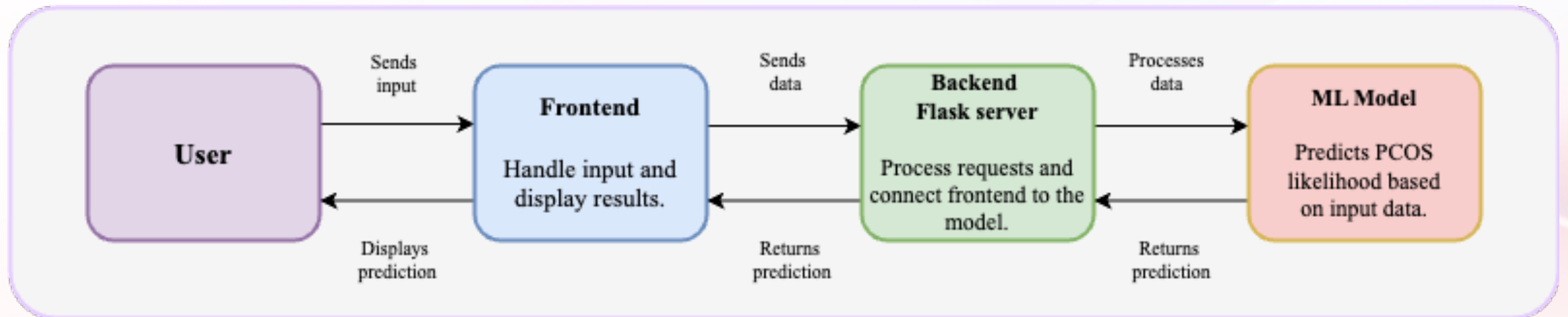
Easier debugging and updating of individual components.

Performance



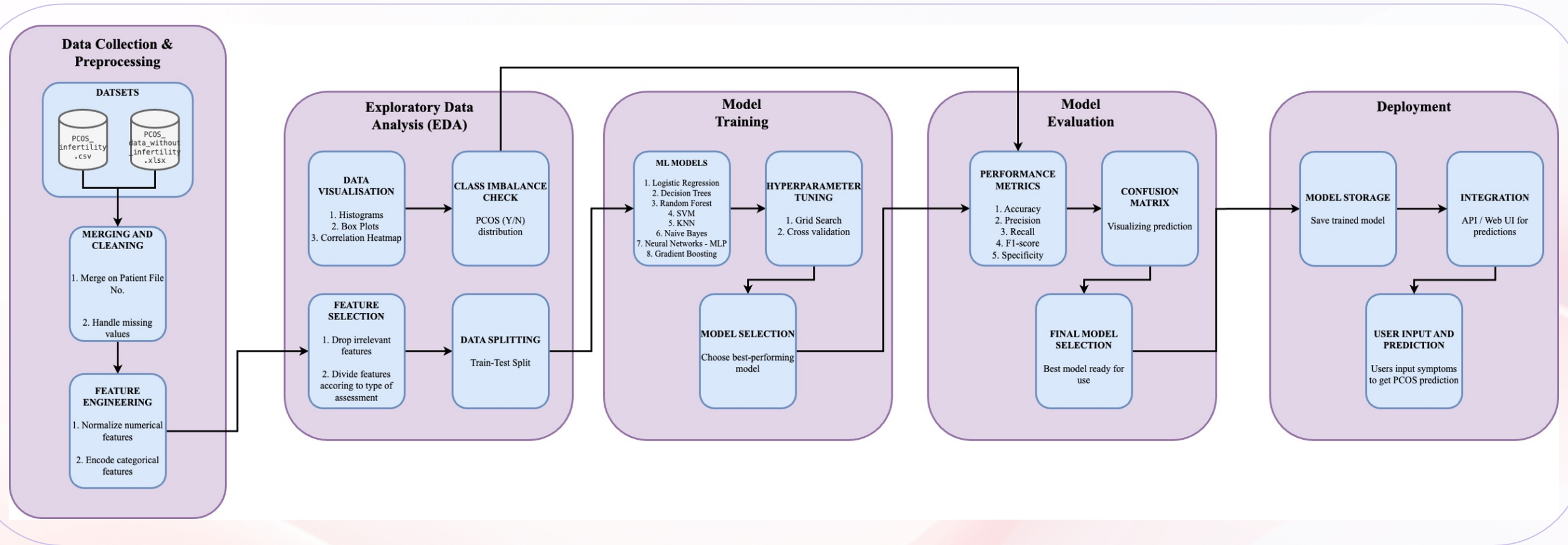
Efficient handling of user input, model processing, and data storage.

High level diagram of the application



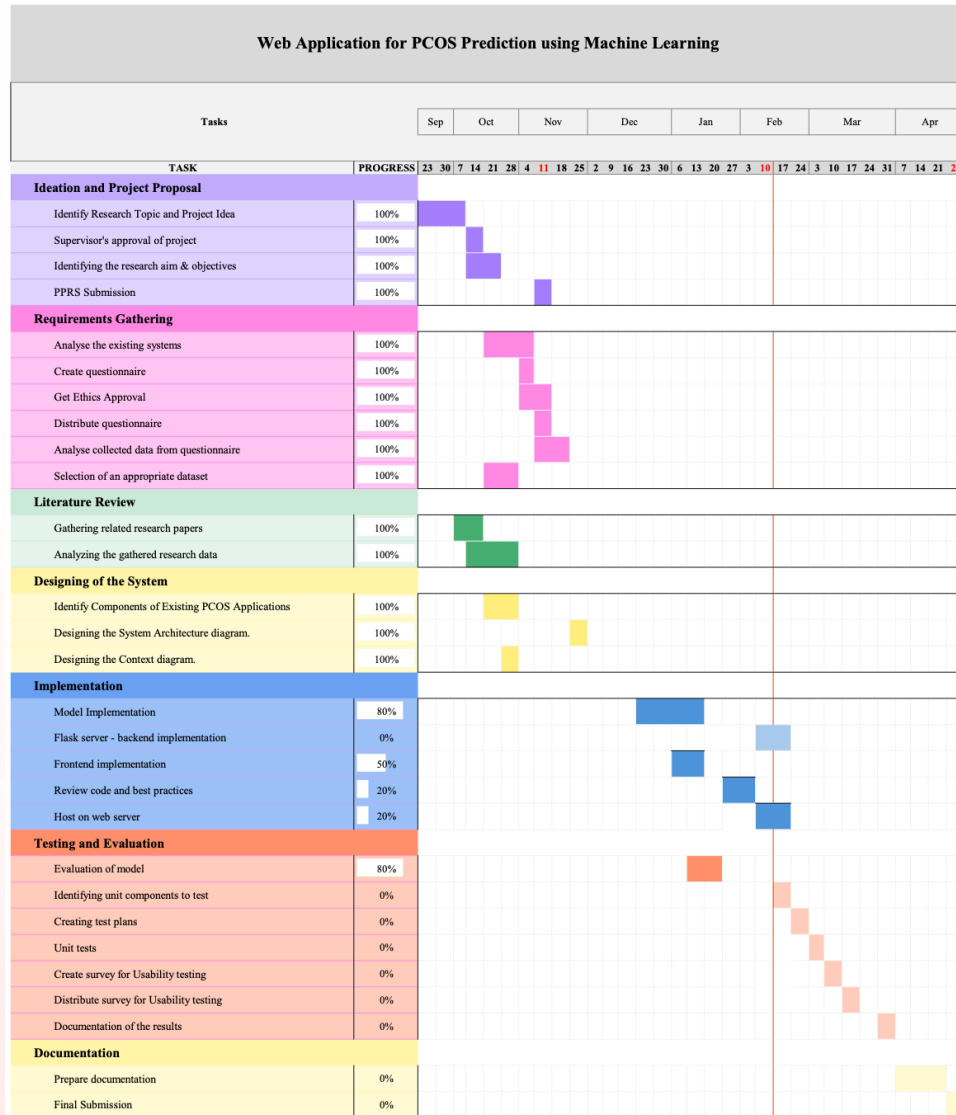
High Level Diagram (Self composed)

High level diagram of the model



High Level Diagram for model (Self composed)

Development Progress



Progress



- Basic UI designed.
- Model training completed.

Additions



- To implement web hosting.

Deviations



- Additional effort in January realigned the project with the schedule.

[Link to Gantt Chart](#)

Key Features & Functionalities Developed

01

Prediction Model



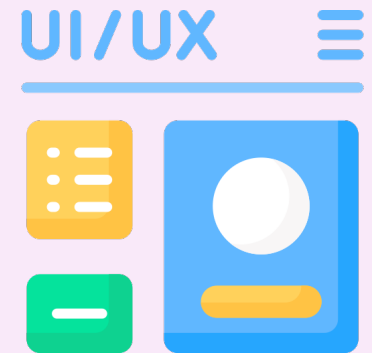
02

UI Design Mock-ups



03

Initial Frontend Pages



[Link to Prototype Files](#)

01. Prediction Model



Data Preprocessing

- Merged datasets, handled missing values, and cleaned dataset.

Feature Selection

- Used Correlation, ANOVA and Chi-Square tests for relevant features.

Model Selection

- Trained Classification models such as Logistic Regression, SVM, Random Forest, KNN and Neural Networks.

Train-Test Split

- Models trained and tested on these data.

Sensitivity Analysis

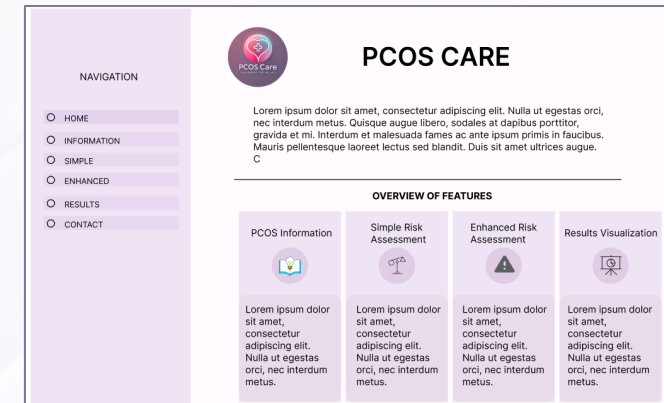
- Tested different feature sets and data splits of 80:20, 85:15, and 90:10 for optimal accuracy.

Performance Metrics

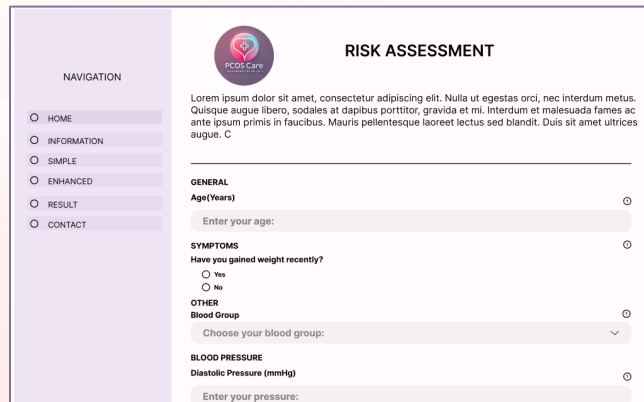
- Assessed using Accuracy, Precision, Recall, Specificity and F1 Score.

02. UI Design Mock-ups

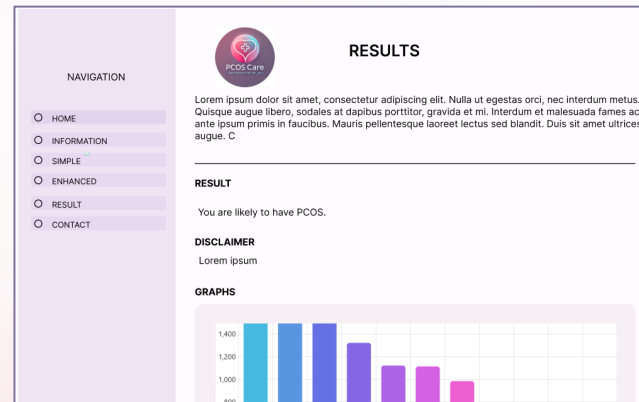
- Designed using Figma, following the format of Streamlit.
- Includes wireframes and mock-ups.
- Focused on clarity, accessibility, and ease of use.
- Data Input Form for seamless entry.
- Prediction Results Page with interactive graphs.
- Information Resources Page for guidance.



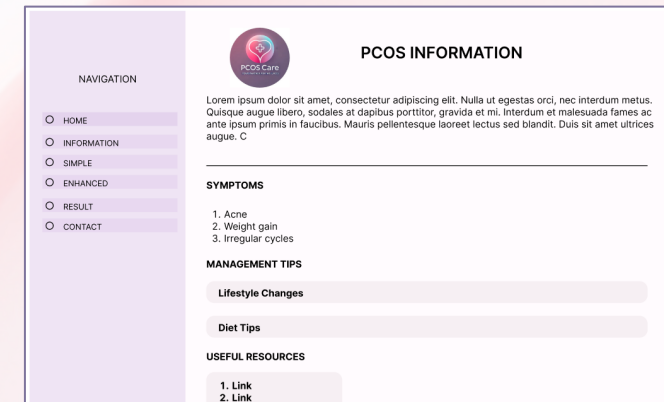
Mock-up 1 (Self composed)



Mock-up 2 (Self composed)



Mock-up 3 (Self composed)



Mock-up 4 (Self composed)

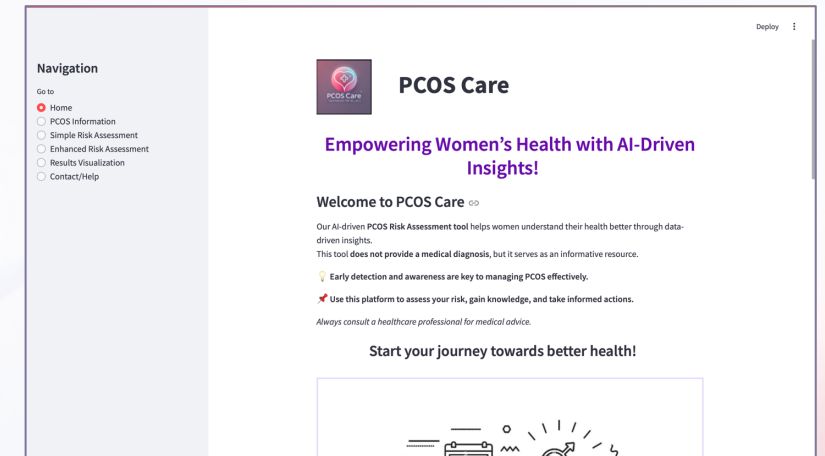
03. Initial Frontend Pages

- Basic UI developed using Python Streamlit.

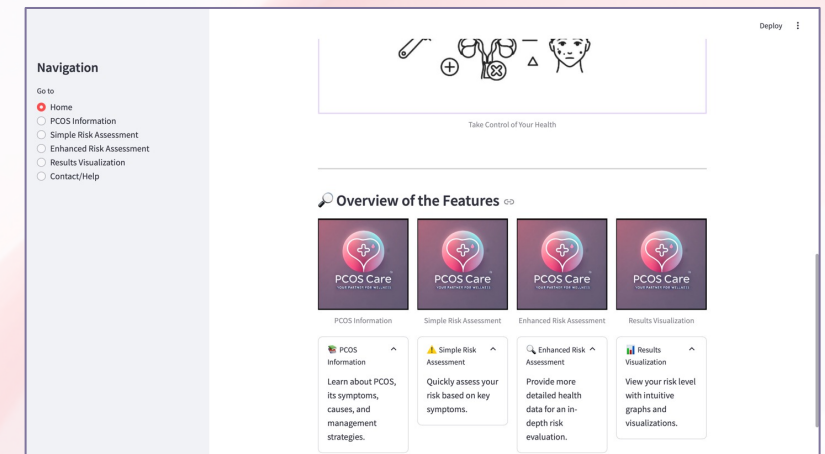
- Pages include

1. Home page
2. PCOS Information*
3. Simple Risk Assessment*
4. Enhanced Risk Assessment*
5. Results Visualization*
6. Contact & Help*

* All pages can be viewed through the [Github Repository](#)

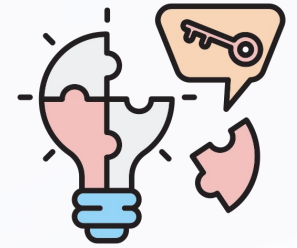


Frontend - Home page 1 (Self composed)



Frontend - Home page 2 (Self composed)

Challenges Faced & Solutions



Challenge	Solution
Dataset having missing values	Handled by replacing with median or mode.
Dataset being imbalanced	Not relying solely on accuracy, checked other metrics such as precision, recall, etc. too.
Balancing recall vs. precision	Tuned model hyperparameters and focused on key features.
User entering invalid data	Implemented data validation.

Standout Achievements



Achieved High Accuracy

- Accuracy of 89.09% (simple risk) and 96.36% (enhanced risk), increasing its reliability.

Optimized Performance

- Successfully done hyperparameter tuning for both models.

Reduced False Negatives

- Reducing false negatives is crucial because a false negative means an actual PCOS-positive patient is wrongly predicted as negative, leading to missed diagnosis.

Model Evaluation after hyperparameter tuning

Assessment	Model	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1 Score	Specificity	FN
Simple	SVM	0.8909	0.9286	0.7222	0.8125	0.9730	5
Enhanced	Random Forest	0.9636	0.9444	0.9444	0.9444	0.9730	1

Prototype Overview

Key Functionalities

- User-friendly data input form for symptoms and history.
- ML-based PCOS risk prediction.
- Statistical analysis for result visualization.

Working Prototype Features

- Prediction Model
- UI Mock-ups
- Frontend pages

What It Demonstrates

A streamlined workflow for users to input health data, run PCOS predictions, and get prediction.

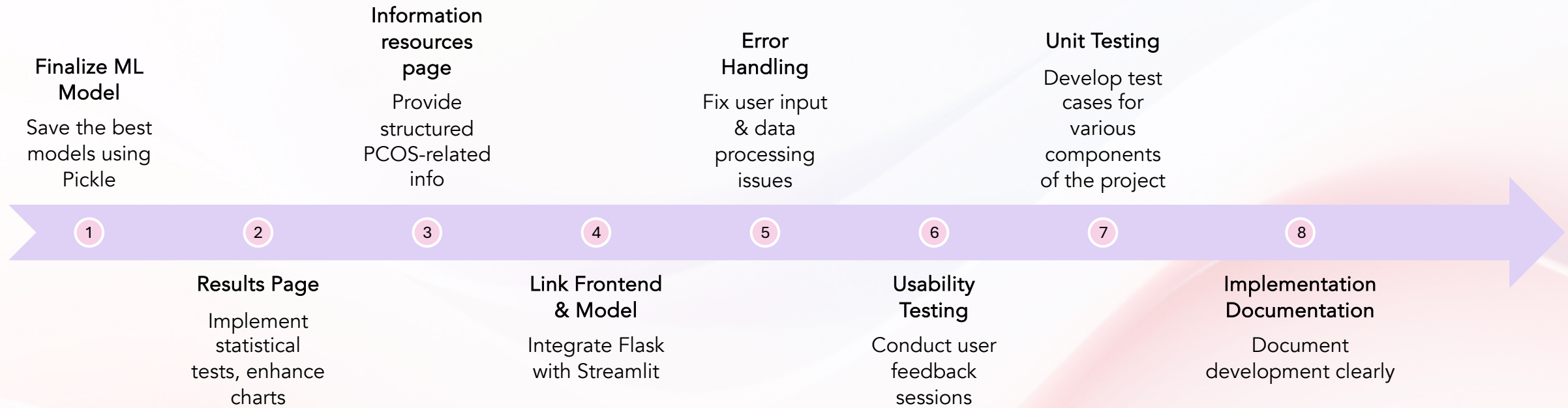
Hosting Details

Currently running on localhost for development.

Video Demonstration Highlights

- Showcases user navigation, user data entry, ML model and other key frontend pages.
- Tools used
 1. Jupyter Notebook (ML model)
 2. Figma (UI mock-ups)
 3. Python Streamlit (Frontend files)

Upcoming Milestones



Conclusion

DONE



1. Successfully built the ML-based PCOS prediction system.
2. Improved model accuracy, reducing false negatives for better prediction.
3. Laid a solid foundation for development of frontend and future enhancements.

UPCOMING



1. Finalizing pending features, including result visualization.
2. Addressing hosting challenges while focusing on security and scalability.
3. Ensuring a fully functional and optimized web application by the deadline.

References

Adla, Y. A. et al. (2021). Automated Detection of Polycystic Ovary Syndrome Using Machine Learning Techniques. 2021 Sixth International Conference on Advances in Biomedical Engineering (ICABME). Available from <http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/ICABME53305.2021.9604905> [Accessed 6 October 2024].

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Thank you