

CISC 3220 Homework

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March 22, 2020

Problem 4.5-1 a

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + 1$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = 4$$

$$f(n) = 1$$

$$n^{\log_b a} = n^{\log_4 2} = n^{0.5}$$

$$\text{Case 1: } f(n) = \mathcal{O}(n^{\log_b a - \epsilon})$$

$$0 \leq 1 \leq c \cdot n^{.5 - \epsilon}$$

$$\text{Let } \epsilon = .1$$

For all asymptotically positive functions, there is a c such that: $0 \leq 1 \leq c \cdot n^4$

$$\text{So } T(n) = \Theta(n^{0.5})$$

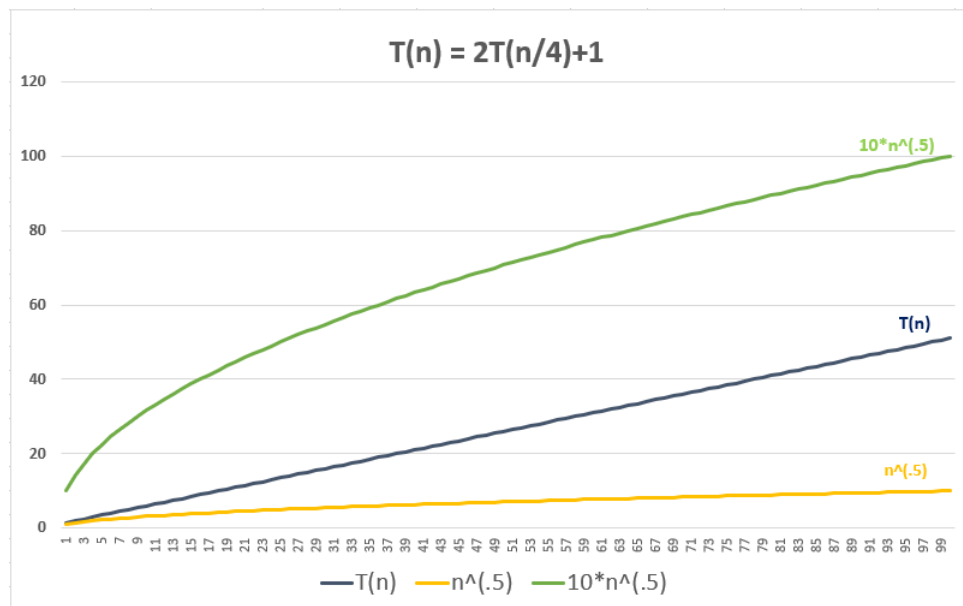
$$\text{Thus, } c_1 \cdot n^{0.5} \leq 2T(n/4) + 1 \leq c_2 \cdot n^{0.5}$$

$$\text{Let } c_1 = 1$$

$$\text{Let } c_2 = ???$$

I can't seem to find a value for c_2 here that is not dependent on n .

What am I doing wrong?? Using 10 for now.



Problem 4.5-1 b

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = 4$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n}$$

$$n^{\log_b a} = n^{\log_4 2} = n^{0.5}$$

$$\text{Case 2: } f(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_b a})$$

$$\text{So } T(n) = \Theta(n^{0.5} \lg n)$$

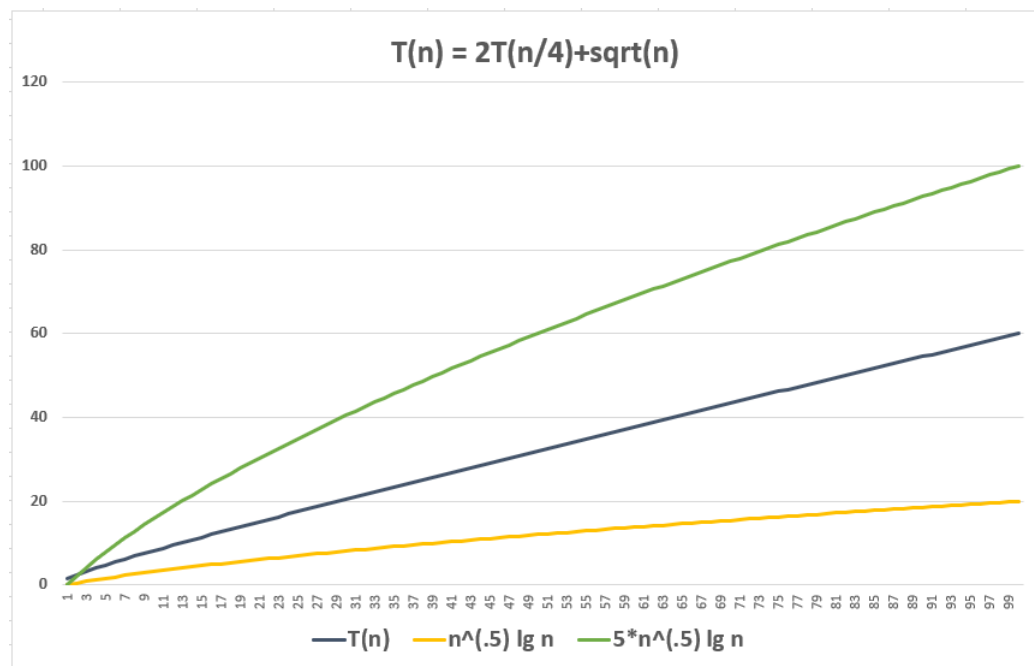
$$\text{Thus, } c_1 \cdot n^{0.5} \lg n \leq 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n} \leq c_2 \cdot n^{0.5} \lg n$$

$$\text{Let } c_1 = 1$$

$$\text{Let } c_2 = ???$$

I can't seem to find a value for c_2 here that is not dependent on n .

What am I doing wrong?? Using 5 for now.



Problem 4.5-1 c

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = 4$$

$$f(n) = n$$

$$n^{\log_b a} = n^{\log_4 2} = n^{0.5}$$

$$\text{Case 3: } f(n) = \Omega(n^{\log_b a + \epsilon})$$

$$0 \leq n \leq n^{0.5+\epsilon}$$

$$\text{Let } \epsilon = .1$$

$$n \geq n^{.6}$$

Check regularity condition:

Find a c less than 1 for all sufficiently large n , such that:

$$2\frac{n}{4} \leq c_2 \cdot n$$

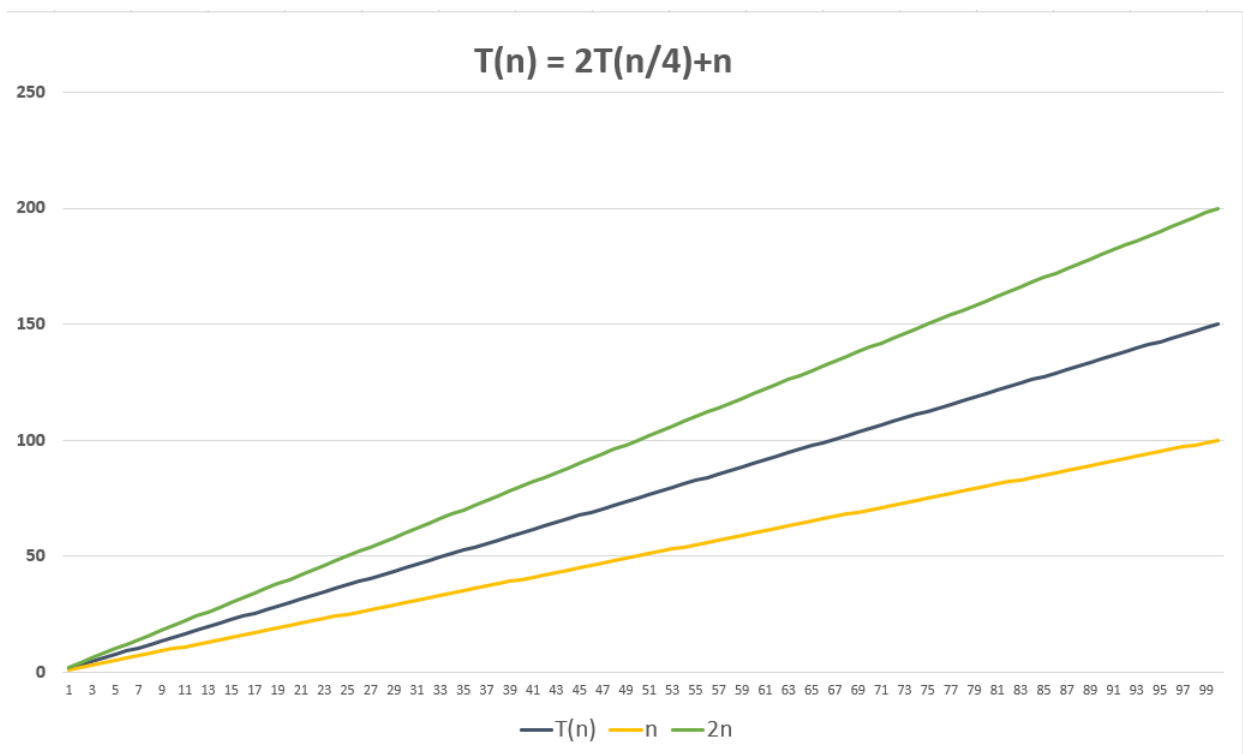
$$\text{Let } c = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{So } T(n) = \Theta(n)$$

$$c_1 n \leq 2T(n/4) + n \leq c_2 n$$

$$\text{Let } c_1 = 1$$

$$\text{Let } c_2 = 2$$



Problem 4.5-1 d

$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n^2$$

$$a = 2$$

$$b = 4$$

$$f(n) = n^2$$

$$n^{\log_b a} = n^{\log_4 2} = n^{0.5}$$

$$\text{Case 3: } f(n) = \Omega(n^{\log_b a + \epsilon})$$

$$0 \leq n^2 \geq n^{0.5 + \epsilon}$$

$$\text{Let } \epsilon = .1$$

$$n^2 \geq n^{.6}$$

Check regularity condition:

Find a c less than 1 for all sufficiently large n , such that:

$$2\frac{n}{4} \leq c \cdot n^2$$

$$\text{Let } c = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{So } T(n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

$$c_1 n^2 \leq 2T(n/4) + n^2 \leq c_2 n^2$$

$$\text{Let } c_1 = 0.5$$

$$\text{Let } c_2 = 2$$

