

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Show your work.**

1. Consider the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{1, 0\}$ . Let  $c : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  be the function such that the value  $c(n)$  for any given  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  is the number of  $\Sigma$ -words of length  $n$  wherein the string **10** fails to appear.

(a) Specify the indicated values.

(i)  $c(0)$

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(ii)  $c(1)$

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_

(iii)  $c(2)$

(iii) \_\_\_\_\_

(iv)  $c(19)$

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Let  $p(n)$  express the following proposition:

$$\sum_{i=0}^n c(i) = \frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2}.$$

To prove that proposition  $p(n)$  is true for every natural number  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  by mathematical induction, carry out the following steps.

(i) Specify the applicable base case.

(i) \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) In the space below, establish the base case by mathematical argumentation.

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(iii) Specify the applicable inductive step.

(iii) \_\_\_\_\_

(iv) Identify the inductive hypothesis in the given inductive step.

(iv) \_\_\_\_\_

(v) In the space below, establish the inductive step by mathematical argumentation.

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2. Consider the function  $\Phi : \mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$  for which  $\Phi(n) = \min\left(n!, \frac{(2n)!}{2^n}\right)$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Let  $p(n)$  express the following proposition:

$$\Phi(n) = n!$$

To prove that proposition  $p(n)$  is true for every natural number  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  by mathematical induction, carry out the following steps.

- (a) Specify the applicable base case.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_

- (b) In the space below, establish the base case by mathematical argumentation.

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- (c) Specify the applicable inductive step.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_

- (d) Identify the inductive hypothesis in the given inductive step.

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

- (e) In the space below, establish the inductive step by mathematical argumentation.

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