Module 1 Day 10

Classes & Encapsulation

Encapsulation

- The action of enclosing something in or as if in a capsule
- From Wikipedia
 - A language construct that facilitates the bundling of data with the methods (or other functions) operating on that data.
 - A language mechanism for restricting direct access to some of the <u>object</u>'s components.
- Mike's words
 - Bundling stuff together which goes together (as in classes)
 - Models real-world as closely as possible maintainable
 - Not showing outsiders any more than they need to know (access modifiers)
 - Loosely couples your system; makes system more flexible

Encapsulation

Access modifiers help us encapsulate

```
public int Property { get; set; } //public set
public int Property { get; } //readonly set w/in constructor
public int Property { get; private set; } //private set
```

- Read-only Properties
 - Value can only be set by the object in its constructor
 - After that, the value cannot change
- How can we better encapsulate the Card class?
 - Which properties should be set only when the card is created?
 - Which properties should be set only by the Card class itself?
 - Which properties should be freely available to be set by the public?

Static

- Member belongs to the class/type, not to individual object instances
 - "Class variable or method" vs. "instance variable or method"
- Property or field
 - The data is stored once, regardless of how many instances there are
 - "Shared" by all instances
 - You don't need an instance (object) to access the property
 - Console.ForegroundColor
 - DateTime.Now
- Method
 - You don't need an instance (object) to access the method
 - Console.Writeline
 - Math.Round
- Class
 - Only has static members; cannot be created (new'd)

Lecture Code Goals

- Card
 - Properly encapsulate the Card class
 - Add Suit Symbols
 - https://unicode-table.com/en/#control-character
 - Console.OutputEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
 - Does each instance of a card need a copy of the lookup tables? Can they all share one copy?
 - Then let's make them static
- Deck
 - Create a Deck class to represent a standard deck of cards
 - How should we encapsulate the members of the Deck?
- Program
 - Deal a hand to each of 2 players
 - Print out the two hands