Homework 2

Problem 1

(1)

• Choose

Torte and Pie as x_1, x_2 .

 $\bullet\,$ to maximize

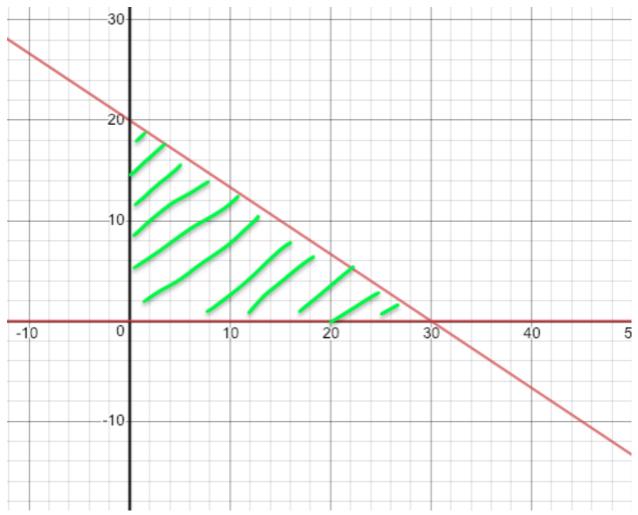
$$4x + 5y$$

ullet subject to

$$2x + 3y \le 60$$
$$x, y \ge 0$$

To visualize the problem, the graph is as followed:

knitr::include_graphics("Q1.png")



The corners are (0,0), (0,20), (30,0), and the corresponding points are 0,100,120. Therefore, when Max eats 30 tortes and 0 pie, he would get the optimized points.

(2)

• Choose

Variant Torte and Pie as x_1, x_2 .

• to maximize

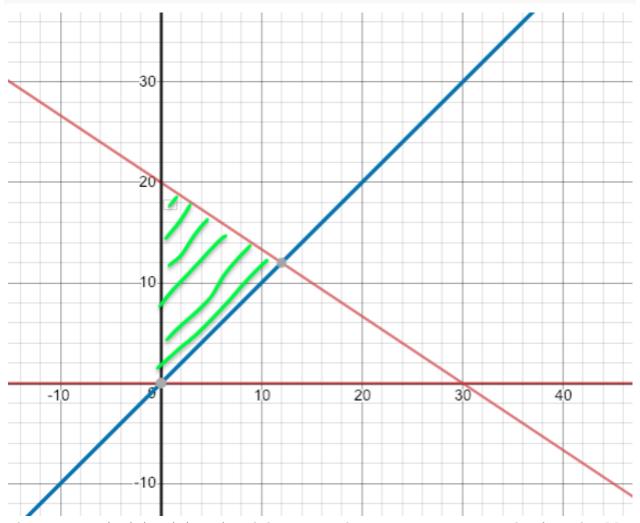
$$4x + 5y$$

• subject to

$$2x + 3y \le 60$$
$$y \ge x$$
$$x, y \ge 0$$

To visualize the problem, the graph is as followed:





The corners are (0,0), (0,20), (12,12), and the corresponding points are 0,100,108. Therefore, when Max eats 12 tortes and 12 pie, he would get the optimized points, and this is 12 points less than the first question.

Problem 2

(1)

• Choose

wheat and corn as x, y.

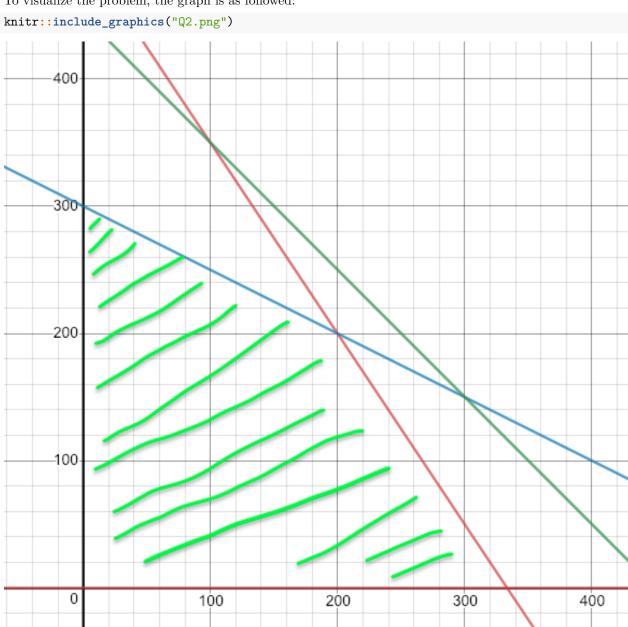
 $\bullet\,$ to maximize

2000x + 3000y

• subject to

$$3x + 2y \le 1000$$
$$2x + 4y \le 1200$$
$$x + y \le 450$$
$$x, y \ge 0$$

To visualize the problem, the graph is as followed:



The corners are (0,300), (200,200), (333,0) (assume integer), and the corresponding points are 900000, 1000000, 666000. Therefore, planting 200 acres wheat and 200 acres corn would get the optimized profits.

Using R to solve this question:

```
library('lpSolve')
c = c(2000,3000)
A = matrix(c(3,2,2,4,1,1),3,2,byrow = TRUE)
b = c(1000,1200,450)
dir = rep("<=",3)
s = lp("max",c,A,dir,b)
s$solution</pre>
```

[1] 200 200

What happens to the decision variables and the total profit when the availability of fertilizer varies from 200 tons to 2200 tons in 100-ton increments?

```
f_{seq} = seq(200, 2200, by=100)
for (i in f_seq){
  b = c(1000, i, 450)
  s = lp("max", c, A, dir, b)
  print(paste0('when fertilizer is: ',i,' solution is : ', s$solution[1],' ',s$solution[2] ))
 }
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 200 solution is: 100 0"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 300 solution is: 150 0"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 400 solution is: 200 0"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 500 solution is : 250 0"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 600 solution is : 300 0"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 700 solution is: 325 12.499999999999"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 800 solution is : 300 50"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 900 solution is: 275 87.5"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1000 solution is: 250 125"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1100 solution is: 225 162.5"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1200 solution is: 200 200"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1300 solution is: 175 237.5"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1400 solution is: 150 275"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1500 solution is : 125 312.5"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1600 solution is : 100 350"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1700 solution is: 49.999999999999 400"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1800 solution is : 0 450"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 1900 solution is: 0 450"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 2000 solution is: 0 450"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 2100 solution is: 0 450"
## [1] "when fertilizer is: 2200 solution is: 0 450"
```

When the fertilizer has large quantity, in the question: 1800 tons, the farmer discontinue producing wheat. When the fertilizer has small quantity, in the question: 300, he stop producing corn.

Problem 3

• Choose

Investment 1,2,3,4,5 as x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 .

• to maximize

$$13x_1 + 16x_2 + 16x_3 + 14x_4 + 39x_5$$

• subject to

```
\begin{aligned} 11x_1 + 53x_2 + 5x_3 + 5x_4 + 29x_5 &\le 40 \\ 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 5x_3 + x_4 + 34x_5 &\le 20 \\ 0 &\le x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \end{aligned} \le 1
```

```
c = c(13,16,16,14,39)
A = matrix(c(11,53,5,5,29,3,6,5,1,34,diag(x=1,5,5)),7,5,byrow = TRUE)
b = c(40,20,1,1,1,1,1)
dir = c(rep("<=",7))
s = lp("max",c,A,dir,b)
s$solution</pre>
```

[1] 1.0000000 0.2008600 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.2880835

Therefore 1 investment1, 0.201 investment2, 1 investment3, 1 investment4, and 0.288 investment5.

Problem 4

• Choose

corn, 2% Milk, Wheat Bread as x, y, z.

• to minimize

$$0.18x + 0.23y + 0.05z$$

• subject to

$$\begin{aligned} x &\leq 10 \\ y &\leq 10 \\ z &\leq 10 \\ 2000 &\leq 72x + 121y + 65z \leq 2250 \\ 5000 &\leq 107x + 500y + 0z \leq 50,000 \\ x, y, z &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

```
library('lpSolve')
c = c(0.18,0.23,0.05)
A = matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,rep(c(72,121,65,107,500,0),2)),7,3,byrow = TRUE)
b = c(10,10,10,2250,50000,2000,5000)
dir = c(rep("<=",5),rep(">=",2))
s = lp("min",c,A,dir,b)
s$solution
```

[1] 1.944444 10.000000 10.000000

Problem 5

• Choose

unit1 year 1,2,3 as x_1, x_2, x_3 , unit2 year 1,2,3 as y_1, y_2, y_3 .

• to maximize

$$x_1 + 1.3x_2 + 1.4x_3 + y_1 + 1.2y_2 + 1.6y_3$$

• subject to

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &\leq 2 \\ y_1 + y_2 + y_3 &\leq 3 \\ 1.2 &\leq x_1 + y_1 \leq 2 \\ 1.5 &\leq 1.3x_2 + 1.2y_2 \leq 2 \\ 2 &\leq 1.4x_3 + 1.6x_3 \leq 3 \\ x, y, z &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

```
c = c(1,1.3,1.4,1,1.2,1.6)
A = matrix(c(1,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,rep(c(1,0,0,1,0,0),2),rep(c(0,1.3,0,0,1.2,0),2),rep(c(0,0,1.4,0,0,0),0),0)
b = c(2,3,2,1.2,1.5,2,3,2)
dir = c(rep("<=",3),rep(">=",2),rep("<=",2),">=")
s = lp("max",c,A,dir,b)
s$solution
```

[1] 0.4615385 1.5384615 0.0000000 1.1250000 0.0000000 1.8750000

Thus, cutting unit1/year1 0.46 acre, unit1/year2 1.54 acre, unit1/year3 0 acre. Unit2/year1 1.125 acre, unit2/year2 0 acre, unit2/year3 1.875 acre to maximize the tons of wood.