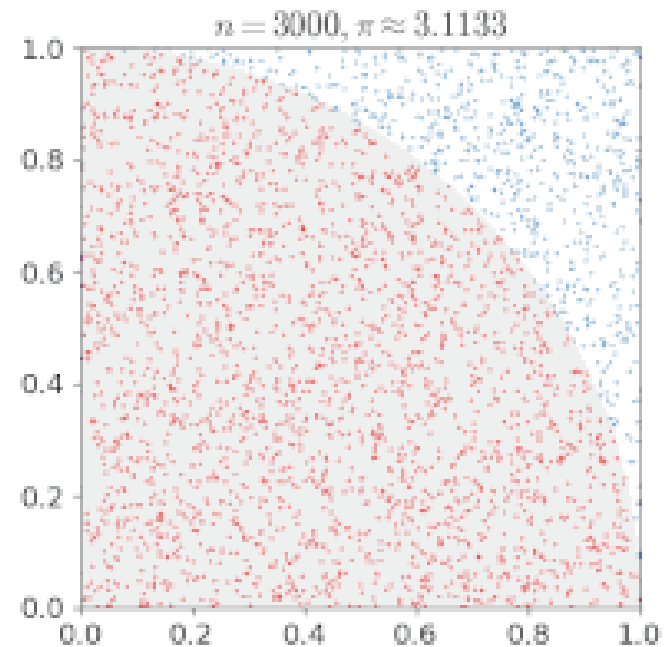


Lab Exercise

- Monte Carlo Method
- Single Thread Version

```
point_in_circle = 0
r = radius of circle
while i = 1~point_total
    x = random number between 0 and r
    y = random number between 0 and r
    if (x,y) within circle
        point_in_circle += 1
pi = 4 * point_in_circle / point_total
```




Lab Exercise


- **Making *parallel version* for Monte Carlo Method**


- The parallel version get two command line arguments
 - 1) the number of threads
 - 2) the number of random points per thread
- Each thread must create random points and count the number of points that are inside the circle
- Each thread must add the number of points in the circle to the global variable “count”.
- Once the threads have finished their work, the main thread uses the global variable to calculate the value of π .


Lab Exercise

- Running example

```
spl on  SPL in spl/2023f/week14
└─ ./w14 10000 10000
pi: 3.141585

spl on  SPL in spl/2023f/week14
└─ ./w14 10000 100000
pi: 3.141638

spl on  SPL in spl/2023f/week14
└─ ./w14 10000 1000000
pi: 3.141585

spl on  SPL in spl/2023f/week14
└─ ./w14 30000 1000000
pi: 3.141594
```

- Exercise Hint

- Radius of the circle is always **1**
- Generate random numbers between 0 and 1 using `random_r()`
 - » `struct random_data* random_state; // in data`
 - » `random_r(data->random_state, &x_int);`
 - » `x = (double)x_int / RAND_MAX;`

Exercise Submission

- **Submit your source code and Makefile**
 - The **make** command should generate a **w14** executable.
 - via iCampus
 - Bundle **source code** and **Makefile** with tar command
 - » *tar.gz* format
 - \$ tar cvzf [student_id].tar.gz week14**
 - We'll grade your submission with **make**
 - » If compilation fails, your points for this exercise will be zero