

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

University of Toronto

MAT 354F Problems 4

Due Thursday, November 17, 2022 via Crowdmark

1. Map the interior of *Cassini's oval* $|z^2 - a^2| < r^2$, where $0 < a < r$, conformally onto the unit disk $|w| < 1$, so that the axes of symmetry are preserved. (A solution is sketched in Cartan, Problem 7, p. 208.)

2. What are the different values of

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dz}{1+z^2}$$

when all possible paths of integration are considered?

3. (a) Let γ be a piecewise C^1 curve, and let $\bar{\gamma}$ be its image under the mapping $z \mapsto \bar{z}$ (symmetry in the real axis). Show that, if $f(z)$ is continuous on γ , then $z \mapsto \overline{f(\bar{z})}$ is continuous on $\bar{\gamma}$, and

$$\overline{\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz} = \int_{\bar{\gamma}} \overline{f(\bar{z})} dz.$$

- (b) Show that, in particular, if γ is the unit circle described in the positive sense, then

$$\overline{\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz} = - \int_{\gamma} \overline{f(z)} \frac{dz}{z^2}.$$

4. Suppose that $f(z)$ is holomorphic. Let γ be a large positively oriented circle enclosing the points $\zeta = 0$ and $\zeta = z$. Show that

$$f(z) - \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{f(\zeta)}{\zeta - z} \cdot \frac{z^n}{\zeta^n} d\zeta,$$

is a polynomial $g(z)$ of degree $n - 1$, such that

$$g^{(k)}(0) = f^{(k)}(0), \quad k = 0, \dots, n - 1.$$

5. Suppose that $f(z)$ is an entire function (i.e., holomorphic in \mathbb{C}). What can be said about $f(z)$ in each of the following cases? Why?

- (a) $|f(z)| < 1 + |z|^{1/2}$, for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$.

- (b) $|f(z)| < 1 + |z|^n$, for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$.

6. Suppose that $f(z)$ is holomorphic in a disk $|z| < R$, and that $|f(z)| \leq M$, for $|z| < R$. Prove that, if $|z| \leq r < R$, then

$$|f^{(n)}(z)| \leq \frac{Mn!}{(R-r)^n}.$$

7. (a) Show that a holomorphic function in \mathbb{C} with a pole at infinity is a polynomial.
(b) Show that a meromorphic function on the Riemann sphere is necessarily rational.