

3. Likelihood function:  $L_i = p^{y_i} (1-p)^{1-y_i}$

a.

$y$	$L_i$
0	0.5
1	0.5

$x$	$y$
4	1
3	1
2	0
1	0

$$L(\beta) = \prod_{i=1}^n 0.5^{y_i} (1-0.5)^{1-y_i}$$

b.

$$\begin{aligned} \log L(\beta) &= \log \left[ \prod_{i=1}^n p^{y_i} (1-p)^{1-y_i} \right] = \sum_{i=1}^n [y_i \log(0.5) + (1-y_i) \log(0.5)] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i \cdot \log(0.5) + (1-y_i) \cdot \log(0.5)) \end{aligned}$$