

Optimizing Inter-Hospital Patient Transfer (IHT) Routing



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Executive Summary

46.8% fuel cost reduction over **real-world** baseline

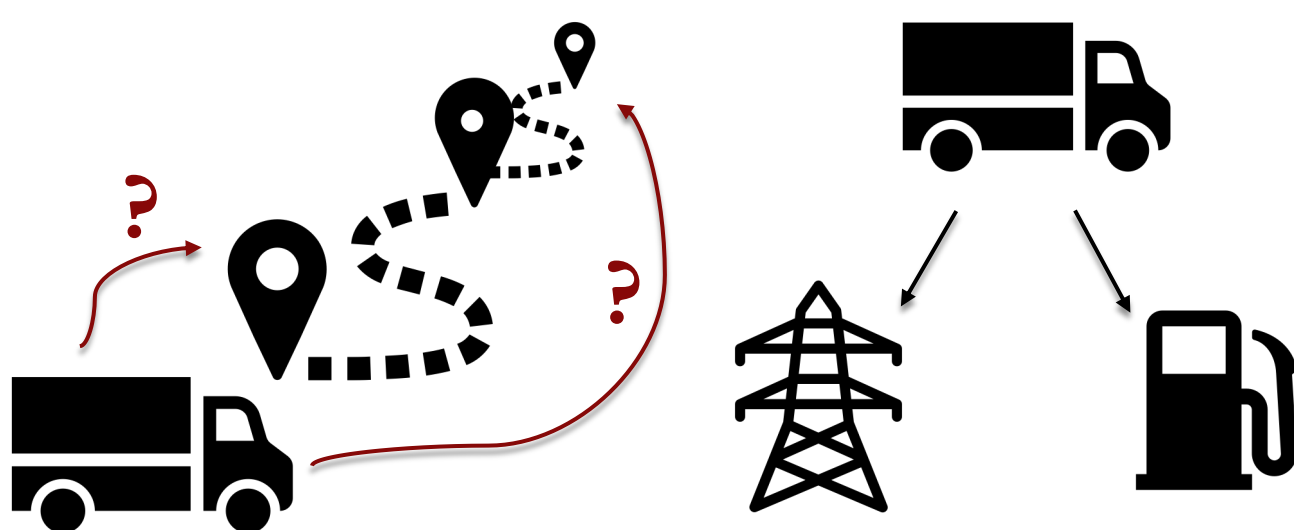
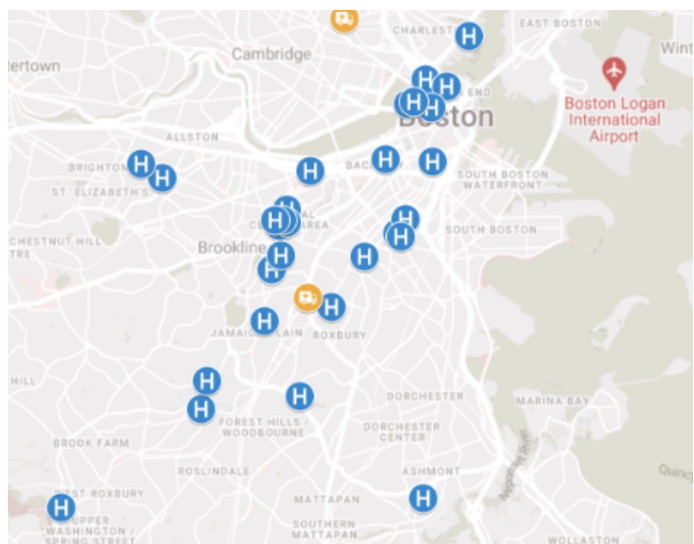
Go Electric! More Distance; Less Cost

Realistic Interpretable Robust

Problem Statement

Fictional patient transport company based in Boston

- Given:** Pre-determined demand of patient transfers
- Goal:** Optimize multi-ambulance routing and vehicle type to minimize direct costs to the company



- Fuel & electricity costs (EV) \propto distance traveled
- Driver wages \propto travel time
- Maintenance costs \propto # ambulances deployed

Motivation

1.3M inter-hospital transfers/year **Specialized care** hospital dependent Cost reduction \rightarrow **Investment** to improve healthcare infrastructure **(3.5% of net admissions)**

↓ 5 mins in ambulance response time **2x Survival Rate** for cardiac arrests not witnessed*

Data

Extracted Data

- Coordinates of hospitals
- # Staffed beds
- \$/mi for Fuel (ICE) & EV

Processed Data

- Distance & Time (TravelTime API)

Intelligently Synthesized Data

- Patient transfer demand \propto staffed beds
- Vehicle maintenance cost & driver wages

Mixed Integer Formulation

Multi-Objective

$$\min_{x,y,u} \sum_{k \in K} f_k * y^k + \sum_{i \in V} \sum_{j \in V} \sum_{k \in K} c^k * d_{ij} * x_{ij}^k + w * \sum_{i \in V} \sum_{j \in V} \sum_{k \in K} (t_{ij} + t_b) * x_{ij}^k$$

Flow Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{j \in V} \sum_{k \in K} x_{ij}^k &= 1 & \forall i \in P & \quad (2) \\ \sum_{k \in K} x_{i(i+|P|)}^k &= 1 & \forall i \in P & \quad (3) \\ \sum_{i \in V} x_{ij}^k - \sum_{i \in V} x_{ji}^k &= 1 & \forall j \in V, k \in K & \quad (4) \end{aligned}$$

Bounds & Linking Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i \in V} \sum_{j \in V} x_{ij}^k * (t_{ij} + t_b) &\leq t_{max} & \forall k \in K & \quad (5) \\ \sum_{i \in V} \sum_{j \in V} x_{ij}^k &\leq d_{elec} & \forall k \in E & \quad (6) \\ x_{ij}^k &= 0 & \forall i \in D, j \in D, k \in K & \quad (7) \\ x_{ij}^k &\leq y^k * depot_i^k & \forall i \in D, j \in V, k \in K & \quad (8) \end{aligned}$$

Sequence Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} u_i^k &= 1 & \forall i \in D, k \in K & \quad (9) \\ u_i^k - u_j^k + 1 &\leq (|V| - 1) * (1 - x_{ij}^k) & \forall i \in P \cup H, j \in P \cup H, k \in K & \quad (10) \\ 2 \leq u_i^k &\leq |V| & \forall i \in P \cup H, k \in K & \quad (11) \end{aligned}$$

Decision Variables

$$\begin{aligned} x_{ij}^k &= \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if ambulance } k \text{ transfers patient from node } i \text{ to node } j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ y^k &= \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if ambulance } k \text{ is used for patient transfers} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ u_i^k &= \text{sequence of traversing node } i \text{ by ambulance } k \end{aligned}$$

Key Features

- ✓ Multi-Depot
- ✓ Gas Ambulances vs EVs
- ✓ Sequenced Outputs

Key Additions

- ✓ Driver travel constrained by **8hrs**
- ✓ EV ambulances travel less than **60mi** in one charge

Flavor of Robustness

Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
t (Actual)	$t \pm 5\%$	$t \pm 10\%$	$t \pm 50\%$

Added traffic scenarios; uniformly averaged for robust route

Results & Impact

Formulation	Metric			
	Fuel Costs	Wage Costs	Fixed Costs	Overall
Baseline (USD)	27.29	166.97	9.60	203.85
Optimized (USD)	14.52	170.40	6.10	191.02
Percent Improvement (%)	46.78	-2.06	36.46	6.29

- \rightarrow Baseline based on current standard practice
- \rightarrow Ambulances at central “regions” + real-time dispatch

Geographical Visualizations

Optimal routes available on interactive webpage for interpreting model output



Scope of Improvement

- \rightarrow Scaling up the problem with duality techniques
- \rightarrow Quantify emission reduction with minimization of Total distance traveled & Utilization of EV
- \rightarrow Allowing ambulances to start and end at different depots, incorporating notion of depot capacity
- \rightarrow Adding time windows based on patient availability
- \rightarrow Priority variable for emergency or special needs