Vegetable is of utmost importance in human diet. Vegetable production an integral part of agriculture production. Technical method of main crop grown in Rabi season is detailed below:

#### A. Potato: Seed Treatment

Size of the seed should be 3-5 cm. Treat the seed by soaking it in mancozeb (300 gm chemical in 100 liter water) for 30 minutes. This solution will be use full for 18-20 times. Urad -potato- moong crop system is recommended to earn maximum profit in potato based cropping pattern.

## **Sowing Time**

Sowing time is from mid September to last fortnight of November. Do not use cut potato for seed production. If necessary, bulb must be treated and dry the seeds in shade for 2 hours. For early crop use 100:60:80 kg/hectare seed, for medium crop 120:60:80 kg/hectare and late sown crop, 150:60:100 kg per hectare nitrogen, phosphorous and potash.

#### **Tomato**

Cultivation of Azad P.-2, P.-3, Ka.Ta.-1,Azad P-5,Azad P-6, Kashi, Amrit. Narendra, hybrid variety such as Pusa hybrid-1, Pusa hybrid-2, Pant hybrid-1,2 KTH-1,2,NTTH-1,2 & 6, Rashmi, Rupali, Vaishali, raja, Laxmi, Krishna, Rangoli etc. can be done. 400-500 gm of improved variety and 150-200 gm per hectare seed of hybrid variety is sufficient. For protection against fungicides causing damage to the crop at the time of germination, spray of carbandasim 1 gm + thiram 2 gm per hectare seed results in more than 95% germination.

# **Planting Time**

Second week of October

## Fertilizer (Recommendation)

100:60:80 kg per hectare for improved variety 200:80:1000 kg per hectare for hybrid variety

### **Planting**

Plant variety of unlimited growth at 60x60 cm and variety of limited growth at 45x45 cm.

## **Mosaic Treatment**

Spray 200 ppm of sicosyl solution before 4-5 days of germination in nursery and repeat it after 25-30 days. In addition to this, spray metasystox (0.1%) 2-3 times in nursery and repeat this insecticide after 10-15 days.

#### विशेष:

फैलने वाली संकर परजातियों को मेड़ पर रोपित करे तथा बांस व लकड़ी आदि से सहारा दें।

#### **B-Cauliflower**

## Variety

Early sown Pusa Deepali, Samar King, Pant Shubra Medium Improved Japani, Pusa Snowball Late sown Pusa Snowball K -1, Pusa Snowball -16

## **Hybrid Variety**

Pusa Hybrid -1, Himani, Hemlata Ujjawala, Madhuri, Samar King.

# **Sowing**

Complete the sowing of early variety from mid June to July first week and medium and late Variety should be done by July and August.

For cultivation of cauliflower, spread well in the field 25-30 ton decomposed farm yard manure and 60:60:80 kg per hectare NPK before sowing and use remaining 60 kg nitrogen 2 times in standing crop after planting. Use of 10 kg per hectare borax and 2 kg ammonium molybdate with NPK result in good increase in yield. For control of root rot, use carbandasim 2.5 gm per kg seed and spread neem cake and trichoderma viridi in the field before planting.

## D. Cabbage

#### Variety

Pride of India, Golden Akar, Pusa Mukta

### **Sankar Variety**

Shri Ganeshan Gol, Stone Dead, Green Rani Gol, Kranti, Gautam, Bajrang, Krishna, Bio-Samrat.

## **Sowing**

Early variety is sown from last week of August to 15th September. Medium and late variety is sown from mid September to whole October.

#### **Fertilizer**

120:60:60 Kg per hectare (For Normal Variety) 180:80:80 Kg per Hectare (For Hybrid Variety)

### E. Vegetable Peas

Foliar spry of calaxin (0.1%0 solution in vegetable pea crop manages the powdery mildew disease and increases the production.

Orcal, Azad P-3, Pusa Hans, Pant Vegetable Peas -4, Narendra Early

Sown Vegetable Peas -1,2 and 4

**Medium** Bonbila, Azad P-1, Azad P-4 (Disease Resistant)

Sow during the first week of November. Before sowing, treat the pea's seed first with thiram and carbandasim (2gm chemical/Kg of seed) and then with Raizobium Culture is considered beneficial. First irrigation is done just after flowering (30-40 days) and second after pod formation (60-65 days). For weed control, spray

Sowing pendimethylene 3.5 liter pr hectare dissolved in 500 liter water

after 3-4 days of sowing and before germination. Seed treatment with 10 quintal/hectare neem cake and trichoderma viridi (4 gm/

kg seed) protects from ukatha disease. Ensure proper

arrangement of water drainage.

## F. French Bean

Panj Anamika, Pusa Parvati, Azad Rajma -1, Cantender. Sowing 80 -100 kg of seed per hectare in the mid to end of October is suitable. Apply first irrigation after flowering stage.

#### G. Onions

Kalyanpur Red Round, Pusa Ratnar, Agri Found, light red, agri found white. Hybrid Variety -Ex Kalivar, Burgundy, K.P. Orient, Rosi. 10-12 kg/hectare seed for normal variety and 4-5 kg/hectare for hybrid variety is sufficient for nursery.

### **Planting**

Suitable time of sowing is November to January. Late sowing with reduce the yield continuously. Use 100:60:80 kg/hectare N.P.K. Spread half of the quantity of Nitrogen before planting and remaining quantity after 45 and 75 days of planting in standing crop.

#### H. Garlic

Yamuna white -3, white, Pant Lohit and Agri Found Parvati.

**Sowing** From October till second week of November

7 - 8 guintal per hectare, Healthy buds Seed

100:60:60 kg per hectare N.P.K Sowing

Expenditure for garlic Rs.50,000-55,000 thousand and net profit Rs.

cultivation **40000-45000**per hectare.

# I. Seed Spice

Cultivation of spices can be successfully done in doaba of Ganga-Yamuna. Important crop of spices are as follows:

Coriander Pant haritima, Azad dhania-1

**Saunf** Azad saunf-1, Pant Madhurika

**Menthi** Pusa early Wanching, Pant ragini, Azad methi-1

Kalaunji Azad Kalaunji-1, Pant Krishna

**Ajvine** Azad jvine-1, Pant Ruchika and Local variety Soya-Azad, Soya-1

# **Sowing**

Second fortnight of October

## Remarks

Prepare the plant of saunf from 4-5 kg seed and plant in 1 hectare. This will yield good result.

For sufficient production of spice seeds, mix 50:30:30 kg/hectare nitrogen, phosphorous and potash in the field before sowing.