


## Tutorial 5

### CSO203: Inorganic Molecules, Materials & Medicines


1. Draw a schematic cyclic voltammogram for a reversible electrochemical process considering 1 mM of ferrocene solution. The potential can be considered with respect to  $\text{Fc}^+/\text{Fc}$ . Calculate the time required for 1 scan. How do you reduce the time required for 1 scan?

Properties 

CV staircase

Command name

Start potential   $V_{\text{REF}}$  ▼

Upper vertex poten...    $V_{\text{REF}}$  ▼

Lower vertex potent...   $V_{\text{REF}}$  ▼

Stop potential   $V_{\text{REF}}$  ▼

Number of scans

Scan rate  V/s

2. Sketch concentration profiles (mM) for  $\text{Fc}^+$  and  $\text{Fc}$  as a function of the distance from the electrode from the cyclic voltammogram. Explain the significance of  $E_{1/2}$ .
3. Derive the Nernst Equation for the 1-electron reduction of  $\text{Fc}^+$  to  $\text{Fc}$ .
4. Write the conditions (at least three) for reversible, quasi-reversible, and irreversible cyclic voltammograms.
5. How can one determine if the electrochemical reaction is controlled by either diffusion or adsorption?
6. Explain the effect of scan rates on Faradaic current in an electrochemical reaction.