

# Type Theories with Computation Rules for the Univalence Axiom

Robin Adams

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```
module main where
```

## 1 Preliminaries

```
module Prelims where
```

### 1.1 Functions

We write  $\text{id}_A$  for the identity function on the type  $A$ , and  $g \circ f$  for the composition of functions  $g$  and  $f$ .

```
id : ∀ (A : Set) → A → A
id A x = x
```

```
infix 75 _o_
_o_ : ∀ {A B C : Set} → (B → C) → (A → B) → A → C
(g ∘ f) x = g (f x)
```

### 1.2 Equality

We use the inductively defined equality  $=$  on every datatype.

```
infix 50 _≡_
data _≡_ {A : Set} (a : A) : A → Set where
  ref : a ≡ a

subst : ∀ {A : Set} (P : A → Set) {a} {b} → a ≡ b → P a → P b
subst P ref Pa = Pa

sym : ∀ {A : Set} {a b : A} → a ≡ b → b ≡ a
sym ref = ref

trans : ∀ {A : Set} {a b c : A} → a ≡ b → b ≡ c → a ≡ c
```

```
trans ref ref = ref
```

```
wd : ∀ {A B : Set} (f : A → B) {a a' : A} → a ≡ a' → f a ≡ f a'
wd _ ref = ref
```

```
wd2 : ∀ {A B C : Set} (f : A → B → C) {a a' : A} {b b' : B} → a ≡ a' → b ≡ b' → f a b ≡ f a' b'
wd2 _ ref ref = ref
```

```
module Equational-Reasoning (A : Set) where
```

```
  infix 2 `·_
  `·_ : ∀ (a : A) → a ≡ a
  `· _ = ref
```

```
  infix 1 _≡_[_]
  _≡_[_] : ∀ {a b : A} → a ≡ b → ∀ c → b ≡ c → a ≡ c
  δ ≡ c [ δ' ] = trans δ δ'
```

```
  infix 1 _≡_[[_]]
  _≡_[[_]] : ∀ {a b : A} → a ≡ b → ∀ c → c ≡ b → a ≡ c
  δ ≡ c [[ δ' ]] = trans δ (sym δ')
```

We also write  $f \sim g$  iff the functions  $f$  and  $g$  are extensionally equal, that is,  $f(x) = g(x)$  for all  $x$ .

```
infix 50 _~_
_~_ : ∀ {A B : Set} → (A → B) → (A → B) → Set
f ~ g = ∀ x → f x ≡ g x
```

## 2 Datatypes

We introduce a universe **FinSet** of (names of) finite sets. There is an empty set  $\emptyset : \mathbf{FinSet}$ , and for every  $A : \mathbf{FinSet}$ , the type  $A + 1 : \mathbf{FinSet}$  has one more element:

$$A + 1 = \{\perp\} \uplus \{\uparrow a : a \in A\}$$

```
data FinSet : Set where
  ∅ : FinSet
  Lift : FinSet → FinSet
```

```
data El : FinSet → Set where
  ⊥ : ∀ {V} → El (Lift V)
  ↑ : ∀ {V} → El V → El (Lift V)
```

A *replacement* from  $U$  to  $V$  is simply a function  $U \rightarrow V$ .

```
Rep : FinSet → FinSet → Set
Rep U V = El U → El V
```

Given  $f : A \rightarrow B$ , define  $f + 1 : A + 1 \rightarrow B + 1$  by

$$\begin{aligned}(f + 1)(\perp) &= \perp \\ (f + 1)(\uparrow x) &= \uparrow f(x)\end{aligned}$$

```
lift : ∀ {U} {V} → Rep U V → Rep (Lift U) (Lift V)
lift _ ⊥ = ⊥
lift f (↑ x) = ↑ (f x)
```

```
liftwd : ∀ {U} {V} {f g : Rep U V} → f ~ g → lift f ~ lift g
liftwd f-is-g ⊥ = ref
liftwd f-is-g (↑ x) = wd ↑ (f-is-g x)
```

This makes  $(-)+1$  into a functor  $\mathbf{FinSet} \rightarrow \mathbf{FinSet}$ ; that is,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{id}_V + 1 &= \text{id}_{V+1} \\ (g \circ f) + 1 &= (g + 1) \circ (f + 1)\end{aligned}$$

```
liftid : ∀ {V} → lift (id (El V)) ~ id (El (Lift V))
liftid ⊥ = ref
liftid (↑ _) = ref
```

```
liftcomp : ∀ {U} {V} {W} {g : Rep V W} {f : Rep U V} → lift (g ∘ f) ~ lift g ∘ lift f
liftcomp ⊥ = ref
liftcomp (↑ _) = ref
```

```
open import Prelims
```

```
module PL where
open import Prelims
```

### 3 Propositional Logic

Fix sets of *proof variables* and *term variables*.

The syntax of the system is given by the following grammar.

$$\begin{array}{lll}\text{Proof} & \delta & ::= p \mid \delta\delta \mid \lambda p : \phi. \delta \\ \text{Proposition} & \phi & ::= \perp \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \\ \text{Proof Context} & \Delta & ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Delta, p : \phi \\ \text{Judgement} & \mathcal{J} & ::= \Delta \vdash \delta : \phi\end{array}$$

where  $p$  ranges over proof variables and  $x$  ranges over term variables. The variable  $p$  is bound within  $\delta$  in the proof  $\lambda p : \phi. \delta$ , and the variable  $x$  is bound within  $M$  in the term  $\lambda x : A. M$ . We identify proofs and terms up to  $\alpha$ -conversion.

We write  $\mathbf{Proof}(P)$  for the set of all proofs  $\delta$  with  $\text{FV}(\delta) \subseteq P$ .

```

infix 75 _⇒_
data Prp : Set where
  ⊥ : Prp
  _⇒_ : Prp → Prp → Prp

infix 80 _,-_
data PContext : FinSet → Set where
  ⟨⟩ : PContext ∅
  _,-_ : ∀ {P} → PContext P → Prp → PContext (Lift P)

--Proof V P is the set of all proofs with term variables among V and proof variables among P
data Proof : FinSet → Set where
  var : ∀ {P} → El P → Proof P
  app : ∀ {P} → Proof P → Proof P → Proof P
  Λ : ∀ {P} → Prp → Proof (Lift P) → Proof P

  Let  $U, V : \mathbf{FinSet}$ . A replacement from  $U$  to  $V$  is just a function  $U \rightarrow V$ .
  Given a term  $M : \mathbf{Proof}(U)$  and a replacement  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$ , we write  $M\{\rho\} : \mathbf{Proof}(V)$  for the result of replacing each variable  $x$  in  $M$  with  $\rho(x)$ .

infix 60 _<_>
_<_> : ∀ {U V} → Proof U → Rep U V → Proof V
var p < ρ > = var (ρ p)
app δ ε < ρ > = app (δ < ρ >) (ε < ρ >)
Λ ϕ δ < ρ > = Λ ϕ (δ < lift ρ >)

  With this as the action on arrows, Proof() becomes a functor FinSet → Set.

repwd : ∀ {U V : FinSet} {ρ ρ' : El U → El V} → ρ ~ ρ' → ∀ δ → δ < ρ > ≡ δ < ρ' >
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (var p) = wd var (ρ-is-ρ' p)
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repwd ρ-is-ρ' δ) (repwd ρ-is-ρ' ε)
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (Λ ϕ δ) = wd (Λ ϕ) (repwd (liftwd ρ-is-ρ') δ)

repid : ∀ {V : FinSet} δ → δ < id (El V) > ≡ δ
repid (var _) = ref
repid (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repid δ) (repid ε)
repid {V} (Λ ϕ δ) = wd (Λ ϕ) (let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift V)) in
  ∴ δ < lift (id (El V)) >
  ≡ δ < id (El (Lift V)) > [ repwd liftid δ ]
  ≡ δ [ repid δ ])

repcomp : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (ρ : El V → El W) (σ : El U → El V) M → M < ρ ∘ σ > ≡ M
repcomp ρ σ (var _) = ref
repcomp ρ σ (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repcomp ρ σ δ) (repcomp ρ σ ε)
repcomp {W = W} ρ σ (Λ A δ) = wd (Λ A) (let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift W)) in
  ∴ δ < lift (ρ ∘ σ) >

```

$$\begin{aligned} &\equiv \delta < \text{lift } \rho \circ \text{lift } \sigma > \quad [ \text{repwd liftcomp } \delta ] \\ &\equiv (\delta < \text{lift } \sigma >) < \text{lift } \rho > [ \text{repcomp } \_ \_ \delta ] \end{aligned}$$

A *substitution*  $\sigma$  from  $U$  to  $V$ ,  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , is a function  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbf{Proof}(V)$ .

```
Sub : FinSet → FinSet → Set
Sub U V = El U → Proof V
```

The identity substitution  $\text{id}_V : V \Rightarrow V$  is defined as follows.

```
idSub : ∀ V → Sub V V
idSub _ = var
```

Given  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$  and  $M : \mathbf{Proof}(U)$ , we want to define  $M[\sigma] : \mathbf{Proof}(V)$ , the result of applying the substitution  $\sigma$  to  $M$ . Only after this will we be able to define the composition of two substitutions. However, there is some work we need to do before we are able to do this.

We can define the composition of a substitution and a replacement as follows.

```
infix 75 _•_
_•_ : ∀ {U} {V} {W} → Rep V W → Sub U V → Sub U W
(ρ • σ) u = σ u < ρ >
```

(On the other side, given  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$  and  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$ , the composition is just function composition  $\sigma \circ \rho : U \Rightarrow W$ .)

Given a substitution  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , define the substitution  $\sigma + 1 : U + 1 \Rightarrow V + 1$  as follows.

```
liftSub : ∀ {U} {V} → Sub U V → Sub (Lift U) (Lift V)
liftSub _ ⊥ = var ⊥
liftSub σ (↑ x) = σ x < ↑ >
```

```
liftSub-wd : ∀ {U V} {σ σ' : Sub U V} → σ ~ σ' → liftSub σ ~ liftSub σ'
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' ⊥ = ref
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' (↑ x) = wd (λ x → x < ↑ >) (σ-is-σ' x)
```

**Lemma 1.** *The operations  $\bullet$  and  $(-)+1$  satisfies the following properties.*

1.  $\text{id}_V + 1 = \text{id}_{V+1}$
2. For  $\rho : V \rightarrow W$  and  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\rho \bullet \sigma) + 1 = (\rho + 1) \bullet (\sigma + 1)$ .
3. For  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\sigma \circ \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \circ (\rho + 1)$ .

```
liftSub-id : ∀ {V : FinSet} → liftSub (idSub V) ~ idSub (Lift V)
liftSub-id ⊥ = ref
liftSub-id (↑ x) = ref
```

```
liftSub-comp1 : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (σ : Sub U V) (ρ : Rep V W) →
```

```

liftSub ( $\rho \bullet_1 \sigma$ )  $\sim$  lift  $\rho \bullet_1$  liftSub  $\sigma$ 
liftSub-comp1  $\sigma \rho \perp$  = ref
liftSub-comp1 {W = W}  $\sigma \rho (\uparrow x)$  = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift W)) in
   $\because \sigma x < \rho > < \uparrow >$ 
   $\equiv \sigma x < \uparrow \circ \rho >$  [[ repcomp  $\uparrow \rho (\sigma x)$  ]]
   $\equiv \sigma x < \uparrow > < \text{lift } \rho > [ \text{repcomp } (\text{lift } \rho) \uparrow (\sigma x) ]$ 
--because lift  $\rho (\uparrow x) = \uparrow (\rho x)$ 

liftSub-comp2 :  $\forall \{U V W : \text{FinSet}\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V W) (\rho : \text{Rep } U V) \rightarrow$ 
  liftSub ( $\sigma \circ \rho$ )  $\sim$  liftSub  $\sigma \circ$  lift  $\rho$ 
liftSub-comp2  $\sigma \rho \perp$  = ref
liftSub-comp2  $\sigma \rho (\uparrow x)$  = ref

```

Now define  $M[\sigma]$  as follows.

```

--Term is a monad with unit var and the following multiplication
infix 60 _[_]
_[_] :  $\forall \{U V : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{Proof } U \rightarrow \text{Sub } U V \rightarrow \text{Proof } V$ 
(var x)    [_]  $\sigma$  =  $\sigma x$ 
(app M N)  [_]  $\sigma$  = app (M [_]  $\sigma$ ) (N [_]  $\sigma$ )
( $\Lambda$  A M)  [_]  $\sigma$  =  $\Lambda$  A (M [_] liftSub  $\sigma$ )

subwd :  $\forall \{U V : \text{FinSet}\} \{ \sigma \sigma' : \text{Sub } U V \} \rightarrow \sigma \sim \sigma' \rightarrow \forall M \rightarrow M [_] \sigma \equiv M [_] \sigma'$ 
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (var x) =  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma' x$ 
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (app M N) = wd2 app (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  M) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  N)
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd (liftSub-wd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$ ) M)

```

This interacts with our previous operations in a good way:

**Lemma 2.** 1.  $M[\text{id}_V] \equiv M$

2.  $M[\rho \bullet \sigma] \equiv M[\sigma]\{\rho\}$

3.  $M[\sigma \circ \rho] \equiv M < \rho > [\sigma]$

```

subid :  $\forall \{V : \text{FinSet}\} (M : \text{Proof } V) \rightarrow M [_] \text{idSub } V \equiv M$ 
subid (var x) = ref
subid (app M N) = wd2 app (subid M) (subid N)
subid {V} ( $\Lambda$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof V) in
   $\because \Lambda$  A (M [_] liftSub (idSub V))
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M [_] idSub (Lift V)) [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd liftSub-id M) ]
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A M [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subid M) ]

```

```

rep-sub :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } U V) (\rho : \text{Rep } V W) (M : \text{Proof } U) \rightarrow M [_] \sigma < \rho > \equiv M [_]$ 
rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  (var x) = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  M) (rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  N)
rep-sub {W = W}  $\sigma \rho$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof W) in
   $\because \Lambda$  A ((M [_] liftSub  $\sigma$ ) < lift  $\rho$  >)

```

$$\begin{aligned} &\equiv \Lambda A (M \llbracket \text{lift } \rho \bullet_1 \text{ liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda A) (\text{rep-sub } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) (\text{lift } \rho) M) \rrbracket \\ &\equiv \Lambda A (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\rho \bullet_1 \sigma) \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda A) (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_1 \sigma \rho) M) \rrbracket \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sub-rep} &: \forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Rep } U \ V) M \rightarrow M < \rho > \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \circ \rho \rrbracket \\ \text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) &= \text{ref} \\ \text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } M \ N) &= \text{wd2 app } (\text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ M) (\text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ N) \\ \text{sub-rep } \{W = W\} \sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda A \ M) &= \text{let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof W) in} \\ &\quad \therefore \Lambda A ((M < \text{lift } \rho >) \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket) \\ &\equiv \Lambda A (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda A) (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) (\text{lift } \rho) M) \rrbracket \\ &\equiv \Lambda A (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\sigma \circ \rho) \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda A) (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_2 \sigma \rho) M) \rrbracket \end{aligned}$$

We define the composition of two substitutions, as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{infix 75 } \_ \bullet \_ \\ \_ \bullet \_ &: \forall \{U \ V \ W : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{Sub } V \ W \rightarrow \text{Sub } U \ V \rightarrow \text{Sub } U \ W \\ (\sigma \bullet \rho) \ x &= \rho \ x \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 3.** *Let  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \Rightarrow V$ .*

1.  $(\sigma \bullet \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \bullet (\rho + 1)$
2.  $M[\sigma \bullet \rho] \equiv M[\rho][\sigma]$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{liftSub-comp} &: \forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) \rightarrow \\ &\quad \text{liftSub } (\sigma \bullet \rho) \sim \text{liftSub } \sigma \bullet \text{liftSub } \rho \\ \text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho \ \perp &= \text{ref} \\ \text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\uparrow x) &= \text{trans } (\text{rep-sub } \sigma \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)) (\text{sym } (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \uparrow (\rho \ x))) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{subcomp} &: \forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) M \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \\ \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) &= \text{ref} \\ \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } M \ N) &= \text{wd2 app } (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ M) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ N) \\ \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda A \ M) &= \text{wd } (\Lambda A) (\text{trans } (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho) M) (\text{subcomp } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \rho)) \end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 4.** *The finite sets and substitutions form a category under this composition.*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{assoc} &: \forall \{U \ V \ W \ X\} \{\rho : \text{Sub } W \ X\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W\} \{\tau : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \\ &\quad \rho \bullet (\sigma \bullet \tau) \sim (\rho \bullet \sigma) \bullet \tau \\ \text{assoc } \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} \{X\} \{\rho\} \{\sigma\} \{\tau\} \ x &= \text{sym } (\text{subcomp } \rho \ \sigma \ (\tau \ x)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{subunitl} &: \forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \text{idSub } V \bullet \sigma \sim \sigma \\ \text{subunitl } \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma\} \ x &= \text{subid } (\sigma \ x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{subunitr} &: \forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \sigma \bullet \text{idSub } U \sim \sigma \\ \text{subunitr } \_ &= \text{ref} \end{aligned}$$

-- The second monad law

```

rep-is-sub : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ : El U → El V} M → M < ρ > ≡ M [ var ∘ ρ ]
rep-is-sub (var x) = ref
rep-is-sub (app M N) = wd2 app (rep-is-sub M) (rep-is-sub N)
rep-is-sub {V = V} {ρ} (Λ A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof V) in
  ∴ Λ A (M < lift ρ >)
    ≡ Λ A (M [ var ∘ lift ρ ]) [ wd (Λ A) (rep-is-sub M) ]
    ≡ Λ A (M [ liftSub var ∘ lift ρ ]) [[ wd (Λ A) (subwd (λ x → liftSub-id (lift ρ x)) M) ]]
    ≡ Λ A (M [ liftSub (var ∘ ρ) ]) [[ wd (Λ A) (subwd (liftSub-comp2 var ρ) M) ]]
--wd (Λ A) (trans (rep-is-sub M) (subwd {!!} M))

propof : ∀ {P} → El P → PContext P → Prp
propof ⊥ (⊥ , ϕ) = ϕ
propof (↑ p) (Γ , ⊥) = propof p Γ

liftSub-var' : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) → liftSub (var ∘ ρ) ∼ var ∘ lift ρ
liftSub-var' ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-var' ρ (↑ x) = ref

botsub : ∀ {V} → Proof V → Sub (Lift V) V
botsub δ ⊥ = δ
botsub _ (↑ x) = var x

sub-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (σ : Sub U V) (M : Proof U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x [ σ ] ≡ liftSub σ x [ botsub (M [ σ ]) ]
sub-botsub σ M ⊥ = ref
sub-botsub σ M (↑ x) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof _) in
  ∴ σ x
    ≡ σ x [ idSub _ ] [ subid (σ x) ]
    ≡ σ x < ↑ > [ botsub (M [ σ ]) ] [ sub-rep (botsub (M [ σ ])) ↑ (σ x) ]

rep-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) (M : Proof U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x < ρ > ≡ botsub (M < ρ >) (lift ρ x)
rep-botsub ρ M x = trans (rep-is-sub (botsub M x))
  (trans (sub-botsub (var ∘ ρ) M x) (trans (subwd (λ x1 → wd (λ y → botsub y x1) (sym (
    wd (λ x → x [ botsub (M < ρ >)] (liftSub-var' ρ x))))
--TODO Inline this?

subbot : ∀ {V} → Proof (Lift V) → Proof V → Proof V
subbot M N = M [ botsub N ]

We write  $M \simeq N$  iff the terms  $M$  and  $N$  are  $\beta$ -convertible, and similarly for
proofs.

data _→_ : ∀ {V} → Proof V → Proof V → Set where
  β : ∀ {V} A (M : Proof (Lift V)) N → app (Λ A M) N → subbot M N
  ref : ∀ {V} {M : Proof V} → M → M

```



```

→trans : ∀ {V} {M N P : Proof V} → M → N → N → P → M → P
app : ∀ {V} {δ δ' ε ε' : Proof V} → δ → δ' → ε → ε' → app δ ε → app δ' ε'
ξ : ∀ {V} {M N : Proof (Lift V)} {A} → M → N → Λ A M → Λ A N

repred : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ : El U → El V} {M N : Proof U} → M → N → M < ρ > → N < ρ >
repred {U} {V} {ρ} (β A M N) = subst (λ x → app (Λ A (M < lift ρ > )) (N < ρ > → x)) (
repred ref = ref
repred (→trans M→N N→P) = →trans (repred M→N) (repred N→P)
repred (app M→N M'→N') = app (repred M→N) (repred M'→N')
repred (ξ M→N) = ξ (repred M→N)

liftSub-red : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ σ : Sub U V} → (∀ x → ρ x → σ x) → (∀ x → liftSub ρ x →
liftSub-red ρ→σ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-red ρ→σ (↑ x) = repred (ρ→σ x)

subred : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ σ : Sub U V} (M : Proof U) → (∀ x → ρ x → σ x) → M [ ρ ] → M [
subred (var x) ρ→σ = ρ→σ x
subred (app δ ε) ρ→σ = app (subred δ ρ→σ) (subred ε ρ→σ)
subred (Λ φ δ) ρ→σ = ξ (subred δ (liftSub-red ρ→σ))

subsub : ∀ {U} {V} {W} (σ : Sub V W) (ρ : Sub U V) M → M [ ρ ] [ σ ] ≡ M [ σ • ρ ]
subsub σ ρ (var x) = ref
subsub σ ρ (app M N) = wd2 app (subsub σ ρ M) (subsub σ ρ N)
subsub σ ρ (Λ A M) = wd (Λ A) (trans (subsub (liftSub σ) (liftSub ρ) M)
(subwd (λ x → sym (liftSub-comp σ ρ x)) M))

subredr : ∀ {U} {V} {σ : Sub U V} {M N : Proof U} → M → N → M [ σ ] → N [ σ ]
subredr {U} {V} {σ} (β A M N) = subst (λ x → app (Λ A (M [ liftSub σ ])) (N [ σ ] → x)
(sym (trans (subsub (botsub (N [ σ ])) (liftSub σ) M) (subwd (λ x → sym (sub-botsub σ
subredr ref = ref
subredr (→trans M→N N→P) = →trans (subredr M→N) (subredr N→P)
subredr (app M→M' N→N') = app (subredr M→M') (subredr N→N')
subredr (ξ δ→δ') = ξ (subredr δ→δ')

data _≃_ : ∀ {V} → Proof V → Proof V → Set1 where
β : ∀ {V} {A} {M : Proof (Lift V)} {N} → app (Λ A M) N ≃ subbot M N
ref : ∀ {V} {M : Proof V} → M ≃ M
≃sym : ∀ {V} {M N : Proof V} → M ≃ N → N ≃ M
≃trans : ∀ {V} {M N P : Proof V} → M ≃ N → N ≃ P → M ≃ P
app : ∀ {V} {M M' N N' : Proof V} → M ≃ M' → N ≃ N' → app M N ≃ app M' N'
Λ : ∀ {V} {M N : Proof (Lift V)} {A} → M ≃ N → Λ A M ≃ Λ A N

```

The *strongly normalizable* terms are defined inductively as follows.

```

data SN {V} : Proof V → Set1 where
SNI : ∀ {M} → (∀ N → M → N → SN N) → SN M

```

**Lemma 5.** 1. If  $MN \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$ .

2. If  $M[x := N] \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$ .

3. If  $M \in SN$  and  $M \triangleright N$  then  $N \in SN$ .

4. If  $M[x := N]\vec{P} \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$  then  $(\lambda x M)N\vec{P} \in SN$ .

$\text{SNapp1} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Proof } V\} \rightarrow SN (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow SN M$

$\text{SNapp1 } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNapp1 } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } P N) (\text{app } M \triangleright P))$

$\text{SNappr} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Proof } V\} \rightarrow SN (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow SN N$

$\text{SNappr } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNappr } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } M P) (\text{app } \text{ref } P))$

$\text{SNsub} : \forall \{V\} \{M : \text{Proof } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{N\} \rightarrow SN (\text{subbot } M N) \rightarrow SN M$

$\text{SNsub } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNsub } (MN\text{-is-SN } (P \llbracket \text{botsub } N \rrbracket)) (\text{subbot } M N))$

The rules of deduction of the system are as follows.

$$\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash p : \phi} (p : \phi \in \Gamma)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \delta \epsilon : \psi} \quad \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \phi$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, p : \phi \vdash \delta : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda p : \phi. \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi}$$

`data _\vdash_\_ : \forall \{P\} \rightarrow PContext P \rightarrow Proof P \rightarrow Prp \rightarrow Set1 where`

`var : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{p\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{var } p :: \text{propof } p \Gamma`

`app : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \delta :: \phi \Rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \epsilon :: \phi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{app } \delta \epsilon :: \phi \rightarrow \psi`

`\Lambda : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{\phi\} \{\delta\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma, \phi \vdash \delta :: \psi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \Lambda \phi \delta :: \phi \Rightarrow \psi`

`module PHOPL where`

`open import Prelims`

## 4 Predicative Higher-Order Propositional Logic

Fix sets of *proof variables* and *term variables*.

The syntax of the system is given by the following grammar.

Proof	$\delta ::= p \mid \delta\delta \mid \lambda p : \phi. \delta$
Term	$M, \phi ::= x \mid \perp \mid MM \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid \lambda x : A. M$
Type	$A ::= \Omega \mid A \rightarrow A$
Term Context	$\Gamma ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Gamma, x : A$
Proof Context	$\Delta ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Delta, p : \phi$
Judgement	$\mathcal{J} ::= \Gamma \text{ valid} \mid \Gamma \vdash M : A \mid \Gamma, \Delta \text{ valid} \mid \Gamma, \Delta \vdash \delta : \phi$

where  $p$  ranges over proof variables and  $x$  ranges over term variables. The variable  $p$  is bound within  $\delta$  in the proof  $\lambda p : \phi.\delta$ , and the variable  $x$  is bound within  $M$  in the term  $\lambda x : A.M$ . We identify proofs and terms up to  $\alpha$ -conversion.

In the implementation, we write  $\mathbf{Term}(V)$  for the set of all terms with free variables a subset of  $V$ , where  $V : \mathbf{FinSet}$ .

```

infix 80 _⇒_
data Type : Set where
  Ω : Type
  _⇒_ : Type → Type → Type

--Context V P is the set of all contexts whose domain consists of the term variables in V
infix 80 _,-_
data TContext : FinSet → Set where
  ⟨⟩ : TContext ∅
  _,-_ : ∀ {V} → TContext V → Type → TContext (Lift V)

--Term V is the set of all terms M with FV(M) ⊆ V
data Term : FinSet → Set where
  var : ∀ {V} → El V → Term V
  ⊥ : ∀ {V} → Term V
  app : ∀ {V} → Term V → Term V → Term V
  Λ : ∀ {V} → Type → Term (Lift V) → Term V
  _⇒_ : ∀ {V} → Term V → Term V → Term V

data PContext (V : FinSet) : FinSet → Set where
  ⟨⟩ : PContext V ∅
  _,-_ : ∀ {P} → PContext V P → Term V → PContext V (Lift P)

--Proof V P is the set of all proofs with term variables among V and proof variables among P
data Proof (V : FinSet) : FinSet → Set1 where
  var : ∀ {P} → El P → Proof V P
  app : ∀ {P} → Proof V P → Proof V P → Proof V P
  Λ : ∀ {P} → Term V → Proof V (Lift P) → Proof V P

Let U, V : FinSet. A replacement from U to V is just a function U → V.
Given a term M : Term(U) and a replacement ρ : U → V, we write M{ρ} :
Term(V) for the result of replacing each variable x in M with ρ(x).

infix 60 _<_>
_<_> : ∀ {U V} → Term U → Rep U V → Term V
(var x) < ρ > = var (ρ x)
⊥ < ρ > = ⊥
(app M N) < ρ > = app (M < ρ >) (N < ρ >)
(Λ A M) < ρ > = Λ A (M < lift ρ >)
(φ ⇒ ψ) < ρ > = (φ < ρ >) ⇒ (ψ < ρ >)

```

With this as the action on arrows, **Term**() becomes a functor **FinSet**  $\rightarrow$  **Set**.

```

repwd :  $\forall \{U\ V : \text{FinSet}\} \{ \rho\ \rho' : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V \} \rightarrow \rho \sim \rho' \rightarrow \forall M \rightarrow M < \rho > \equiv M < \rho' >$ 
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  (var x) = wd var ( $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  x)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\perp$  = ref
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  (app M N) = wd2 app (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  M) (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  N)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (repwd (liftwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$ ) M)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\phi$ ) (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\psi$ )

repid :  $\forall \{V : \text{FinSet}\} M \rightarrow M < \text{id } (\text{El } V) > \equiv M$ 
repid (var x) = ref
repid  $\perp$  = ref
repid (app M N) = wd2 app (repid M) (repid N)
repid ( $\Lambda$  A M) = wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (trans (repwd liftid M) (repid M))
repid ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repid  $\phi$ ) (repid  $\psi$ )

repcomp :  $\forall \{U\ V\ W : \text{FinSet}\} (\sigma : \text{El } V \rightarrow \text{El } W) (\rho : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V) M \rightarrow M < \sigma \circ \rho > \equiv M$ 
repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  (var x) = ref
repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma\ \perp$  = ref
repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  (app M N) = wd2 app (repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  M) (repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  N)
repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (trans (repwd liftcomp M) (repcomp (lift  $\rho$ ) (lift  $\sigma$ ) M))
repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$   $\phi$ ) (repcomp  $\rho\ \sigma$   $\psi$ )

```

A *substitution*  $\sigma$  from  $U$  to  $V$ ,  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , is a function  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbf{Term}(V)$ .

```

Sub : FinSet  $\rightarrow$  FinSet  $\rightarrow$  Set
Sub U V = El U  $\rightarrow$  Term V

```

The identity substitution  $\text{id}_V : V \Rightarrow V$  is defined as follows.

```

idSub :  $\forall V \rightarrow \text{Sub } V\ V$ 
idSub  $\_$  = var

```

Given  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$  and  $M : \mathbf{Term}(U)$ , we want to define  $M[\sigma] : \mathbf{Term}(V)$ , the result of applying the substitution  $\sigma$  to  $M$ . Only after this will we be able to define the composition of two substitutions. However, there is some work we need to do before we are able to do this.

We can define the composition of a substitution and a replacement as follows.

```

infix 75  $\_ \bullet_1 \_$ 
 $\_ \bullet_1 \_$  :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} \rightarrow \text{Rep } V\ W \rightarrow \text{Sub } U\ V \rightarrow \text{Sub } U\ W$ 
( $\rho \bullet_1 \sigma$ ) u =  $\sigma\ u < \rho >$ 

```

(On the other side, given  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$  and  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$ , the composition is just function composition  $\sigma \circ \rho : U \Rightarrow W$ .)

Given a substitution  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , define the substitution  $\sigma + 1 : U + 1 \Rightarrow V + 1$  as follows.

```

liftSub : ∀ {U} {V} → Sub U V → Sub (Lift U) (Lift V)
liftSub _ ⊥ = var ⊥
liftSub σ (↑ x) = σ x < ↑ >

```

```

liftSub-wd : ∀ {U V} {σ σ' : Sub U V} → σ ~ σ' → liftSub σ ~ liftSub σ'
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' ⊥ = ref
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' (↑ x) = wd (λ x → x < ↑ >) (σ-is-σ' x)

```

**Lemma 6.** *The operations  $\text{ff}_1$  and  $(-)+1$  satisfies the following properties.*

1.  $\text{id}_V + 1 = \text{id}_{V+1}$
2. For  $\rho : V \rightarrow W$  and  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\rho \bullet \sigma) + 1 = (\rho + 1) \bullet (\sigma + 1)$ .
3. For  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\sigma \circ \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \circ (\rho + 1)$ .

```

liftSub-id : ∀ {V : FinSet} → liftSub (idSub V) ~ idSub (Lift V)
liftSub-id ⊥ = ref
liftSub-id (↑ x) = ref

```

```

liftSub-comp1 : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (σ : Sub U V) (ρ : Rep V W) →
  liftSub (ρ •1 σ) ~ lift ρ •1 liftSub σ
liftSub-comp1 σ ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-comp1 {W = W} σ ρ (↑ x) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term (Lift W)) in
  ∴ σ x < ρ > < ↑ >
  ≡ σ x < ↑ ∘ ρ > [[ repcomp ↑ ρ (σ x) ]]
  ≡ σ x < ↑ > < lift ρ > [ repcomp (lift ρ) ↑ (σ x) ]
--because lift ρ (↑ x) = ↑ (ρ x)

```

```

liftSub-comp2 : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (σ : Sub V W) (ρ : Rep U V) →
  liftSub (σ ∘ ρ) ~ liftSub σ ∘ lift ρ
liftSub-comp2 σ ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-comp2 σ ρ (↑ x) = ref

```

Now define  $M[\sigma]$  as follows.

--Term is a monad with unit var and the following multiplication

```

infix 60 _[[_]]
_[[_]] : ∀ {U V : FinSet} → Term U → Sub U V → Term V
(var x)  [[ σ ]] = σ x
⊥        [[ σ ]] = ⊥
(app M N) [[ σ ]] = app (M [[ σ ]]) (N [[ σ ]])
(Λ A M)   [[ σ ]] = Λ A (M [[ liftSub σ ]])
(φ ⇒ ψ)  [[ σ ]] = (φ [[ σ ]]) ⇒ (ψ [[ σ ]])

```

```

subwd : ∀ {U V : FinSet} {σ σ' : Sub U V} → σ ~ σ' → ∀ M → M [[ σ ]] ≡ M [[ σ' ]]
subwd σ-is-σ' (var x) = σ-is-σ' x
subwd σ-is-σ' ⊥ = ref

```

```

subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (app M N) = wd2 app (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  M) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  N)
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd (liftSub-wd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$ ) M)
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\phi$ ) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\psi$ )

```

This interacts with our previous operations in a good way:

**Lemma 7.** 1.  $M[\text{id}_V] \equiv M$

2.  $M[\rho \bullet \sigma] \equiv M[\sigma]\{\rho\}$

3.  $M[\sigma \circ \rho] \equiv M < \rho > [\sigma]$

```

subid :  $\forall \{V : \text{FinSet}\} (M : \text{Term } V) \rightarrow M \llbracket \text{idSub } V \rrbracket \equiv M$ 
subid (var x) = ref
subid  $\perp$  = ref
subid (app M N) = wd2 app (subid M) (subid N)
subid {V} ( $\Lambda$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term V) in
   $\because \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } (\text{idSub } V) \rrbracket$ )
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{idSub } (\text{Lift } V) \rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd liftSub-id M) ]
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A M [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subid M) ]
subid ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subid  $\phi$ ) (subid  $\psi$ )

```

```

rep-sub :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V) (\rho : \text{Rep } V \ W) (M : \text{Term } U) \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket < \rho > \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \circ \rho \rrbracket$ 
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (var x) = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\perp$  = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  M) (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  N)
rep-sub {W = W}  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term W) in
   $\because \Lambda$  A ((M  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket$ )  $< \text{lift } \rho >$ )
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{lift } \rho \bullet_1 \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (rep-sub (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (lift  $\rho$ ) M) ]
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } (\rho \bullet_1 \sigma) \rrbracket$ ) [[ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd (liftSub-comp1  $\sigma$   $\rho$ ) M) ]]
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\phi$ ) (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\psi$ )

```

```

sub-rep :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Rep } U \ V) M \rightarrow M < \rho > \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \circ \rho \rrbracket$ 
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (var x) = ref
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\perp$  = ref
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  M) (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  N)
sub-rep {W = W}  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\Lambda$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term W) in
   $\because \Lambda$  A ((M  $< \text{lift } \rho >$ )  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket$ )
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (sub-rep (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (lift  $\rho$ ) M) ]
   $\equiv \Lambda$  A (M  $\llbracket \text{liftSub } (\sigma \circ \rho) \rrbracket$ ) [[ wd ( $\Lambda$  A) (subwd (liftSub-comp2  $\sigma$   $\rho$ ) M) ]]
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\phi$ ) (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\psi$ )

```

We define the composition of two substitutions, as follows.

```

infix 75  $\_ \bullet \_$ 
 $\_ \bullet \_ : \forall \{U \ V \ W : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{Sub } V \ W \rightarrow \text{Sub } U \ V \rightarrow \text{Sub } U \ W$ 
( $\sigma \bullet \rho$ ) x =  $\rho$  x  $\llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 

```

**Lemma 8.** *Let  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \Rightarrow V$ .*

$$1. (\sigma \bullet \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \bullet (\rho + 1)$$

$$2. M[\sigma \bullet \rho] \equiv M[\rho][\sigma]$$

`liftSub-comp` :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) \rightarrow$

`liftSub`  $(\sigma \bullet \rho) \sim \text{liftSub } \sigma \bullet \text{liftSub } \rho$

`liftSub-comp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref}$

`liftSub-comp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\uparrow x) = \text{trans } (\text{rep-sub } \sigma \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)) \ (\text{sym } (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)))$

`subcomp` :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) \ M \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$

`subcomp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) = \text{ref}$

`subcomp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref}$

`subcomp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } M \ N) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ M) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ N)$

`subcomp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda A \ M) = \text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{trans } (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho) \ M) \ (\text{subcomp } (\text{liftSub } \sigma \ \rho) \ M))$

`subcomp`  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\phi \Rightarrow \psi) = \text{wd2 } \_ \Rightarrow \_ \ (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \phi) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \psi)$

**Lemma 9.** *The finite sets and substitutions form a category under this composition.*

`assoc` :  $\forall \{U \ V \ W \ X\} \{\rho : \text{Sub } W \ X\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W\} \{\tau : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow$

$\rho \bullet (\sigma \bullet \tau) \sim (\rho \bullet \sigma) \bullet \tau$

`assoc`  $\{U\} \{V\} \{W\} \{X\} \{\rho\} \{\sigma\} \{\tau\} \ x = \text{sym } (\text{subcomp } \rho \ \sigma \ (\tau \ x))$

`subunitl` :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \text{idSub } V \bullet \sigma \sim \sigma$

`subunitl`  $\{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma\} \ x = \text{subid } (\sigma \ x)$

`subunitr` :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \sigma \bullet \text{idSub } U \sim \sigma$

`subunitr`  $\_ = \text{ref}$

-- The second monad law

`rep-is-sub` :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V\} \ M \rightarrow M < \rho > \equiv M \llbracket \text{var } \circ \rho \rrbracket$

`rep-is-sub`  $(\text{var } x) = \text{ref}$

`rep-is-sub`  $\perp = \text{ref}$

`rep-is-sub`  $(\text{app } M \ N) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{rep-is-sub } M) (\text{rep-is-sub } N)$

`rep-is-sub`  $\{V = V\} \{\rho\} (\Lambda A \ M) = \text{let open Equational-Reasoning (Term V) in}$

$\because \Lambda A \ (M < \text{lift } \rho >)$

$\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{var } \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \quad [ \text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{rep-is-sub } M) ]$

$\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub var } \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \quad [ [ \text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{subwd } (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{liftSub-id } (\text{lift } \rho \ x)) \ M) ] ]$

$\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\text{var } \circ \rho) \rrbracket) \quad [ [ \text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_2 \ \text{var } \rho) \ M) ] ]$

--wd  $(\Lambda A) \ (\text{trans } (\text{rep-is-sub } M) \ (\text{subwd } \{!!\} \ M))$

`rep-is-sub`  $(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) = \text{wd2 } \_ \Rightarrow \_ \ (\text{rep-is-sub } \phi) (\text{rep-is-sub } \psi)$

`typeof` :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{El } V \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Type}$

`typeof`  $\perp \ (\_ , A) = A$

```

typeof (↑ x) (Γ , _) = typeof x Γ

propof : ∀ {V} {P} → El P → PContext V P → Term V
propof ⊥ (_ , ϕ) = ϕ
propof (↑ p) (Γ , _) = propof p Γ

liftSub-var' : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) → liftSub (var ∘ ρ) ~ var ∘ lift ρ
liftSub-var' ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-var' ρ (↑ x) = ref

botsub : ∀ {V} → Term V → Sub (Lift V) V
botsub M ⊥ = M
botsub _ (↑ x) = var x

sub-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (σ : Sub U V) (M : Term U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x [[ σ ]] ≡ liftSub σ x [[ botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ]]
sub-botsub σ M ⊥ = ref
sub-botsub σ M (↑ x) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term _) in
  ∴ σ x
  ≡ σ x [[ idSub _ ]] [[ subid (σ x) ]]
  ≡ σ x < ↑ > [[ botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ]] [[ sub-rep (botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ↑ (σ x) )]]

rep-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) (M : Term U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x < ρ > ≡ botsub (M < ρ >) (lift ρ x)
rep-botsub ρ M x = trans (rep-is-sub (botsub M x))
  (trans (sub-botsub (var ∘ ρ) M x) (trans (subwd (λ x₁ → wd (λ y → botsub y x₁) (sym (
    wd (λ x → x [[ botsub (M < ρ >)])) (liftSub-var' ρ x))))
--TODO Inline this?

subbot : ∀ {V} → Term (Lift V) → Term V → Term V
subbot M N = M [[ botsub N ]]

We write  $M \simeq N$  iff the terms  $M$  and  $N$  are  $\beta$ -convertible, and similarly for
proofs.

data _→_ : ∀ {V} → Term V → Term V → Set where
  β : ∀ {V} A (M : Term (Lift V)) N → app (Λ A M) N → subbot M N
  ref : ∀ {V} {M : Term V} → M → M
  →trans : ∀ {V} {M N P : Term V} → M → N → N → P → M → P
  app : ∀ {V} {M M' N N' : Term V} → M → M' → N → N' → app M N → app M' N'
  Λ : ∀ {V} {M N : Term (Lift V)} {A} → M → N → Λ A M → Λ A N
  imp : ∀ {V} {ϕ ϕ' ψ ψ' : Term V} → ϕ → ϕ' → ψ → ψ' → ϕ ⇒ ψ → ϕ' ⇒ ψ'

repre : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ : El U → El V} {M N : Term U} → M → N → M < ρ > → N < ρ >
repre {U} {V} {ρ} (β A M N) = subst (λ x → app (Λ A (M < lift ρ >)) (N < ρ > → x)) (
repre ref = ref

```



```

repred ( $\rightarrow$ trans  $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ ) =  $\rightarrow$ trans (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (repred  $N \rightarrow P$ )
repred (app  $M \rightarrow N \ M' \rightarrow N'$ ) = app (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (repred  $M' \rightarrow N'$ )
repred ( $\Lambda \ M \rightarrow N$ ) =  $\Lambda$  (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ )
repred (imp  $\phi \rightarrow \phi' \ \psi \rightarrow \psi'$ ) = imp (repred  $\phi \rightarrow \phi'$ ) (repred  $\psi \rightarrow \psi'$ )

```

```

liftSub-red :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho \ \sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \rho \ x \rightarrow \sigma \ x) \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \text{liftSub } \rho \ x \rightarrow$ 
liftSub-red  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma \ \perp = \text{ref}$ 
liftSub-red  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma \ (\uparrow x) = \text{repred } (\rho \rightarrow \sigma \ x)$ 

```

```

subred :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho \ \sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} (M : \text{Term } U) \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \rho \ x \rightarrow \sigma \ x) \rightarrow M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \rightarrow M \llbracket$ 
subred (var x)  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma = \rho \rightarrow \sigma \ x$ 
subred  $\perp \ \rho \rightarrow \sigma = \text{ref}$ 
subred (app M N)  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma = \text{app } (\text{subred } M \ \rho \rightarrow \sigma) (\text{subred } N \ \rho \rightarrow \sigma)$ 
subred ( $\Lambda \ A \ M$ )  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma = \Lambda (\text{subred } M (\text{liftSub-red } \rho \rightarrow \sigma))$ 
subred ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ )  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma = \text{imp } (\text{subred } \phi \ \rho \rightarrow \sigma) (\text{subred } \psi \ \rho \rightarrow \sigma)$ 

```

```

subsub :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) M \rightarrow M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket$ 
subsub  $\sigma \ \rho$  (var x) = ref
subsub  $\sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref}$ 
subsub  $\sigma \ \rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (subsub  $\sigma \ \rho \ M$ ) (subsub  $\sigma \ \rho \ N$ )
subsub  $\sigma \ \rho$  ( $\Lambda \ A \ M$ ) = wd ( $\Lambda \ A$ ) (trans (subsub (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (liftSub  $\rho$ ) M)
(subwd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{sym } (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho \ x)) M))$ 
subsub  $\sigma \ \rho$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subsub  $\sigma \ \rho \ \phi$ ) (subsub  $\sigma \ \rho \ \psi$ )

```

```

subredr :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } U\} \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \rightarrow N \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 
subredr {U} {V} { $\sigma$ } ( $\beta \ A \ M \ N$ ) = subst ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{app } (\Lambda \ A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket)) (N \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket) \rightarrow x$ )
(sym (trans (subsub (botsub (N  $\llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ )) (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) M) (subwd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{sym } (\text{sub-botsub } \sigma$ 
subredr ref = ref
subredr ( $\rightarrow$ trans  $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ ) =  $\rightarrow$ trans (subredr  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (subredr  $N \rightarrow P$ )
subredr (app  $M \rightarrow M' \ N \rightarrow N'$ ) = app (subredr  $M \rightarrow M'$ ) (subredr  $N \rightarrow N'$ )
subredr ( $\Lambda \ M \rightarrow N$ ) =  $\Lambda$  (subredr  $M \rightarrow N$ )
subredr (imp  $\phi \rightarrow \phi' \ \psi \rightarrow \psi'$ ) = imp (subredr  $\phi \rightarrow \phi'$ ) (subredr  $\psi \rightarrow \psi'$ )

```

```

data  $\simeq$  :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
 $\beta$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{A\} \{M : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{N\} \rightarrow \text{app } (\Lambda \ A \ M) \ N \simeq \text{subbot } M \ N$ 
ref :  $\forall \{V\} \{M : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq M$ 
 $\simeq$ sym :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow N \simeq M$ 
 $\simeq$ trans :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N \ P : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow N \simeq P \rightarrow M \simeq P$ 
app :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ M' \ N \ N' : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq M' \rightarrow N \simeq N' \rightarrow \text{app } M \ N \simeq \text{app } M' \ N'$ 
 $\Lambda$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{A\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow \Lambda \ A \ M \simeq \Lambda \ A \ N$ 
imp :  $\forall \{V\} \{\phi \ \phi' \ \psi \ \psi' : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \phi \simeq \phi' \rightarrow \psi \simeq \psi' \rightarrow \phi \Rightarrow \psi \simeq \phi' \Rightarrow \psi'$ 

```

The *strongly normalizable* terms are defined inductively as follows.

```

data SN {V} :  $\text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
SNI :  $\forall \{M\} \rightarrow (\forall N \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow \text{SN } N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$ 

```

**Lemma 10.** 1. If  $MN \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$ .

2. If  $M[x := N] \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$ .

3. If  $M \in SN$  and  $M \triangleright N$  then  $N \in SN$ .

4. If  $M[x := N]\vec{P} \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$  then  $(\lambda x M)N\vec{P} \in SN$ .

$\text{SNapp1} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNapp1 } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNapp1 } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } P N) (\text{app } M \triangleright P))$

$\text{SNappr} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNappr } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNappr } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } M P) (\text{app } \text{ref } P))$

$\text{SNsub} : \forall \{V\} \{M : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{N\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{subbot } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNsub } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNsub } (MN\text{-is-SN } (P \llbracket \text{botsub } N \rrbracket)) (\text{subbot } M P))$

The rules of deduction of the system are as follows.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{\langle \rangle \text{ valid}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma, x : A \text{ valid}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega}{\Gamma, p : \phi \text{ valid}} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash x : A} (x : A \in \Gamma) \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash p : \phi} (p : \phi \in \Gamma) \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash \perp : \Omega} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \phi \rightarrow \psi : \Omega} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A}{\Gamma \vdash MN : B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi \quad \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \phi}{\Gamma \vdash \delta \epsilon : \psi} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash M : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A. M : A \rightarrow B} \quad \frac{\Gamma, p : \phi \vdash \delta : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda p : \phi. \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \quad \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \psi} (\phi \simeq \psi)
\end{array}$$

**mutual**

**data**  $\text{Tvalid} : \forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  **where**

$\langle \rangle : \text{Tvalid } \langle \rangle$

$_,_ : \forall \{V\} \{ \Gamma : \text{TContext } V \} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \forall A \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } (\Gamma , A)$

**data**  $\_ \vdash \_ : \forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  **where**

**var** :  $\forall \{V\} \{ \Gamma : \text{TContext } V \} \{x\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{var } x : \text{typeof } x \Gamma$

$\perp$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{ \Gamma : \text{TContext } V \} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \perp : \Omega$

**imp** :  $\forall \{V\} \{ \Gamma : \text{TContext } V \} \{ \phi \} \{ \psi \} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi \Rightarrow \psi : \Omega$

**app** :  $\forall \{V\} \{ \Gamma : \text{TContext } V \} \{M\} \{N\} \{A\} \{B\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash M : A \Rightarrow B \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash N : A \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{app } M N : B$

```

 $\Lambda : \forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{A\} \{M\} \{B\} \rightarrow \Gamma , A \vdash M : B \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \Lambda A M : A \Rightarrow B$ 

data Pvalid :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{PContext } V P \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
   $\langle \rangle : \forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \langle \rangle$ 
   $\_,\_ : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\phi : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \Delta \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi$ 

data  $\_,\_ \vdash\_ ::\_ : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{PContext } V P \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
  var :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{p\} \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \Delta \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \text{var } p$ 
  app :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \delta :: \psi$ 
   $\Lambda : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\phi\} \{\delta\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta , \phi \vdash \delta :: \psi$ 
  conv :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\delta\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \delta :: \phi$ 

```