

# Type Theories with Computation Rules for the Univalence Axiom

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January 20, 2016

```
module main where
```

## 1 Preliminaries

```
module Prelims where
```

### 1.1 Functions

We write  $\text{id}_A$  for the identity function on the type  $A$ , and  $g \circ f$  for the composition of functions  $g$  and  $f$ .

```
id : ∀ (A : Set) → A → A
id A x = x
```

```
infix 75 _∘_
_∘_ : ∀ {A B C : Set} → (B → C) → (A → B) → A → C
(g ∘ f) x = g (f x)
```

### 1.2 Equality

We use the inductively defined equality  $=$  on every datatype.

```
infix 50 _≡_
data _≡_ {A : Set} (a : A) : A → Set where
  ref : a ≡ a
```

```
subst : ∀ {A : Set} (P : A → Set) {a} {b} → a ≡ b → P a → P b
subst P ref Pa = Pa
```

```
sym : ∀ {A : Set} {a b : A} → a ≡ b → b ≡ a
sym ref = ref
```

```
trans : ∀ {A : Set} {a b c : A} → a ≡ b → b ≡ c → a ≡ c
```

```
trans ref ref = ref
```

```
wd : ∀ {A B : Set} (f : A → B) {a a' : A} → a ≡ a' → f a ≡ f a'
wd _ ref = ref
```

```
wd2 : ∀ {A B C : Set} (f : A → B → C) {a a' : A} {b b' : B} → a ≡ a' → b ≡ b' → f a b ≡ f a' b'
wd2 _ ref ref = ref
```

```
module Equational-Reasoning (A : Set) where
```

```
  infix 2 `·_
  `·_ : ∀ (a : A) → a ≡ a
  `· _ = ref
```

```
  infix 1 _≡_[_]
  _≡_[_] : ∀ {a b : A} → a ≡ b → ∀ c → b ≡ c → a ≡ c
  δ ≡ c [ δ' ] = trans δ δ'
```

```
  infix 1 _≡_[[_]]
  _≡_[[_]] : ∀ {a b : A} → a ≡ b → ∀ c → c ≡ b → a ≡ c
  δ ≡ c [[ δ' ]] = trans δ (sym δ')
```

We also write  $f \sim g$  iff the functions  $f$  and  $g$  are extensionally equal, that is,  $f(x) = g(x)$  for all  $x$ .

```
infix 50 _~_
_~_ : ∀ {A B : Set} → (A → B) → (A → B) → Set
f ~ g = ∀ x → f x ≡ g x
```

## 2 Datatypes

We introduce a universe **FinSet** of (names of) finite sets. There is an empty set  $\emptyset : \mathbf{FinSet}$ , and for every  $A : \mathbf{FinSet}$ , the type  $A + 1 : \mathbf{FinSet}$  has one more element:

$$A + 1 = \{\perp\} \uplus \{\uparrow a : a \in A\}$$

```
data FinSet : Set where
  ∅ : FinSet
  Lift : FinSet → FinSet
```

```
data El : FinSet → Set where
  ⊥ : ∀ {V} → El (Lift V)
  ↑ : ∀ {V} → El V → El (Lift V)
```

A *replacement* from  $U$  to  $V$  is simply a function  $U \rightarrow V$ .

```
Rep : FinSet → FinSet → Set
Rep U V = El U → El V
```

Given  $f : A \rightarrow B$ , define  $f + 1 : A + 1 \rightarrow B + 1$  by

$$\begin{aligned}(f + 1)(\perp) &= \perp \\ (f + 1)(\uparrow x) &= \uparrow f(x)\end{aligned}$$

```
lift : ∀ {U} {V} → Rep U V → Rep (Lift U) (Lift V)
lift _ ⊥ = ⊥
lift f (↑ x) = ↑ (f x)
```

```
liftwd : ∀ {U} {V} {f g : Rep U V} → f ~ g → lift f ~ lift g
liftwd f-is-g ⊥ = ref
liftwd f-is-g (↑ x) = wd ↑ (f-is-g x)
```

This makes  $(-)+1$  into a functor  $\mathbf{FinSet} \rightarrow \mathbf{FinSet}$ ; that is,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{id}_V + 1 &= \text{id}_{V+1} \\ (g \circ f) + 1 &= (g + 1) \circ (f + 1)\end{aligned}$$

```
liftid : ∀ {V} → lift (id (El V)) ~ id (El (Lift V))
liftid ⊥ = ref
liftid (↑ _) = ref
```

```
liftcomp : ∀ {U} {V} {W} {g : Rep V W} {f : Rep U V} → lift (g ∘ f) ~ lift g ∘ lift f
liftcomp ⊥ = ref
liftcomp (↑ _) = ref
```

```
open import Prelims
```

```
module PL where
open import Prelims
```

### 3 Propositional Logic

Fix sets of *proof variables* and *term variables*.

The syntax of the system is given by the following grammar.

$$\begin{array}{lll}\text{Proof} & \delta & ::= p \mid \delta\delta \mid \lambda p : \phi.\delta \\ \text{Proposition} & \phi & ::= \perp \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \\ \text{Proof Context} & \Delta & ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Delta, p : \phi \\ \text{Judgement} & \mathcal{J} & ::= \Delta \vdash \delta : \phi\end{array}$$

where  $p$  ranges over proof variables and  $x$  ranges over term variables. The variable  $p$  is bound within  $\delta$  in the proof  $\lambda p : \phi.\delta$ , and the variable  $x$  is bound within  $M$  in the term  $\lambda x : A.M$ . We identify proofs and terms up to  $\alpha$ -conversion.

We write  $\mathbf{Proof}(P)$  for the set of all proofs  $\delta$  with  $\text{FV}(\delta) \subseteq V$ .

```

infix 75 _⇒_
data Prp : Set where
  ⊥ : Prp
  _⇒_ : Prp → Prp → Prp

infix 80 _,-_
data PContext : FinSet → Set where
  ⟨⟩ : PContext ∅
  _,-_ : ∀ {P} → PContext P → Prp → PContext (Lift P)

--Proof V P is the set of all proofs with term variables among V and proof variables among V
data Proof : FinSet → Set where
  var : ∀ {P} → El P → Proof P
  app : ∀ {P} → Proof P → Proof P → Proof P
  Λ : ∀ {P} → Prp → Proof (Lift P) → Proof P

  Let  $P, Q : \mathbf{FinSet}$ . A replacement from  $P$  to  $Q$  is just a function  $P \rightarrow Q$ .
  Given a term  $M : \mathbf{Proof}(P)$  and a replacement  $\rho : P \rightarrow Q$ , we write  $M\{\rho\} : \mathbf{Proof}(Q)$  for the result of replacing each variable  $x$  in  $M$  with  $\rho(x)$ .

infix 60 _<_>
_<_> : ∀ {P Q} → Proof P → Rep P Q → Proof Q
var p < ρ > = var (ρ p)
app δ ε < ρ > = app (δ < ρ >) (ε < ρ >)
Λ φ δ < ρ > = Λ φ (δ < lift ρ >)

  With this as the action on arrows, Proof () becomes a functor FinSet → Set.

repwd : ∀ {P Q : FinSet} {ρ ρ' : El P → El Q} → ρ ~ ρ' → ∀ δ → δ < ρ > ≡ δ < ρ' >
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (var p) = wd var (ρ-is-ρ' p)
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repwd ρ-is-ρ' δ) (repwd ρ-is-ρ' ε)
repwd ρ-is-ρ' (Λ φ δ) = wd (Λ φ) (repwd (liftwd ρ-is-ρ') δ)

repid : ∀ {Q : FinSet} δ → δ < id (El Q) > ≡ δ
repid (var _) = ref
repid (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repid δ) (repid ε)
repid {Q} (Λ φ δ) = wd (Λ φ) (let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift Q)) in
  ∴ δ < lift (id (El Q)) >
  ≡ δ < id (El (Lift Q)) > [ repwd liftid δ ]
  ≡ δ [ repid δ ])

repcomp : ∀ {P Q R : FinSet} (ρ : El Q → El R) (σ : El P → El Q) M → M < ρ ∘ σ > ≡ M
repcomp ρ σ (var _) = ref
repcomp ρ σ (app δ ε) = wd2 app (repcomp ρ σ δ) (repcomp ρ σ ε)
repcomp {R = R} ρ σ (Λ φ δ) = wd (Λ φ) (let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift R)) in
  ∴ δ < lift (ρ ∘ σ) >

```

$$\begin{aligned} &\equiv \delta < \text{lift } \rho \circ \text{lift } \sigma > \quad [ \text{repwd liftcomp } \delta ] \\ &\equiv (\delta < \text{lift } \sigma >) < \text{lift } \rho > [ \text{repcomp } \_ \_ \delta ] \end{aligned}$$

A *substitution*  $\sigma$  from  $P$  to  $Q$ ,  $\sigma : P \Rightarrow Q$ , is a function  $\sigma : P \rightarrow \mathbf{Proof}(Q)$ .

Sub : FinSet  $\rightarrow$  FinSet  $\rightarrow$  Set  
 Sub P Q = El P  $\rightarrow$  Proof Q

The identity substitution  $\text{id}_Q : Q \Rightarrow Q$  is defined as follows.

idSub :  $\forall Q \rightarrow \text{Sub } Q \ Q$   
 idSub  $\_ = \text{var}$

Given  $\sigma : P \Rightarrow Q$  and  $M : \mathbf{Proof}(P)$ , we want to define  $M[\sigma] : \mathbf{Proof}(Q)$ , the result of applying the substitution  $\sigma$  to  $M$ . Only after this will we be able to define the composition of two substitutions. However, there is some work we need to do before we are able to do this.

We can define the composition of a substitution and a replacement as follows.

infix 75  $\_ \bullet_1 \_$   
 $\_ \bullet_1 \_ : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} \rightarrow \text{Rep } Q \ R \rightarrow \text{Sub } P \ Q \rightarrow \text{Sub } P \ R$   
 $(\rho \bullet_1 \sigma) \ u = \sigma \ u < \rho >$

(On the other side, given  $\rho : P \rightarrow Q$  and  $\sigma : Q \Rightarrow R$ , the composition is just function composition  $\sigma \circ \rho : P \Rightarrow R$ .)

Given a substitution  $\sigma : P \Rightarrow Q$ , define the substitution  $\sigma + 1 : P + 1 \Rightarrow Q + 1$  as follows.

liftSub :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} \rightarrow \text{Sub } P \ Q \rightarrow \text{Sub } (\text{Lift } P) \ (\text{Lift } Q)$   
 liftSub  $\_ \perp = \text{var } \perp$   
 liftSub  $\sigma (\uparrow x) = \sigma \ x < \uparrow >$

liftSub-wd :  $\forall \{P \ Q\} \{\sigma \ \sigma' : \text{Sub } P \ Q\} \rightarrow \sigma \sim \sigma' \rightarrow \text{liftSub } \sigma \sim \text{liftSub } \sigma'$   
 liftSub-wd  $\sigma\text{-is-}\sigma' \perp = \text{ref}$   
 liftSub-wd  $\sigma\text{-is-}\sigma' (\uparrow x) = \text{wd } (\lambda x \rightarrow x < \uparrow >) (\sigma\text{-is-}\sigma' \ x)$

**Lemma 1.** *The operations  $\bullet$  and  $(-)+1$  satisfies the following properties.*

1.  $\text{id}_Q + 1 = \text{id}_{Q+1}$
2. For  $\rho : Q \rightarrow R$  and  $\sigma : P \Rightarrow Q$ , we have  $(\rho \bullet \sigma) + 1 = (\rho + 1) \bullet (\sigma + 1)$ .
3. For  $\sigma : Q \Rightarrow R$  and  $\rho : P \rightarrow Q$ , we have  $(\sigma \circ \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \circ (\rho + 1)$ .

liftSub-id :  $\forall \{Q : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{liftSub } (\text{idSub } Q) \sim \text{idSub } (\text{Lift } Q)$   
 liftSub-id  $\perp = \text{ref}$   
 liftSub-id  $(\uparrow x) = \text{ref}$

liftSub-comp<sub>1</sub> :  $\forall \{P \ Q \ R : \text{FinSet}\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } P \ Q) (\rho : \text{Rep } Q \ R) \rightarrow$

```

liftSub ( $\rho \bullet_1 \sigma$ )  $\sim$  lift  $\rho \bullet_1$  liftSub  $\sigma$ 
liftSub-comp1  $\sigma \rho \perp$  = ref
liftSub-comp1 {R = R}  $\sigma \rho (\uparrow x)$  = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof (Lift R)) in
   $\because \sigma x < \rho > < \uparrow >$ 
   $\equiv \sigma x < \uparrow \circ \rho >$  [[ repcomp  $\uparrow \rho (\sigma x)$  ]]
   $\equiv \sigma x < \uparrow > < \text{lift } \rho >$  [ repcomp (lift  $\rho$ )  $\uparrow (\sigma x)$  ]
--because lift  $\rho (\uparrow x) = \uparrow (\rho x)$ 

liftSub-comp2 :  $\forall \{P Q R : \text{FinSet}\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } Q R) (\rho : \text{Rep } P Q) \rightarrow$ 
  liftSub ( $\sigma \circ \rho$ )  $\sim$  liftSub  $\sigma \circ$  lift  $\rho$ 
liftSub-comp2  $\sigma \rho \perp$  = ref
liftSub-comp2  $\sigma \rho (\uparrow x)$  = ref

```

Now define  $M[\sigma]$  as follows.

```

infix 60 _[[_]]
_[[_]] :  $\forall \{P Q : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{Proof } P \rightarrow \text{Sub } P Q \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q$ 
(var x)    [[  $\sigma$  ]] =  $\sigma x$ 
(app  $\delta \epsilon$ ) [[  $\sigma$  ]] = app ( $\delta$  [[  $\sigma$  ]]) ( $\epsilon$  [[  $\sigma$  ]])
( $\Lambda A \delta$ )  [[  $\sigma$  ]] =  $\Lambda A (\delta$  [[ liftSub  $\sigma$  ]])

subwd :  $\forall \{P Q : \text{FinSet}\} \{\sigma \sigma' : \text{Sub } P Q\} \rightarrow \sigma \sim \sigma' \rightarrow \forall \delta \rightarrow \delta$  [[  $\sigma$  ]]  $\equiv \delta$  [[  $\sigma'$  ]]
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (var x) =  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  x
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (app  $\delta \epsilon$ ) = wd2 app (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\delta$ ) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\epsilon$ )
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\Lambda A \delta$ ) = wd ( $\Lambda A$ ) (subwd (liftSub-wd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$ )  $\delta$ )

```

This interacts with our previous operations in a good way:

**Lemma 2.**

1.  $M[\text{id}_Q] \equiv M$
2.  $M[\rho \bullet \sigma] \equiv \delta[\sigma]\{\rho\}$
3.  $M[\sigma \circ \rho] \equiv \delta < \rho > [\sigma]$

```

subid :  $\forall \{Q : \text{FinSet}\} (\delta : \text{Proof } Q) \rightarrow \delta$  [[ idSub Q ]]  $\equiv \delta$ 
subid (var x) = ref
subid (app  $\delta \epsilon$ ) = wd2 app (subid  $\delta$ ) (subid  $\epsilon$ )
subid {Q} ( $\Lambda \phi \delta$ ) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof Q) in
   $\because \Lambda \phi (\delta$  [[ liftSub (idSub Q) ]])
   $\equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta$  [[ idSub (Lift Q) ]]) [ wd ( $\Lambda \phi$ ) (subwd liftSub-id  $\delta$ ) ]
   $\equiv \Lambda \phi \delta$  [ wd ( $\Lambda \phi$ ) (subid  $\delta$ ) ]

```

```

rep-sub :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } P Q) (\rho : \text{Rep } Q R) (\delta : \text{Proof } P) \rightarrow \delta$  [[  $\sigma$  ]]  $< \rho > \equiv \delta$  [[
rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  (var x) = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma \rho$  (app  $\delta \epsilon$ ) = wd2 app (rep-sub  $\sigma \rho \delta$ ) (rep-sub  $\sigma \rho \epsilon$ )
rep-sub {R = R}  $\sigma \rho (\Lambda \phi \delta)$  = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof R) in

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& \because \Lambda \phi ((\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket) < \text{lift } \rho >) \\
& \equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{lift } \rho \bullet_1 \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda \phi) (\text{rep-sub } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) (\text{lift } \rho) \delta) \rrbracket \\
& \equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\rho \bullet_1 \sigma) \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda \phi) (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_1 \sigma \rho) \delta) \rrbracket
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{sub-rep} : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } Q \ R) (\rho : \text{Rep } P \ Q) \delta \rightarrow \delta < \rho > \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv \delta \llbracket \sigma \circ \rho \rrbracket \\
& \text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) = \text{ref} \\
& \text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } \delta \ \epsilon) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ \delta) (\text{sub-rep } \sigma \ \rho \ \epsilon) \\
& \text{sub-rep } \{R = R\} \sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda \phi \ \delta) = \text{let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof R) in} \\
& \quad \because \Lambda \phi ((\delta < \text{lift } \rho >) \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket) \\
& \quad \equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda \phi) (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) (\text{lift } \rho) \delta) \rrbracket \\
& \quad \equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\sigma \circ \rho) \rrbracket) \llbracket \text{wd } (\Lambda \phi) (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_2 \sigma \rho) \delta) \rrbracket
\end{aligned}$$

We define the composition of two substitutions, as follows.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{infix 75 } \_ \bullet \_ \\
& \_ \bullet \_ : \forall \{P \ Q \ R : \text{FinSet}\} \rightarrow \text{Sub } Q \ R \rightarrow \text{Sub } P \ Q \rightarrow \text{Sub } P \ R \\
& (\sigma \bullet \rho) \ x = \rho \ x \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket
\end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 3.** *Let  $\sigma : Q \Rightarrow R$  and  $\rho : P \Rightarrow Q$ .*

1.  $(\sigma \bullet \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \bullet (\rho + 1)$
2.  $M[\sigma \bullet \rho] \equiv \delta[\rho][\sigma]$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{liftSub-comp} : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } Q \ R) (\rho : \text{Sub } P \ Q) \rightarrow \\
& \quad \text{liftSub } (\sigma \bullet \rho) \sim \text{liftSub } \sigma \bullet \text{liftSub } \rho \\
& \text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref} \\
& \text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\uparrow x) = \text{trans } (\text{rep-sub } \sigma \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)) (\text{sym } (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{subcomp} : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } Q \ R) (\rho : \text{Sub } P \ Q) \delta \rightarrow \delta \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket \equiv \delta \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \\
& \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) = \text{ref} \\
& \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } \delta \ \epsilon) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \delta) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \epsilon) \\
& \text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda \phi \ \delta) = \text{wd } (\Lambda \phi) (\text{trans } (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho) \ \delta) (\text{subcomp } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \rho))
\end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 4.** *The finite sets and substitutions form a category under this composition.*

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{assoc} : \forall \{P \ Q \ R \ S\} \{\rho : \text{Sub } R \ S\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } Q \ R\} \{\tau : \text{Sub } P \ Q\} \rightarrow \\
& \quad \rho \bullet (\sigma \bullet \tau) \sim (\rho \bullet \sigma) \bullet \tau \\
& \text{assoc } \{P\} \{Q\} \{R\} \{X\} \{\rho\} \{\sigma\} \{\tau\} \ x = \text{sym } (\text{subcomp } \rho \ \sigma \ (\tau \ x))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{subunitl} : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } P \ Q\} \rightarrow \text{idSub } Q \bullet \sigma \sim \sigma \\
& \text{subunitl } \{P\} \{Q\} \{\sigma\} \ x = \text{subid } (\sigma \ x)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{subunitr} : \forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } P \ Q\} \rightarrow \sigma \bullet \text{idSub } P \sim \sigma \\
& \text{subunitr } \_ = \text{ref}
\end{aligned}$$

Replacement is a special case of substitution, in the following sense:

**Lemma 5.** *For any replacement  $\rho$ ,*

$$\delta\{\rho\} \equiv \delta[\rho]$$

`rep-is-sub` :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} \{\rho : \text{El } P \rightarrow \text{El } Q\} \delta \rightarrow \delta < \rho > \equiv \delta \llbracket \text{var} \circ \rho \rrbracket$

`rep-is-sub` (var x) = ref

`rep-is-sub` (app  $\delta$   $\epsilon$ ) = `wd2` app (`rep-is-sub`  $\delta$ ) (`rep-is-sub`  $\epsilon$ )

`rep-is-sub` {Q = Q} { $\rho$ } ( $\Lambda \phi \delta$ ) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof Q) in

$\therefore \Lambda \phi (\delta < \text{lift } \rho >)$

$\equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{var} \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket)$  [ wd ( $\Lambda \phi$ ) (`rep-is-sub`  $\delta$ ) ]

$\equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub var} \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket)$  [[ wd ( $\Lambda \phi$ ) (subwd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{liftSub-id} (\text{lift } \rho x))$ ) ]]

$\equiv \Lambda \phi (\delta \llbracket \text{liftSub} (\text{var} \circ \rho) \rrbracket)$  [[ wd ( $\Lambda \phi$ ) (subwd (liftSub-comp<sub>2</sub> var  $\rho$ )  $\delta$ ) ]]

`propof` :  $\forall \{P\} \rightarrow \text{El } P \rightarrow \text{PContext } P \rightarrow \text{Prp}$

`propof`  $\perp$  ( $\_$  ,  $\phi$ ) =  $\phi$

`propof` ( $\uparrow$  p) ( $\Gamma$  ,  $\_$ ) = `propof` p  $\Gamma$

`liftSub-var'` :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} (\rho : \text{El } P \rightarrow \text{El } Q) \rightarrow \text{liftSub} (\text{var} \circ \rho) \sim \text{var} \circ \text{lift } \rho$

`liftSub-var'`  $\rho \perp$  = ref

`liftSub-var'`  $\rho (\uparrow x)$  = ref

`botsub` :  $\forall \{Q\} \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q \rightarrow \text{Sub} (\text{Lift } Q) Q$

`botsub`  $\delta \perp$  =  $\delta$

`botsub`  $\_ (\uparrow x)$  = var x

`sub-botsub` :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } P Q) (\delta : \text{Proof } P) (x : \text{El } (\text{Lift } P)) \rightarrow$

`botsub`  $\delta x \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv \text{liftSub } \sigma x \llbracket \text{botsub} (\delta \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket) \rrbracket$

`sub-botsub`  $\sigma \delta \perp$  = ref

`sub-botsub`  $\sigma \delta (\uparrow x)$  = let open Equational-Reasoning (Proof  $\_$ ) in

$\therefore \sigma x$

$\equiv \sigma x \llbracket \text{idSub } \_ \rrbracket$  [[ subid ( $\sigma x$ ) ]]

$\equiv \sigma x < \uparrow > \llbracket \text{botsub} (\delta \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket) \rrbracket$  [[ sub-rep (botsub ( $\delta \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ ))  $\uparrow$  ( $\sigma x$ ) ]]

`rep-botsub` :  $\forall \{P\} \{Q\} (\rho : \text{El } P \rightarrow \text{El } Q) (\delta : \text{Proof } P) (x : \text{El } (\text{Lift } P)) \rightarrow$

`botsub`  $\delta x < \rho > \equiv \text{botsub} (\delta < \rho >) (\text{lift } \rho x)$

`rep-botsub`  $\rho \delta x$  = `trans` (`rep-is-sub` (`botsub`  $\delta x$ ))

(`trans` (`sub-botsub` ( $\text{var} \circ \rho$ )  $\delta x$ ) (`trans` (subwd ( $\lambda x_1 \rightarrow \text{wd} (\lambda y \rightarrow \text{botsub } y x_1)$ ) (sym (wd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow x \llbracket \text{botsub} (\delta < \rho >) \rrbracket$ ) (liftSub-var'  $\rho x$ ))))

--TODO Inline this?

`subbot` :  $\forall \{Q\} \rightarrow \text{Proof} (\text{Lift } Q) \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q$

`subbot`  $\delta \epsilon$  =  $\delta \llbracket \text{botsub } \epsilon \rrbracket$

We write  $\delta \simeq N$  iff the terms  $M$  and  $N$  are  $\beta$ -convertible, and similarly for proofs.

`data`  $\_ \rightarrow \_$  :  $\forall \{Q\} \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q \rightarrow \text{Proof } Q \rightarrow \text{Set}$  where

$\beta$  :  $\forall \{Q\} \phi (\delta : \text{Proof} (\text{Lift } Q)) \epsilon \rightarrow \text{app} (\Lambda \phi \delta) \epsilon \rightarrow \text{subbot } \delta \epsilon$



```

ref : ∀ {Q} {δ : Proof Q} → δ → δ
→trans : ∀ {Q} {δ ∈ P : Proof Q} → δ → ε → ε → P → δ → P
app : ∀ {Q} {δ δ' ∈ ε' : Proof Q} → δ → δ' → ε → ε' → app δ ε → app δ' ε'
ξ : ∀ {Q} {δ ∈ : Proof (Lift Q)} {φ} → δ → ε → Λ φ δ → Λ φ ε

repred : ∀ {P} {Q} {ρ : El P → El Q} {δ ∈ : Proof P} → δ → ε → δ < ρ > → ε < ρ >
repred {P} {Q} {ρ} (β φ δ ε) = subst (λ x → app (Λ φ (δ < lift ρ > )) (ε < ρ >) → x) (
repred ref = ref
repred (→trans M→ε N→P) = →trans (repred M→ε) (repred N→P)
repred (app M→ε M'→N') = app (repred M→ε) (repred M'→N')
repred (ξ M→ε) = ξ (repred M→ε)

liftSub-red : ∀ {P} {Q} {ρ σ : Sub P Q} → (∀ x → ρ x → σ x) → (∀ x → liftSub ρ x →
liftSub-red ρ→σ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-red ρ→σ (↑ x) = repred (ρ→σ x)

subred : ∀ {P} {Q} {ρ σ : Sub P Q} (δ : Proof P) → (∀ x → ρ x → σ x) → δ [ ρ ] → δ [
subred (var x) ρ→σ = ρ→σ x
subred (app δ ε) ρ→σ = app (subred δ ρ→σ) (subred ε ρ→σ)
subred (Λ φ δ) ρ→σ = ξ (subred δ (liftSub-red ρ→σ))

subsub : ∀ {P} {Q} {R} (σ : Sub Q R) (ρ : Sub P Q) δ → δ [ ρ ] [ σ ] ≡ δ [ σ • ρ ]
subsub σ ρ (var x) = ref
subsub σ ρ (app δ ε) = wd2 app (subsub σ ρ δ) (subsub σ ρ ε)
subsub σ ρ (Λ φ δ) = wd (Λ φ) (trans (subsub (liftSub σ) (liftSub ρ) δ)
(subwd (λ x → sym (liftSub-comp σ ρ x)) δ))

subredr : ∀ {P} {Q} {σ : Sub P Q} {δ ∈ : Proof P} → δ → ε → δ [ σ ] → ε [ σ ]
subredr {P} {Q} {σ} (β φ δ ε) = subst (λ x → app (Λ φ (δ [ liftSub σ ])) (ε [ σ ])) (x)
(sym (trans (subsub (botsub (ε [ σ ])) (liftSub σ) δ) (subwd (λ x → sym (sub-botsub σ
subredr ref = ref
subredr (→trans M→ε N→P) = →trans (subredr M→ε) (subredr N→P)
subredr (app M→ε M'→N') = app (subredr M→ε) (subredr M'→N')
subredr (ξ δ→δ') = ξ (subredr δ→δ')

data _≃_ : ∀ {Q} → Proof Q → Proof Q → Set1 where
β : ∀ {Q} {φ} {δ : Proof (Lift Q)} {ε} → app (Λ φ δ) ε ≃ subbot δ ε
ref : ∀ {Q} {δ : Proof Q} → δ ≃ δ
≃sym : ∀ {Q} {δ ∈ : Proof Q} → δ ≃ ε → ε ≃ δ
≃trans : ∀ {Q} {δ ∈ P : Proof Q} → δ ≃ ε → ε ≃ P → δ ≃ P
app : ∀ {Q} {δ M' ∈ N' : Proof Q} → δ ≃ M' → ε ≃ N' → app δ ε ≃ app M' N'
Λ : ∀ {Q} {δ ∈ : Proof (Lift Q)} {φ} → δ ≃ ε → Λ φ δ ≃ Λ φ ε

```

The *strongly normalizable* terms are defined inductively as follows.

```

data SN {Q} : Proof Q → Set1 where
SNI : ∀ {δ} → (∀ ε → δ → ε → SN ε) → SN δ

```

**Lemma 6.** 1. If  $\delta\epsilon \in SN$  then  $\delta \in SN$  and  $\epsilon \in SN$ .

2. If  $\delta[x := N] \in SN$  then  $\delta \in SN$ .

3. If  $\delta \in SN$  and  $\delta \triangleright N$  then  $\epsilon \in SN$ .

4. If  $\delta[x := N]\vec{P} \in SN$  and  $\epsilon \in SN$  then  $(\lambda x \delta)\epsilon\vec{P} \in SN$ .

$\text{SNapp1} : \forall \{Q\} \{\delta \epsilon : \text{Proof } Q\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } \delta \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{SN } \delta$

$\text{SNapp1 } \{Q\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} (\text{SNI } \delta N\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P \delta \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNapp1 } (\delta N\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } P \epsilon)) (\text{app } \delta \triangleright P))$

$\text{SNappr} : \forall \{Q\} \{\delta \epsilon : \text{Proof } Q\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } \delta \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{SN } \epsilon$

$\text{SNappr } \{Q\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} (\text{SNI } \delta N\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P N \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNappr } (\delta N\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } \delta P)) (\text{app ref } P))$

$\text{SNSub} : \forall \{Q\} \{\delta : \text{Proof } (\text{Lift } Q)\} \{\epsilon\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{subbot } \delta \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{SN } \delta$

$\text{SNSub } \{Q\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} (\text{SNI } \delta N\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P \delta \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNSub } (\delta N\text{-is-SN } (P \ll \text{botsub } \epsilon \gg)) (\text{subr } P))$

The rules of deduction of the system are as follows.

$$\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash p : \phi} (p : \phi \in \Gamma)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \delta \epsilon : \psi \quad \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \phi}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, p : \phi \vdash \delta : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda p : \phi. \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi}$$

`data _\vdash_\_ : \forall \{P\} \rightarrow PContext P \rightarrow Proof P \rightarrow Prp \rightarrow Set1 where`

`var : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{p\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{var } p :: \text{propof } p \Gamma`

`app : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \delta :: \phi \Rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \epsilon :: \phi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{app } \delta \epsilon :: \phi \rightarrow \psi`

`\Lambda : \forall \{P\} \{\Gamma : PContext P\} \{\phi\} \{\delta\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma, \phi \vdash \delta :: \psi \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \Lambda \phi \delta :: \phi \Rightarrow \psi`

`module PHOPL where`

`open import Prelims`

## 4 Predicative Higher-Order Propositional Logic

Fix sets of *proof variables* and *term variables*.

The syntax of the system is given by the following grammar.

Proof	$\delta ::= p \mid \delta\delta \mid \lambda p : \phi. \delta$
Term	$M, \phi ::= x \mid \perp \mid MM \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid \lambda x : A. M$
Type	$A ::= \Omega \mid A \rightarrow A$
Term Context	$\Gamma ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Gamma, x : A$
Proof Context	$\Delta ::= \langle \rangle \mid \Delta, p : \phi$
Judgement	$\mathcal{J} ::= \Gamma \text{ valid} \mid \Gamma \vdash M : A \mid \Gamma, \Delta \text{ valid} \mid \Gamma, \Delta \vdash \delta : \phi$

where  $p$  ranges over proof variables and  $x$  ranges over term variables. The variable  $p$  is bound within  $\delta$  in the proof  $\lambda p : \phi.\delta$ , and the variable  $x$  is bound within  $M$  in the term  $\lambda x : A.M$ . We identify proofs and terms up to  $\alpha$ -conversion.

In the implementation, we write  $\mathbf{Term}(V)$  for the set of all terms with free variables a subset of  $V$ , where  $V : \mathbf{FinSet}$ .

```

infix 80 _=>_
data Type : Set where
   $\Omega$  : Type
  _=>_ : Type → Type → Type

--Context V P is the set of all contexts whose domain consists of the term variables in V
infix 80 _,-_
data TContext : FinSet → Set where
   $\langle \rangle$  : TContext  $\emptyset$ 
  _,-_ :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{TContext } (\text{Lift } V)$ 

--Term V is the set of all terms M with  $\text{FV}(M) \subseteq V$ 
data Term : FinSet → Set where
  var :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{El } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 
   $\perp$  :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 
  app :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 
   $\Lambda$  :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V) \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 
  _=>_ :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 

data PContext (V : FinSet) : FinSet → Set where
   $\langle \rangle$  : PContext V  $\emptyset$ 
  _,-_ :  $\forall \{P\} \rightarrow \text{PContext } V P \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{PContext } V (\text{Lift } P)$ 

--Proof V P is the set of all proofs with term variables among V and proof variables among P
data Proof (V : FinSet) : FinSet → Set1 where
  var :  $\forall \{P\} \rightarrow \text{El } P \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P$ 
  app :  $\forall \{P\} \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P$ 
   $\Lambda$  :  $\forall \{P\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Proof } V (\text{Lift } P) \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P$ 

```

Let  $U, V : \mathbf{FinSet}$ . A *replacement* from  $U$  to  $V$  is just a function  $U \rightarrow V$ . Given a term  $M : \mathbf{Term}(U)$  and a replacement  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$ , we write  $M\{\rho\} : \mathbf{Term}(V)$  for the result of replacing each variable  $x$  in  $M$  with  $\rho(x)$ .

```

infix 60 _<_>
_<_> :  $\forall \{U V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } U \rightarrow \text{Rep } U V \rightarrow \text{Term } V$ 
(var x) <  $\rho$  > = var ( $\rho$  x)
 $\perp$  <  $\rho$  > =  $\perp$ 
(app M N) <  $\rho$  > = app (M <  $\rho$  >) (N <  $\rho$  >)
( $\Lambda$  A M) <  $\rho$  > =  $\Lambda$  A (M < lift  $\rho$  >)
( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) <  $\rho$  > = ( $\phi$  <  $\rho$  >)  $\Rightarrow$  ( $\psi$  <  $\rho$  >)

```

With this as the action on arrows, **Term**() becomes a functor **FinSet**  $\rightarrow$  **Set**.

```

repwd :  $\forall \{U V : \text{FinSet}\} \{ \rho \rho' : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V \} \rightarrow \rho \sim \rho' \rightarrow \forall M \rightarrow M < \rho > \equiv M < \rho' >$ 
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  (var x) = wd var ( $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  x)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\perp$  = ref
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  (app M N) = wd2 app (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  M) (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  N)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  ( $\wedge$  A M) = wd ( $\wedge$  A) (repwd (liftwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$ ) M)
repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\phi$ ) (repwd  $\rho\text{-is-}\rho'$   $\psi$ )

```

```

repid :  $\forall \{V : \text{FinSet}\} M \rightarrow M < \text{id } (\text{El } V) > \equiv M$ 
repid (var x) = ref
repid  $\perp$  = ref
repid (app M N) = wd2 app (repid M) (repid N)
repid ( $\wedge$  A M) = wd ( $\wedge$  A) (trans (repwd liftid M) (repid M))
repid ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repid  $\phi$ ) (repid  $\psi$ )

```

```

repcomp :  $\forall \{U V W : \text{FinSet}\} (\sigma : \text{El } V \rightarrow \text{El } W) (\rho : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V) M \rightarrow M < \sigma \circ \rho > \equiv M$ 
repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  (var x) = ref
repcomp  $\rho \sigma \perp$  = ref
repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  (app M N) = wd2 app (repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  M) (repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  N)
repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  ( $\wedge$  A M) = wd ( $\wedge$  A) (trans (repwd liftcomp M) (repcomp (lift  $\rho$ ) (lift  $\sigma$ ) M))
repcomp  $\rho \sigma$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (repcomp  $\rho \sigma$   $\phi$ ) (repcomp  $\rho \sigma$   $\psi$ )

```

A *substitution*  $\sigma$  from  $U$  to  $V$ ,  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , is a function  $\sigma : U \rightarrow \mathbf{Term}(V)$ .

```

Sub : FinSet  $\rightarrow$  FinSet  $\rightarrow$  Set
Sub U V = El U  $\rightarrow$  Term V

```

The identity substitution  $\text{id}_V : V \Rightarrow V$  is defined as follows.

```

idSub :  $\forall V \rightarrow \text{Sub } V V$ 
idSub  $\_$  = var

```

Given  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$  and  $M : \mathbf{Term}(U)$ , we want to define  $M[\sigma] : \mathbf{Term}(V)$ , the result of applying the substitution  $\sigma$  to  $M$ . Only after this will we be able to define the composition of two substitutions. However, there is some work we need to do before we are able to do this.

We can define the composition of a substitution and a replacement as follows.

```

infix 75  $\_ \bullet_1 \_$ 
 $\_ \bullet_1 \_$  :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} \rightarrow \text{Rep } V W \rightarrow \text{Sub } U V \rightarrow \text{Sub } U W$ 
( $\rho \bullet_1 \sigma$ ) u =  $\sigma$  u <  $\rho$  >

```

(On the other side, given  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$  and  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$ , the composition is just function composition  $\sigma \circ \rho : U \Rightarrow W$ .)

Given a substitution  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , define the substitution  $\sigma + 1 : U + 1 \Rightarrow V + 1$  as follows.

```

liftSub : ∀ {U} {V} → Sub U V → Sub (Lift U) (Lift V)
liftSub _ ⊥ = var ⊥
liftSub σ (↑ x) = σ x < ↑ >

```

```

liftSub-wd : ∀ {U V} {σ σ' : Sub U V} → σ ~ σ' → liftSub σ ~ liftSub σ'
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' ⊥ = ref
liftSub-wd σ-is-σ' (↑ x) = wd (λ x → x < ↑ >) (σ-is-σ' x)

```

**Lemma 7.** *The operations  $\text{ffl}_1$  and  $(-)+1$  satisfies the following properties.*

1.  $\text{id}_V + 1 = \text{id}_{V+1}$
2. For  $\rho : V \rightarrow W$  and  $\sigma : U \Rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\rho \bullet \sigma) + 1 = (\rho + 1) \bullet (\sigma + 1)$ .
3. For  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \rightarrow V$ , we have  $(\sigma \circ \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \circ (\rho + 1)$ .

```

liftSub-id : ∀ {V : FinSet} → liftSub (idSub V) ~ idSub (Lift V)
liftSub-id ⊥ = ref
liftSub-id (↑ x) = ref

```

```

liftSub-comp1 : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (σ : Sub U V) (ρ : Rep V W) →
  liftSub (ρ •1 σ) ~ lift ρ •1 liftSub σ
liftSub-comp1 σ ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-comp1 {W = W} σ ρ (↑ x) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term (Lift W)) in
  ∴ σ x < ρ > < ↑ >
  ≡ σ x < ↑ ∘ ρ > [[ repcomp ↑ ρ (σ x) ]]
  ≡ σ x < ↑ > < lift ρ > [ repcomp (lift ρ) ↑ (σ x) ]
--because lift ρ (↑ x) = ↑ (ρ x)

```

```

liftSub-comp2 : ∀ {U V W : FinSet} (σ : Sub V W) (ρ : Rep U V) →
  liftSub (σ ∘ ρ) ~ liftSub σ ∘ lift ρ
liftSub-comp2 σ ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-comp2 σ ρ (↑ x) = ref

```

Now define  $M[\sigma]$  as follows.

--Term is a monad with unit var and the following multiplication

```

infix 60 _[[_]]
_[[_]] : ∀ {U V : FinSet} → Term U → Sub U V → Term V
(var x)   [[ σ ]] = σ x
⊥         [[ σ ]] = ⊥
(app M N) [[ σ ]] = app (M [[ σ ]]) (N [[ σ ]])
(Λ A M)   [[ σ ]] = Λ A (M [[ liftSub σ ]])
(φ ⇒ ψ)  [[ σ ]] = (φ [[ σ ]]) ⇒ (ψ [[ σ ]])

```

```

subwd : ∀ {U V : FinSet} {σ σ' : Sub U V} → σ ~ σ' → ∀ M → M [[ σ ]] ≡ M [[ σ' ]]
subwd σ-is-σ' (var x) = σ-is-σ' x
subwd σ-is-σ' ⊥ = ref

```

```

subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  (app M N) = wd2 app (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  M) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  N)
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\wedge$  A M) = wd ( $\wedge$  A) (subwd (liftSub-wd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$ ) M)
subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\phi$ ) (subwd  $\sigma$ -is- $\sigma'$   $\psi$ )

```

This interacts with our previous operations in a good way:

**Lemma 8.** 1.  $M[\text{id}_V] \equiv M$

2.  $M[\rho \bullet \sigma] \equiv M[\sigma]\{\rho\}$

3.  $M[\sigma \circ \rho] \equiv M < \rho > [\sigma]$

```

subid :  $\forall$  {V : FinSet} (M : Term V)  $\rightarrow$  M  $\llbracket$  idSub V  $\rrbracket \equiv M$ 
subid (var x) = ref
subid  $\perp$  = ref
subid (app M N) = wd2 app (subid M) (subid N)
subid {V} ( $\wedge$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term V) in
   $\because$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  liftSub (idSub V)  $\rrbracket$ )
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  idSub (Lift V)  $\rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (subwd liftSub-id M) ]
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A M [ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (subid M) ]
subid ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subid  $\phi$ ) (subid  $\psi$ )

```

```

rep-sub :  $\forall$  {U} {V} {W} ( $\sigma$  : Sub U V) ( $\rho$  : Rep V W) (M : Term U)  $\rightarrow$  M  $\llbracket$   $\sigma$   $\rrbracket$  <  $\rho$  >  $\equiv$  M  $\llbracket$   $\sigma \circ \rho$   $\rrbracket$ 
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (var x) = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\perp$  = ref
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  M) (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  N)
rep-sub {W = W}  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\wedge$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term W) in
   $\because$   $\wedge$  A ((M  $\llbracket$  liftSub  $\sigma$   $\rrbracket$ ) < lift  $\rho$  >)
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  lift  $\rho$   $\bullet_1$  liftSub  $\sigma$   $\rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (rep-sub (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (lift  $\rho$ ) M) ]
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  liftSub ( $\rho \bullet_1 \sigma$ )  $\rrbracket$ ) [[ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (subwd (liftSub-comp1  $\sigma$   $\rho$ ) M) ]]
rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\phi$ ) (rep-sub  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\psi$ )

```

```

sub-rep :  $\forall$  {U} {V} {W} ( $\sigma$  : Sub V W) ( $\rho$  : Rep U V) M  $\rightarrow$  M <  $\rho$  >  $\llbracket$   $\sigma$   $\rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \circ \rho \rrbracket$ 
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (var x) = ref
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\perp$  = ref
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  M) (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  N)
sub-rep {W = W}  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\wedge$  A M) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term W) in
   $\because$   $\wedge$  A ((M < lift  $\rho$  >)  $\llbracket$  liftSub  $\sigma$   $\rrbracket$ )
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  liftSub  $\sigma \circ$  lift  $\rho$   $\rrbracket$ ) [ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (sub-rep (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (lift  $\rho$ ) M) ]
   $\equiv$   $\wedge$  A (M  $\llbracket$  liftSub ( $\sigma \circ \rho$ )  $\rrbracket$ ) [[ wd ( $\wedge$  A) (subwd (liftSub-comp2  $\sigma$   $\rho$ ) M) ]]
sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$  ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ ) = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\phi$ ) (sub-rep  $\sigma$   $\rho$   $\psi$ )

```

We define the composition of two substitutions, as follows.

```

infix 75  $\_ \bullet \_$ 
 $\_ \bullet \_$  :  $\forall$  {U V W : FinSet}  $\rightarrow$  Sub V W  $\rightarrow$  Sub U V  $\rightarrow$  Sub U W
( $\sigma \bullet \rho$ ) x =  $\rho$  x  $\llbracket$   $\sigma$   $\rrbracket$ 

```

**Lemma 9.** *Let  $\sigma : V \Rightarrow W$  and  $\rho : U \Rightarrow V$ .*

$$1. (\sigma \bullet \rho) + 1 = (\sigma + 1) \bullet (\rho + 1)$$

$$2. M[\sigma \bullet \rho] \equiv M[\rho][\sigma]$$

```

liftSub-comp :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) \rightarrow$ 
  liftSub  $(\sigma \bullet \rho) \sim \text{liftSub } \sigma \bullet \text{liftSub } \rho$ 
liftSub-comp  $\sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref}$ 
liftSub-comp  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\uparrow x) = \text{trans } (\text{rep-sub } \sigma \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)) \ (\text{sym } (\text{sub-rep } (\text{liftSub } \sigma) \ \uparrow (\rho \ x)))$ 

subcomp :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) \ M \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 
subcomp  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\text{var } x) = \text{ref}$ 
subcomp  $\sigma \ \rho \ \perp = \text{ref}$ 
subcomp  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\text{app } M \ N) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ M) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ N)$ 
subcomp  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\Lambda A \ M) = \text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{trans } (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \ \rho) \ M) \ (\text{subcomp } (\text{liftSub } \sigma \ \rho) \ M))$ 
subcomp  $\sigma \ \rho \ (\phi \Rightarrow \psi) = \text{wd2 } \_ \Rightarrow \_ \ (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \phi) (\text{subcomp } \sigma \ \rho \ \psi)$ 

```

**Lemma 10.** *The finite sets and substitutions form a category under this composition.*

```

assoc :  $\forall \{U \ V \ W \ X\} \{\rho : \text{Sub } W \ X\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W\} \{\tau : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow$ 
   $\rho \bullet (\sigma \bullet \tau) \sim (\rho \bullet \sigma) \bullet \tau$ 
assoc  $\{U\} \{V\} \{W\} \{X\} \{\rho\} \{\sigma\} \{\tau\} \ x = \text{sym } (\text{subcomp } \rho \ \sigma \ (\tau \ x))$ 

subunitl :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \text{idSub } V \bullet \sigma \sim \sigma$ 
subunitl  $\{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma\} \ x = \text{subid } (\sigma \ x)$ 

subunitr :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow \sigma \bullet \text{idSub } U \sim \sigma$ 
subunitr  $\_ = \text{ref}$ 

```

-- The second monad law

```

rep-is-sub :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho : \text{El } U \rightarrow \text{El } V\} \ M \rightarrow M < \rho > \equiv M \llbracket \text{var } \circ \rho \rrbracket$ 
rep-is-sub  $(\text{var } x) = \text{ref}$ 
rep-is-sub  $\perp = \text{ref}$ 
rep-is-sub  $(\text{app } M \ N) = \text{wd2 app } (\text{rep-is-sub } M) (\text{rep-is-sub } N)$ 
rep-is-sub  $\{V = V\} \{\rho\} (\Lambda A \ M) = \text{let open Equational-Reasoning (Term V) in}$ 
   $\because \Lambda A \ (M < \text{lift } \rho >)$ 
   $\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{var } \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \quad [\text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{rep-is-sub } M)]$ 
   $\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub var } \circ \text{lift } \rho \rrbracket) \quad [[\text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{subwd } (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{liftSub-id } (\text{lift } \rho \ x)) \ M))]$ 
   $\equiv \Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } (\text{var } \circ \rho) \rrbracket) \quad [[\text{wd } (\Lambda A) \ (\text{subwd } (\text{liftSub-comp}_2 \ \text{var } \rho) \ M)]]$ 
--wd  $(\Lambda A) \ (\text{trans } (\text{rep-is-sub } M) \ (\text{subwd } \{!!\} \ M))$ 
rep-is-sub  $(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) = \text{wd2 } \_ \Rightarrow \_ \ (\text{rep-is-sub } \phi) (\text{rep-is-sub } \psi)$ 

```

```

typeof :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{El } V \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Type}$ 
typeof  $\perp \ (\_ , A) = A$ 

```

```

typeof (↑ x) (Γ , _) = typeof x Γ

propof : ∀ {V} {P} → El P → PContext V P → Term V
propof ⊥ (_ , ϕ) = ϕ
propof (↑ p) (Γ , _) = propof p Γ

liftSub-var' : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) → liftSub (var ∘ ρ) ~ var ∘ lift ρ
liftSub-var' ρ ⊥ = ref
liftSub-var' ρ (↑ x) = ref

botsub : ∀ {V} → Term V → Sub (Lift V) V
botsub M ⊥ = M
botsub _ (↑ x) = var x

sub-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (σ : Sub U V) (M : Term U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x [[ σ ]] ≡ liftSub σ x [[ botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ]]
sub-botsub σ M ⊥ = ref
sub-botsub σ M (↑ x) = let open Equational-Reasoning (Term _) in
  ∴ σ x
  ≡ σ x [[ idSub _ ]] [[ subid (σ x) ]]
  ≡ σ x < ↑ > [[ botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ]] [[ sub-rep (botsub (M [[ σ ]]) ↑ (σ x) )]]

rep-botsub : ∀ {U} {V} (ρ : El U → El V) (M : Term U) (x : El (Lift U)) →
  botsub M x < ρ > ≡ botsub (M < ρ >) (lift ρ x)
rep-botsub ρ M x = trans (rep-is-sub (botsub M x))
  (trans (sub-botsub (var ∘ ρ) M x) (trans (subwd (λ x₁ → wd (λ y → botsub y x₁) (sym (
    wd (λ x → x [[ botsub (M < ρ >)])) (liftSub-var' ρ x))))))
--TODO Inline this?

subbot : ∀ {V} → Term (Lift V) → Term V → Term V
subbot M N = M [[ botsub N ]]

We write  $M \simeq N$  iff the terms  $M$  and  $N$  are  $\beta$ -convertible, and similarly for
proofs.

data _→_ : ∀ {V} → Term V → Term V → Set where
  β : ∀ {V} A (M : Term (Lift V)) N → app (Λ A M) N → subbot M N
  ref : ∀ {V} {M : Term V} → M → M
  →trans : ∀ {V} {M N P : Term V} → M → N → N → P → M → P
  app : ∀ {V} {M M' N N' : Term V} → M → M' → N → N' → app M N → app M' N'
  Λ : ∀ {V} {M N : Term (Lift V)} {A} → M → N → Λ A M → Λ A N
  imp : ∀ {V} {ϕ ϕ' ψ ψ' : Term V} → ϕ → ϕ' → ψ → ψ' → ϕ ⇒ ψ → ϕ' ⇒ ψ'

repre : ∀ {U} {V} {ρ : El U → El V} {M N : Term U} → M → N → M < ρ > → N < ρ >
repre {U} {V} {ρ} (β A M N) = subst (λ x → app (Λ A (M < lift ρ >)) (N < ρ > → x)) (
repre ref = ref

```



```

repred ( $\rightarrow$ trans  $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ ) =  $\rightarrow$ trans (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (repred  $N \rightarrow P$ )
repred (app  $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow M' \rightarrow N'$ ) = app (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (repred  $M' \rightarrow N'$ )
repred ( $\Lambda M \rightarrow N$ ) =  $\Lambda$  (repred  $M \rightarrow N$ )
repred (imp  $\phi \rightarrow \phi' \rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \psi'$ ) = imp (repred  $\phi \rightarrow \phi'$ ) (repred  $\psi \rightarrow \psi'$ )

```

```

liftSub-red :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho \sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \rho \ x \rightarrow \sigma \ x) \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \text{liftSub } \rho \ x \rightarrow \text{liftSub } \sigma \ x)$ 
liftSub-red  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma \perp$  = ref
liftSub-red  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma (\uparrow x)$  = reprec ( $\rho \rightarrow \sigma \ x$ )

```

```

subred :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\rho \sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} (M : \text{Term } U) \rightarrow (\forall x \rightarrow \rho \ x \rightarrow \sigma \ x) \rightarrow M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 
subred (var x)  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$  =  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma \ x$ 
subred  $\perp \rho \rightarrow \sigma$  = ref
subred (app M N)  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$  = app (subred M  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$ ) (subred N  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$ )
subred ( $\Lambda A \ M$ )  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$  =  $\Lambda$  (subred M (liftSub-red  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$ ))
subred ( $\phi \Rightarrow \psi$ )  $\rho \rightarrow \sigma$  = imp (subred  $\phi \rho \rightarrow \sigma$ ) (subred  $\psi \rho \rightarrow \sigma$ )

```

```

subsub :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{W\} (\sigma : \text{Sub } V \ W) (\rho : \text{Sub } U \ V) M \rightarrow M \llbracket \rho \rrbracket \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \equiv M \llbracket \sigma \bullet \rho \rrbracket$ 
subsub  $\sigma \rho$  (var x) = ref
subsub  $\sigma \rho \perp$  = ref
subsub  $\sigma \rho$  (app M N) = wd2 app (subsub  $\sigma \rho$  M) (subsub  $\sigma \rho$  N)
subsub  $\sigma \rho$  ( $\Lambda A \ M$ ) = wd ( $\Lambda A$ ) (trans (subsub (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) (liftSub  $\rho$ ) M)
  (subwd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{sym} (\text{liftSub-comp } \sigma \rho \ x)$ ) M))
subsub  $\sigma \rho (\phi \Rightarrow \psi)$  = wd2  $\_ \Rightarrow \_$  (subsub  $\sigma \rho \phi$ ) (subsub  $\sigma \rho \psi$ )

```

```

subredr :  $\forall \{U\} \{V\} \{\sigma : \text{Sub } U \ V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } U\} \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow M \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \rightarrow N \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 
subredr {U} {V} { $\sigma$ } ( $\beta A \ M \ N$ ) = subst ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{app} (\Lambda A \ (M \llbracket \text{liftSub } \sigma \rrbracket)) (N \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket) \rightarrow x$ )
  (sym (trans (subsub (botsub (N  $\llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ )) (liftSub  $\sigma$ ) M) (subwd ( $\lambda x \rightarrow \text{sym} (\text{sub-botsub } \sigma \rho \ x)$ ) M)))
subredr ref = ref
subredr ( $\rightarrow$ trans  $M \rightarrow N \rightarrow P$ ) =  $\rightarrow$ trans (subredr  $M \rightarrow N$ ) (subredr  $N \rightarrow P$ )
subredr (app  $M \rightarrow M' \rightarrow N \rightarrow N'$ ) = app (subredr  $M \rightarrow M'$ ) (subredr  $N \rightarrow N'$ )
subredr ( $\Lambda M \rightarrow N$ ) =  $\Lambda$  (subredr  $M \rightarrow N$ )
subredr (imp  $\phi \rightarrow \phi' \rightarrow \psi \rightarrow \psi'$ ) = imp (subredr  $\phi \rightarrow \phi'$ ) (subredr  $\psi \rightarrow \psi'$ )

```

```

data  $\simeq$  :  $\forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
   $\beta$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{A\} \{M : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{N\} \rightarrow \text{app} (\Lambda A \ M) \ N \simeq \text{subbot } M \ N$ 
  ref :  $\forall \{V\} \{M : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq M$ 
   $\simeq$ sym :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow N \simeq M$ 
   $\simeq$ trans :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N \ P : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow N \simeq P \rightarrow M \simeq P$ 
  app :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ M' \ N \ N' : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow M \simeq M' \rightarrow N \simeq N' \rightarrow \text{app } M \ N \simeq \text{app } M' \ N'$ 
   $\Lambda$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{M \ N : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{A\} \rightarrow M \simeq N \rightarrow \Lambda A \ M \simeq \Lambda A \ N$ 
  imp :  $\forall \{V\} \{\phi \ \phi' \ \psi \ \psi' : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \phi \simeq \phi' \rightarrow \psi \simeq \psi' \rightarrow \phi \Rightarrow \psi \simeq \phi' \Rightarrow \psi'$ 

```

The *strongly normalizable* terms are defined inductively as follows.

```

data SN {V} :  $\text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
  SNI :  $\forall \{M\} \rightarrow (\forall N \rightarrow M \rightarrow N \rightarrow \text{SN } N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$ 

```

**Lemma 11.** 1. If  $MN \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$ .

2. If  $M[x := N] \in SN$  then  $M \in SN$ .

3. If  $M \in SN$  and  $M \triangleright N$  then  $N \in SN$ .

4. If  $M[x := N]\vec{P} \in SN$  and  $N \in SN$  then  $(\lambda x M)N\vec{P} \in SN$ .

$\text{SNapp1} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNapp1 } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNapp1 } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } P N) (\text{app } M \triangleright P))$

$\text{SNappr} : \forall \{V\} \{M N : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{app } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNappr } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNappr } (MN\text{-is-SN } (\text{app } M P) (\text{app } \text{ref } P))$

$\text{SNsub} : \forall \{V\} \{M : \text{Term } (\text{Lift } V)\} \{N\} \rightarrow \text{SN} (\text{subbot } M N) \rightarrow \text{SN } M$

$\text{SNsub } \{V\} \{M\} \{N\} (\text{SNI } MN\text{-is-SN}) = \text{SNI } (\lambda P M \triangleright P \rightarrow \text{SNsub } (MN\text{-is-SN } (P \ll \text{botsub } N \gg)) (\text{subbot } M N))$

The rules of deduction of the system are as follows.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{\langle \rangle \text{ valid}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma, x : A \text{ valid}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega}{\Gamma, p : \phi \text{ valid}} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash x : A} (x : A \in \Gamma) \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash p : \phi} (p : \phi \in \Gamma) \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \text{ valid}}{\Gamma \vdash \perp : \Omega} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega \quad \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \phi \rightarrow \psi : \Omega} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash M : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash N : A}{\Gamma \vdash MN : B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi \quad \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \phi}{\Gamma \vdash \delta \epsilon : \psi} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, x : A \vdash M : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A. M : A \rightarrow B} \quad \frac{\Gamma, p : \phi \vdash \delta : \psi}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda p : \phi. \delta : \phi \rightarrow \psi} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \phi \quad \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega}{\Gamma \vdash \delta : \psi} (\phi \simeq \psi)
\end{array}$$

**mutual**

**data**  $\text{Tvalid} : \forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  **where**

$\langle \rangle : \text{Tvalid } \langle \rangle$

$_,_ : \forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \forall A \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } (\Gamma , A)$

**data**  $\_ \vdash \_ : \forall \{V\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  **where**

**var** :  $\forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{x\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{var } x : \text{typeof } x \Gamma$

$\perp$  :  $\forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \perp : \Omega$

**imp** :  $\forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi : \Omega \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \psi : \Omega \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi \Rightarrow \psi : \Omega$

**app** :  $\forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{M\} \{N\} \{A\} \{B\} \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash M : A \Rightarrow B \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash N : A \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \text{app } M N : B$

```

 $\Lambda : \forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{A\} \{M\} \{B\} \rightarrow \Gamma , A \vdash M : B \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \Lambda A M : A \Rightarrow B$ 

data Pvalid :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{PContext } V P \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
   $\langle \rangle : \forall \{V\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \rightarrow \text{Tvalid } \Gamma \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \langle \rangle$ 
   $\_,\_ : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\phi : \text{Term } V\} \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \Delta \rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \phi$ 

data  $\_,\_ \vdash\_ ::\_ : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \rightarrow \text{TContext } V \rightarrow \text{PContext } V P \rightarrow \text{Proof } V P \rightarrow \text{Term } V \rightarrow \text{Set}_1$  where
  var :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{p\} \rightarrow \text{Pvalid } \Gamma \Delta \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \text{var } p$ 
  app :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\delta\} \{\epsilon\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \delta :: \phi$ 
   $\Lambda : \forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\phi\} \{\delta\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta , \phi \vdash \delta :: \psi$ 
  conv :  $\forall \{V\} \{P\} \{\Gamma : \text{TContext } V\} \{\Delta : \text{PContext } V P\} \{\delta\} \{\phi\} \{\psi\} \rightarrow \Gamma , \Delta \vdash \delta :: \phi$ 

```