GenomicLearning: Learning gene expression with regression

Running R studio cloud

Please make an Rstudio account and login here: https://rstudio.cloud/

Also you can download and install Rstudio on your own computer: https://www.rstudio.com

We will work with the console window in Rstudio for this excercise with logistic regression (described below)

Installing R package GenomicLearning from github

The R package GenomicLearning is freely available to download and distribute from github https://github.com/radamsRHA/GenomicLearning/. To install and load GenomicLearning, you must first install the R package devtools,

```
install.packages("devtools")
```

Now using devtools we can install GenomicLearning from github:

```
library(devtools)
install_github("radamsRHA/GenomicLearning")
library(GenomicLearning) # Load package
```

to follow along with this tutorial, GenomicLearning also requires the following dependencies to be installed:

```
install.packages("devtools")
install.packages("glmnet")
install.packages("ggplot2")

library(devtools)
library(GenomicLearning)
library(ggplot2)
```

Tutorial with logistic regression

```
Step 1) load input packages

library(devtools)
install_github("radamsRHA/GenomicLearning")
library(GenomicLearning)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)

Step 2) visualize SingleCellExperiment

head(SingleCellExperiment)
```

```
Step 4) always visualize your data!
plot(VenomPresent ~ TF01, data = SingleCellExperiment)
boxplot(TF01 ~ VenomPresent, data = SingleCellExperiment)
Step 5) Visualize logistic regression model
SingleCellExperiment %>%
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = TF01, y = VenomPresent)) + geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "glm",
              method.args = c(family = "binomial"))
Step 6) Visualize linear regression model
SingleCellExperiment %>%
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = TF01, y = VenomPresent)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "glm",
              method.args = c(family = "gaussian"))
Step 7) Fit GLM model for logistic regression
glm.fit <- glm(VenomPresent ~ TF01, SingleCellExperiment,family = "binomial")</pre>
summary(glm.fit)
Step 9) Make a prediction for a cell with 25 TF01 counts
predict(glm.fit, tibble(TF01 = c(35)), type = "response")
Step 10) Compute probabilities on training data
glm.probs <- predict(glm.fit, type = "response")</pre>
Step 11) Append computed probabilities to a new data frame
SingleCellExperiment.withProbs <- SingleCellExperiment %>%
 mutate(probs = glm.probs,
         pred = ifelse(probs > 0.5, 1, 0))
Step 12) Compute confusion matrix
SingleCellExperiment.withProbs %>% select(VenomPresent, pred) %>% table()
```