

Data Cleaning and Preparation

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2023-07-20

Load general libraries

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':  
##  
##   filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':  
##  
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':  
##  
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages ————— tidyverse 2.0.0 —  
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0      ✓ stringr 1.5.0  
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.2      ✓ tibble 3.2.1  
## ✓ purrr 1.0.1        ✓ tidyr 1.3.0  
## ✓ readr 2.1.4
```

```
## — Conflicts ————— tidyverse_conflicts() —  
## ✗ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()  
## ✗ dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()  
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(ggplot2)  
library(forecast)
```

```
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':  
## method from  
## as.zoo.data.frame zoo
```

```
library(reshape2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'reshape2' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'  
##  
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':  
##  
## smiths
```

```
library(corrplot)
```

```
## Warning: package 'corrplot' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## corrplot 0.92 loaded
```

```
library(randomForest)
```

```
## Warning: package 'randomForest' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## randomForest 4.7-1.1  
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.  
##  
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'  
##  
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':  
##  
##     margin  
##  
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':  
##  
##     combine
```

```
library(tseries) # for ADF test
```

```
## Warning: package 'tseries' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

———— START OF DATA LOADING ————

Load datasets Load commodity price data

```
data_commodity <- read.csv("../data/commodity-prices-2016.csv")  
head(data_commodity)
```

##	Date	All.Commodity.Price.Index	Non.Fuel.Price.Index			
## 1	1980-01-01	NA	NA			
## 2	1980-02-01	NA	NA			
## 3	1980-03-01	NA	NA			
## 4	1980-04-01	NA	NA			
## 5	1980-05-01	NA	NA			
## 6	1980-06-01	NA	NA			
##	Food.and.Beverage.Price.Index	Food.Price.Index	Beverage.Price.Index			
## 1	NA	NA	189.3100			
## 2	NA	NA	190.3879			
## 3	NA	NA	194.0604			
## 4	NA	NA	186.1379			
## 5	NA	NA	185.0702			
## 6	NA	NA	179.3753			
##	Industrial.Inputs.Price.Index	Agricultural.Raw.Materials.Index				
## 1	81.88965	78.90015				
## 2	83.04837	75.71515				
## 3	75.22890	69.00247				
## 4	72.47125	67.87711				
## 5	69.58810	65.87967				
## 6	68.85570	67.81455				
##	Metals.Price.Index	Fuel.Energy.Index	Crude.Oil.petroleum	Aluminum	Bananas	
## 1	84.04900	NA	72.08931	2054.860	401.9608	
## 2	88.34523	NA	69.83942	2131.009	372.1860	
## 3	79.72631	NA	70.98153	1978.379	422.9135	
## 4	75.78966	NA	70.40037	1932.456	395.8956	
## 5	72.26675	NA	71.02119	1775.804	444.9690	
## 6	69.60773	NA	70.98600	1668.960	342.4111	
##	Barley	Beef	Coal	Cocoa.beans	Coffee.Other.Mild.Arabicas	
## 1	66.58454	136.36	39.69663	3167.157	168.67	
## 2	66.58454	134.55	40.25813	3236.823	164.83	
## 3	69.89784	118.00	40.82757	3091.098	184.38	
## 4	69.89784	114.51	41.40507	2910.098	180.81	
## 5	68.24119	110.50	41.99073	2585.799	190.54	
## 6	64.92789	113.89	42.58469	2498.055	181.41	
##	Coffee.Robusta	Rapeseed.oil	Copper	Cotton	Fishmeal	Groundnuts.peanuts
## 1	162.56	591.59	2592.633	88.72000	986.5551	980.0752
## 2	162.00	596.60	2916.712	97.20999	1040.8056	1000.3759
## 3	169.89	561.51	2303.828	93.53000	960.4345	1009.3985
## 4	162.90	541.45	2074.548	90.56000	944.3603	1015.0376
## 5	174.06	536.44	2076.752	88.39999	1014.6850	1035.3383
## 6	169.01	546.46	2006.204	84.14001	972.4902	1043.2331
##	Hides	China.import.Iron.Ore.Fines.62..FE.spot	Lamb	Lead	Soft.Logs	
## 1	59.1		12.15	117.23	1111.1284	
## 2	48.7		12.15	122.01	1166.2439	
## 3	39.4		12.15	119.32	1117.7424	
## 4	38.1		12.15	132.72	970.0327	
## 5	33.8		12.15	142.07	793.6631	
## 6	38.2		12.15	141.63	736.3430	
##	Hard.Logs	Maize.corn				
## 1	146.0755	105.5068				
## 2	159.5655	114.1678				

## 3	155.2755	109.8373				
## 4	152.7855	108.2626				
## 5	162.7355	109.8373				
## 6	164.4255	113.3805				
##	Natural.Gas...Russian.Natural.Gas.border.price.in.Germany					
## 1					NA	
## 2					NA	
## 3					NA	
## 4					NA	
## 5					NA	
## 6					NA	
##	Natural.Gas...Indonesian.Liquefied.Natural.Gas.in.Japan					
## 1					NA	
## 2					NA	
## 3					NA	
## 4					NA	
## 5					NA	
## 6					NA	
##	Natural.Gas...Spot.price.at.the.Henry.Hub.terminal.in.Louisiana				Nickel	
## 1					NA 6584.801	
## 2					NA 6978.928	
## 3					NA 6733.787	
## 4					NA 6233.369	
## 5					NA 6000.770	
## 6					NA 6294.834	
##	Crude.Oil...petroleum.simple.average.of.three.spot.prices					
## 1					35.64	
## 2					35.09	
## 3					36.01	
## 4					35.09	
## 5					35.72	
## 6					35.54	
##	Crude.Oil...petroleum...Dated.Brent.light.blend Oil.Dubai					
## 1			40.00		38.00	
## 2			38.50		36.00	
## 3			38.25		35.75	
## 4			38.15		35.00	
## 5			38.50		35.60	
## 6			38.00		36.00	
##	Crude.Oil.petroleum...West.Texas.Intermediate.40.API Olive.Oil Oranges					
## 1			37.00	2271.723		347.0
## 2			37.04	2256.483		350.0
## 3			39.52	2188.114		338.0
## 4			39.50	2081.168		377.0
## 5			39.50	2044.541		442.2
## 6			39.50	2053.294		480.0
##	Palm.oil	Swine...pork	Poultry.chicken	Rice	Rubber	Fish.salmon Hard.Sawnwood
## 1	547.0539	72.41854	33.90030	395 68.82001	7.452902	297.6097
## 2	555.3176	65.52780	32.55447	399 75.31000	7.604658	308.2893
## 3	518.1311	65.00207	31.82699	415 66.35001	7.400278	304.9222
## 4	504.9093	51.85896	30.99040	419 60.55000	7.426402	302.9500
## 5	482.5974	54.90065	30.66304	433 60.39000	7.693488	310.7206

```
## 6 458.6328      62.46733      31.28139 442 61.87000      8.016716      312.0266
##   Soft.Sawnwood  Shrimp Soybean.Meal Soybean.Oil Soybeans
## 1      138.0042 13.33795      201.7560      525.5814 238.7660
## 2      131.2310 12.67656      198.2617      518.7471 241.3613
## 3      131.2310 12.78680      186.1032      486.7801 227.0758
## 4      143.0841 12.34587      181.1979      451.0653 218.2105
## 5      143.0841 12.01518      187.3929      463.1907 225.9045
## 6      143.0841 11.46402      190.0605      485.0164 232.6338
##   Sugar.European.import.price Sugar.Free.Market Sugar.U.S..import.price
## 1                                     NA      17.30      19.66
## 2                                     NA      22.75      24.69
## 3                                     NA      19.63      21.18
## 4                                     NA      21.25      22.67
## 5                                     NA      30.94      31.89
## 6                                     NA      30.80      32.10
##   Sunflower.oil      Tea      Tin Uranium      Wheat Wool.coarse Wool.fine
## 1      566.9270 225.1799 16973.59      40.0 175.6348      553.1209 684.2774
## 2      573.9586 233.0945 17090.21      38.0 172.6952      568.1548 722.5671
## 3      535.2845 226.8333 17460.59      35.0 163.5093      552.7451 695.9569
## 4      486.0630 221.8068 17041.71      32.0 156.5280      510.6503 688.1304
## 5      502.7631 229.6112 17180.60      32.0 161.3047      524.9324 720.7610
## 6      493.9736 235.4093 17211.47      31.5 157.6303      532.9505 737.2568
##       Zinc
## 1 773.8215
## 2 868.6204
## 3 740.7524
## 4 707.6831
## 5 701.0691
## 6 676.8184
```

Load weather data

```
data_weather <- read.csv("../data/average_monthly_temperature_by_state_1950-2022.csv")
head(data_weather)
```

```
##   X month year      state average_temp monthly_mean_from_1901_to_2000
## 1 0      1 1950    Alabama      53.8      45.9
## 2 1      1 1950    Arizona      39.6      41.1
## 3 2      1 1950    Arkansas      45.6      40.4
## 4 3      1 1950  California      39.4      42.7
## 5 4      1 1950   Colorado      25.2      24.5
## 6 5      1 1950 Connecticut      32.5      27.3
##   centroid_lon centroid_lat
## 1      -86.82837      32.78983
## 2     -111.66442      34.29311
## 3     -92.43927      34.89975
## 4     -119.61070      37.24607
## 5     -105.54782      38.99855
## 6     -72.72571      41.62029
```

Load macroeconomic data

```
data_macro <- read.csv("./data/US_macroconomics.csv")
head(data_macro)
```

```
##           date  CPI Mortgage_rate Unemp_rate  NASDAQ disposable_income
## 1 1980-11-01 85.6      14.2050      7.5 200.6856      4976.5
## 2 1980-12-01 86.4      14.7900      7.2 198.3986      4999.8
## 3 1981-01-01 87.2      14.9040      7.5 198.8176      4980.4
## 4 1981-02-01 88.0      15.1325      7.4 194.8521      4965.0
## 5 1981-03-01 88.6      15.4000      7.4 203.5932      4979.0
## 6 1981-04-01 89.1      15.5800      7.2 215.1200      4965.1
## Personal_consumption_expenditure personal_savings
## 1              1826.8              11.6
## 2              1851.7              11.4
## 3              1870.0              10.9
## 4              1884.2              10.8
## 5              1902.9              10.8
## 6              1904.4              10.9
```

————— END OF DATA LOADING —————

————— START OF GENERAL DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING —————

Change to date type

```
data_commodity$Date <- as.Date(data_commodity$Date)
data_macro$Date <- as.Date(data_macro$date)
data_weather$Date <- as.Date(paste(data_weather$year, data_weather$month, "01", sep='-'))
```

Clean Commodity dataset

```
na_columns <- colSums(is.na(data_commodity)) > 0 # there are 5-6 columns with NA values. As these
seem not to be very important, we delete these columns
data_commodity <- data_commodity[, !na_columns]
data_commodity_filt <- data_commodity %>%
  filter(Date >= as.Date('1980-11-01') & Date <= as.Date('2016-02-01'))
```

Clean Weather dataset

```
na_columns <- colSums(is.na(data_weather)) >0 # there are no NA values in the dataset
data_weather <- data_weather[c('Date', 'state', 'average_temp')] #only keep relevant columns for
analysis
data_weather <- pivot_wider(data_weather, names_from = state, values_from = average_temp) # pivo
t states in columns
data_weather_filt <- data_weather %>%
  filter(Date >= as.Date('1980-11-01') & Date <= as.Date('2016-02-01'))
```

Clean Macro dataset

```
na_columns <- colSums(is.na(data_macro)) >0 # there are no NA values in the dataset
data_macro <- data_macro[, -which(names(data_macro) == 'date')] #only keep relevant columns for
analysis
data_macro_filt <- data_macro %>%
  filter(Date >= as.Date('1980-11-01') & Date <= as.Date('2016-02-01'))
```

Merge datasets

```
df <- merge(data_commodity_filt, data_macro_filt, by='Date')
df <- merge(df, data_weather_filt, by='Date') # merged dataset for analysis
colnames(df) <- gsub("\\\\.", "_", colnames(df))
column_names <- names(df)
print(column_names) # 1 = Date, 2:55 = Commodity Prices, 56:62 = Macro inputs, 63:110 = Average
temperatures by state
```



```
## [1] "Date"
## [2] "Beverage_Price_Index"
## [3] "Industrial_Inputs_Price_Index"
## [4] "Agricultural_Raw_Materials_Index"
## [5] "Metals_Price_Index"
## [6] "Crude_Oil_petroleum"
## [7] "Aluminum"
## [8] "Bananas"
## [9] "Barley"
## [10] "Beef"
## [11] "Coal"
## [12] "Cocoa_beans"
## [13] "Coffee_Other_Mild_Arabicas"
## [14] "Coffee_Robusta"
## [15] "Rapeseed_oil"
## [16] "Copper"
## [17] "Cotton"
## [18] "Fishmeal"
## [19] "Groundnuts_peanuts"
## [20] "Hides"
## [21] "China_import_Iron_Ore_Fines_62_FE_spot"
## [22] "Lamb"
## [23] "Lead"
## [24] "Soft_Logs"
## [25] "Hard_Logs"
## [26] "Maize_corn"
## [27] "Nickel"
## [28] "Crude_Oil__petroleum_simple_average_of_three_spot_prices"
## [29] "Crude_Oil__petroleum__Dated_Brent_light_blend"
## [30] "Oil_Dubai"
## [31] "Crude_Oil_petroleum__West_Texas_Intermediate_40_API"
## [32] "Olive_Oil"
## [33] "Oranges"
## [34] "Palm_oil"
## [35] "Swine__pork"
## [36] "Poultry_chicken"
## [37] "Rice"
## [38] "Rubber"
## [39] "Fish_salmon"
## [40] "Hard_Sawnwood"
## [41] "Soft_Sawnwood"
## [42] "Shrimp"
## [43] "Soybean_Meal"
## [44] "Soybean_Oil"
## [45] "Soybeans"
## [46] "Sugar_Free_Market"
## [47] "Sugar_U_S__import_price"
## [48] "Sunflower_oil"
## [49] "Tea"
## [50] "Tin"
## [51] "Uranium"
## [52] "Wheat"
```

```
## [53] "Wool_coarse"
## [54] "Wool_fine"
## [55] "Zinc"
## [56] "CPI"
## [57] "Mortgage_rate"
## [58] "Unemp_rate"
## [59] "NASDAQ"
## [60] "disposable_income"
## [61] "Personal_consumption_expenditure"
## [62] "personal_savings"
## [63] "Alabama"
## [64] "Arizona"
## [65] "Arkansas"
## [66] "California"
## [67] "Colorado"
## [68] "Connecticut"
## [69] "Delaware"
## [70] "Florida"
## [71] "Georgia"
## [72] "Idaho"
## [73] "Illinois"
## [74] "Indiana"
## [75] "Iowa"
## [76] "Kansas"
## [77] "Kentucky"
## [78] "Louisiana"
## [79] "Maine"
## [80] "Maryland"
## [81] "Massachusetts"
## [82] "Michigan"
## [83] "Minnesota"
## [84] "Mississippi"
## [85] "Missouri"
## [86] "Montana"
## [87] "Nebraska"
## [88] "Nevada"
## [89] "New Hampshire"
## [90] "New Jersey"
## [91] "New Mexico"
## [92] "New York"
## [93] "North Carolina"
## [94] "North Dakota"
## [95] "Ohio"
## [96] "Oklahoma"
## [97] "Oregon"
## [98] "Pennsylvania"
## [99] "Rhode Island"
## [100] "South Carolina"
## [101] "South Dakota"
## [102] "Tennessee"
## [103] "Texas"
## [104] "Utah"
```

```
## [105] "Vermont"  
## [106] "Virginia"  
## [107] "Washington"  
## [108] "West Virginia"  
## [109] "Wisconsin"  
## [110] "Wyoming"
```

Average US Temperature

```
df$USA_Avg_Temp <- rowMeans(df[, 63:110], na.rm=TRUE) #average all states together  
df <- df[, -c(63:110)]  
head(df)
```

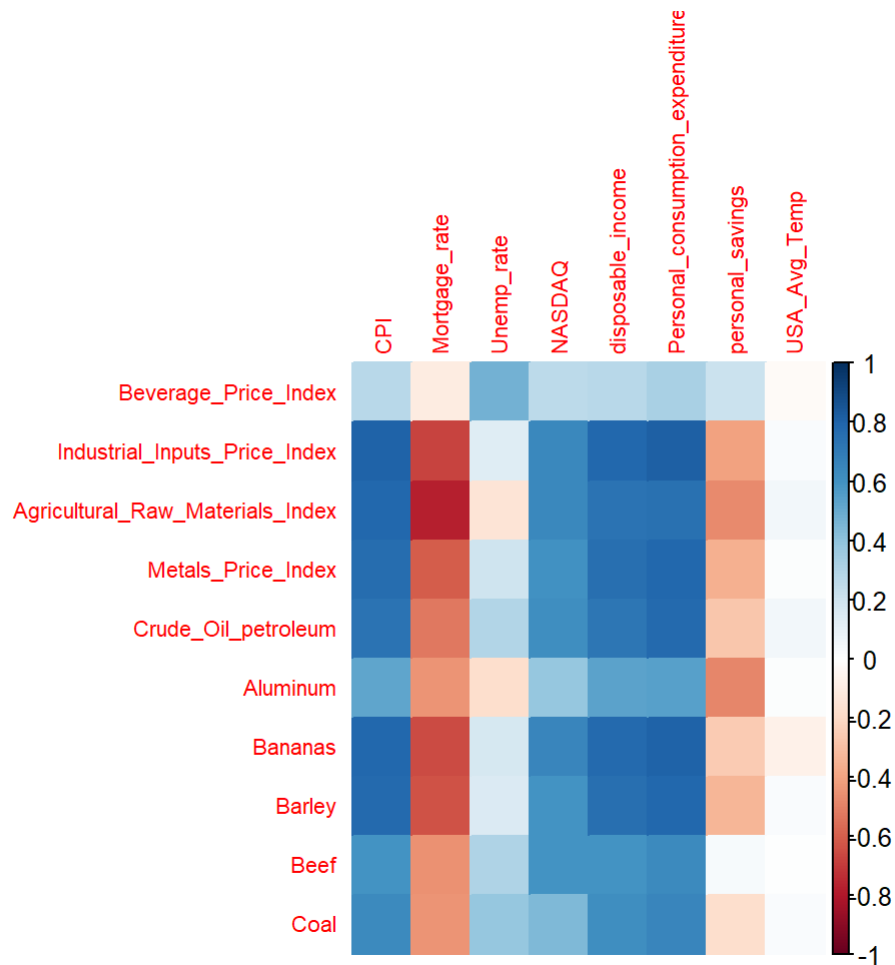
##	Date	Beverage_Price_Index	Industrial_Inputs_Price_Index			
## 1	1980-11-01	136.3164	69.68354			
## 2	1980-12-01	136.5980	67.13575			
## 3	1981-01-01	139.2010	65.61433			
## 4	1981-02-01	135.4352	63.80699			
## 5	1981-03-01	136.8588	63.79768			
## 6	1981-04-01	136.5669	63.27183			
##	Agricultural_Raw_Materials_Index	Metals_Price_Index	Crude_Oil_petroleum			
## 1	74.29385	66.35346	73.19304			
## 2	72.35484	63.36594	73.08986			
## 3	69.44860	62.84479	73.71042			
## 4	65.82446	62.34975	71.27406			
## 5	65.75739	62.38215	70.89036			
## 6	65.96707	61.32503	69.29339			
##	Aluminum	Bananas	Barley	Beef	Coal	Cocoa_beans
## 1	1503.910	379.3540	103.22196	133.25	45.68286	2173.755
## 2	1430.657	369.9804	94.87500	124.77	46.32904	2109.821
## 3	1430.830	387.6248	92.51746	121.73	46.98435	2093.066
## 4	1452.381	435.5954	94.17411	116.75	47.64894	2040.817
## 5	1442.952	459.3051	89.20417	113.30	48.32292	2115.774
## 6	1369.235	425.6705	82.57757	114.80	49.00644	2109.601
##	Coffee_Other_Mild_Arabicas	Coffee_Robusta	Rapeseed_oil	Copper	Cotton	
## 1	114.86	116.36	595.60	2010.614	98.03000	
## 2	121.21	118.54	576.55	1878.337	99.16000	
## 3	127.98	122.13	519.39	1876.132	99.51001	
## 4	125.11	115.48	492.32	1803.379	95.85001	
## 5	125.93	113.92	504.35	1816.607	91.72000	
## 6	128.20	112.93	516.38	1823.221	88.64999	
##	Fishmeal	Groundnuts_peanuts	Hides	China_import_Iron_Ore_Fines_62__FE_spot		
## 1	1141.269	2706.767	54.3	12.15		
## 2	1119.167	2622.180	50.1	12.15		
## 3	1087.019	2255.639	44.8	12.15		
## 4	1040.806	1691.729	40.7	12.15		
## 5	1018.704	1578.947	42.4	12.15		
## 6	1006.648	1590.226	45.9	12.15		
##	Lamb	Lead	Soft_Logs	Hard_Logs	Maize_corn	Nickel
## 1	124.20	813.5049	71.96541	107.9755	146.8434	6452.666
## 2	120.62	742.9570	73.00089	109.4355	145.2687	6390.912
## 3	133.28	703.2737	70.41220	112.3455	151.9613	6403.773
## 4	134.12	690.0461	67.82352	109.1155	143.3003	6370.748
## 5	124.75	727.5247	69.37673	106.7755	142.1193	6292.434
## 6	136.17	758.3892	66.78805	102.2855	144.4814	6307.061
##	Crude_Oil__petroleum_simple_average_of_three_spot_prices					
## 1	40.97					
## 2	39.05					
## 3	38.69					
## 4	36.75					
## 5	36.44					
## 6	35.70					
##	Crude_Oil__petroleum__Dated_Brent_light_blend	Oil_Dubai				
## 1	40.85	39.75				
## 2	40.15	39.35				

## 3			40.30		39.25		
## 4			38.70		37.10		
## 5			38.35		36.85		
## 6			37.19		35.55		
##	Crude_Oil_petroleum___West_Texas_Intermediate_40_API Olive_Oil Oranges						
## 1			35.98	2267.237	316.5		
## 2			36.99	2210.018	321.6		
## 3			38.00	2218.428	348.8		
## 4			38.00	2058.948	325.2		
## 5			38.00	2033.036	386.5		
## 6			37.99	1991.441	403.0		
##	Palm_oil Swine___pork Poultry_chicken Rice Rubber Fish_salmon Hard_Sawnwood						
## 1	483.4238	112.69279	37.02843	463	64.22	8.352088	265.5024
## 2	513.9993	102.32851	36.70107	470	62.66	7.975751	266.7920
## 3	516.4784	92.77159	35.90085	470	62.18	7.747213	269.3469
## 4	528.8739	93.33486	36.70107	480	59.81	7.366256	266.5098
## 5	512.3466	76.68067	36.00997	505	57.28	7.385256	264.4383
## 6	485.9029	92.33974	35.13700	515	52.12	7.271337	260.4243
##	Soft_Sawnwood Shrimp Soybean_Meal Soybean_Oil Soybeans Sugar_Free_Market						
## 1	117.6846	10.36171	302.6726	615.0890	334.9063		37.81
## 2	119.3779	10.25148	256.9929	547.4071	293.2899		28.79
## 3	115.1446	10.25148	247.5020	532.1953	283.4830		27.78
## 4	110.9114	10.58218	237.8457	525.1405	275.6742		24.09
## 5	113.4513	11.24356	231.4413	531.0930	272.4817		21.81
## 6	109.2181	11.57426	247.4689	539.6910	288.2602		17.83
##	Sugar_U_S___import_price Sunflower_oil Tea Tin Uranium Wheat						
## 1		39.28	631.0908	223.5705	15599.89	28	195.1089
## 2		30.29	632.8487	216.2512	14698.20	27	182.6160
## 3		29.57	606.4800	217.3755	14360.89	25	189.5973
## 4		26.07	571.3217	222.8430	13679.67	25	181.5137
## 5		23.81	571.3217	221.7186	13624.55	25	175.2673
## 6		19.91	573.0797	216.1409	13344.57	25	180.4114
##	Wool_coarse Wool_fine Zinc CPI Mortgage_rate Unemp_rate NASDAQ						
## 1	525.9347	735.9322	800.2771	85.6	14.2050	7.5	200.6856
## 2	528.1898	736.0527	782.6401	86.4	14.7900	7.2	198.3986
## 3	527.3128	758.6894	776.0261	87.2	14.9040	7.5	198.8176
## 4	512.0284	740.9892	731.9338	88.0	15.1325	7.4	194.8521
## 5	502.7575	719.4364	756.1846	88.6	15.4000	7.4	203.5932
## 6	496.6187	721.2425	824.5278	89.1	15.5800	7.2	215.1200
##	disposable_income Personal_consumption_expenditure personal_savings						
## 1		4976.5			1826.8		11.6
## 2		4999.8			1851.7		11.4
## 3		4980.4			1870.0		10.9
## 4		4965.0			1884.2		10.8
## 5		4979.0			1902.9		10.8
## 6		4965.1			1904.4		10.9
##	USA_Avg_Temp						
## 1		46.51667					
## 2		37.00000					
## 3		30.50208					
## 4		31.94167					

```
## 5      38.37917
## 6      47.88542
```

Correlation Analysis

```
dependent_vars <- df[, -c(56:63)] # exclude the predictors
predictor_vars <- df[, c(56:63)] # exclude the dependent variables
dependent_vars <- dependent_vars[, !colnames(dependent_vars) %in% "Date"] #for correlation analysis exclude the date
dependent_vars_10 <- dependent_vars[, c(1:10)] # create several parts, as it is easier to look at
dependent_vars_20 <- dependent_vars[, c(11:20)]
dependent_vars_30 <- dependent_vars[, c(21:30)]
dependent_vars_40 <- dependent_vars[, c(31:40)]
dependent_vars_50 <- dependent_vars[, c(41:50)]
dependent_vars_60 <- dependent_vars[, c(51:54)]
cor_matrix_10 <- cor(dependent_vars_10, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
corrplot(cor_matrix_10, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)
```



```

#cor_matrix_20 <- cor(dependent_vars_20, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
#corrplot(cor_matrix_20, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)

#cor_matrix_30 <- cor(dependent_vars_30, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
#corrplot(cor_matrix_30, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)

#cor_matrix_40 <- cor(dependent_vars_40, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
#corrplot(cor_matrix_40, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)

#cor_matrix_50 <- cor(dependent_vars_50, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
#corrplot(cor_matrix_50, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)

#cor_matrix_60 <- cor(dependent_vars_60, predictor_vars, use = "complete.obs")
#corrplot(cor_matrix_60, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7)

```

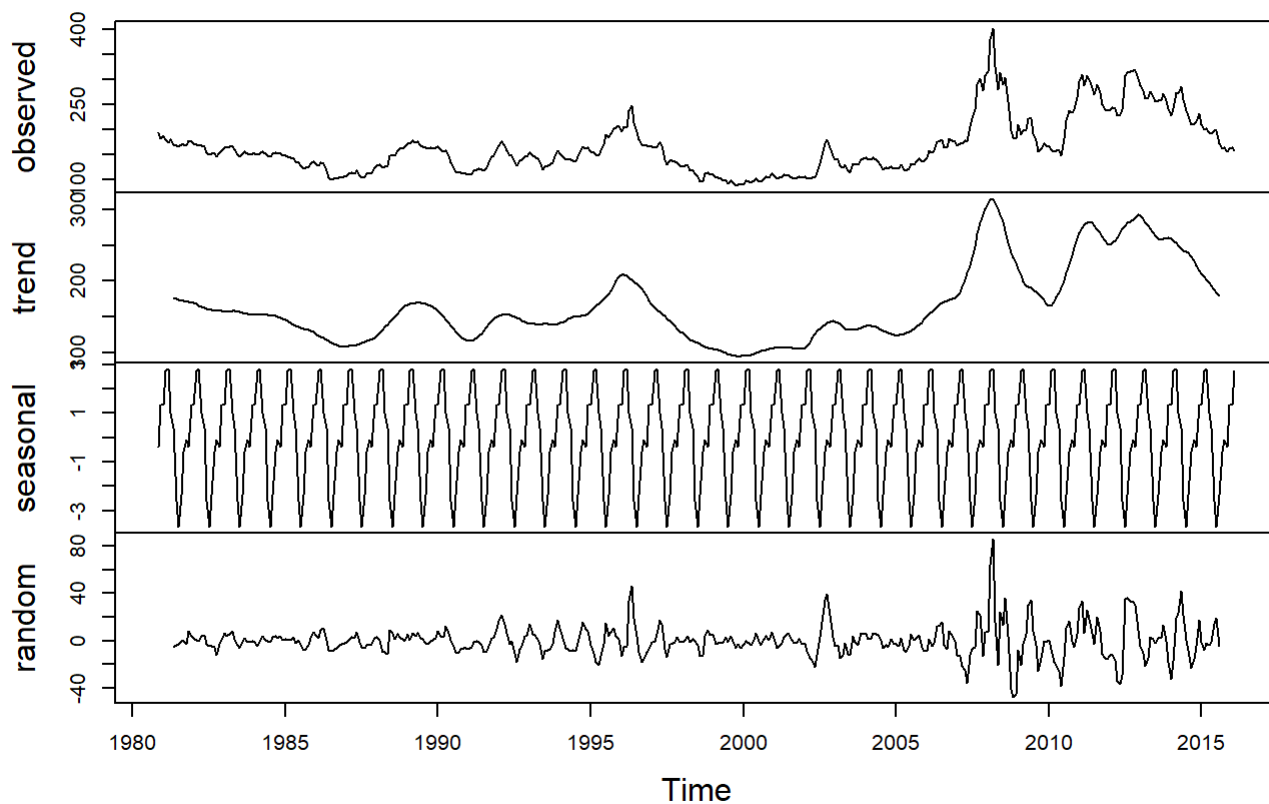
Create triple exponential smoothing Holt-Winters method ##

```

dfts <- ts(df$Wheat, frequency=12, start= c(1980,11))
components_dfts <- decompose(dfts)
plot(components_dfts)

```

Decomposition of additive time series



————— END OF GENERAL DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING —————

————— DATA INSPECTION AND ADF TEST

```
any_negative <- any(df < 0) #check for null or negative values which would distort log
any_null <- any(is.null(df) | is.na(df)) #check for null or negative values which would distort log
print(any_negative) #any negative values in the dataset?
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

```
print(any_null) #any NULL values in the dataset?
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

Start with the cleaned and prepared df

```
dependent_vars <- data.frame(soybeans = df$Soybeans, corn = df$Maize_corn)
predictor_vars <- df[, c(56:63)] # exclude the dependent variables

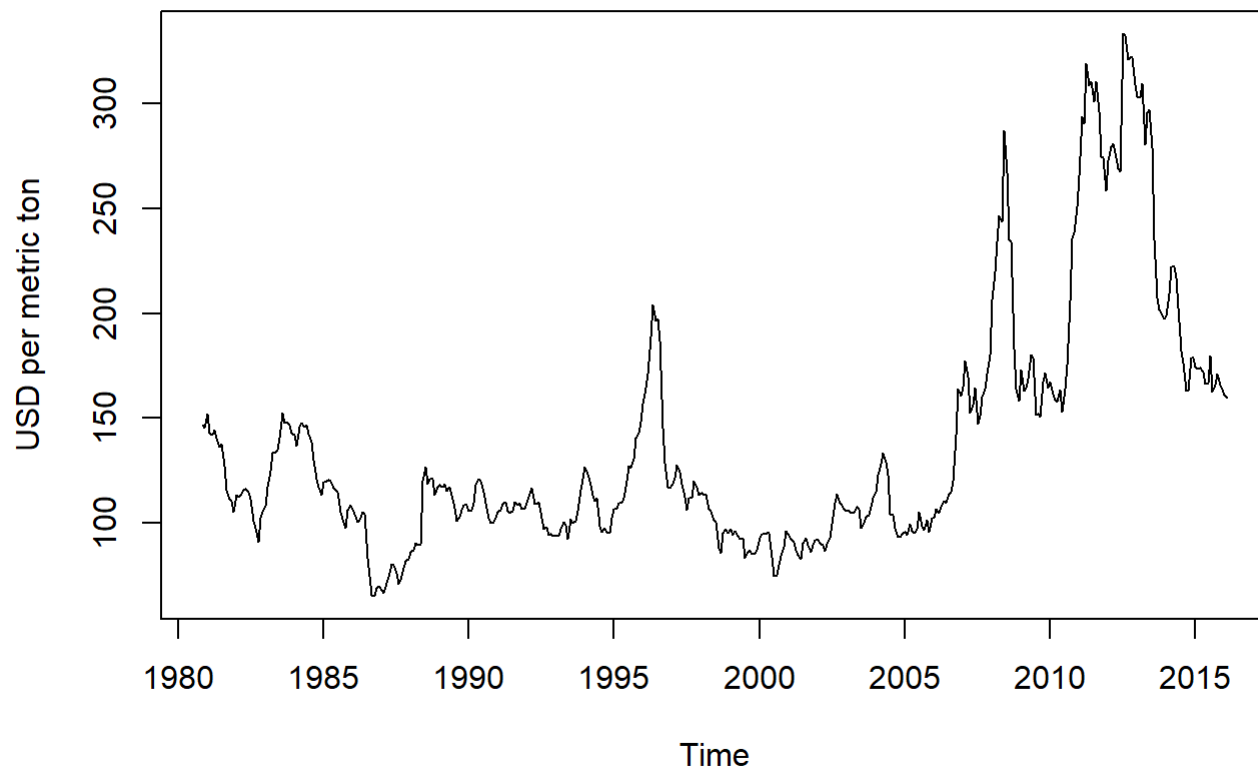
vars <- predictor_vars
vars <- cbind(date = df$Date, corn = dependent_vars$corn, vars)
head(vars)
```

```
##      date      corn  CPI Mortgage_rate Unemp_rate  NASDAQ disposable_income
## 1 1980-11-01 146.8434 85.6      14.2050      7.5 200.6856      4976.5
## 2 1980-12-01 145.2687 86.4      14.7900      7.2 198.3986      4999.8
## 3 1981-01-01 151.9613 87.2      14.9040      7.5 198.8176      4980.4
## 4 1981-02-01 143.3003 88.0      15.1325      7.4 194.8521      4965.0
## 5 1981-03-01 142.1193 88.6      15.4000      7.4 203.5932      4979.0
## 6 1981-04-01 144.4814 89.1      15.5800      7.2 215.1200      4965.1
##      Personal_consumption_expenditure personal_savings USA_Avg_Temp
## 1                      1826.8              11.6      46.51667
## 2                      1851.7              11.4      37.00000
## 3                      1870.0              10.9      30.50208
## 4                      1884.2              10.8      31.94167
## 5                      1902.9              10.8      38.37917
## 6                      1904.4              10.9      47.88542
```

Convert Y to a time series object

```
ts_corn <- ts(vars$corn, start = c(1980, 11), frequency = 12)
plot(ts_corn, ylab = 'USD per metric ton', main = 'Corn Prices') #
```

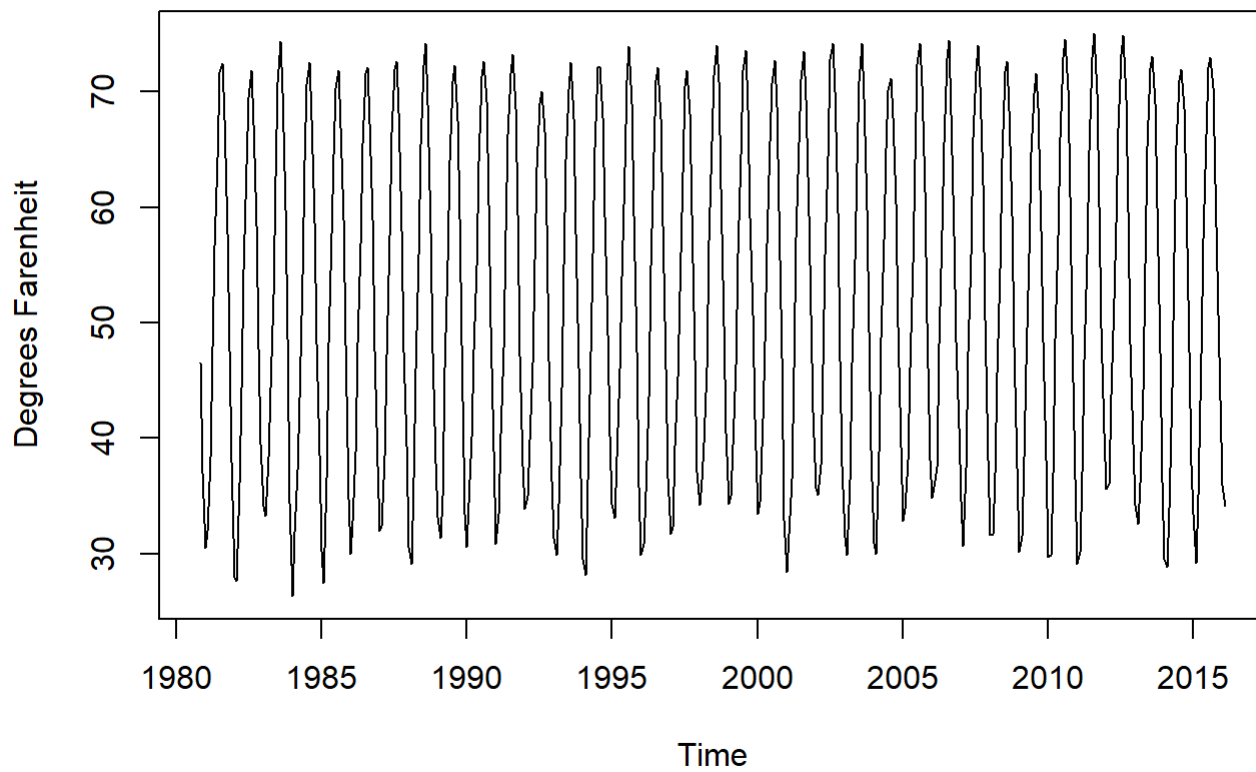

Corn Prices



Convert Weather to a time series object

```
ts <- ts(vars$USA_Avg_Temp, start = c(1980, 11), frequency = 12)
plot(ts, ylab = 'Degrees Farenheit', main='USA Average Temperatures')
```

USA Average Temperatures



Perform the ADF test⁸ for corn

```
adf_result <- adf.test(ts_corn, k = trunc((length(ts_corn)-3)^(1/4)))  
print(adf_result)
```

```
##  
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test  
##  
## data: ts_corn  
## Dickey-Fuller = -3.1223, Lag order = 4, p-value = 0.1033  
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
adf_result$p.value
```

```
## [1] 0.1032673
```

Perform the ADF test⁸ for all relevant variables

```

# Create an empty data frame to store the results
adf_results <- data.frame(Variable = character(), TestStatistic = numeric(), p_value = numeric(
), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
# Loop through each variable in the 'vars' dataset
for (col in colnames(vars)) {
  # Convert the variable into a time series object
  ts_data <- ts(vars[[col]],start = c(1980, 11), frequency = 12)

  # Perform the ADF test
  adf_result <- adf.test(ts_data, alternative = "stationary")

  # Extract the test statistics and p-value
  test_statistic <- adf_result$statistic
  p_value <- adf_result$p.value

  # Add the results to the data frame
  adf_results <- adf_results %>%
    add_row(Variable = col, TestStatistic = test_statistic, p_value = p_value)
}

```

```

## Warning in adf.test(ts_data, alternative = "stationary"): p-value smaller than
## printed p-value

```

```

## Warning in adf.test(ts_data, alternative = "stationary"): p-value smaller than
## printed p-value

```

```

# Print the table of results
print(adf_results)

```

```

##           Variable TestStatistic    p_value
## 1             date      -8.773426 0.01000000
## 2             corn      -2.770877 0.25176236
## 3             CPI       -2.127983 0.52344424
## 4      Mortgage_rate     -3.450241 0.04738837
## 5          Unemp_rate     -3.166638 0.09374952
## 6          NASDAQ       -2.899076 0.19758658
## 7   disposable_income     -1.897668 0.62077328
## 8 Personal_consumption_expenditure -1.773082 0.67342254
## 9      personal_savings     -1.806196 0.65942879
## 10        USA_Avg_Temp    -11.616001 0.01000000

```

Create table for report

```

library(knitr)

```

```

## Warning: package 'knitr' was built under R version 4.3.1

```

```

library(kableExtra)

```

```
## Warning: package 'kableExtra' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'kableExtra'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':  
##  
## group_rows
```

```
# Convert p-values to formatted character strings  
adf_results$p_value <- sprintf("%.8f", adf_results$p_value)  
  
# Create the table using kable()  
table_output <- kable(adf_results, align = "c") %>%  
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped", full_width = FALSE) %>%  
  add_header_above(c('Augmented Dickey-Fuller-Test'=3))  
  
# Print the table  
print(table_output)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller-Test			
Variable	TestStatistic	p_value	
date	-8.773426	0.01000000	
corn	-2.770877	0.25176236	
CPI	-2.127983	0.52344424	
Mortgage_rate	-3.450241	0.04738837	
Unemp_rate	-3.166638	0.09374952	
NASDAQ	-2.899076	0.19758658	
disposable_income	-1.897668	0.62077328	
Personal_consumption_expenditure	-1.773082	0.67342254	
personal_savings	-1.806196	0.65942879	
USA_Avg_Temp	-11.616001	0.01000000	

END DATA INSPECTION AND ADF TEST

TRANSFORM DATA FOR DEEP LEARNING APPROACH

```
library(dplyr)
head(vars)
```

```
##      date      corn  CPI Mortgage_rate Unemp_rate  NASDAQ disposable_income
## 1 1980-11-01 146.8434 85.6      14.2050      7.5 200.6856      4976.5
## 2 1980-12-01 145.2687 86.4      14.7900      7.2 198.3986      4999.8
## 3 1981-01-01 151.9613 87.2      14.9040      7.5 198.8176      4980.4
## 4 1981-02-01 143.3003 88.0      15.1325      7.4 194.8521      4965.0
## 5 1981-03-01 142.1193 88.6      15.4000      7.4 203.5932      4979.0
## 6 1981-04-01 144.4814 89.1      15.5800      7.2 215.1200      4965.1
##      Personal_consumption_expenditure personal_savings USA_Avg_Temp
## 1                                1826.8              11.6      46.51667
## 2                                1851.7              11.4      37.00000
## 3                                1870.0              10.9      30.50208
## 4                                1884.2              10.8      31.94167
## 5                                1902.9              10.8      38.37917
## 6                                1904.4              10.9      47.88542
```

```
vars_nonstationary <- select(vars, corn, CPI, Unemp_rate, NASDAQ, disposable_income, Personal_c
onsumption_expenditure, personal_savings) # those have to be transformed
vars_stationary <- select(vars, Mortgage_rate, USA_Avg_Temp) # vars ready for model, but need ti
ming adjustment because of the non-stationary variables which will lose their first row in the p
rocess
```

create the first difference of the logarithmized series

```

# Create an empty dataframe to store the first differences
vars_diff <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = ncol(vars_nonstationary), nrow = nrow(vars_nonstationary)-
1))
# Loop through each variable in vars_nonstationary
for (col_name in colnames(vars_nonstationary)) {
  # Convert column to a time series object
  ts_col <- ts(vars_nonstationary[[col_name]], start = c(1980, 11), frequency = 12)

  # Calculate the first difference of the logarithmized series
  diff_series <- diff(log(ts_col))

  # Assign the differenced series to the new dataframe, excluding the first row
  vars_diff[[paste0(col_name, "_diff")]] <- diff_series
}
vars_diff <- vars_diff %>%
  select(contains('_diff'))
head(vars_diff)

```

```

##      corn_diff      CPI_diff Unemp_rate_diff  NASDAQ_diff disposable_income_diff
## 1 -0.010781732 0.009302393   -0.04082199 -0.011460961      0.004671079
## 2  0.045040722 0.009216655    0.04082199  0.002109596     -0.003887703
## 3 -0.058683522 0.009132484   -0.01342302 -0.020147081     -0.003096912
## 4 -0.008275903 0.006795043    0.00000000  0.043882960      0.002815770
## 5  0.016483876 0.005627477   -0.02739897  0.055072216     -0.002795629
## 6 -0.024828841 0.006711435    0.04082199  0.006595439      0.001951731
##  Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff personal_savings_diff
## 1                      0.013538334          -0.017391743
## 2                      0.009834295          -0.044850566
## 3                      0.007564897          -0.009216655
## 4                      0.009875711           0.000000000
## 5                      0.000787960           0.009216655
## 6                      0.004923796           0.009132484

```

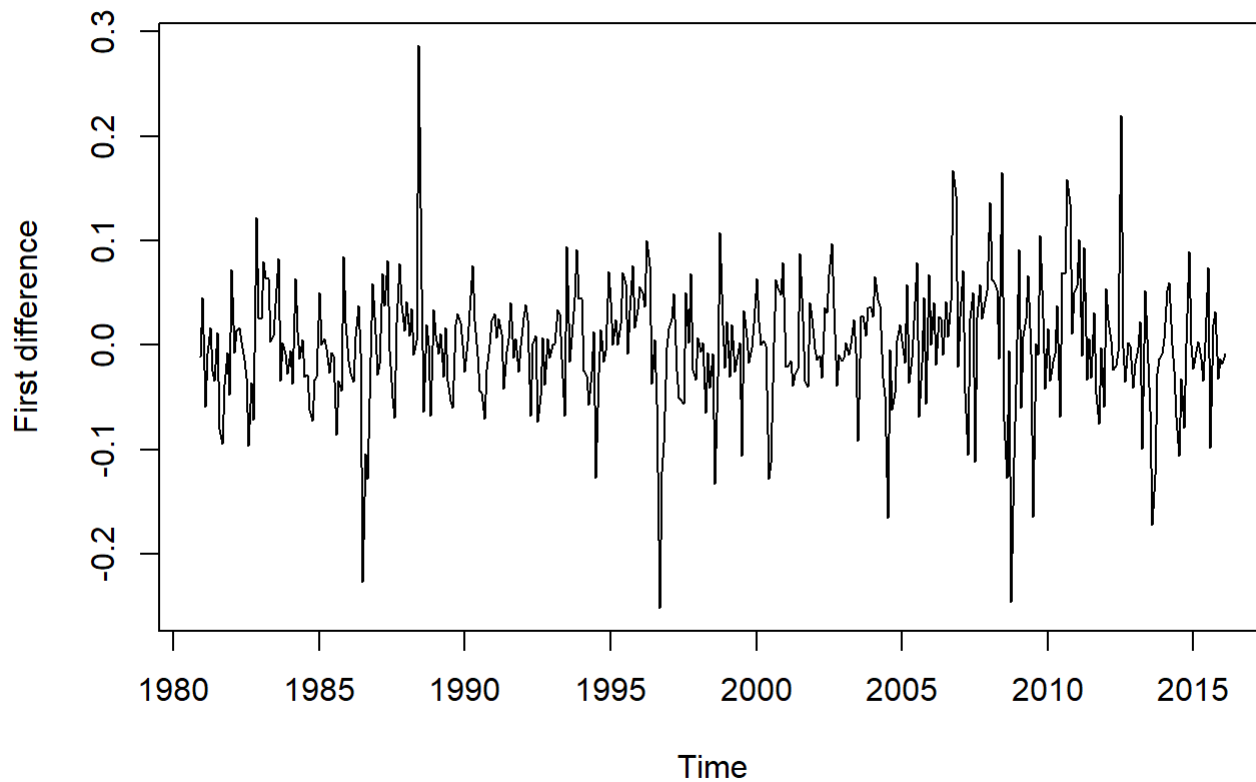
Check if the diff is correctly calculated by taking one example

```

#log_ts_corn <- log(ts_corn)
#diff_log_ts_corn <- diff(log_ts_corn)
#plot(diff_log_ts_corn, ylab = 'First difference', main = 'First Difference of Log(Corn Price
s)')
plot(vars_diff$corn_diff, ylab = 'First difference', main = 'First Difference of Log(Corn Price
s)')

```

First Difference of Log(Corn Prices)



Transform stationary data to time series

```
# Create an empty dataframe to store the transformed time series
ts_vars_stationary <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = ncol(vars_stationary), nrow = nrow(vars_stationary)-1))
# Set the column names of vars_ts
colnames(ts_vars_stationary) <- colnames(vars_stationary)

# Loop through each column in vars_stationary
for (i in 1:ncol(vars_stationary)) {
  # Convert column to a time series object
  ts_vars_stationary[, i] <- ts(vars_stationary[-1, i], start = c(1980, 11), frequency = 12)
}

# View the resulting dataframe
str(ts_vars_stationary)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   423 obs. of  2 variables:
## $ Mortgage_rate: Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 14.8 14.9 15.1 15.4 15.6 ...
## $ USA_Avg_Temp : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 37 30.5 31.9 38.4 47.9 ...
```

————— END TRANSFORM DATA FOR DEEP LEARNING APPROACH —————

————— START TEST FOR CAUSALITY

```
#head(vars_diff)
#head(ts_vars_stationary)
nrow(ts_vars_stationary) # this has one row more, because no transformation happened, hence we have to delete the first row
```

```
## [1] 423
```

```
nrow(vars_diff) # this has one row less, because of the transformation
```

```
## [1] 423
```

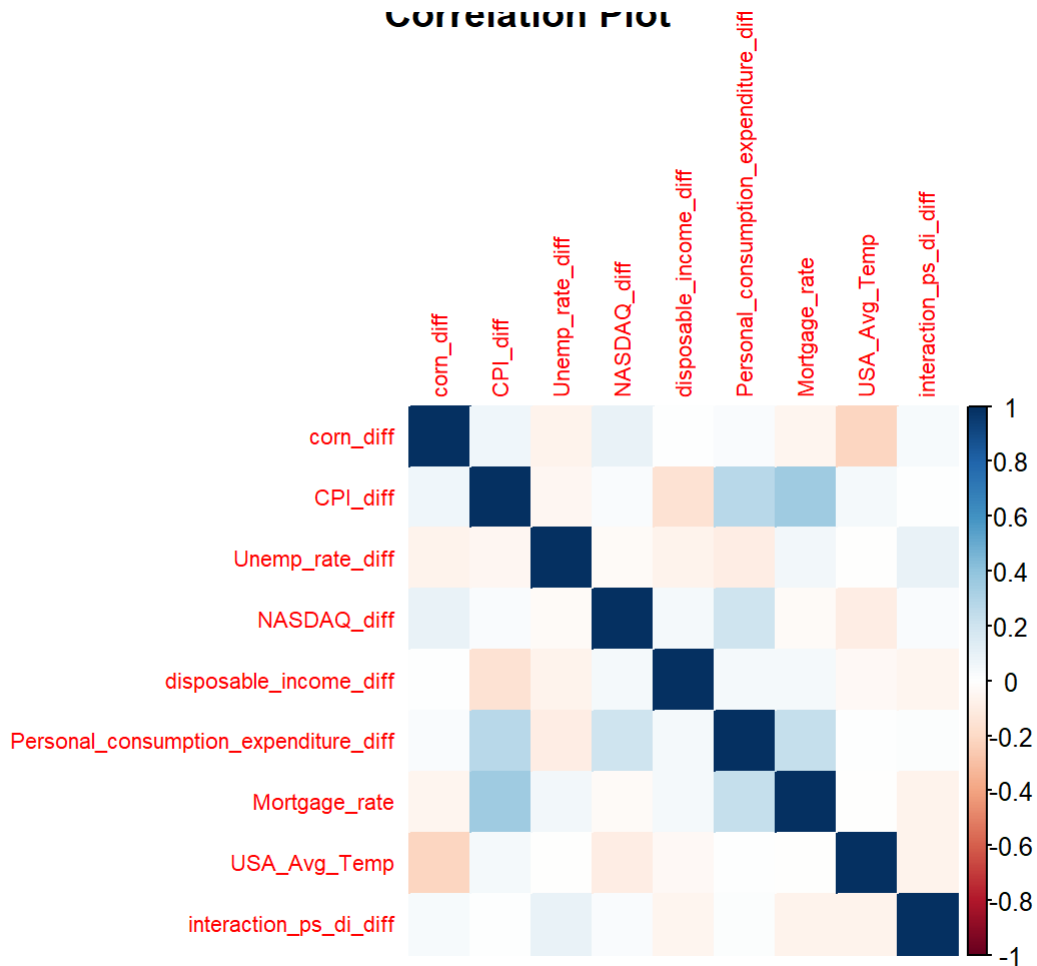
```
vars_stationary_cleaned <- ts_vars_stationary[-1, ]
df_clean <- cbind(vars_diff, ts_vars_stationary) #merge the transformed data with the stationary data
str(df_clean)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   423 obs. of  9 variables:
##  $ corn_diff           : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: -0.01078 0.04504 -
0.05868 -0.00828 0.01648 ...
##  $ CPI_diff            : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 0.0093 0.00922 0.00
913 0.0068 0.00563 ...
##  $ Unemp_rate_diff     : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: -0.0408 0.0408 -0.0
134 0 -0.0274 ...
##  $ NASDAQ_diff         : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: -0.01146 0.00211 -
0.02015 0.04388 0.05507 ...
##  $ disposable_income_diff : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 0.00467 -0.00389 -
0.0031 0.00282 -0.0028 ...
##  $ Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff: Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 0.013538 0.009834
0.007565 0.009876 0.000788 ...
##  $ personal_savings_diff : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: -0.01739 -0.04485 -
0.00922 0 0.00922 ...
##  $ Mortgage_rate      : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 14.8 14.9 15.1 15.4
15.6 ...
##  $ USA_Avg_Temp        : Time-Series  from 1981 to 2016: 37 30.5 31.9 38.4 4
7.9 ...
```

```
#head(df_clean)
```


Check correlation of data

```
df_clean$interaction_ps_di_diff <- df_clean$personal_savings_diff * df_clean$disposable_income_diff # create interaction term
df_clean <- df_clean[, -which(names(df_clean) == 'personal_savings_diff')]
library(corrplot)
cor_matrix <- cor(df_clean)
corrplot(cor_matrix, method = "color", type = "full", tl.cex = 0.7, main= 'Correlation Plot')
```



Granger test

```
library(lmtest) # Load for granger test
```

```
## Warning: package 'lmtest' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
## Loading required package: zoo
```

```
## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
# Specify the lag orders to consider (months of lag)
```

```
lag_orders <- c(1,3,6) # test for months of lag between predictors and dependent variable
```

```
# Create empty vectors to store the outputs
```

```
Variable <- character()
```

```
Correlation <- numeric()
```

```
p_value <- numeric()
```

```
# Exclude the dependent variable from the loop
```

```
vars_to_test <- df_clean[, colnames(df_clean) != "corn_diff"]
```

```
# Loop through each variable in vars_to_test
```

```
for (col_name in colnames(vars_to_test)) {
```

```
  for (lag in lag_orders) {
```

```
    # Perform the Granger causality test
```

```
    granger_test <- grangertest(vars_to_test[, col_name], df_clean$corn_diff, order = lag)
```

```
    # Extract the p-value from the test result
```

```
    p_value <- c(p_value, granger_test$`Pr(>F)`[2])
```

```
    # Calculate the correlation with corn_diff
```

```
    Correlation <- c(Correlation, cor(vars_to_test[lag:nrow(df_clean), col_name], df_clean[1:(nrow(df_clean)-lag+1), "corn_diff"]))
```

```
    # Store the variable name
```

```
    Variable <- c(Variable, paste(col_name, lag, sep = "_"))
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

```
# Combine the outputs into a dataframe
```

```
granger_results <- data.frame(Variable, Correlation, p_value)
```

```
granger_results$p_value <- round(granger_results$p_value, digits = 3)
```

```
granger_results$Correlation <- round(granger_results$Correlation, digits = 3)
```

```
# View the resulting dataframe
```

```
granger_results
```

```
##              Variable Correlation p_value
## 1             CPI_diff_1      0.063  0.036
## 2             CPI_diff_3      0.098  0.117
## 3             CPI_diff_6      0.057  0.405
## 4      Unemp_rate_diff_1     -0.061  0.665
## 5      Unemp_rate_diff_3     -0.082  0.686
## 6      Unemp_rate_diff_6     -0.026  0.842
## 7      NASDAQ_diff_1        0.096  0.331
## 8      NASDAQ_diff_3       -0.009  0.535
## 9      NASDAQ_diff_6       -0.051  0.826
## 10     disposable_income_diff_1  0.008  0.174
## 11     disposable_income_diff_3  0.007  0.394
## 12     disposable_income_diff_6 -0.054  0.620
## 13 Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_1  0.024  0.559
## 14 Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_3  0.024  0.538
## 15 Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_6 -0.017  0.476
## 16             Mortgage_rate_1  -0.056  0.376
## 17             Mortgage_rate_3  -0.043  0.176
## 18             Mortgage_rate_6  -0.024  0.045
## 19             USA_Avg_Temp_1   -0.214  0.000
## 20             USA_Avg_Temp_3   -0.107  0.002
## 21             USA_Avg_Temp_6    0.190  0.001
## 22     interaction_ps_di_diff_1  0.033  0.148
## 23     interaction_ps_di_diff_3  0.044  0.005
## 24     interaction_ps_di_diff_6  0.033  0.007
```

Create the table using kable

```
library(knitr)
library(kableExtra)
table_output <- kable(granger_results, format = "html", align = "c") %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped", full_width = FALSE) %>%
  add_header_above(c('Granger Causality Test between Corn Prices and Predictors for Lage 1, 3 and 6 Months' =3))

# Print the table
print(table_output)
```

Granger Causality Test between Corn Prices and Predictors for Lage 1, 3 and 6 Months

Variable	Correlation	p_value
CPI_diff_1	0.063	0.036
CPI_diff_3	0.098	0.117
CPI_diff_6	0.057	0.405
Unemp_rate_diff_1	-0.061	0.665
Unemp_rate_diff_3	-0.082	0.686

Granger Causality Test between Corn Prices and Predictors for Lage 1, 3 and 6 Months

Variable	Correlation	p_value
Unemp_rate_diff_6	-0.026	0.842
NASDAQ_diff_1	0.096	0.331
NASDAQ_diff_3	-0.009	0.535
NASDAQ_diff_6	-0.051	0.826
disposable_income_diff_1	0.008	0.174
disposable_income_diff_3	0.007	0.394
disposable_income_diff_6	-0.054	0.620
Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_1	0.024	0.559
Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_3	0.024	0.538
Personal_consumption_expenditure_diff_6	-0.017	0.476
Mortgage_rate_1	-0.056	0.376
Mortgage_rate_3	-0.043	0.176
Mortgage_rate_6	-0.024	0.045
USA_Avg_Temp_1	-0.214	0.000
USA_Avg_Temp_3	-0.107	0.002
USA_Avg_Temp_6	0.190	0.001
interaction_ps_di_diff_1	0.033	0.148
interaction_ps_di_diff_3	0.044	0.005
interaction_ps_di_diff_6	0.033	0.007

Data Output

head(df_clean)

```
date <- vars[2:nrow(vars), 'date']
df_clean$date <- date
library(writexl)
```

```
## Warning: package 'writexl' was built under R version 4.3.1
```

```
write_xlsx(df_clean, "df_clean.xlsx")
```

————— END TEST FOR CAUSALITY —————