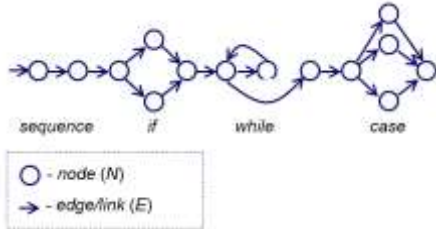


Pengujian Source Code Instrumentation



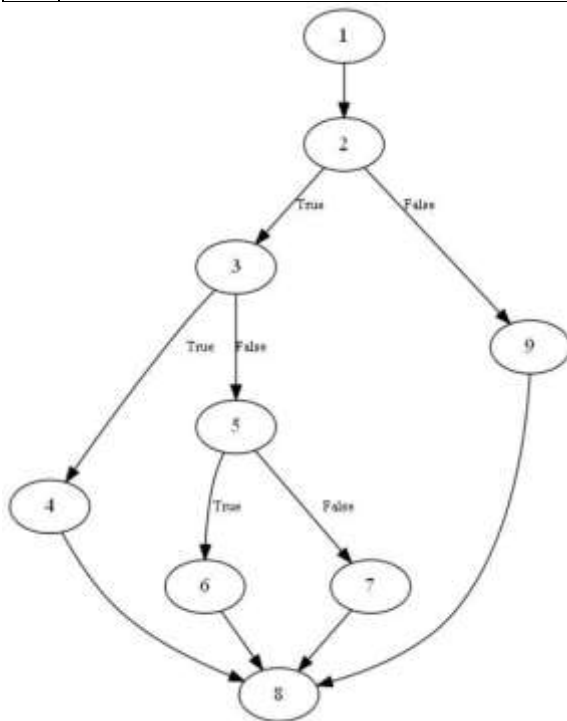
Contoh:

1. tA2008

```

1  function type = triangle(sideLengths) Node 1
2  A = sideLengths(1); % First side
3  B = sideLengths(2); % Second side
4  C = sideLengths(3); % Third side
5  if ((A+B > C) && (B+C > A) && (C+A > B)) Node 2
6      if ((A ~= B) && (B ~= C) && (C ~= A)) Node 3
7          type = 'Scalene'; Node 4
8      else
9          if ((A == B) && (B ~= C)) || ((B == C) && (C ~= A)) || ((C == A) && (A ~=
10 B))) Node 5
11              type = 'Isosceles'; Node 6
12          else
13              type = 'Equilateral'; Node 7
14      end
15  else
16      type = 'Not a triangle'; Node 9
17  end Node 8

```



Cyclomatic Complexity

Nodes(N) = 9
Edges(E) = 11
 $V(G) = E - N + 2$
= 4

Path

- 1 2 (T) 3 (T) 4 8
- 1 2 (T) 3 (F) 5 (T) 6 8
- 1 2 (T) 3 (F) 5 (F) 7 8
- 1 2 (F) 9 8

CFG

Hasil Instruumentasi

```
1 function [traversedPath,type] = triangle(sideLengths)
2 traversedPath = [];
3 traversedPath = [traversedPath '1 ' ];
4 A = sideLengths(1); % First side
5 B = sideLengths(2); % Second side
6 C = sideLengths(3); % Third side
7 % instrument Branch # 1
8 traversedPath = [traversedPath '2 ' ];
9 if ((A+B > C) && (B+C > A) && (C+A > B))
10     traversedPath = [traversedPath '(T) ' ];
11     % instrument Branch # 2
12     traversedPath = [traversedPath '3 ' ];
13     if ((A ~= B) && (B ~= C) && (C ~= A))
14         traversedPath = [traversedPath '(T) ' ];
15         traversedPath = [traversedPath '4 ' ];
16         type = 'Scalene';
17     else
18         traversedPath = [traversedPath '(F) ' ];
19         % instrument Branch # 3
20         traversedPath = [traversedPath '5 ' ];
21         if ((A == B) && (B == C)) || ((B == C) && (C == A)) || ((C == A) && (A == B))
22             traversedPath = [traversedPath '(T) ' ];
23             traversedPath = [traversedPath '6 ' ];
24             type = 'Isosceles';
25         else
26             traversedPath = [traversedPath '(F) ' ];
27             traversedPath = [traversedPath '7 ' ];
28             type = 'Equilateral';
29         end
30     end
31 else
32     traversedPath = [traversedPath '(F) ' ];
33     traversedPath = [traversedPath '9 ' ];
34     type = 'Not a triangle';
35 end
36 traversedPath = [traversedPath '8 ' ];
```

2. mmA2008

```
1 function miniMaxi = minimaxi(num)
2     numLength = length(num);
3     mini = num(1);
4     maxi = num(1);
5     idx = 2;
6     while (idx <= numLength) % Branching #1
7         if maxi < num(idx) % Branching #2
8             maxi = num(idx);
9         end
10        if mini > num(idx) % Branching #3
11            mini = num(idx);
12        end
13        idx = idx+1;
14    end % while end
15    miniMaxi = [mini maxi];
16 end
```

3. iA2008

```
1 function sortedArray = insertion(anyArray)
2 k = 1; % The smallest integer increment
3 n = length(anyArray);
4 I = 2;
5 for i=2:n
6     x = anyArray(i);
7     j = I - 1;
8     while ((j > 0) & (anyArray(j) > x)),
9         anyArray(j+1) = anyArray(j);
10        j = j - 1;
11    end
12    anyArray(j+1) = x;
13 end
14 sortedArray = anyArray;
15 end
```

4. binA2008

```
1 function itemIndex = binary(itemNumbers)
2     item = itemNumbers(1);
3     numbers = itemNumbers(1,2:end);
4     lowerIdx = 1;
5     upperIdx = length(numbers);
6     while (lowerIdx ~= upperIdx), % Branch # 1
7         temp = lowerIdx + upperIdx; % additional statement
8         if (mod(temp, 2) ~= 0),
9             temp = temp - 1;
10        end % additional statement
11        idx = temp / 2;
12        if (numbers(idx) < item), % Branch # 2
13            lowerIdx = idx + 1;
14        else
15            upperIdx = idx;
16        end
17    end
18    % Additional code that returns -1 if the item is not found
19    if (item == numbers(lowerIdx)),
20        temIndex = lowerIdx;
21    else
22        itemIndex = -1;
23    end
24 end
```

5. bubA2008

```
1 function sortedArray = bubble(anyArray)
2     sorted = 0; % 0 means false
3     i = 1; n = length(anyArray);
4     while ((i <= (n-1)) && ~sorted), % Branch # 1
5         sorted = 1;
6         j = n;
7         for j=n:-1:i+1 % Branch # 2
8             if (anyArray(j) < anyArray(j-1)) % Branch # 3
9                 %exchange(anyArray(j), anyArray(j-1));
10                temp = anyArray(j);
11                anyArray(j) = anyArray(j-1);
12                anyArray(j-1) = temp;
13                sorted = 0;
14            end
15        end
16        i = i + 1;
17    end
18    sortedArray = anyArray;
19 end
```

6. gA2008

```
1 function y = gcd(number)
2 a = number(1);
3 b = number(2);
4 if (a == 0),
5     y = b;
6 else
7     while b ~= 0
8         if a > b
9             a = a - b;
10        else
11            b = b - a;
12        end
13    end
14    y = a;
15 end
16 end
```

7. eB2002

```
1 function result = expintBueno2002(numbersIn)
2     n = numbersIn(1); % integer
3     x = numbersIn(2); % floa
4     MAXIT = 100;
5     EULER = 0.5772156649;
6     FPMIN = 1.0e-30;
7     EPS = 1.0e-7;
8     nml = n - 1;
9     if (n < 0 || x < 0.0 || (x == 0.0 && (n == 0.0 || n==1)))
10         result = 0;
11         % disp('bad arguments in expintBueno2002');
12     elseif (n == 0)
13         result = exp(-x)/x;
14     elseif (x == 0.0)
15         result = 1.0/nml; % strangy: what is nml?
16     elseif (x > 1.0)
17         b = x + n;
18         c = 1.0 / FPMIN;
19         d = 1.0 / b;
20         h = d;
21         for i=1 : MAXIT
22             a = -i * (nml + i);
23             b = b + 2.0;
24             d = 1.0 / (a*d+b);
25             c = b + a / c;
26             del = c * d;
27             h = h * del;
28             if (abs(del-1.0) < EPS) % abs is fabs in C
29                 result = h * exp(-x);
30                 return;
31             end
32         end
33         disp('continued fraction failed in expint');
34     else
35         % ans = (nml!=0 ? 1.0/nml : -log(x)-EULER);
36         % is interpreted as follows
37         if (nml ~= 0)
38             result = 1.0 / nml;
39         else
40             result = -log(x)-EULER;
41         end
42         fact = 1.0;
43         for i = 1 : MAXIT
44             fact = fact * (-x / i);
45             if (i ~= nml)
46                 del = -fact / (i - nml);
47             else
48                 psi = -EULER;
49                 for ii = 1 : nml
50                     psi = psi + (1/ii);
51                 end
52                 del = fact * (-log(x) + psi);
53             end
54             result = result + del;
55             if (abs(del) < abs(result) * EPS) % abs is fabs in C
56                 return;
57             end
58         end
59         disp('series failed in expint');
60     end
61 end
62
```

8. qB2002

```
1 function [q, r] = quotientBueno2002(operands)
2     n = operands(1); % First number
3     d = operands(2); % Second number
4     q = 0;
5     if (d ~= 0)
6         if ( (d > 0) && (n > 0) )
7             q = 0;
8             r = n;
9             t = d;
10            while (r >= t)
11                t = t * 2;
12            end
13            while (t ~= d)
14                q = q * 2;
15                t = t / 2;
16                if (t <= r)
17                    r = r - t;
18                    q = q + 1;
19                end
20            end
21        end
22    end
23 end
24
```

9. fB2002

```
1 function a = findBueno2002(numbersIn)
2     f = numbersIn(1); % key or index
3     a = numbersIn(2:end); % an array of integers to be re-arranged
4     % n = length(numbers);
5     b = 0;
6     m = 1;
7     ns = length(a);
8     % Probe added on 02.09.2010
9     if f > ns
10         f = mod(ns,f);
11     end
12     i = 1;
13     while ((m < ns) || b)
14         if (~b)
15             i = m;
16             j = ns;
17         else
18             b = 0;
19         end
20         if (i > j)
21             if (f > j)
22                 if (i > f)
23                     m = ns;
24                 else
25                     m = i;
26                 end
27             else
28                 ns = j;
29             end
30         else
31             while (a(i) < a(f))
32                 i = i + 1;
33             end
34             while (a(f) < a(j))
35                 j = j - 1;
36             end
37             if (i <= j)
38                 w = a(i);
39                 a(i) = a(j);
40                 a(j) = w;
41                 i = i + 1;
42                 j = j - 1;
43             end
44             b = 1;
45         end
46     end
47 end
```

10. fmH2014

```
1 function branchVal = fitnessMiniMaxi(branchNo, predicate)
2     k = 1; % the smallest step for integer
3     switch (branchNo)
4     case 1,
5         % branch #1: (idx <= numLength)
6         branchVal = predicate(1) - predicate(2);
7     case 2,
8         % branch #2: (maxi < num(idx))
9         branchVal = predicate(1) - predicate(2);
10    case 3,
11        % branch #3: (mini > num(idx))
12        branchVal = predicate(2) - predicate(1);
13    end
14    if ((branchNo == 2) || (branchNo == 3)),
15        if (branchVal < 0)
16            branchVal = branchVal - k;
17        else
18            branchVal = branchVal + k;
19        end
20    end
21 end
```