

MP-1 PRACTICAL-1

1. Develop a python program to demonstrate the Graphical method in Linear Programming.

QUESTION:

Maximize

$$Z=4x+3y$$

Subject TO:

$$x \geq 0$$

$$y \geq 2$$

$$2y \leq 25 - x$$

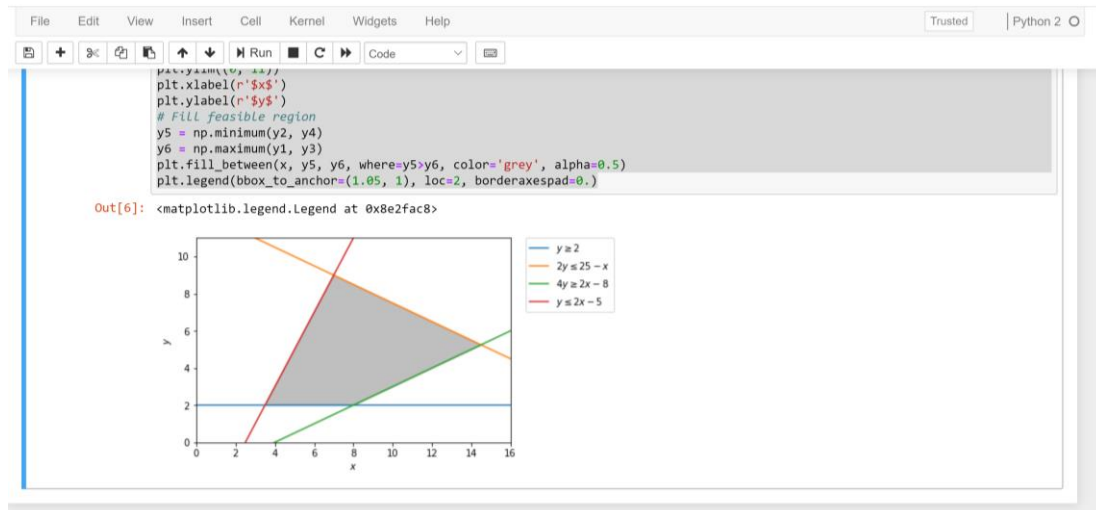
$$4y \geq 2x - 8$$

$$y \leq 2x - 5$$

Solve LP graphically using python

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
# Construct lines
#  $x > 0$ 
x = np.linspace(0, 20, 2000)
#  $y \geq 2$ 
y1 = (x*0) + 2
#  $2y \leq 25 - x$ 
y2 = (25-x)/2.0
#  $4y \geq 2x - 8$ 
y3 = (2*x-8)/4.0
#  $y \leq 2x - 5$ 
y4 = 2 * x - 5
# Make plot
plt.plot(x, y1, label=r'$y \geq 2$')
plt.plot(x, y2, label=r'$2y \leq 25 - x$')
plt.plot(x, y3, label=r'$4y \geq 2x - 8$')
plt.plot(x, y4, label=r'$y \leq 2x - 5$')
plt.xlim((0, 16))
plt.ylim((0, 11))
plt.xlabel(r'$x$')
plt.ylabel(r'$y$')
# Fill feasible region
y5 = np.minimum(y2, y4)
y6 = np.maximum(y1, y3)
plt.fill_between(x, y5, y6, where=y5>y6, color='grey', alpha=0.5)
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc=2, borderaxespad=0.)
```



2. Develop a python program to demonstrate the Simplex method

QUESTION:

Maximize $Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$

Subject To:

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 = 18$$

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$2x_2 \leq 12$$

$$x_1 \geq 0$$

$$x_2 \geq 0$$

Solve LP using simplex method using Python

Code:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import scipy as sp
```

```
c = [-3, -5]
```

```
A = [[1, 0], [0, 2], [3, 2]]
```

```
b = [4, 12, 18]
```

```
x0_bounds = (0, None)
```

```
x1_bounds = (0, None)
```

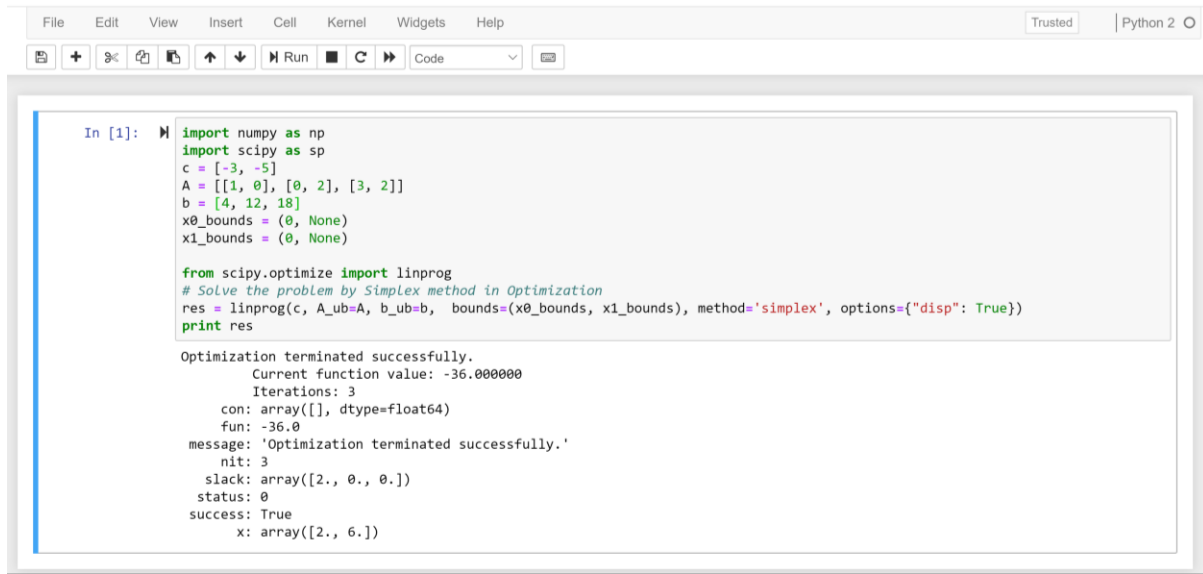
```
from scipy.optimize import linprog
```

```
# Solve the problem by Simplex method in Optimization
```

```
res = linprog(c, A_ub=A, b_ub=b, bounds=(x0_bounds, x1_bounds), method='simplex',
```

```
options={"disp": True})
```

```
print res
```



The image shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Cell, Kernel, Widgets, Help) and a toolbar with icons for file operations, running, and code execution. The notebook is titled "Trusted" and "Python 2". The code cell contains the following Python code:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import scipy as sp
c = [-3, -5]
A = [[1, 0], [0, 2], [3, 2]]
b = [4, 12, 18]
x0_bounds = (0, None)
x1_bounds = (0, None)

from scipy.optimize import linprog
# Solve the problem by Simplex method in Optimization
res = linprog(c, A_ub=A, b_ub=b, bounds=(x0_bounds, x1_bounds), method='simplex', options={"disp": True})
print res
```

The output of the code is:

```
Optimization terminated successfully.
Current function value: -36.000000
Iterations: 3
con: array([], dtype=float64)
fun: -36.0
message: 'Optimization terminated successfully.'
nit: 3
slack: array([2., 0., 0.])
status: 0
success: True
x: array([2., 6.])
```