

MP-1 PRACTICAL-2**1. Develop a python program to demonstrate Two Phase Simplex method in Linear Programming.****QUESTION:**

Minimize: $z = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5$

Subject to:

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1$$

$$5x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 + x_3 + x_5 = 4$$

Solve using two-phase simplex method in python.

Code

```
def printTableu(tableu):
    print ('-----')
    for row in tableu:
        print (row)
    print ('-----')
    return

def pivotOn(tableu, row, col):
    j = 0
    pivot = tableu[row][col]
    for x in tableu[row]:
        tableu[row][j] = tableu[row][j] / pivot
        j += 1
    i = 0
    for xi in tableu:
        if i != row:
            ratio = xi[col]
            j = 0
            for xij in xi:
                xij -= ratio * tableu[row][j]
                tableu[i][j] = xij
                j += 1
            i += 1
    return tableu

# assuming tableu in standard form with basis formed in last m columns
def phase_1_simplex(tableu):

    THETA_INFINITE = -1
    opt = False
    unbounded = False
    n = len(tableu[0])
    m = len(tableu) - 2

    while ((not opt) and (not unbounded)):
```

```
min = 0.0
pivotCol = j = 1
while(j < (n-m)):
    cj = tableau[1][j]
    if (cj < min):
        min = cj
        pivotCol = j
    j += 1
if min == 0.0:
    opt = True
    continue
pivotRow = i = 0
minTheta = THETA_INFINITE
for xi in tableau:
    if (i > 1):
        xij = xi[pivotCol]
        if xij > 0:
            theta = (xi[0] / xij)
            if (theta < minTheta) or (minTheta == THETA_INFINITE):
                minTheta = theta
            pivotRow = i
    i += 1
if minTheta == THETA_INFINITE:
    unbounded = True
    continue
tableau = pivotOn(tableau, pivotRow, pivotCol)
return tableau
```

```
def simplex(tableau):
    THETA_INFINITE = -1
    opt = False
    unbounded = False
    n = len(tableau[0])
    m = len(tableau) - 1

    while ((not opt) and (not unbounded)):
        min = 0.0
        pivotCol = j = 0
        while(j < (n-m)):
            cj = tableau[0][j]
            if (cj < min) and (j > 0):
                min = cj
                pivotCol = j
            j += 1
        if min == 0.0:
            opt = True
            continue
        pivotRow = i = 0
```

```
minTheta = THETA_INFINITE
for xi in tableau:
    if (i > 0):
        xij = xi[pivotCol]
        if xij > 0:
            theta = (xi[0] / xij)
            if (theta < minTheta) or (minTheta == THETA_INFINITE):
                minTheta = theta
                pivotRow = i
            i += 1
if minTheta == THETA_INFINITE:
    unbounded = True
    continue
tableu = pivotOn(tableu, pivotRow, pivotCol)
return tableau
```

```
def drive_out_artificial_basis(tableu):
```

```
    n = len(tableu[0])
    j = n - 1
    isbasis = True
    while(j > 0):
        found = False
        i = -1
        row = 0
        for xi in tableau:
            i += 1
            if (xi[j] == 1):
                if (found):
                    isbasis = False
                    continue
                elif (i > 1):
                    row = i
                    found = True
            elif (xi[0] != 0):
                isbasis = False
                continue
        if (isbasis and found):
            if (j >= n):
                tableau = pivotOn(tableu, row, j)
            else:
                return tableau
        j -= 1
    return tableau
```

```
def two_phase_simpelx(tableu):
```

```
    infeasible = False
    tableau = phase_1_simplex(tableu)
    sigma = tableau[1][0]
```

```
if (sigma > 0):
    infeasible = True
    print ('infeasible')
else:
    #sigma is equals to zero
    tableau = drive_out_artificial_basis(tableu)
    m = len(tableu) - 2
    n = len(tableu[0])
    n -= m
    tableau.pop(1)
    i = 0
    while (i < len(tableu)):
        tableau[i] = tableau[i][:n]
        i += 1
    tableau = simplex(tableu)
    return tableau

def getTableu(c, eqs, b):
    #assume b >= 0 so if there is any b[i] negative make sure to enter
    #it possitive by multiplying (-1 * eqs[i]) and (-1 * b[i]) for all i
    tableau = []
    m = len(eqs)
    n = len(c)
    c.insert(0, 0.0)
    artificial = []
    sigma = [0.0]
    i = 0
    while (i < n):
        sigma.append(0.0)
        i += 1
    i = 0
    while (i < m):
        artificial.append(0.0)
        sigma.append(1.0)
        i += 1
    c.extend(artificial)
    tableau.append(c)
    tableau.append(sigma)
    i = 0
    for eq in eqs:
        eq.insert(0, b[i])
        eq.extend(artificial)
        eq[n+1+i] = 1.0
        tableau.append(eq)
        i += 1
    i = 0
    for xi in tableau:
        if (i > 1):
```

```

j = 0
for xij in xi:
    tableau[1][j] -= xij
    j += 1
i += 1
return tableau

c = [ 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0,]
eq1 = [ 3.0 , 2.0 , 1.0 , 0.0, 0.0]
eq2 = [ 5.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0, 0.0]
eq3 = [ 2.0 , 5.0 , 1.0 , 0.0, 1.0]
b = [1.0 , 3.0 , 4.0]
eqs = []
eqs.append(eq1)
eqs.append(eq2)
eqs.append(eq3)
tableau = getTableu(c,eqs,b)
printTableu(tableu)
tableu = two_phase_simplex(tableu)
printTableu(tableu)
print ('minimum cost is = {}'.format( -tableu[0][0]))

```

Practical2.ipynb

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```

eqs.append(eq3)
tableu = getTableu(c,eqs,b)
printTableu(tableu)
tableu = two_phase_simplex(tableu)
printTableu(tableu)
print ('minimum cost is = {}'.format( -tableu[0][0]))

```

```

-----
[0.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
[-8.0, -10.0, -8.0, -3.0, -1.0, -1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
[1.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0]
[3.0, 5.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
[4.0, 2.0, 5.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0]
-----
[-4.5, 1.5000000000000004, 0.0, 1.5, 0.0, 0.0]
[0.5, 1.5, 1.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0]
[2.5, 3.4999999999999996, 0.0, 0.5, 1.0, 0.0]
[1.5, -5.5, 0.0, -1.5, 0.0, 1.0]
-----
minimum cost is = 4.5

```