

Declaration

I declare that all the questions I shall write for today's assignment will be handwritten by me and only

I ~~(am)~~ declare that I don't indulge in any kind of copying from others and will answer all questions with sincerity and integrity. If I am copying that will falsely gain me marks I shall be penalized as per the guidelines of the university and may lead to cancellation of that assignment for this course.

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FCC Face centred cubic

→ No of atoms in unit cell = 4

A cube has 8 corners and 6 faces

$$8 \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1}{8} = 1 \text{ atom}$$

Each atom consists $\frac{1}{2}$ itself to a particular cubic crystal lattice

$$6 \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ atoms}$$

∴ Total no. of atoms in FCC lattice = 4

→ coordination number of FCC unit cell = 12

Because one corner atom is surrounded by
4 faces in x-plane, 4 faces in y-plane
4 faces in z-plane

so Total = $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$ Face centred atoms

→ Relation Between a and r

In $\triangle ABC$

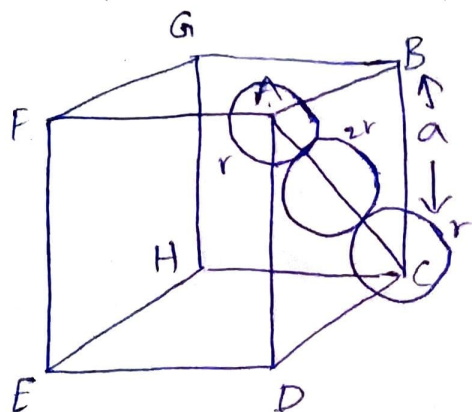
$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$$

$$(r + 2r + r)^2 = a^2 + a^2$$

$$16r^2 = 2a^2$$

$$8r^2 = a^2$$

$$a = 2\sqrt{2}r$$



→ packing efficiency

$$= \frac{\text{Volume of atoms} \text{ (at unit area)}}{\text{Total volume of unit area}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{4 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3}{a^3} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{4 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3}{16\sqrt{2} r^3} = \frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{2}} = 74\%$$

∴ Void Space = 26%

In an FCC 74% contains atoms

26% contains void space

BCC

Body centred cubic

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→ In BCC 8 atoms are located at 8 corners and 1 atom is present in centre

$$\therefore 8 \times \frac{1}{8} = 1 \text{ atom}$$

$$1 \times 1 = 1 \text{ atom}$$

\therefore There are two atoms in Body centred unit cell.

→ coordination number :- ●

The BCC has a coordination number of 8 and contains 2 atoms per unit cell

The simple cube has coordination number of 6 and contains 1 atom per unit cell

→ Relation between edge length (a) and radius of atom (r)

Face diagonal = fd

body diagonal = bd

$$bd^2 = fd^2 + a^2$$

$$= a^2 + a^2 + a^2$$

$$= 3a^2$$

Body diagonal has a length of 4 times that of radius of atom

$$(4R)^2 = 3a^2$$

$$4R = \sqrt{3}a$$

$$R = \sqrt{3}a/4 \Rightarrow a = 4R/\sqrt{3}$$

→ Packing efficiency

$$\frac{2 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3}{a^3} \times 100$$

$$\frac{\frac{8}{3} \pi r^3}{\frac{8 \times 64}{3\sqrt{3}} r^3} \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 100$$
$$= 68.04 \%$$

$$\text{Void space} = (100 - 68.04)$$
$$= 31.96 \%$$

SCC

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Simple cubic crystal

→ A simple cubic crystal contains 8 atoms at one corner each

$$\therefore 8 \times \frac{1}{8} = 1 \text{ atom}$$

\therefore No. of atoms per unit cell = 1

→ coordination number = 6

→ Relation between r and a

$$a = 2r$$

→ packing efficiency

$$\frac{1 \times \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}}{a^3} \times 100$$

$$\frac{\frac{4\pi r^3}{3}}{2^3 \times 1^3} \times 100$$

$$\frac{\pi}{6} \times 100 = 52\%$$

void space = 48%