



## SESSION - 10

### PROCESSING



## Learning Outcomes:

- **Remember:** The students will recall about the libraries learnt .
- **Understand:** They will focus on understanding the use of a Processing Library .
- **Apply:** They will learn to apply Processing Library for drawing shapes.
- **Analyze:** They will check their understanding by developing a code .
- **Create:** They will create the code in EduBlocks

# PROCESSING IN PYTHON

## Remember & Understanding

Processing is a free graphical library and integrated development environment (IDE) built for the electronic arts, new media art, and visual design communities with the purpose of teaching non-programmers the fundamentals of computer programming in a visual context.

Processing uses the Java language, with additional simplifications such as additional classes and aliased mathematical functions and operations. It also provides a graphical user interface for simplifying the compilation and execution stage.

size( )

Used to set size of output screen.

background( )

Used to set background colour of output screen.

run()

Used to run/process the created program.

colorMode( )

Used to set colour mode(BW/RGB).

line( )

Used to set Draw line. Takes 4 parameters(x,y,x1,y1)

# PROCESSING IN PYTHON

ellipse( )

Used to draw circle/ellipse. Takes 4 parameters(x,y,width,height).

rect( )

Used to draw triangle. Takes 4 parameters(startX,startYwidth,height).

fill( )

Used to fill shape with colour. Takes 3 parameters(r,g,b).

# Apply & Create

## TASK 01:-

**</> WRITE A CODE TO DRAW THE SHAPES  
USING PROCESSING**

# Program

- Import processing from the Import block

# Start code here

from processing import \*

# Program

Define the setup function  
and Put the size and  
background block from the  
processing

```
# Start code here
from processing import *
def setup ( ):
    size( 800 , 800 )
    background( 200 , 200 , 200 )
```



# Program

Define the setup function  
and Put the Line and fill block  
from the processing

```
# Start code here
from processing import *

def setup ( ):
    size( 800 , 800 )
    background( 200 , 200 , 200 )

def draw ( ):
    line( 0 , 0 , 200 , 200 )
    fill( 100 , 100 , 0 )
```

# Program

- Put the ellipse and fill block from the processing and also the rect block with all the dimensions

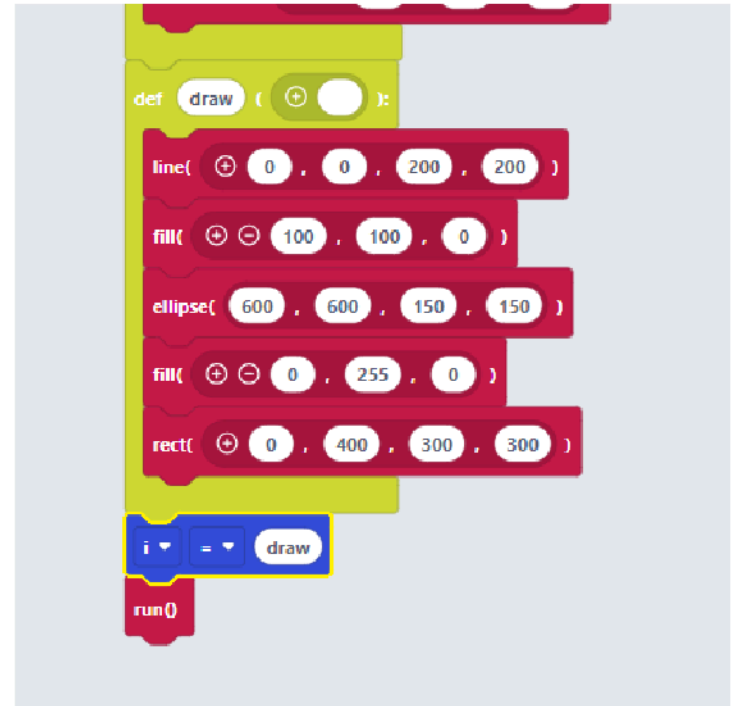
```
# Start code here
from processing import *

def setup ( ):
    size( 800 , 800 )
    background( 200 , 200 , 200 )

def draw ( ):
    line( 0 , 0 , 200 , 200 )
    fill( 100 , 100 , 0 )
    ellipse( 600 , 600 , 150 , 150 )
    fill( 0 , 255 , 0 )
    rect( 0 , 400 , 300 , 300 )
```

# Program

- Create a variable of i
- and now take the run block from the processing



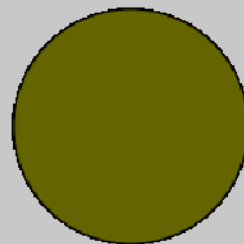
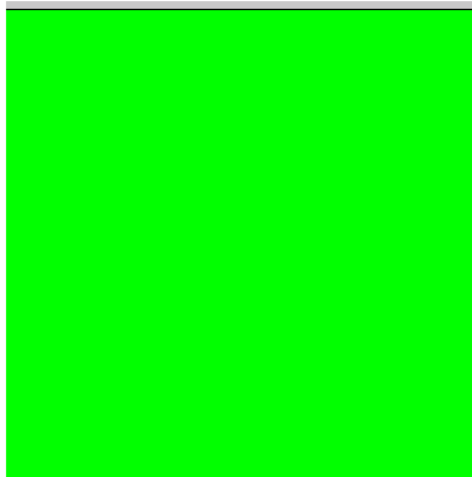
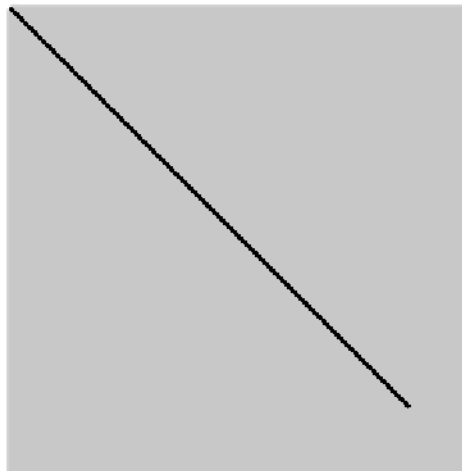
# Syntax

```

1  #Start code here
2  from processing import *
3  v def setup():
4      size(800, 800)
5      background(200, 200, 200)
6  v def draw():
7      line(0, 0, 200, 200)
8      fill(100, 100, 0)
9      ellipse(600, 600, 150, 150)
10     fill(0, 255, 0)
11     rect(0, 400, 300, 300)
12     i = draw
13     run()
14

```

# Output



# ACTIVITY SHEETS

Question 1:  
Size block is used for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. To change the size
- B. To set the size
- C. To vary the Size
- D. None of the above

Question 2:

“noFill()” block is used for\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Create hollow shapes
- B. Create filled shapes
- C. Creating shaded shapes
- D. None of the above



Question 3:

How many parameters “triangle()” block required?

- A. 4
- B. 3
- C. 8
- D. 6

Question 4:

What is the function of “run()” block?

- A. To start code
- B. To end code
- C. To run the processing code
- D. None of the above

Question 5:

Can we use size block outside setup?

- A. Yes
- B. No

