

Winning Space Race with Data Science

Bhaveshkumar Jadav 11/11/2023



Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

Accuracy of result depends on data and source of data.

Payload Mass having in range 2k-4k has higher success ratio.

KSC LC-39A site has highest success ratio.

FT booster version is most successful version having highest success rate.

Introduction

- SpaceX's Falcon 9, renowned for its cost-effectiveness driven by first stage reusability, stands as a pioneering example in the aerospace industry.
- This capstone project aims to leverage predictive modeling to determine the success of Falcon 9 first stage landings, a crucial factor influencing the overall cost of a launch. By analyzing historical data encompassing various launch parameters, mission outcomes, and contextual features, the project seeks to build a robust machine learning model capable of forecasting the likelihood of a successful landing.
- This capstone project encompasses a comprehensive methodology, including data collection, preprocessing, feature engineering, model selection, and evaluation.
- The significance of this endeavor lies in its potential impact on cost competitiveness within the space launch industry. Accurate predictions regarding the Falcon 9's first stage landing success not only contribute to mission planning and execution but also empower competing entities to strategically position themselves in bidding scenarios. With SpaceX's reusability driving down launch costs, an effective predictive model can assist alternate companies in formulating competitive bids, fostering a dynamic and cost-efficient environment in the space exploration domain.



Methodology



Executive Summary



Data collection methodology:



Perform data wrangling



Perform
exploratory data
analysis (EDA) using
visualization
and SQL



Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash



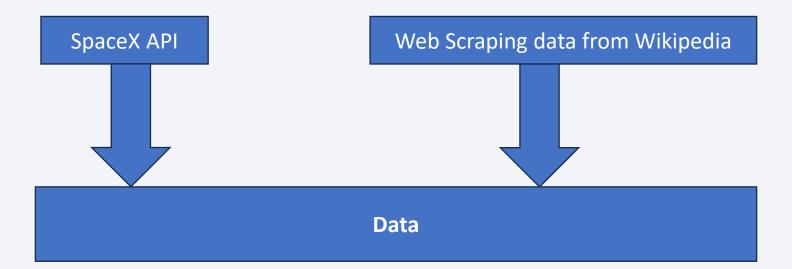
Perform predictive analysis using classification models

Select different classification models and find best parameters for tunning and last evaluate accuracy and precision

Data collected using SpaceX API and Web Scrapping from Wikipedia information. Replacing missing values with Mean value of column(e.g. column: PayloadMass)

Data Collection

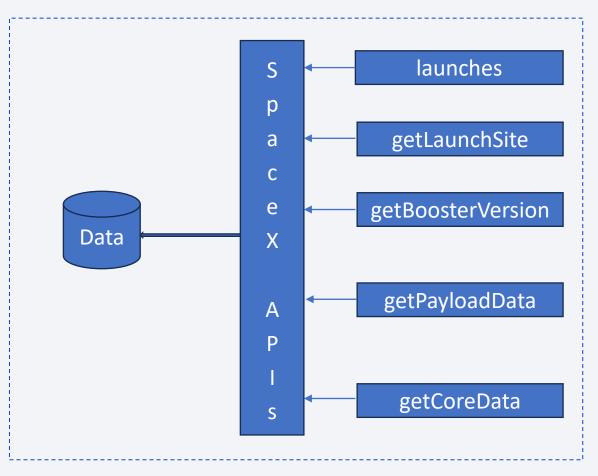
• Identified different source of data such as SpaceX data API and Web Scraping methods And collected data from sources.



Data Collection – SpaceX API

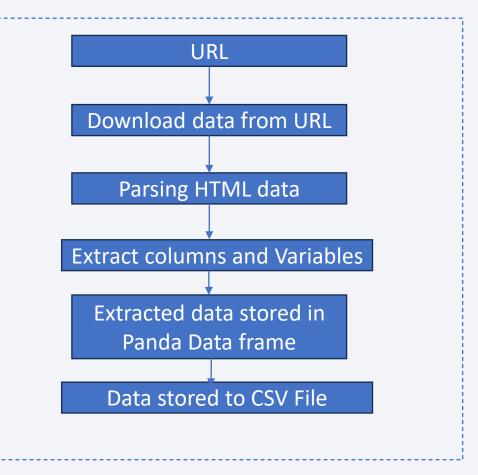
 Couple of API used to collect data as shown in right section.

 https://github.com/radheOO4/Data ScienceCapstone/blob/main/jupyte r-labs-spacex-data-collectionapi.ipynb



Data Collection - Scraping

- Collected data from Wikipedia page by web scraping using BeautifulSoup.
- Wiki URL:
 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List
 of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy I
 aunches
- https://github.com/radheOO4/Dat aScienceCapstone/blob/main/jupy ter-labs-webscraping.ipynb



Data Wrangling

- Cleaned the data
- Organizing raw data into a format suitable for analysis
- https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone/blob/ main/labs-jupyter-spacex-Data%20wrangling.ipynb

EDA with Data Visualization

- I have scatter plot chat Because it help to visualize the relationship between two variables.
- I plotted a bar chart So that we can do comparison.
- I also plotted line chart to visual launch success yearly trend
- Following Chart Plotted:
 - Flight Number vs Payload Mass, Flight Number vs Launch Site, Payload vs Launch Site, Flight Number vs Orbit type, Payload vs Orbit type, Success rate of each orbit type, Launch success yearly trend
- https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone/blob/main/jupyter-labs-eda-dataviz.ipynb.jupyterlite.ipynb

EDA with SQL

Summarization of the SQL performed queries

- Unique launch site names in the space mission
- 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'
- The total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)
- Average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- · List the date when the first successful landing outcome in ground pad was achieved
- List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000
- List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- The names of the booster versions which have carried the maximum payload mass using sub query
- List the records which will display the month names, failure landing_outcomes in drone ship ,booster versions, launch_site for the months in year 2015.
- Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order.
- https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone/blob/main/jupyter-labs-eda-sql-coursera-sqllite.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

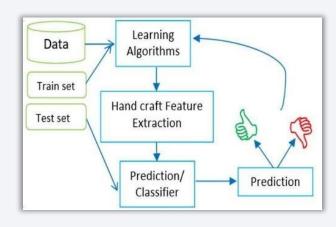
- I have used Markers, Circles, Lines and following is the detail for being used these objects:
 - Marker Used to pinpoint specific locations on the map
 - Circle To draw a circle around a specified point on the map
 - Line To connect multiple points on the map and draw line for showing distance
- https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone/blob/main/lab_jupyter_launch_s
 ite-location.ipynb

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- I have created dashboard application with the Python Plotly Dash Package
- This dashboard application contains input components such as a dropdown list(location site selection) and a range slider(Payload selection) to interact with a pie chart and a scatter point chart
- You can analysis data using dashboard that success launch ratio of sites; also to visualize payload mass for booster version category and its success.
- https://github.com/radheOO4/DataScienceCapstone/blob/main/spacex dash a pp.py

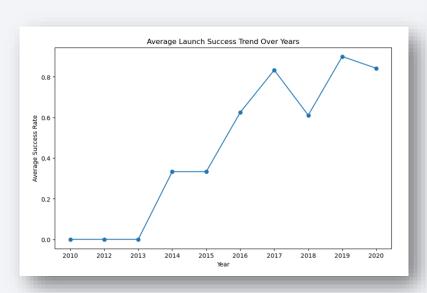
Predictive Analysis (Classification)

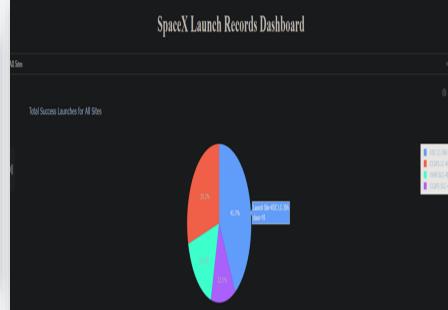
- Created a class column(output variable)
- Standardize the data, Created training and test data. here test size used 0.2.
- Used different Classification Models such as SVM, Classification Trees and Logistic Regression.
- Used Grid Search to find the best tuned parameters for prediction
- Check Accuracy and Confusion matrix for validating model
- https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone/blob/main/ /SpaceX Machine Learning Prediction Part 5.jupyterlite.ipynb

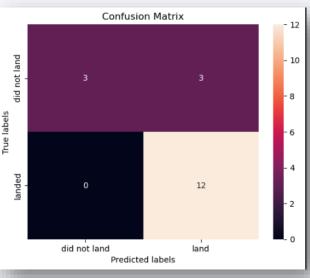


Results

- Exploratory data analysis results The success rate since 2013 kept increasing till 2020
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots KSC LC-39A site has highest success ratio. 2-4k Payload mass range having good success ratio.
- Predictive analysis results Best Model Confusion Matrix shown.



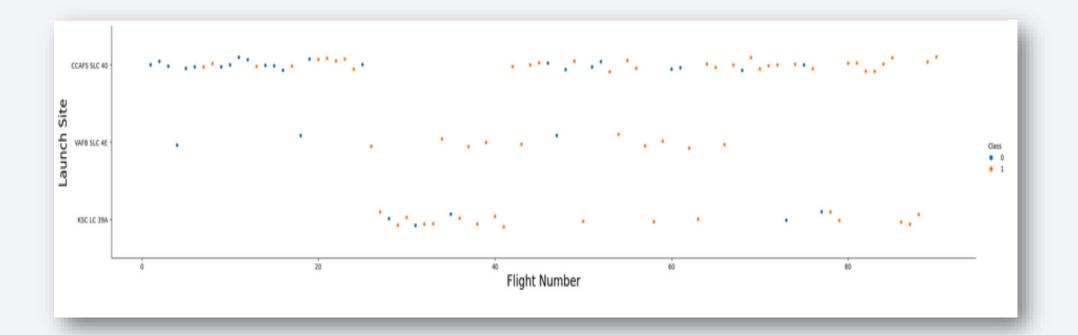






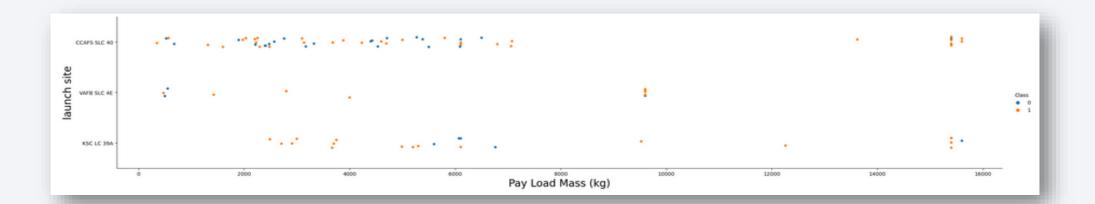
Flight Number vs. Launch Site

- Show a scatter plot of Flight Number vs. Launch Site
- Success ratio is increasing along with flight number



Payload vs. Launch Site

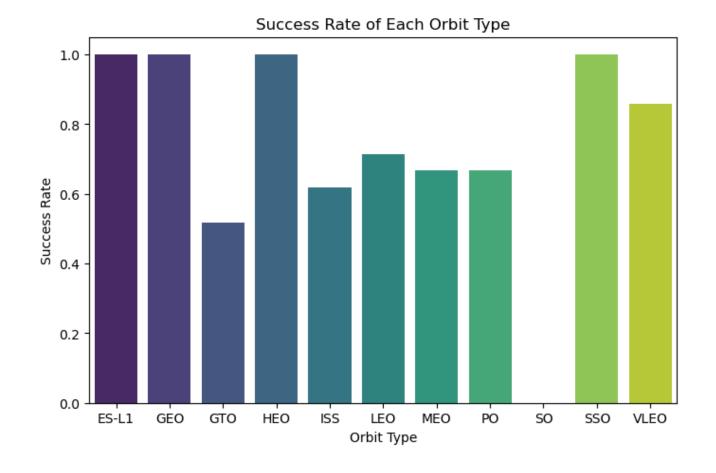
- Show a scatter plot of Payload vs. Launch Site
- VAFB-SLC launch site there are no rockets launched for heavy payload mass(greater than 10000).



Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

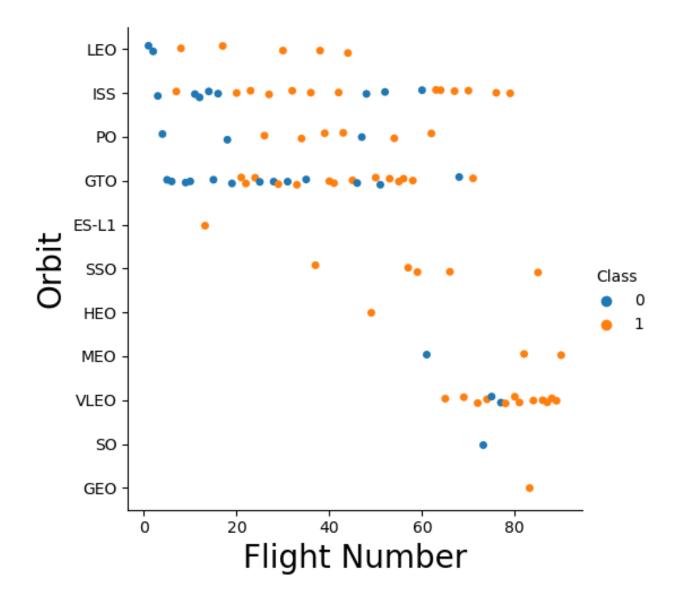
 Show a bar chart for the success rate of each orbit type

 ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO having higher success ration as compared to others.



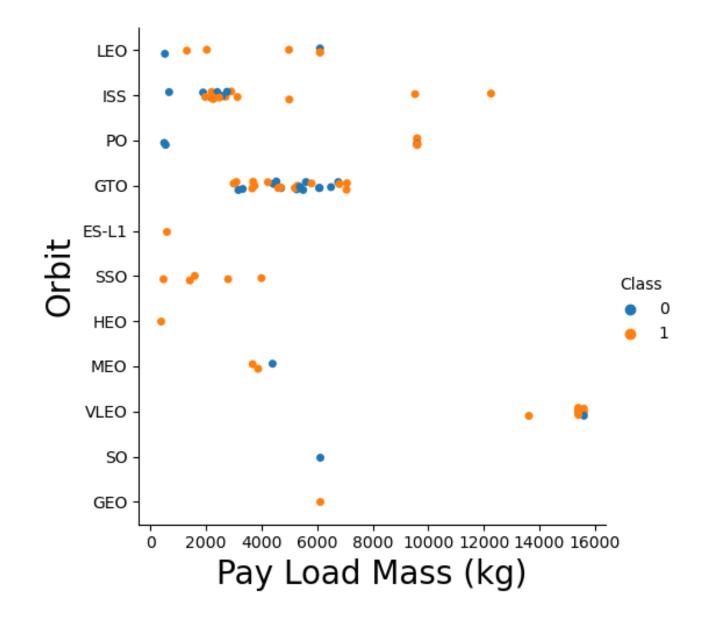
Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

- Show a scatter point of Flight number vs. Orbit type
- LEO orbit the Success appears related to the number of flights; on the other hand, there seems to be no relationship between flight number when in GTO orbit.



Payload vs. Orbit Type

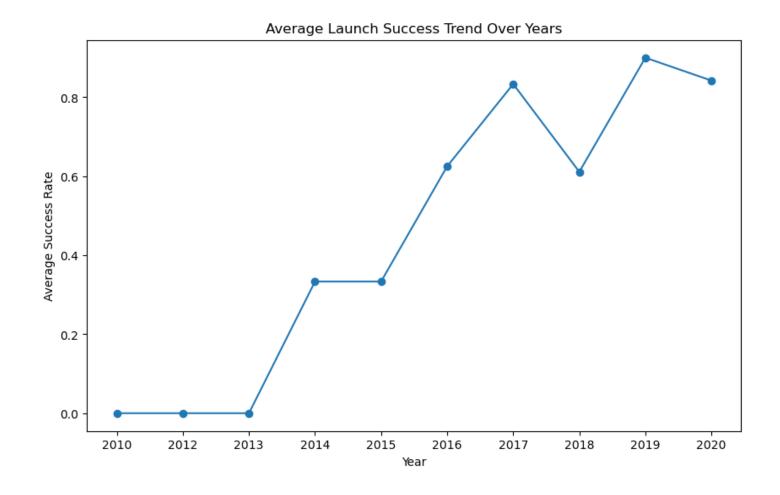
- Show a scatter point of payload vs. orbit type
- GTO we cannot distinguish as we have both values.
- With heavy payloads the successful landing or positive landing rate are more for Polar, LEO and ISS



Launch Success Yearly Trend

 Show a line chart of yearly average success rate

The success rate since
 2013 kept increasing till
 2020



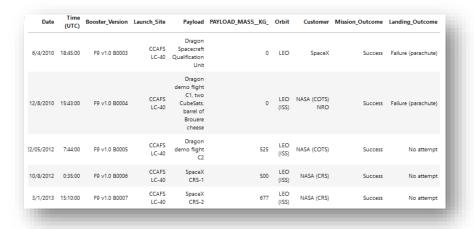
All Launch Site Names

- Unique launch sites
 - CCAFS LC-40
 - VAFB SLC-4E
 - KSC LC-39A
 - CCAFS SLC-40
- This give unique launch sitename from spacextable. Disticut keywork gives unique values.

%sql select distinct Launch_Site from SPACEXTABLE

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

Find 5 records where launch sites begin with `CCA`



Limit function used to get 5 records.

%sql SELECT * FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' limit 5;

Total Payload Mass

Total Payload Mass carried by boosters launched by NASA

```
Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

** sql select sum(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) as total_payload_mass from SPACEXTABLE where Customer='NASA (CRS)'

* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

** total_payload_mass

45596
```

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

- Calculate the average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- Query use AVG SQL function to calculate average

```
Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

****Sql SELECT AVG(payload_mass__kg_) AS average_payload_mass
FROM SPACEXTBL
WHERE booster_version = 'F9 v1.1'

** sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

average_payload_mass

2928.4
```

First Successful Ground Landing Date

• Dates of the first successful landing outcome on ground pad as shown below

```
List the date when the first successful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.

Hint:Use min function

**Ssql

SELECT Date as first_successful_landing_date
--min(Date) as first_successful_landing_date
FROM SPACEXTBL

WHERE Landing_Outcome = 'Success (ground pad)' limit 1;

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.

first_successful_landing_date

22/12/2015
```

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

- List the names of boosters which have successfully landed on drone ship and had payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000
 - F9 FT B1022
 - F9 FT B1026
 - F9 FT B1021.2
 - F9 FT B1031.2
- Used multiple and clauses

%sql select Booster_Version from SPACEXTBL where Landing_Outcome = 'Success (drone ship)' and PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_>4000 and PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_<6000

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

- The total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- Used aggregate functions.

List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

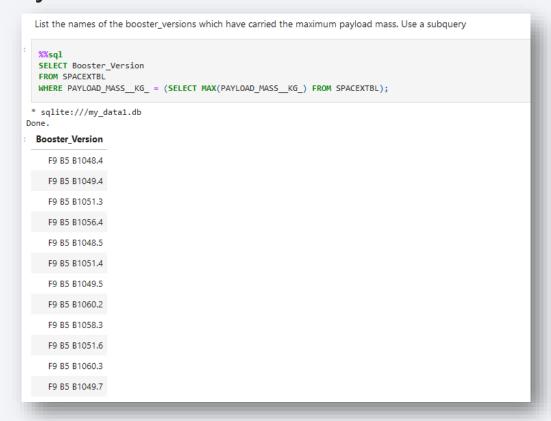
\$sql select Mission_Outcome,count(1) from SPACEXTBL group by Mission_Outcome

* sqlite:///my_data1.db

	Mission_Outcome	count(1)
	Failure (in flight)	1
	Success	98
	Success	1
Success (payload status unclear)		1

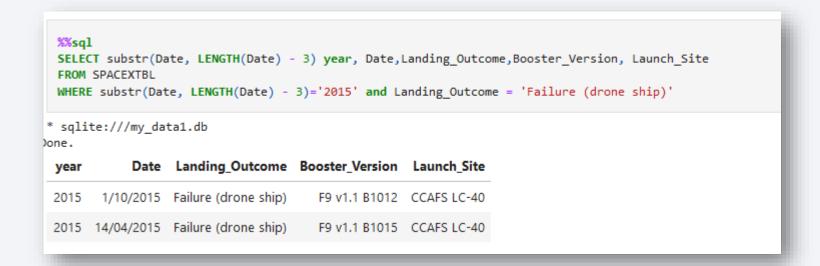
Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

- List the names of the booster which have carried the maximum payload mass
- SQL Sub query is used.



2015 Launch Records

- List the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015
- Used substr and LENGTH function to get Year



Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

- Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order
- Use many SQL function such like BETWEEN, COUNT, GROUP BY, DENSE RANK...

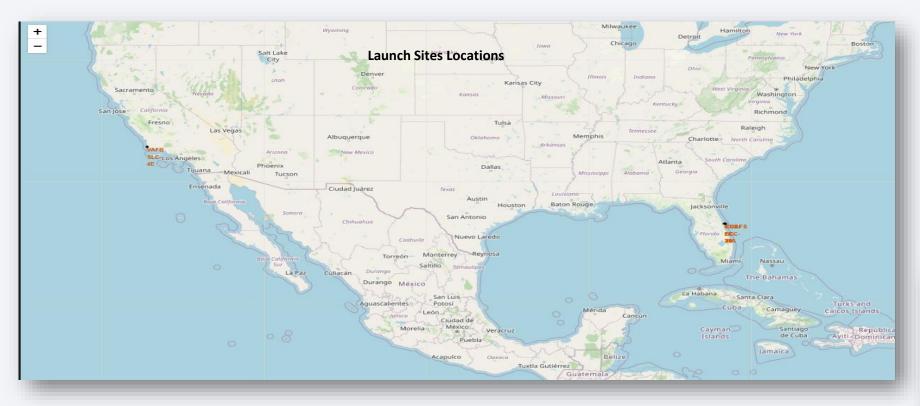
```
Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order.

**Ssq1
WITH OutcomeCounts AS (
SELECT
Landing_Outcome,
COUNT(*) AS outcome_count
FROM
SPACEXTBL
WHERE
Date BETWEEN '2010-06-04' AND '2017-03-20'
GROUP BY
Landing_Outcome
)

**SELECT
Landing_Outcome,
DENSE_RANK() OVER (ORDER BY outcome_count DESC) AS ranking
FROM
OutcomeCounts
ORDER BY
ranking;
```



SS1: ALL LAUNCH SITES LOCATIONS LOCATED

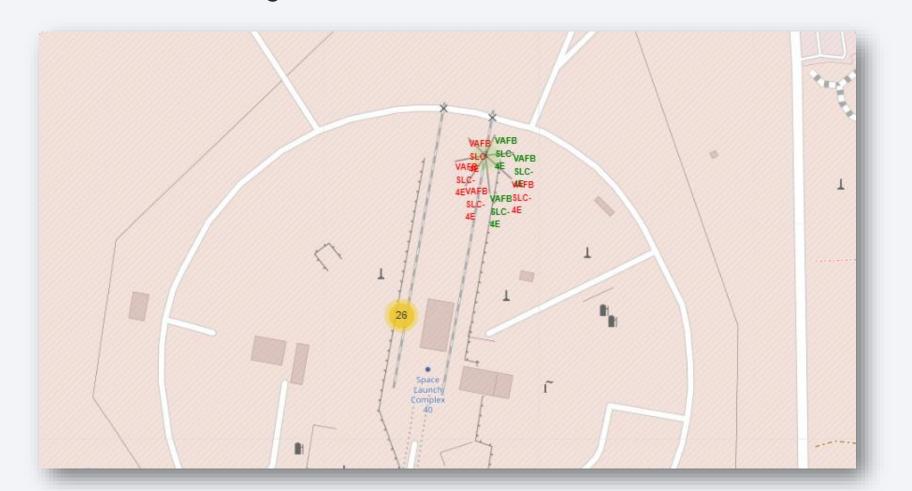






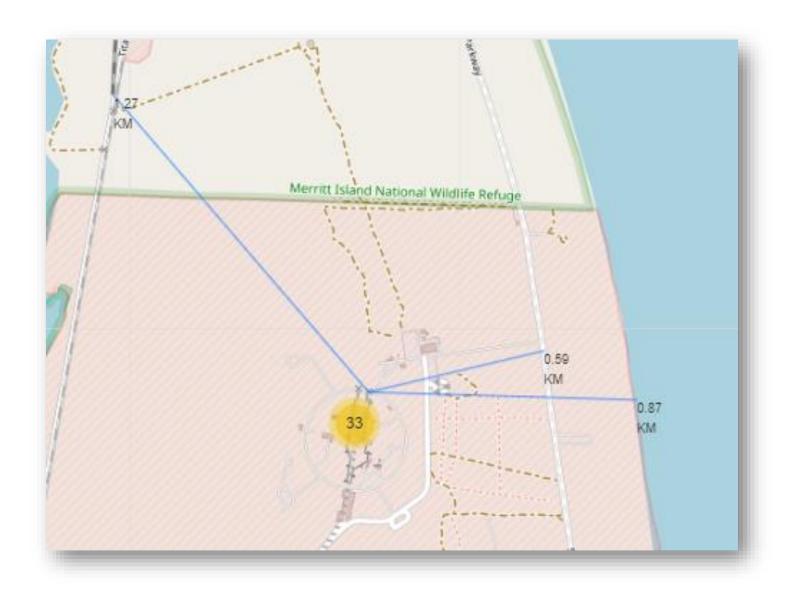
Site SLC 40 Launch Success/Failure

• Below screenshot shows green are successful launched and red are failure.



Launch site to its proximities such as railway, highway, coastline, with distance

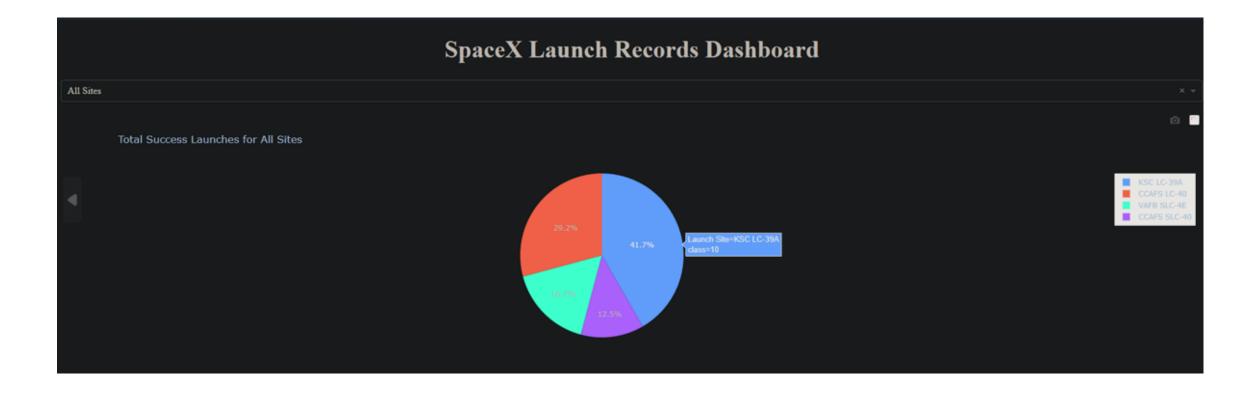
- Site and Railway distance is 1.27 KM
- Site and Coastline distance is 0.87 KM
- Site and Highway distance is 0.59 KM





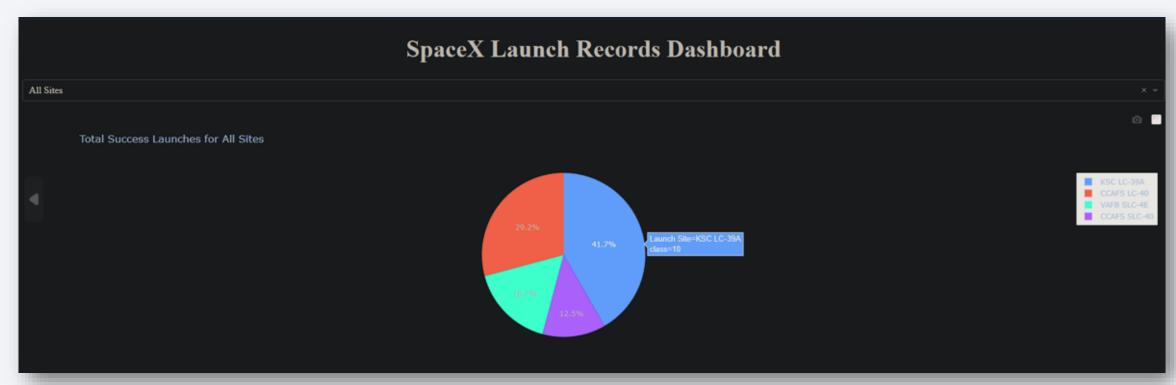
Launch success count for all sites — Pie Chart

- Four sites success launch percentage are shown.
- KSC LC-39A having highest percentage.



KSC LC-39A having highest success ratio.

• It has 41.7% success ratio.



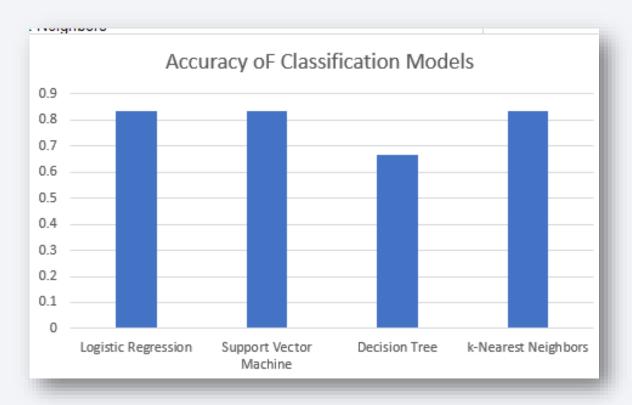
Corelation between Payload and Success for all sites

- Shown screenshot of Payload vs. Launch Outcome scatter plot for all sites, with different payload selected in the range slider
- FT booster version has highest success, second highest success booster version is B4
- Payload Range 2000-4000 having highest success ratio.





Classification Accuracy

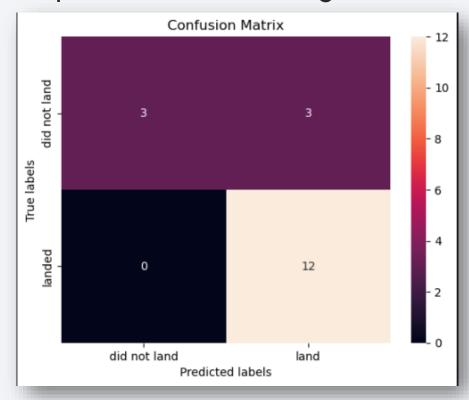


Confusion Matrix

• Show the confusion matrix of the best performing mode.

• It has highest sum of true positives and true negatives so This is good

model.



Conclusions

- Reusable falcon 9 rocket reduce much cost.
- Payload Mass having in range 2k-3k has higher success ration.
- KSC LC-39A site has highest success ratio.
- FT booster version is most successful version having highest success rate.

Appendix

• Capstone Project Files: https://github.com/radhe004/DataScienceCapstone

