

# Pair in C++

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In the realm of C++, the concept of "pair" proves to be useful when there is a relationship between two values that may belong to different data types.

### Example:

To illustrate, imagine having two buckets, one filled with fruits and vegetables, and the other containing MRP prices per kilogram.

In order to establish a connection between these buckets for future utilization, the "pair" concept in C++ comes into play.

Code

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```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    //SYNTAX:
    //pair <data_type1, data_type2> Pair_name (value1, value2) ;

    //-----
    //Create pair of same type
    pair<int,int> p;

    //Assign value of first and second element
    p.first      = 10;
    p.second     = 20;
    //print out that value
    cout<< "Pair value of p = "<<p.first<<" and "<<p.second<<endl;
    //-----

    //-----
    //Create pair of different type
    pair<char,int> p1;
    p1.first = 'A';
    p1.second = 1;
```

```

cout<< "Pair value p1 = "<<p1.first<<" and "<<p1.second<<endl;
//-----  

//-----  

//Assign value during declaration time  

pair<float,string> p3(3.14,"Pi");  

cout<< "Pair value p3 = "<<p3.first<<" and "<<p3.second<<endl;  

//-----  

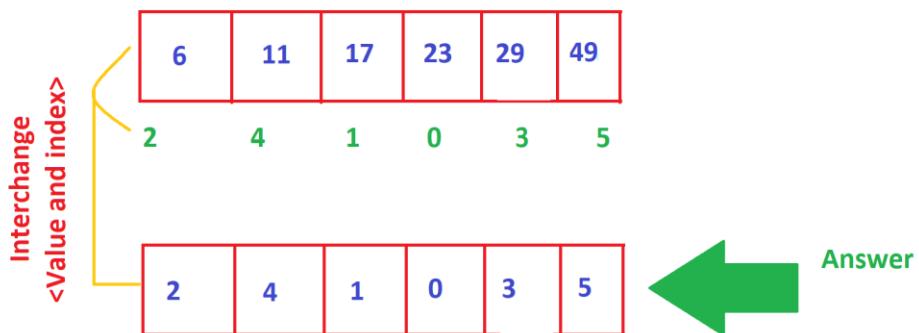
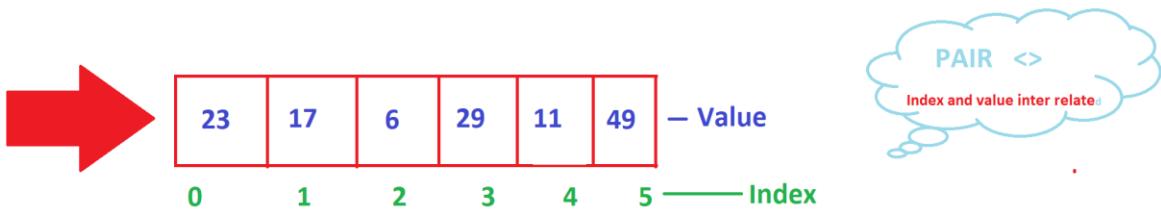
  

    return 0;  

}

```

### Application:



In above example we are going to sort the value and then interchange with Index number.

**Code:**

```
//Application of pair and vector  
//Sorting Array as per value and then change the value with related indexes.  
//Here array and it's value both are inter related, so during sorting as per value need to store related  
index also.  
//HEre concept of pair and vector is very useful.
```

```
#include<iostream>  
#include <bits/stdc++.h> //Single library to ADD all std function and library  
#include<vector>  
  
using namespace std;  
  
//-----  
//Our own function  
bool compare_array_val(pair<int,int>p1,pair<int,int>p2)  
{  
    return(p1.first < p2.first);  
}  
//-----  
  
int main()  
{  
    //-----  
    //Fixed Array  
    int array[] = {23,17,6,29,11,49};  
    vector< pair<int,int> > v; //Like 2D array but here every elemnt have significant value  
with it's pair element  
  
    //Store value and index as a pair of vector  
    for(int a = 0;a < (sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0])); a++)  
    {  
        //make pair is inbuilt function  
        v.push_back(make_pair(array[a],a));  
        //We are storing first value and second index  
    }  
    cout << endl << "Before sorting : " << endl;  
    vector< pair<int , int> :: iterator it;  
    for(it=v.begin();it != v.end(); it++)  
    {  
        cout << endl << "Element : " << it->first << " Index : " << it->second;  
    }  
    //-----  
  
    //-----
```

```

//Sort as per value
sort(v.begin(),v.end(),compare_array_val);
//-----

//-----
//print array
//After sorting element and related index
vector < pair<int,int> :: iterator itr;
cout<<endl<<"After sorting : "<<endl;
for(itr = v.begin();itr != v.end(); itr++)
{
    cout<< endl << "Element : " << itr->first << " at index : " << itr->second;
}
//-----


//-----
//Interchange with index
for(itr = v.begin();itr != v.end(); itr++)
{
    int temp = itr->first;
    itr->first = itr->second;
    itr->second = temp;
}
//-----


//-----
cout << endl << "After interchange :"<<endl;
for(itr = v.begin();itr != v.end(); itr++)
{
    cout<< endl << "Element : " << itr->first << " at index : " << itr->second;
}
//-----
```

```

Before sorting :

Element : 23 Index : 0
Element : 17 Index : 1
Element : 6 Index : 2
Element : 29 Index : 3
Element : 11 Index : 4
Element : 49 Index : 5
After sorting :

Element : 6 at index : 2
Element : 11 at index : 4
Element : 17 at index : 1
Element : 23 at index : 0
Element : 29 at index : 3
Element : 49 at index : 5
After interchange :

Element : 2 at index : 6
Element : 4 at index : 11
Element : 1 at index : 17
Element : 0 at index : 23
Element : 3 at index : 29
Element : 5 at index : 49
-----
```

```

return
0;
}
```