

Exp no 4

Date:11-02-2025

BREAKING RSA

PROCEDURE

1. Log in to TryHackMe

Go to <https://tryhackme.com> and log in or create a free account.

2. Search and Join the Room

In the search bar, type "RSA" or "Crypto", and join one of these rooms:

- "RSA" (TryHackMe original room)
- "Intro to Crypto"
- "Maths of Cryptography"
- "Cryptography is Fun"

Click "Join Room" and read the intro.

3. Start the Machine (if applicable)

Most RSA rooms don't require a machine — you can solve challenges using the AttackBox or your own terminal.

3. Understand RSA Basics (from the Tasks)

Read through tasks explaining:

- $n = p \times q$ (modulus)
- e (public exponent)
- d (private key)
- $c = m^e \text{ mod } n$ (encryption)
- $m = c^d \text{ mod } n$ (decryption)

You'll usually be given n , e , and ciphertext and asked to decrypt or find m .

5. Use Online Tools or Python Scripts

You'll often need to factor n or crack weak RSA using tools like:

📌 Option 1: [RsaCtfTool](#)

bash

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```
git clone https://github.com/Ganapati/RsaCtfTool.git
```

```
cd RsaCtfTool
```

```
python3 RsaCtfTool.py --publickey pubkey.pem --uncipherfile cipher.txt
```

📌 Option 2: Use factordb.com

- Go to <https://factordb.com>
- Paste n into the search bar
- If it's a weak key, it will give you p and q
- Use them to compute d and decrypt c

📌 Option 3: Write a custom Python script

Use Python with `Crypto.Util.number` or built-in `pow()`:

python

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```
from Crypto.Util.number import inverse, long_to_bytes
```

```
p = 61  
q = 53  
e = 17  
n = p * q  
phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)  
d = inverse(e, phi)
```

```
c = 2790  
m = pow(c, d, n)  
print(long_to_bytes(m))
```

6. Submit Answers

TryHackMe will ask things like:

- "What is the plaintext?"
- "What is the value of d?"
- "What was the original message?"

Paste your correct answers to proceed.

7. Complete the Room

After solving all RSA challenges, the room will be marked as "Completed".

TASKS

Task 1 Capture the flag

How many services are running on the box?

✓ Correct Answer

What is the name of the hidden directory on the web server? (without leading '/')

✓ Correct Answer

What is the length of the discovered RSA key? (in bits)

✓ Correct Answer

What are the last 10 digits of n? (where 'n' is the modulus for the public-private key pair)

✓ Correct Answer

What are the last 10 digits of n? (where 'n' is the modulus for the public-private key pair)

✓ Correct Answer

Factorize n into prime numbers p and q

✓ Correct Answer

What is the numerical difference between p and q?

✓ Correct Answer

Generate the private key using p and q (take e = 65537)

✓ Correct Answer

What is the flag?

✓ Correct Answer

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RESULT

Thus the introduction to breaking rsa has been sucessfully studied and implemented successfully

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