1.For each member in your team, provide 1 paragraph detailing what parts of the lab that member implemented / researched. (You may skip this question if you are doing the lab by yourself).

Radhika I has tried it multiple times on virtual machine VMWARE workstation, then did a dual boot and still faced some issues. Hence finally, removed all other OS and installed linux 17.04 and built the kernel from source. I have researched about the cupid function and helped to modify the code for cupid.c and create the test file to test the change in vendor string.

Shweta I has tried multiple times in my Macbook with VMWARE Fusion, but faced different types of errors. Then I researched about cupid function and changed the cupid.c and created the test file to test the change in the vendor string. I have helped to set up the system and I modified the test file and cupid.c file.

In the end, we both were able to run the functionality on a ubuntu machine - 4.14.0-rc+ kernel version. And ubuntu 17.

2.Describe in detail the steps you used to complete the assignment. Consider your reader to be someone skilled in software development but otherwise unfamiliar with the assignment. Good answers to this question will be recipes that someone can follow to reproduce your development steps. Note: I may decide to follow these instructions for random assignments, so you should make sure they are accurate.

Create live Ubuntu in USB and install Ubuntu Install Git:

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install git fakeroot build-essential neurses-dev xz-utils libssl-dev be Check version of current linux kernel

Uname - r

Clone the Git repository for the latest linux kernel source code:

Git clone https://github.com/torvalds/linux.git

Note the COMMIT id

Git log [ Note the first commit id, which will be of the form as below:

Change to the Linux folder and configure the modules to be included/excluded

## make menuconfig

Compile the kernel and its modules by checking number of processing units available

nproc [ to know the number of processing units, in our case it was 1] sudo make -j 1 && sudo make modules\_install -j 1 && sudo make install -j 1

Once the kernel is built, use the following command to automatically look for the /boot folder and adds them to the grub's config file

## update-grub

Check version now so that it shows the latest kernel version

Uname - r Change function kvm\_emulate\_cpuid function cupid.c file in /Linux/arch/x86/kvm/cupid.c to implement the assignment functionality. Once the changes have been done save the file and do the below commands

sudo make -j 4 && sudo make modules\_install -j 4 && sudo make install -j 4 rmmod kvm\_intel.ko Rmmod kvm.ko Insmod kvm.ko Insmod kvm-intel.ko Next install virt manager sudo apt install virt-manager Create new virtual machine using Ubuntu iso image in virt-manager. If this gives an error of failure-daemon, the below commands should be executed:

/etc/init.d/apparmor stop
update-rc.d apparmor remove
apt remove libvirtd
apt remove libvirt
apt remove virt-manager

apt remove libvirt-bin

apt-get install virt-manager

and reboot

Now Installing Ubuntu using iso image. This is the testvm.

Open command prompt and type CPUID, If this gives an error, sudo apt-get install cpuid

This will give a whole list of cupid features of which the first one is the vendor string, which will display GENUINE INTEL.

Write a test file to toggle the flag for checking the cupid functionality for toggled input.

Executing this in the testvm will give changed vendor string as output.

For the third question in the assignment, clone the testvm to create another virtual machine.

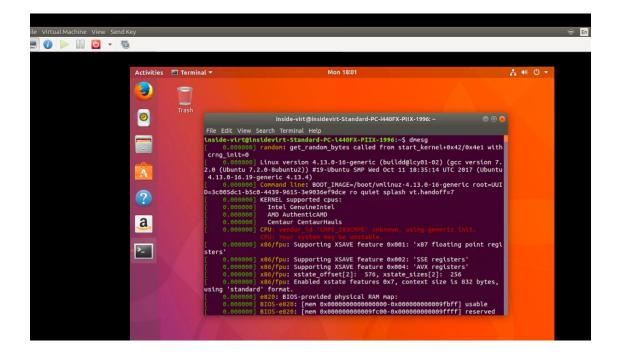
Then, toggle the functionality in the testvm so that the string CMPE\_283CMPE is displayed for

vendor string in test vm. Once this is done, open the cloned vm and check cpuinfo using dmesg.

You will notice that for vendor string for is displayed as "CMPE 283CMPE" UNKNOWN...

- 3. With the assignment functionality enabled, boot a second linux VM (this can just be a plain linux VM or a copy of your test VM).
- What happens during boot? (Hint: check dmesg output).

During the boot, upon dmesg in the command line, the CPU details are mentioned, for which the vendor details are mentioned as 'CMPE\_283CMPE' unknown and displays that my system may be unstable.



# • Does the system behave differently?

No, the system does not behave differently. Just the results of the dmesg indicate that the vendor id is unknown

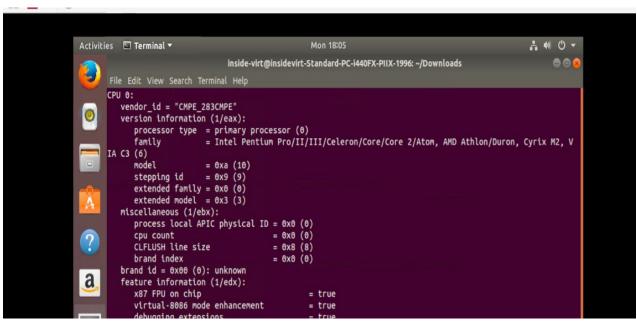
```
Inside-virt@insidevirt-Standard-PC-I440FX-PIIX-1996:~

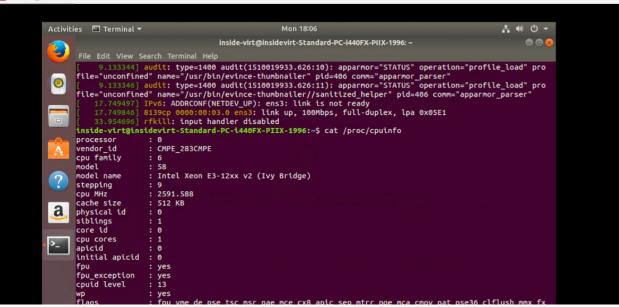
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

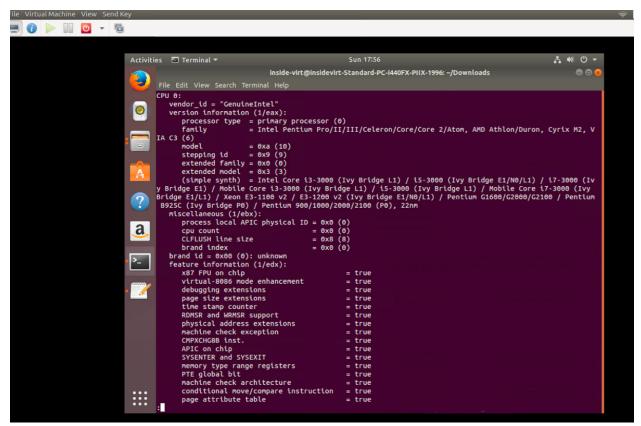
| 0.994344| NET: Registered protocol family 10
| 0.996834| NET: Registered protocol family 17
| 0.996837| NET: Registered protocol family 17
| 0.996833| Key type dns_resolver registered
| 0.996853| Key type dns_resolver registered
| 0.996897| RAS: Correctable Errors collector initialized.
| 0.996997| RAS: Correctable Errors collector initialized.
| 0.996991| Sched_clock: Marking stable (996018460, 0)->(1036676933, -40658473)
| 0.996992| registered taskstats version 1
| 0.996998| Loading compiled-in X:509 certificates
| 0.998658| Loaded X:509 cert 'Build time autogenerated kernel key: 04409fd30ffab3ce9d2178c508b3c866d
| 0.99873| Zswap: loaded using pool lzo/zbud
| 0.999772| Key type big_key registered
| 0.999773| Key type trusted registered
| 0.999773| Key type trusted registered
| 1.000655| Key type encrypted registered
| 1.000655| Key type encrypted registered
| 1.000655| Key type encrypted registered
```

#### • Does the content of /proc/cpuinfo change when the functionality is enabled vs disabled?

Yes, the content changes based on the functionality being enabled or disabled. If enabled, it displays CMPE 283CMPE and if disabled, it displays GenuineIntel







## • What happens if you disable the functionality and restart the test VM?

Nothing happens in this case, it shows GenuineIntel

