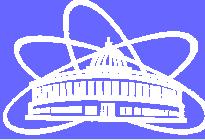


9th European Particle accelerator Conference  
**EPAC'2004**  
Lucerne, Switzerland

# Electron cooling: remembering and reflecting

Igor Meshkov  
JINR, Dubna



## Contents

I. Remembering: Highlights and key issues of electron cooling - from idea to realization

II. Reflecting:

1. What is “a harvest?
2. “Nonliouvillean” particle beam physics
3. Where we are and where we go...

# I . Remembering...

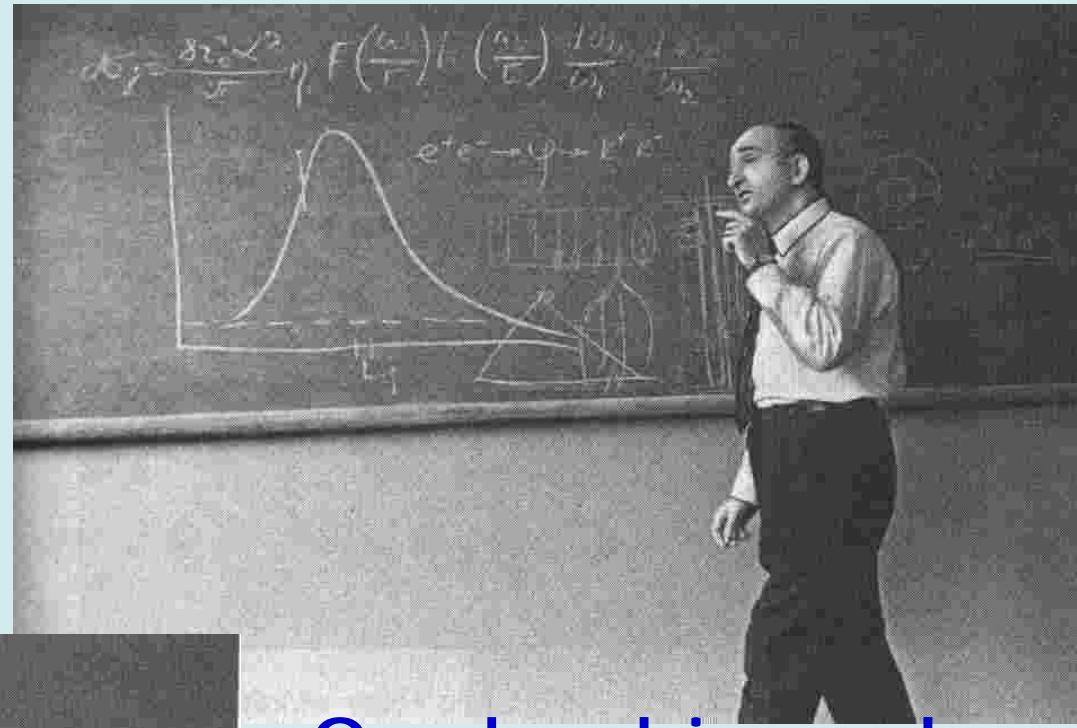
Highlights and key issues of electron cooling – from idea to realization.

## Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics



# I. Remembering...

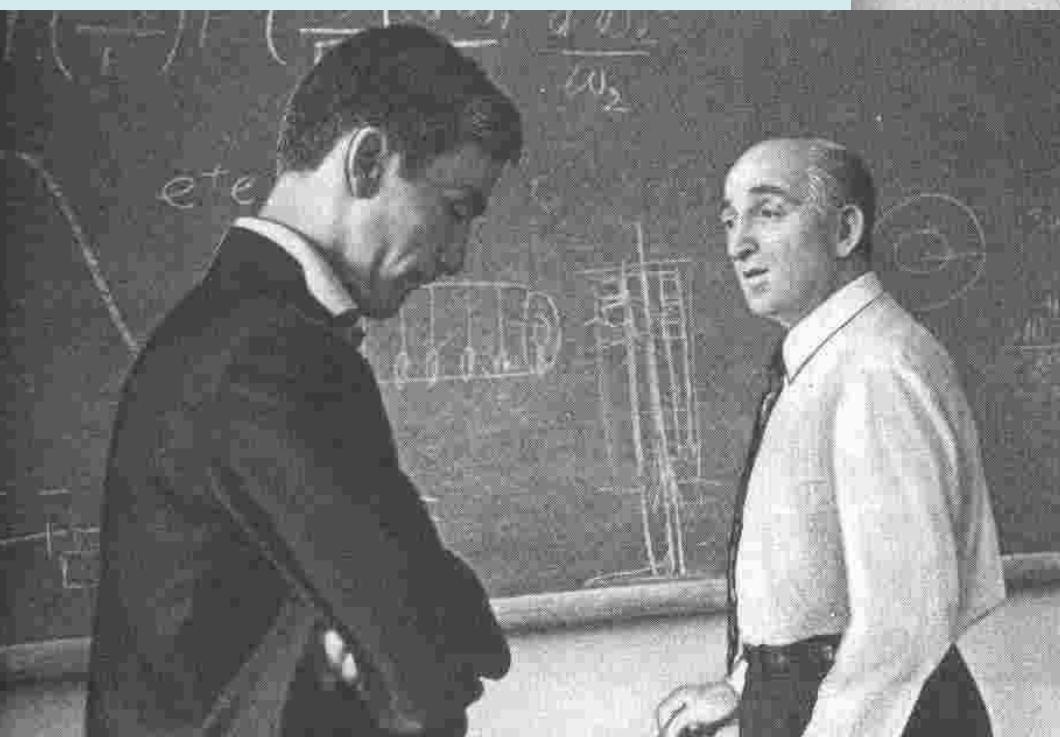
One day  
in far 1965<sup>th</sup>...



...One head is good...

...but two ones are  
much better...

G.Budker and A.Skrinsky



# 1966 - The First Report

## Budker's formula

Laboratoire  
l'Accélérateur à  
ORSAY

$$\tau_{Maxwellian} = \frac{3}{8\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \frac{A}{Z^2} \cdot \frac{m_p m_e}{e^4 n_e} \cdot \left( \frac{T_i}{Am_p} + \frac{T_e}{m_e} \right)^{3/2}$$

### SYMPORIUM INTERNATIONAL SUR LES ANNEAUX DE COLLISIONS

A ELECTRONS ET POSITRONS

Sous la présidence de

**Monsieur Alain Peyrefitte**

Ministre délégué chargé de la recherche scientifique  
et des questions atomiques et spatiales

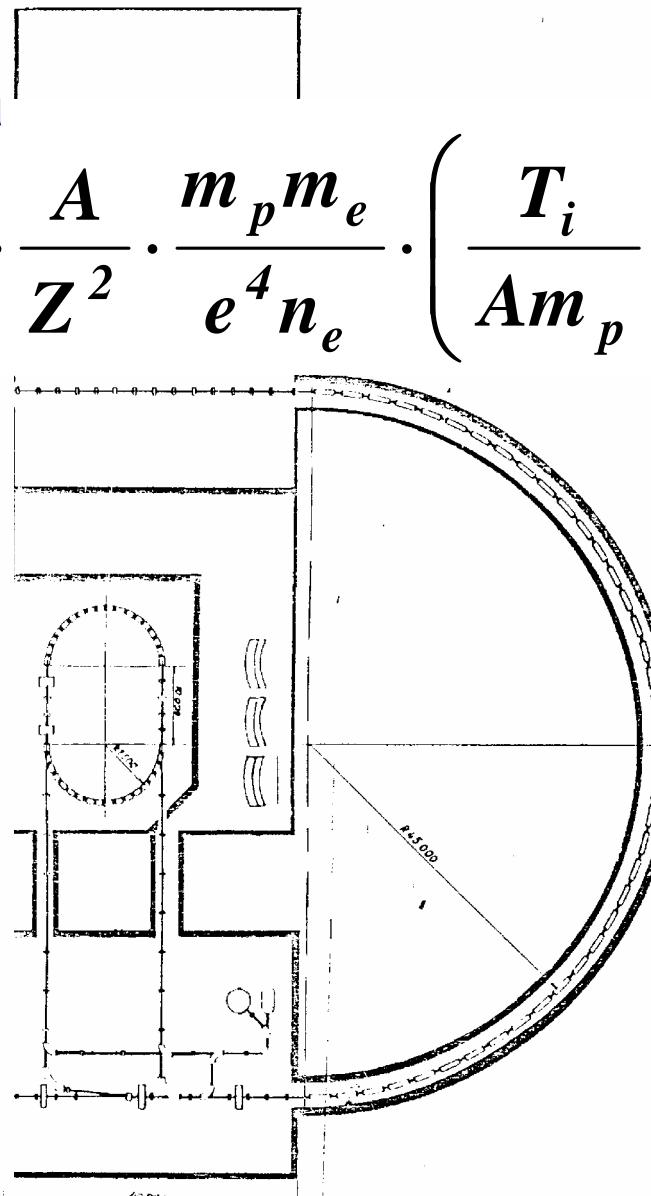
tenu à

l'Institut National des Sciences et Techniques Nucléaires, Saclay  
26-30 Septembre 1966

Édité par

H. ZYNGIER  
ORSAY

E. CREMIEU-ALCAN  
SACLAY



out of the set-up, with the  
the big storage rings. The  
tron accelerating protons up  
 $3/2$ , such a  
ts near  
  
what  
r Institute  
i the proton  
sions with prof. O'Neill, I  
such a method several years

roton-antiproton machine can  
first one is the stacking of  
length of the proton bunch in  
apture in the large ring without  
e 300th harmonic of the revolu-  
300 buckets, the RF frequency  
he particles are then accelerated  
es the bunch length approximately  
n the protons are ejected towards  
s which are injected into the

electron cooling will take about  
of one day, we can have about  
After that, antiprotons will be  
lliding beam experiments will be

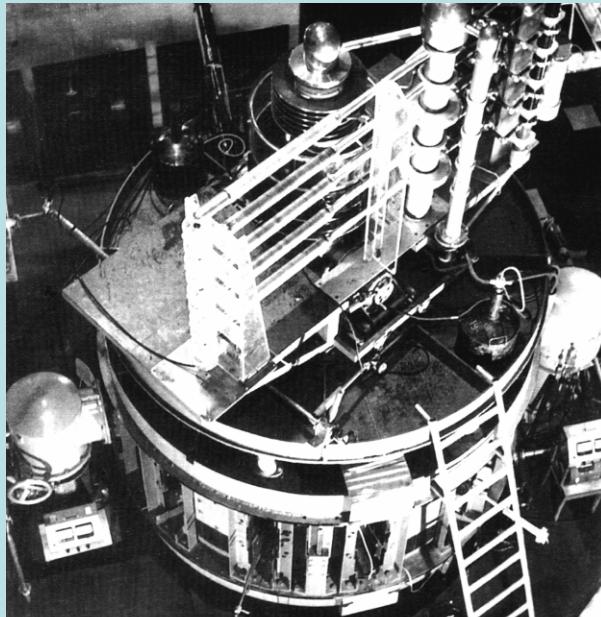
# 1966 - The First Report

'Common opinion was: a brilliant idea...  
unfortunately - nonrealistic one...'

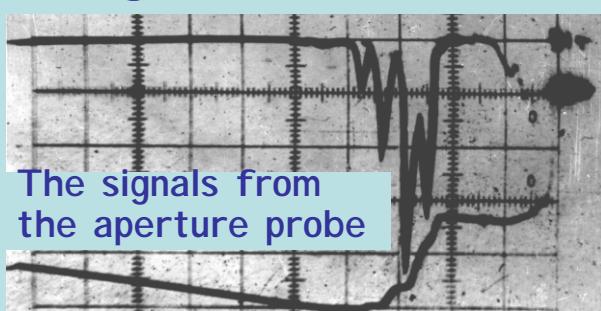
(From "Budker's stories")

Yes, but - not for stubborn Siberians!

# 1967 – Beginning of The Idea Realization



Betatron B-3 with spiral storage of electrons:  
External injection and  
storage =>  $300 \text{ A}$ ,  $3 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ e}^-$



The signals from  
the aperture probe

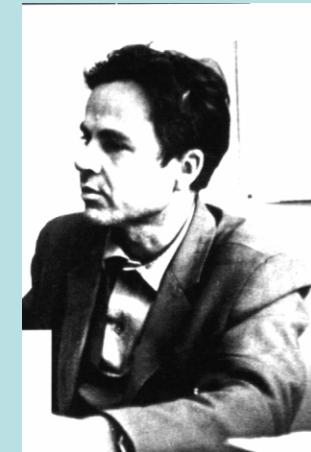
and "Rogowsky belt"

From The  
Relativistic  
Stabilized  
Electron Beam



to electron cooling

*G. Budker: "Fellows, don't  
stick to your iron stuff!"*

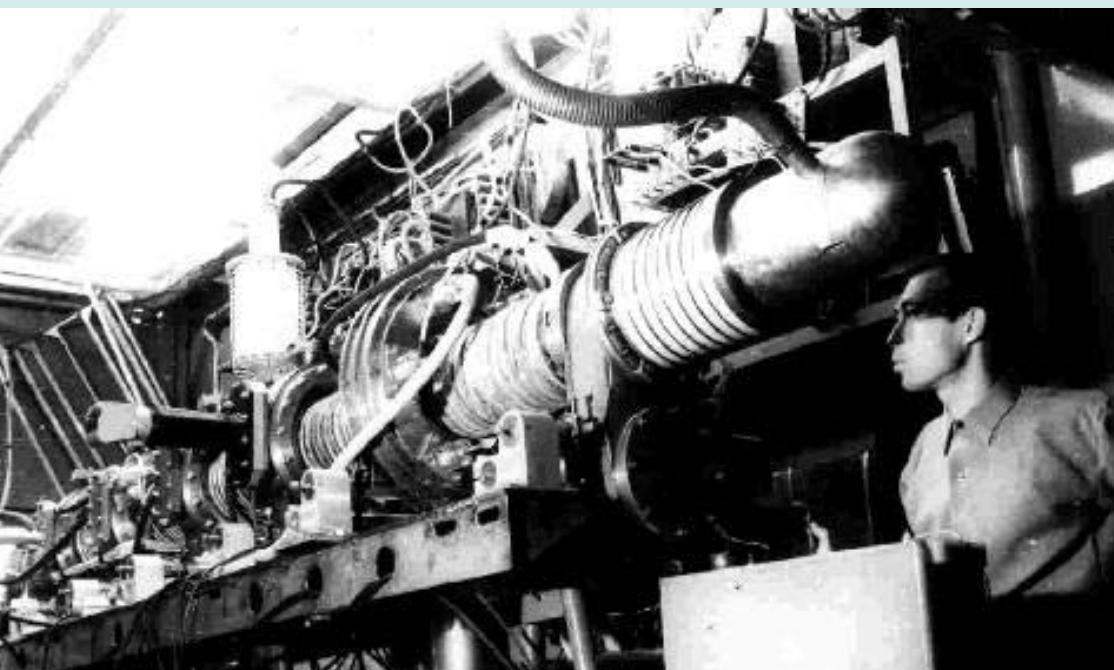


Boris Chirikov-  
The Experimenter

# 1968 – “EPOCHA The Straight” -- Prototype of Electron Cooler

ЭПОХА - Электронный Пучок Охлаждающий Антипротоны

EPOCHA - Electron Beam to Cool Antiprotons      The ideas and the authors



V.Fainstein, V.Ginkin, V.Kudelainen, I.Meshkov,  
R.Salimov, A.Skrinsky, B.Smirnov, V.Ponomarenko

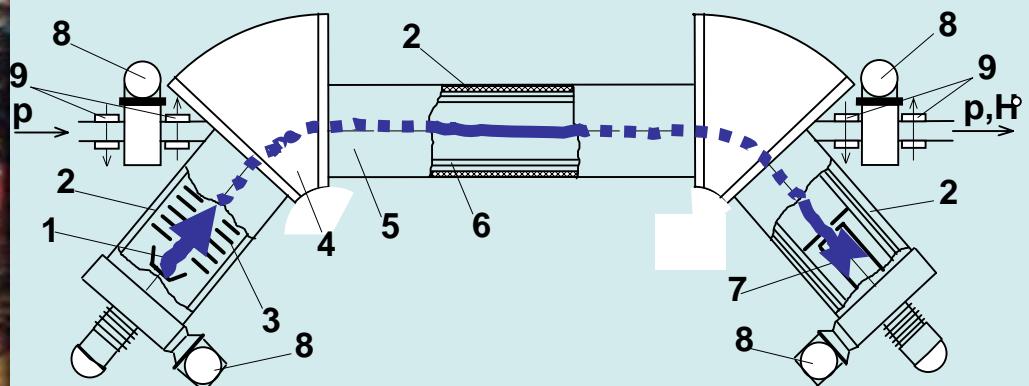
- ✓ Electron beam in B-field  
(I.Meshkov, A.Skrinsky)
- ✓ Electron energy recuperation (G.Budker)
- ✓ Resonance optics  
(I.Meshkov, R.Salimov)
- ✓ Magnetic field formation (I.Meshkov)
- ✓ Electron temperature measurement  
(I.Meshkov, A.Skrinsky)

# I. Remembering... Highlights and key issues of electron cooling



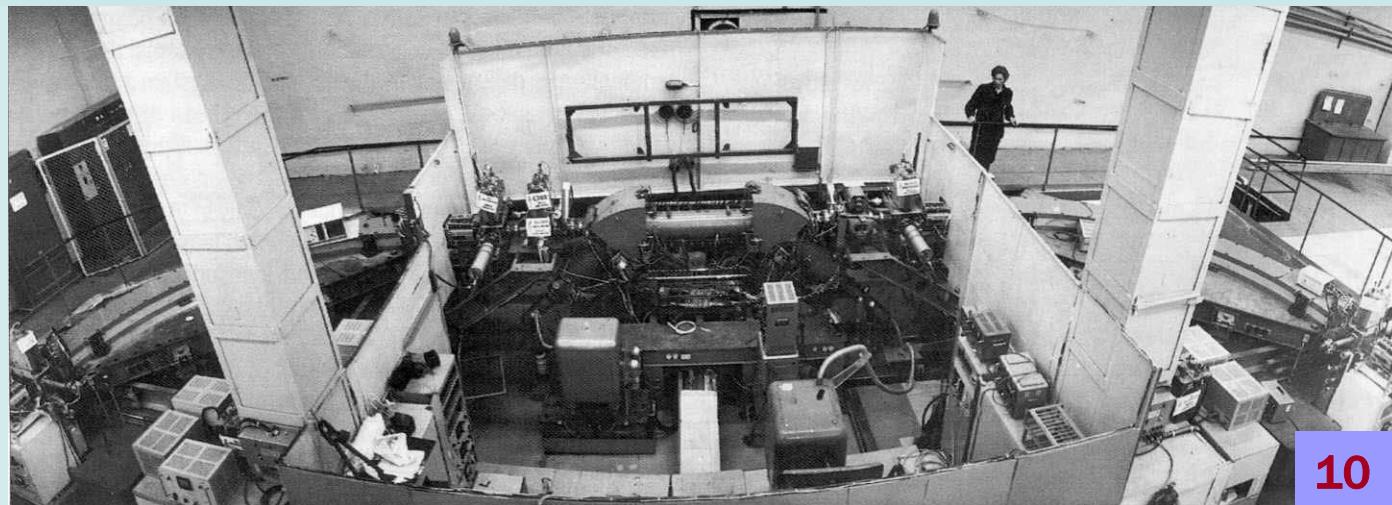
1970

## “EPOCHA The Curve”- First Electron Cooler



1974 – EPOCHA on NAP-M

V.Kudelainen  
I.Meshkov  
R.Salimov  
A.Skrinsky



# I. Remembering... Highlights and key issues of electron cooling



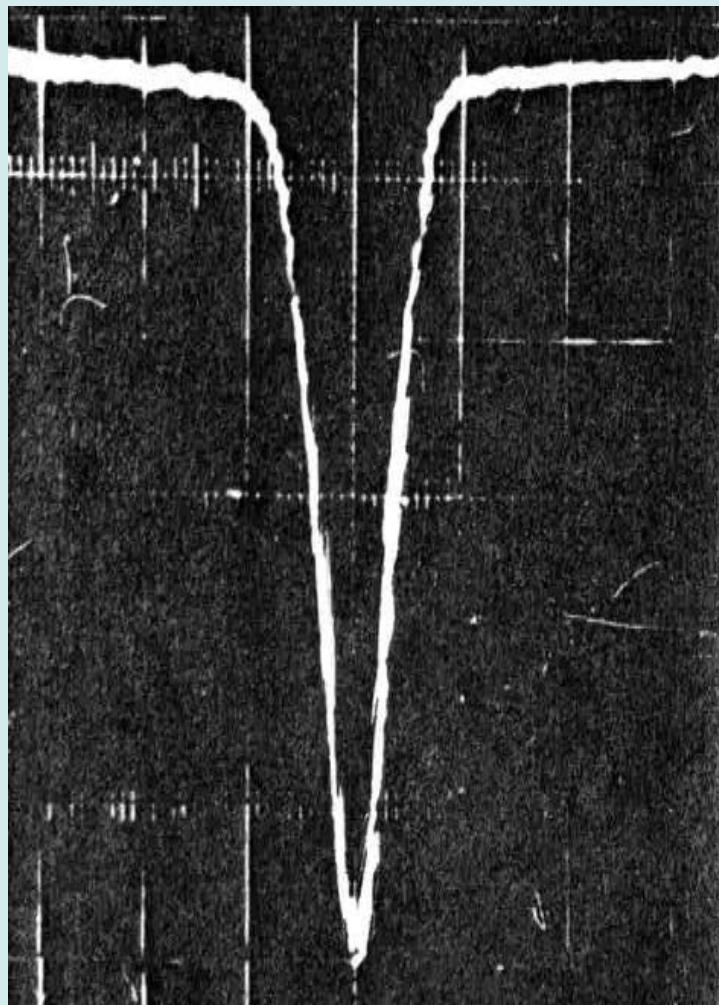
**"Sancta sanctorum" of electron cooling - NAP-M :  
"Antiproton Storage Ring - Model"**

**НАП-М : «Накопитель АнтиПротонов - Модель»**

Budker INP, 1974 - 1984

## 1974 - First electron cooling of protons in NAP-M

Proton beam density distribution at e-cooling measured with magnesium jet profilometer



# I. Remembering... Highlights and key issues of electron cooling

## EXPERIMENTS ON ELECTRON COOLING

G. I. Budker, Ya. S. Derbenev, N. S. Dikansky, V. I. Kudelainen,  
I. N. Meshkov, V. V. Parkhomchuk, D. V. Pestrikov, B. N. Sukhina  
A. N. Skrinsky

Institute of Nuclear Physics  
Siberian Division  
USSR Academy of Sciences

The electron cooling method was suggested by one  
of the authors in the middle sixties. The original  
idea of electron cooling published in 1966<sup>1</sup> is the

Table I (Continued)

Betatron wave numbers:

IVth All-Soviet Conference  
on Part. Accelerators, Moscow, 1974

1974 - First experimental success and first  
report on electron cooling of protons in NAP-M :

$E_p$  50 MeV  $I_p$  50  $\mu$ A

$E_e$  37 keV  $I_e$  0.1 A

$\phi_{p\_equilibrium}$  1 mm

$\tau_{cool}$  3 sec - in full agreement with  
Budker's theory (classic plasma formulae).

complex. One should take into account the peculiarity  
of the proton beam motion in a storage ring as well as

The proton beam equilibrium dimension . 1 mm

G.I.Budker, Ya.S.Derbenev, N.S.Dikansky, V.I.Kudelainen,  
I.N.Meshkov, V.V.Parkhomchuk,D.V.Pestrikov, B.N.Sukhina,  
A.N.Skrinsky, First experiments on electron cooling, in Proc. of  
IVth All-Soviet Conference on Part. Accel., v.2, p.302, 1975;  
IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci., NS-22 (1975) 2093; Part. Accelerators 7  
(1976)197; Rus. Atomic Energy 40 (1976) 49.

# 1975 – Unexpected results after e-cooler improvement

*Provisional text*

*not revised by CERN*

*Translation Service*

NUCLEAR PHYSICS INSTITUTE  
SIBERIAN BRANCH OF USSR ACADEMY OF SCIENCE

PS/DL/Note 76-25

October 1976

Preprint N.P.I. 76-32

G.I. Budker, A.F. Bulyshev, N.S. Dikansky, V.I. Kononov,  
V.I. Kudelainen, I.N. Meshkov, V.V. Parkhomchuk, D.V. Pestrikov,  
A.N. Skrinsky, B.N. Sukhina

## NEW EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS OF ELECTRON COOLING

*Presented to the All Union High Energy Accelerator  
Conference, Moscow, October 1976*

(Translated at CERN by O. Barbalat)

\* \* \* \* \*

Improvements: B-field homogeneity in the cooling section – about  $10^{-4}$ ,  
electron energy stability – better than  $10^{-5}$ .

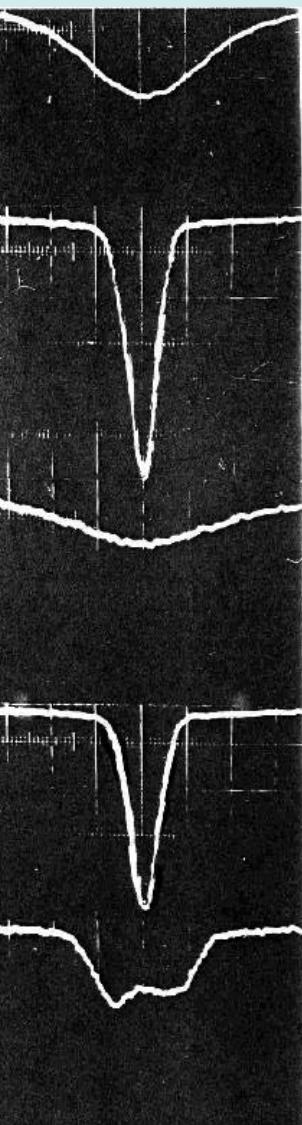
As result – "... the betatron oscillation damping time is inversely proportional to the electron current

and for a current of **0.8 A** it amounts to

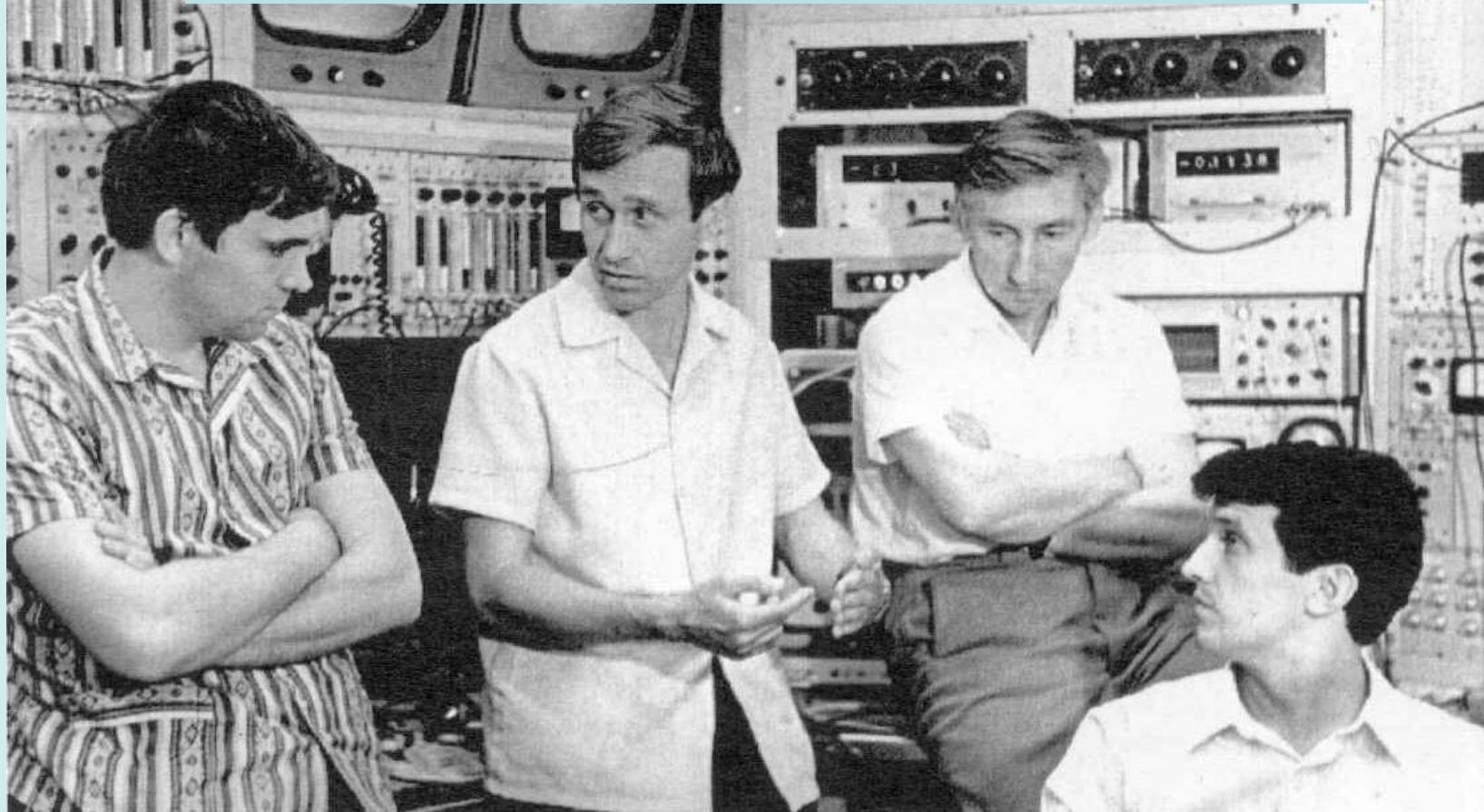
**83 ms (proton energy of 65 MeV)** –

-much shorter of “The Budker’s numbers!”

**What a puzzle!**



New results → new puzzles?



*"D'Artagnan et les Trois Mousquetaires":*

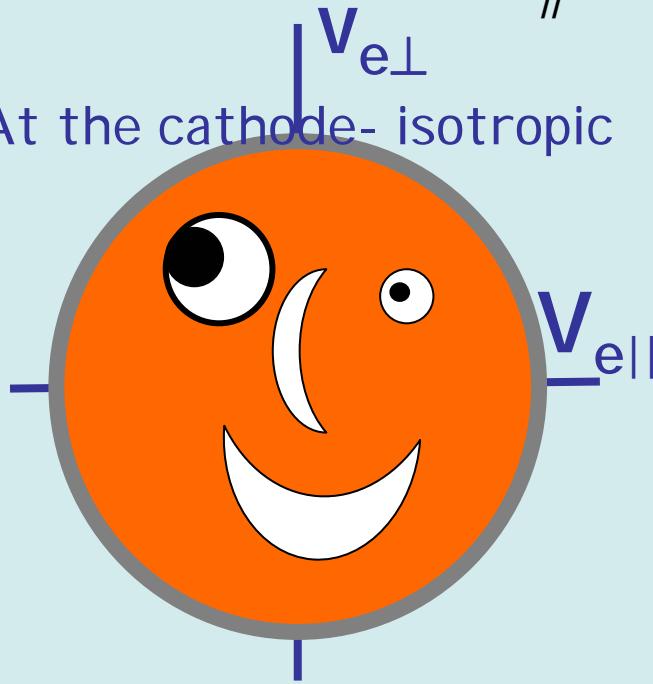
V.Parkhomchuk, A.Skrinsky, I.Meshkov and N.Dikansky  
in control room of NAP-M (1975)

## Progress in the theory of electron cooling

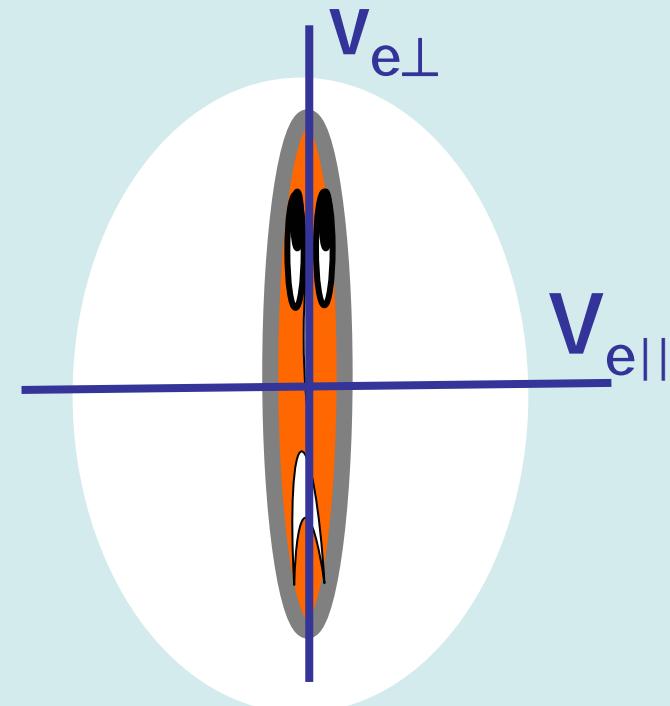
### 1. Flattened distribution of electrons over velocities $f(\vec{v}_e)$ in Particle Rest Frame (V.Parkhomchuk)

$$T_{\parallel} = \frac{T_{Cathode}^2}{\beta^2 \gamma^2 mc^2}$$

At the cathode- isotropic



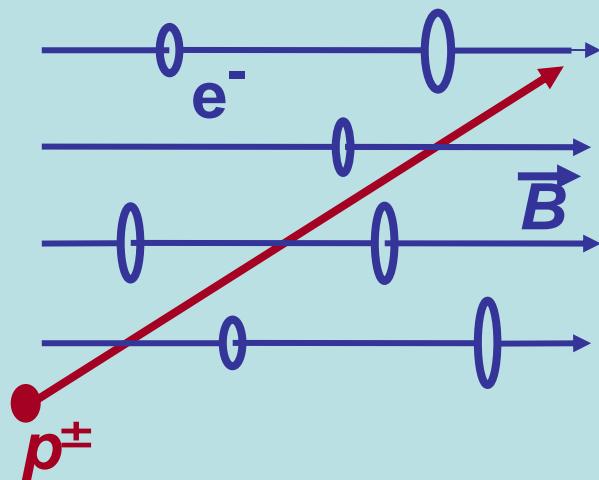
Electrostatic  
acceleration



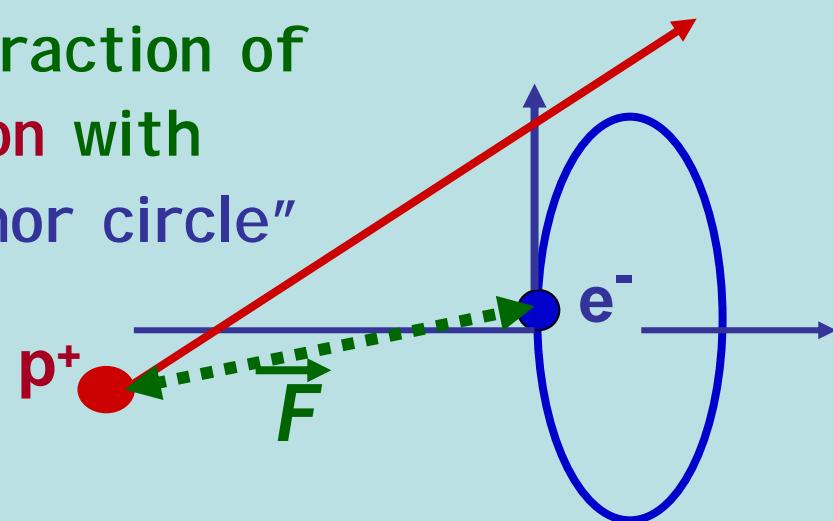
After acceleration – flattened

## Progress in the theory of electron cooling

2. Electron beam magnetization (Ya.Derbenev, A.Skrinsky,  
Rus. Plasma Physics, v.4 (1978) 492)

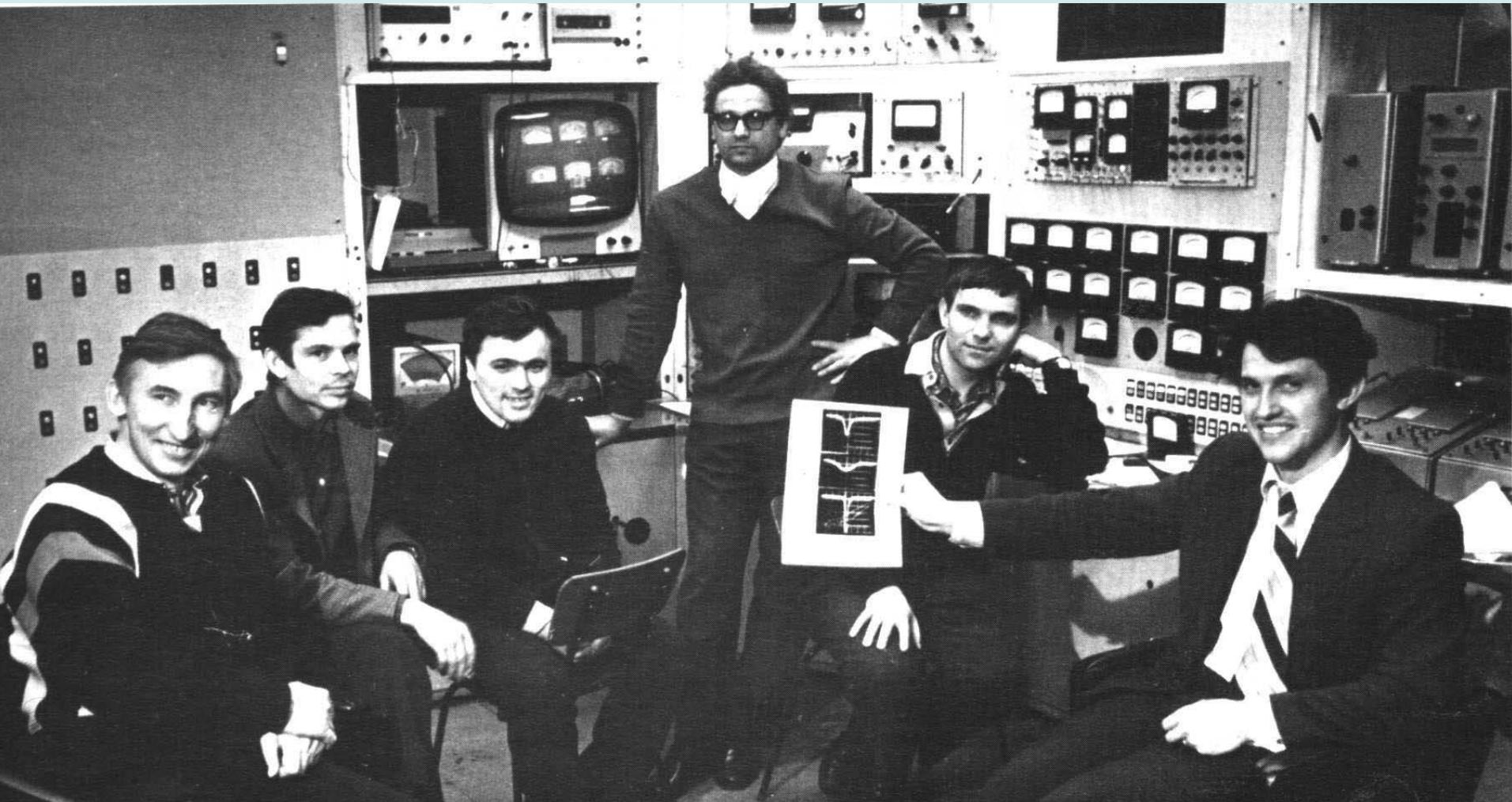


Interaction of  
an ion with  
“a Larmor circle”



*Everything was described in very first theoretical paper of Ya.Derbenev & A.Skrinsky, but...*

## I. Remembering... Highlights and key issues of electron cooling



...we understood the magnetization effect when experiment has shown it!

Electron cooling team in control room of NAP- M (1976)

I. Meshkov, B. Sukhina, D.Pestrikov, V.Ponomarenko, V.Parkhomchuk, N.Dikansky

## First cooler rings

In Europe – 1977 – 79, Initial Cooling  
Experiment at CERN

M.Bell, J.Chaney, H.Herr, F.Krienen, S. van der Meer,  
D.Moehl, G.Petrucci, H.Poth, C.Rubbia- NIM 190 (1981) 237

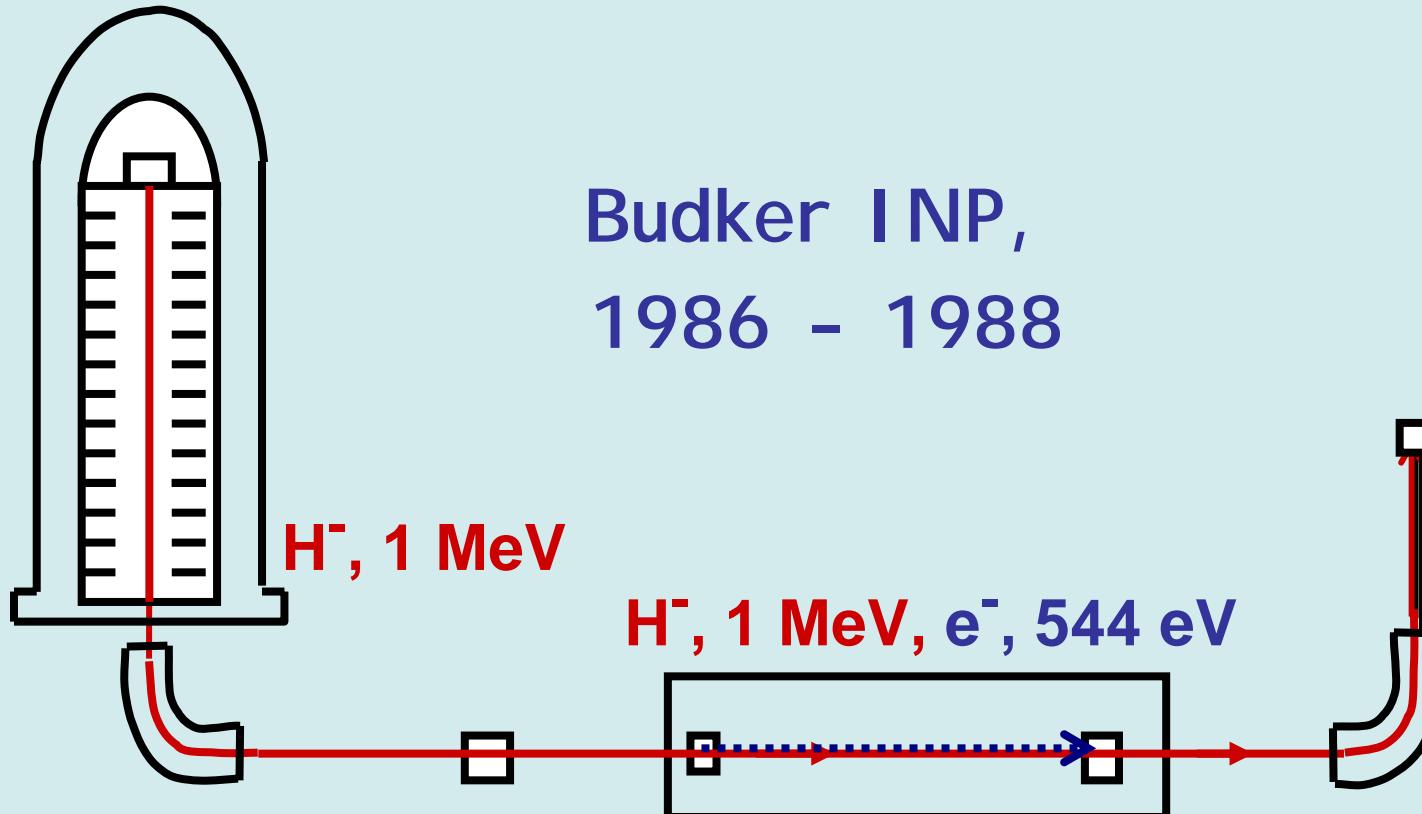
In USA – 1979 – 82, The Test Ring  
Experiment for Electron Cooling  
Experiment at Fermilab

T.Ellison, W.Kells, V.Kerner, P.McIntyre, F.Mills, L.Oleksiuk,  
A.Ruggiero, IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci., NS-30 (1983) 2370;  
*at the initial stage participated N.Dikansky, I.Meshkov V.Parkhomchuk  
(BINP)*

## *Single Pass Cooling Experiment*

### "MOdel of SOLenoid"

L.Arapov, N.Dikansky, V.Kokoulin, V.Kudelainen,  
V.Lebedev, V.Parkhomchuk, B.Smirnov, B.Sukhina



## Second Generation of Cooler Storage Rings

1988 - LEAR - Low Energy Antiproton Ring (CERN)

1988 - IUCF Cooler Ring (Indiana University Cyclotron Facility, Bloomington, USA)

1988 - TSR - Test Storage Ring (MPI, Heidelberg, Germany)

1989 - TARN-II - Test Accumulator Ring for NUMATRON, Tokyo University, Japan

1989 - CELSIUS - Cooling with Electrons and Storing of Ions from Uppsala Synrocyclotron (Uppsala University, Sweden)

1990 - ESR - Experimental Storage Ring (GSI, Darmstadt, Germany)

continuation



## I. Remembering... Highlights and key issues of electron cooling

1992 - COSY - COoler-SYnchrotron (FZ Juelich, Germany)

1992 - CryRing - CRYogenic EBIS + Storage Ring (MSI, Stockholm, Sweden)

1993 - ASTRID (A Small multi-purpose Storage Ring, Aarhus University, Denmark)

1998 - SIS - Super Ion Synchrotron (GSI, Darmstadt, Germany)

2000 - HIMAC - Heavy Ion Medical ACcelerator (NIRS, Chiba-shi, Japan)

2000 - AD - Antiproton Decelarator (CERN)

2002 - Electrostatic cooler storage ring at KEK (KEK, Tsukuba, Japan, China) [E. Syresin, WeODCH02]

## Coming soon:

2005 - Recycler Electron Cooler(Fermilab, USA)

200? - Two cooler rings complex (IMP, Lanzhou, China)

2006(?) - Low Energy Ion Ring (CERN)

20?? -TARN-II-renovated (RIKEN, Wako-shi, Japan)

2005 - S-LSR : Solid magnet Laser equipped cooler  
Storage Ring (Kyoto University, Japan)

# III. Reflecting...

What is “a harvest”?

What was done  
with electron cooling  
application?

- ✓ Electron cooling of “all the elements”  
of The Mendeleev Periodic Table

and antiprotons !

## II. Reflecting...What is "a harvest?

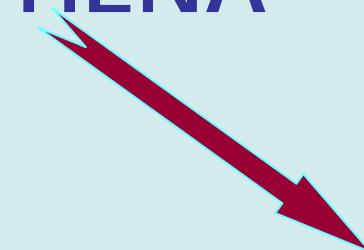
- ❖ Particle physics with “electron cooled” and extracted protons, deuterons and antiprotons :
- ✓ Antiproton physics => *LEAR*
- ✓ “Mezon physics” => *IUCF, COSY, SELSIUS*
- ✓ First antihydrogen generation in-flight =>  
=> LEAR (stochastic cooling)

continuation

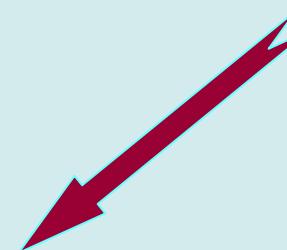


**Electron cooling in traps =>**  
**=> antihydrogen generation in traps**

**ATHENA**



**ATRAP**



**2002 - First H-bars in traps**

continuation



## II. Reflecting...What is "a harvest?"

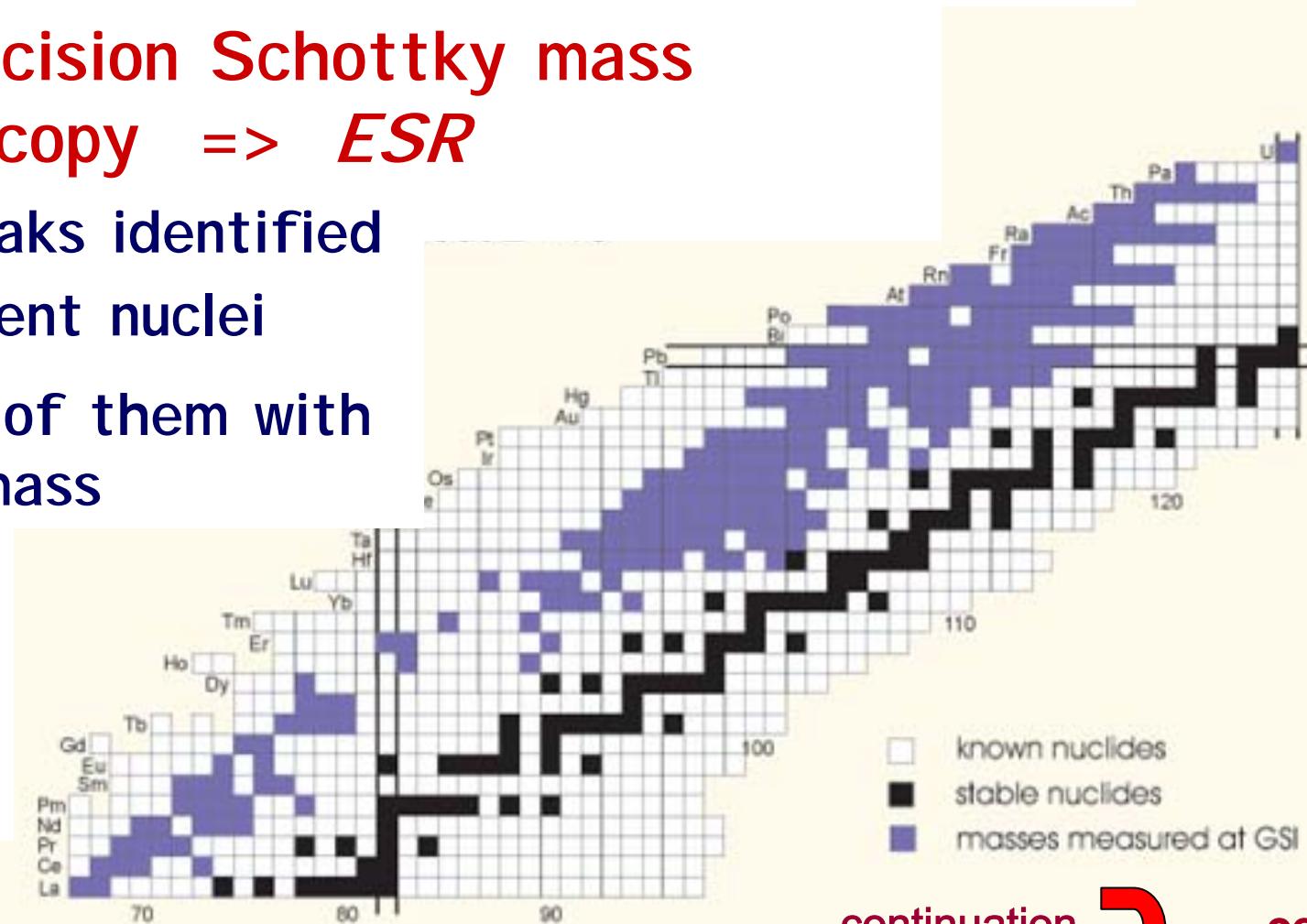
### ❖ Nuclear physics

✓ Studies of radioactive nuclei and rare isotopes, exotic nuclei states (like bare nuclei decay, etc.) => *ESR*

✓ High precision Schottky mass spectroscopy => *ESR*

- 194000 peaks identified
- 500 different nuclei
- about 200 of them with unknown mass

Mass accuracy  
~  $2 \cdot 10^{-7}$

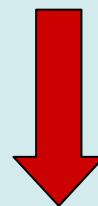


continuation ↗

## II. Reflecting...What is "a harvest?

- ❖ New stage of experiments in atomic and molecular physics =>  
=> *TSR, CryRing, ASTRID*

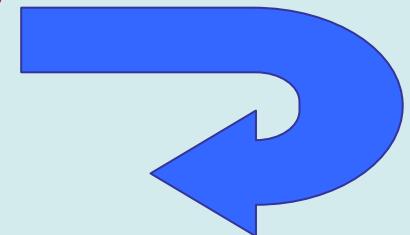
❖ “Nonliouvillean” particle  
beam physics



Particle beams

with a cooling mechanism

# Development of “the cooling ideology”



- Radiation cooling ( $e^+e^-$  rings) -  
- very first cooling method;
- Electron cooling – the next step!
- Stochastic cooling (S.Van der Meer, CERN) –  
successful realization:  $W^\pm$  and  $Z^0$  !
- Laser cooling with “an aid” of electron  
cooling => *TSR, ASTRID, ESR*
- Muon cooling (A.Skrinsky) – is being  
developed and to be realized.

## “Crystalline beams”

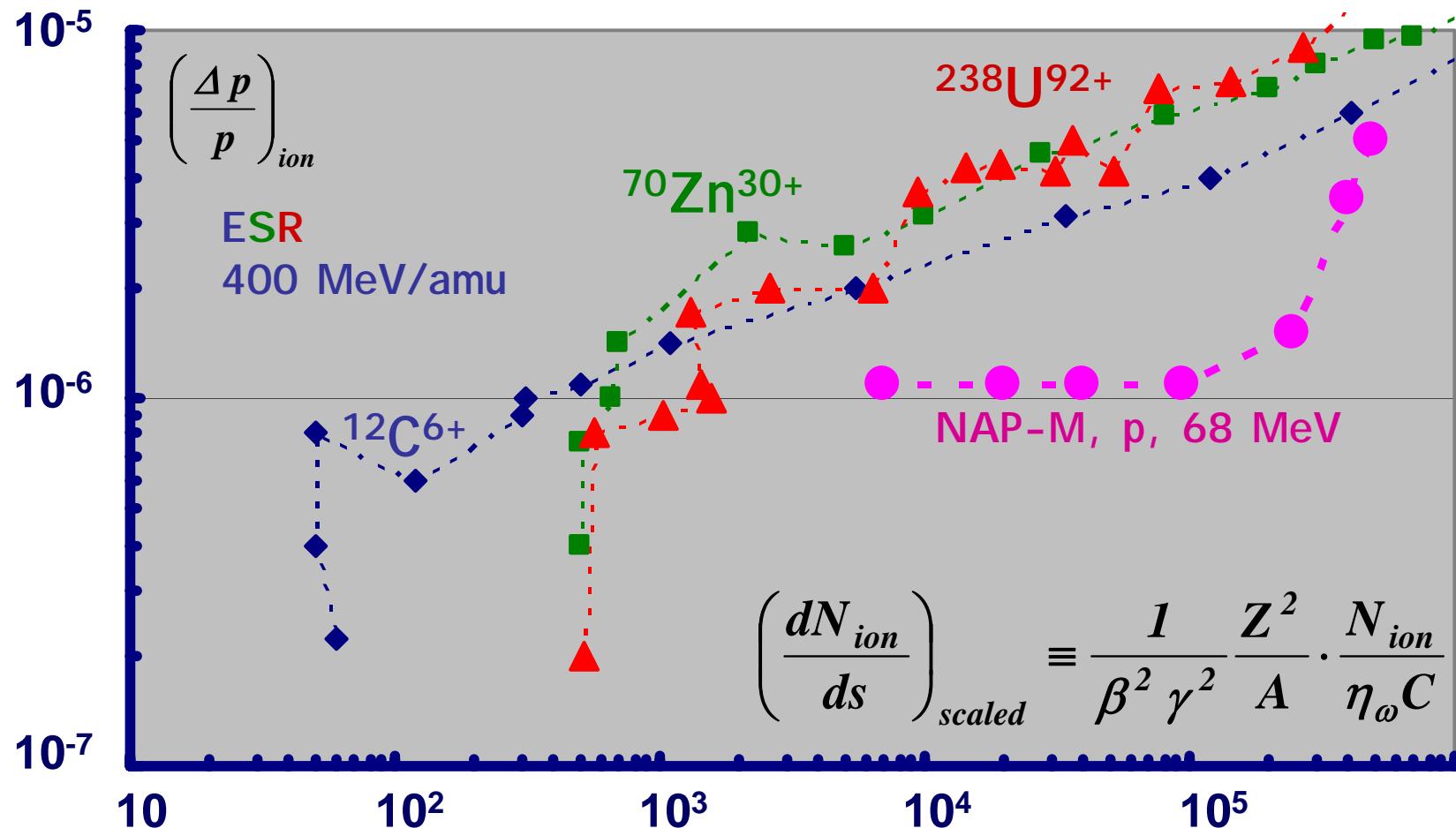
First observation – NAP-M, V.Parkhomchuk et al.  
Budker INP, 1979

First idea of particle beam  
“crystallization” – V.Parkhomchuk, 1979

Ion beam ordering (“crystallization”)  
⇒ ESR, M.Steck et al.,  
⇒ SIS, M.Steck et al.,  
⇒ CryRing, H.Danared et al.

# “Crystalline beams”

Beam ordering in **NAP-M** (1979) and **ESR** (2002)



## II. Reflecting... “Nonliouvillean” particle beam physics

Enrichment of the particle beam physics by initiation of the further development of intense particle beam physics:

Stability of intense and dense (cooled!) particle beams in storage rings;

Intrabeam scattering in cooled beams;

Physics of crystalline beams;

Stability of a particle beam in storage ring in presence of an internal target;

Beam-beam effects in colliders at a cooling presence,

etcetera...

# Where we are and where we go...

## ❖ Theory of electron cooling

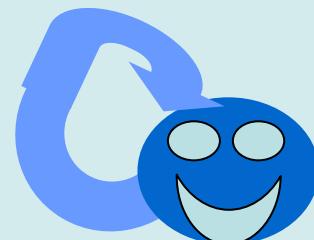
- is well developed,



however it is very multiparametric,



that requires application of numerical simulation!





## ❖ Numerical simulation...

One of the achievements – BETACOOL:  
a code for numerical simulation  
of electron cooling process  
in storage rings (JINR, Dubna) THPLTO94

An example:  
Simulation of ion beam ordered state  
in ESR





## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

### Numerical simulations of beam dynamics in electron cooler storage rings

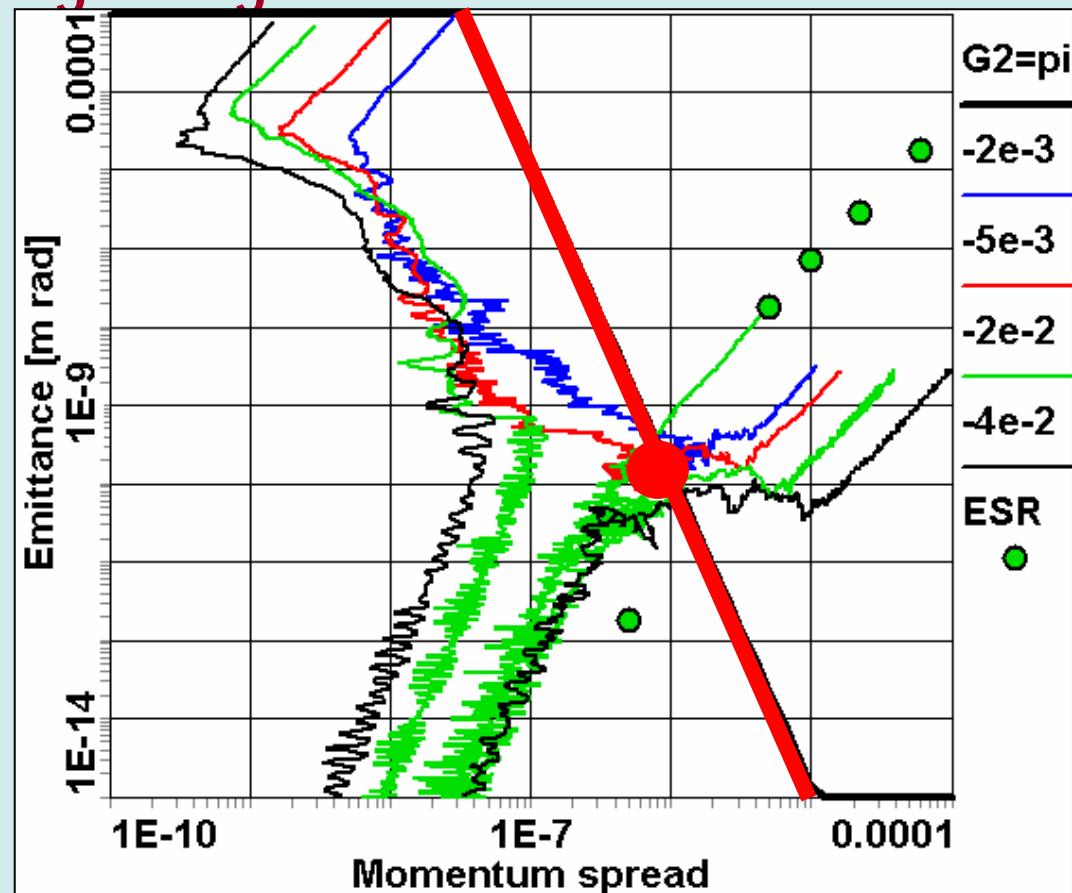
- GSI experiment

- simulation

New criterion  
of the ordering

$$\Gamma_2 \equiv \frac{Z^2 e^2}{T_{\parallel} \sigma_{\perp}} > \pi$$

and the equilibrium  
point



Results of Molecular Dynamics calculations:  
evolution of GSI ion beam parameters (emittance  
and  $\Delta p/p$ ) during electron cooling process

❖ Theory (**physics!**) of electron cooling:

## Cold intense beams

*The “old” opinion:* an ion beam, to be cooled effectively, should have

- at stochastic cooling – large emittance and low intensity;
- at electron cooling – small emittance and even (indifferently) high intensity.

The question: what is a beam intensity limit at electron cooling?

## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

### Cooled intense beams – new phenomena “on the table”...

**SELSIUS effect** – “electron heating”: ion beam current is limited by “two beams instability”!

(D.Reistad, V.Parkhomchuk, et al, 2000)

**COSY effects** - two stages instability in proton beam at electron cooling: nonlinear effect of electron beam on proton one and coherent instability of cooled proton beam (J.Stein, J.Dietrich, V.Kamerdjiev, R.Maier, D.Prasuhn, H.Stockhorst, I.Meshkov, A.Sidorin, 2002)

**HIMAC effect** - residual gas ions influence

(K.Noda, E.Syresin, T.Uesugi, I.Meshkov, 2004) - confirmed in **COSY** (2004)

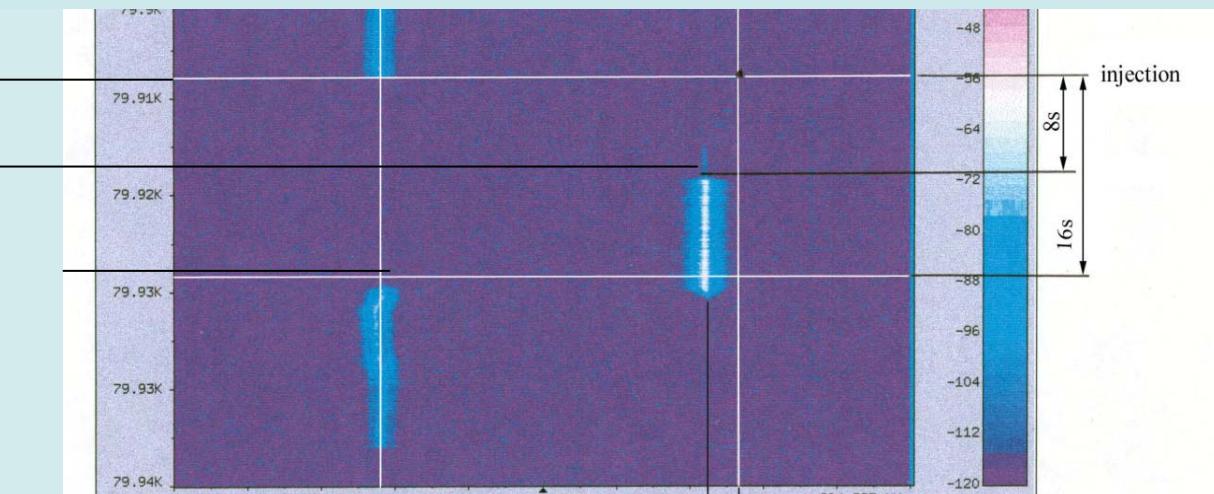
## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

### Coherent instability development in the cooled proton beam in COSY...

1 (t = 0)

2 (t=8 s)

3 (t = 16 s)



1 - t=0, injection;

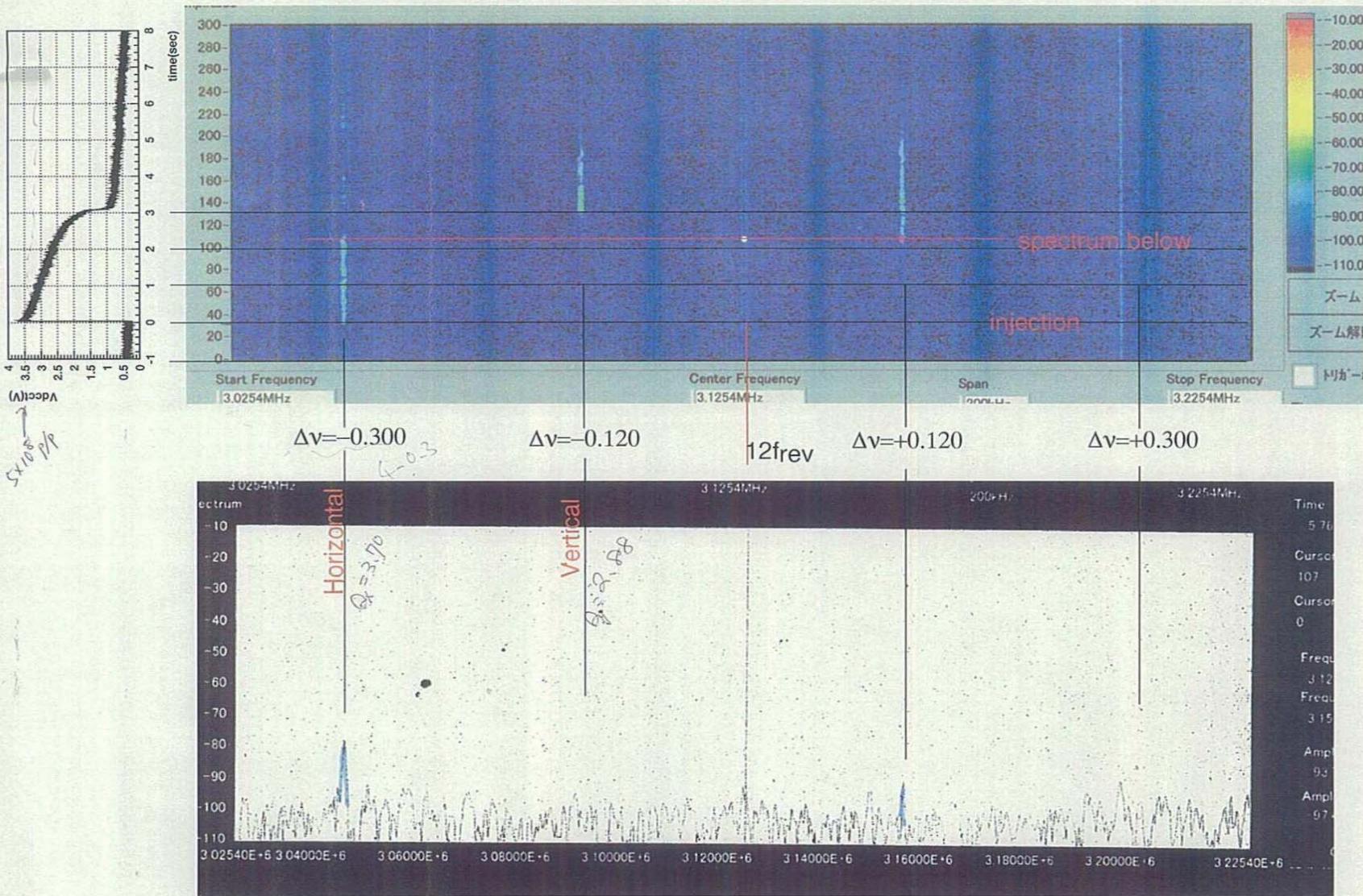
2 - t=8s, horizontal betatron oscillations start;

3 - t=16 s,"jump" from horizontal oscillations to vertical ones,  $\Delta t_{\text{jump}} < 0.5$  s.

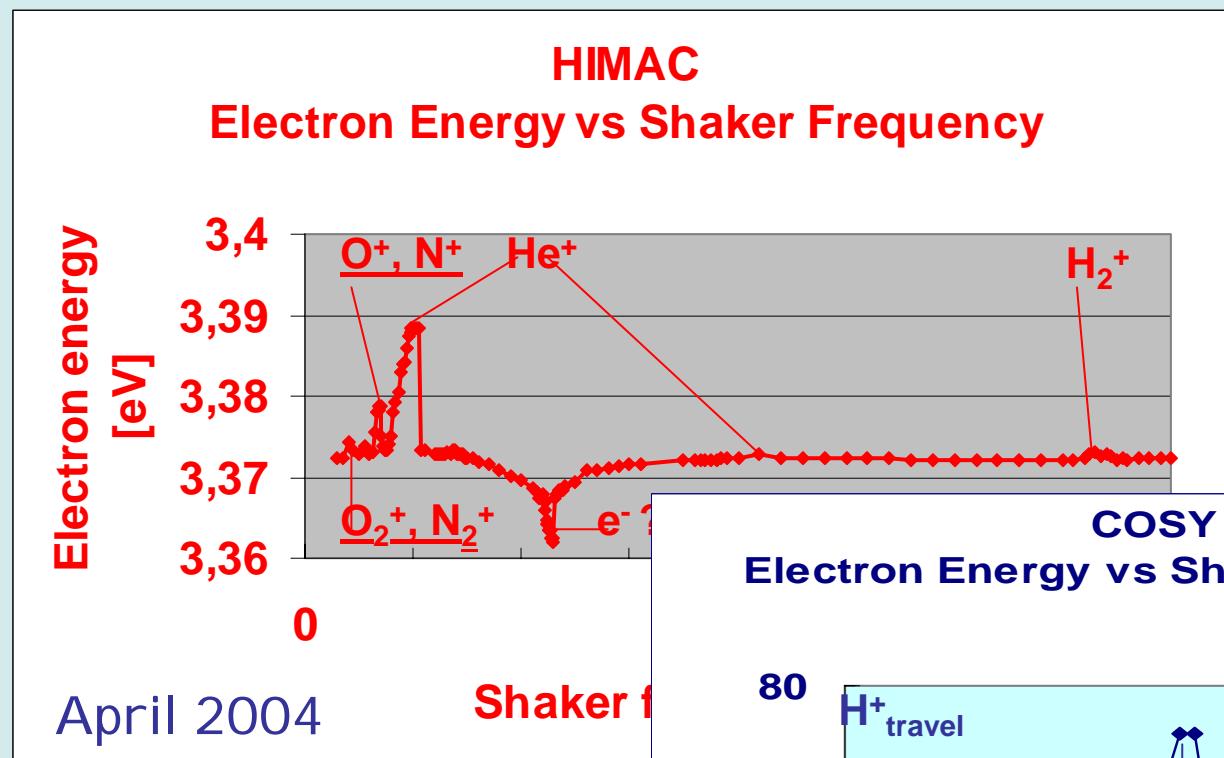
[I .Meshkov, A.Sidorin, J.Stein, J.Dietrich, V.Kamerdjiev,  
Part. & Nuclei Lett.1 (2004) 43]

## III. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

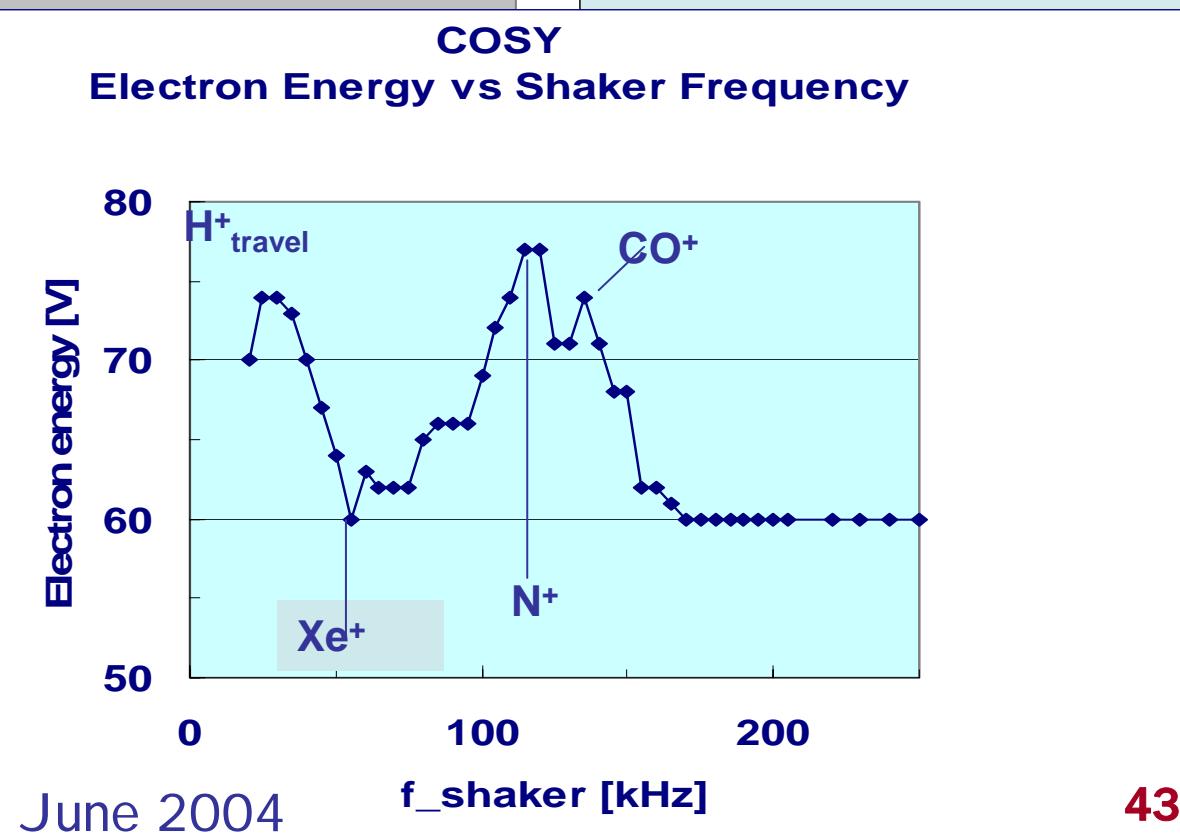
...and in HI MAC [K.Noda et al.]



### III. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...



These ions provoke 3-component instability...



A/Z of residual gas ions stored in electron beam

II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

An “old” question:

Do we need electron beam  
neutralization?

No!  $\Rightarrow$  if we deal with an intense ion beam (especially of heavy multicharged ions); then neutralization makes a harmful effect .

Yes!  $\Rightarrow$  if we have to form a cold and well compressed ion or (especially) antiproton beam of a modest intensity.

## ❖ Electron cooling engineering

Electron energy range of electron coolers:

Today => 10 eV (KEK) -

- 400 keV (IMP Lanzhou/Budker INP);

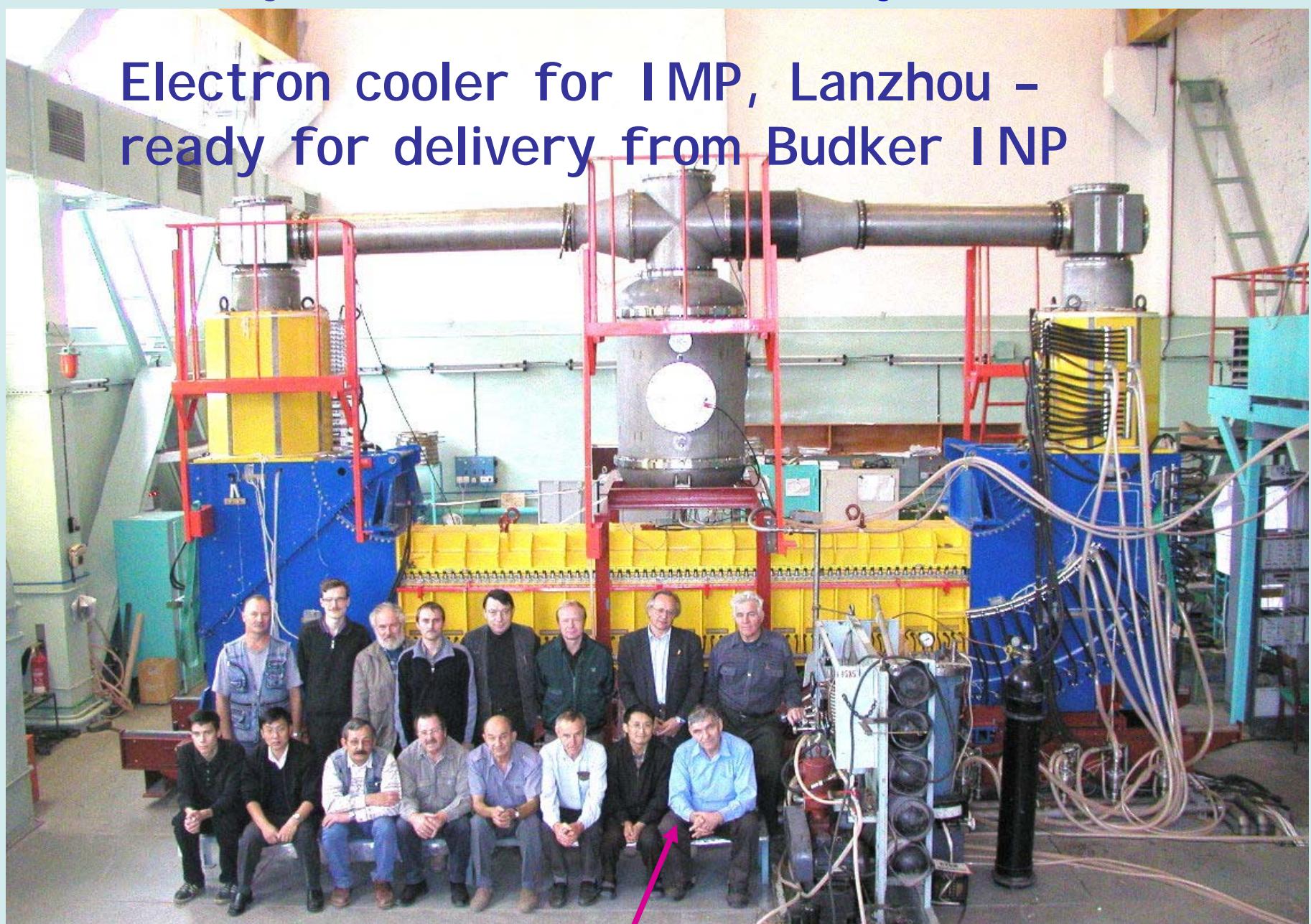
“Tomorrow” => 4.4 MeV  $e^-$  = 8 GeV p-bars  
(Fermilab) [S.Nagaitsev, TUXCH03]

“After tomorrow” =>

=> 54.5 MeV  $e^-$  = 100 GeV/amu ions

E-cooler for RHIC (BNL/Budker INP/JINR) -  
- see below

## Electron cooler for IMP, Lanzhou – ready for delivery from Budker INP



## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling  
“technologies”

Electron cooler based on  
**electrostatic accelerator**  
**of electron energy ~ 7 MeV**  
(proposal of BINP for  
FAIR project at GSI)

New scheme of electrostatic  
accelerator and e-beam  
“magnetization” (see WEPLTO56)

## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling "technologies"

Electron cooler with bunched and single pass electron beam-

- the scheme based on

**recuperator-linac**

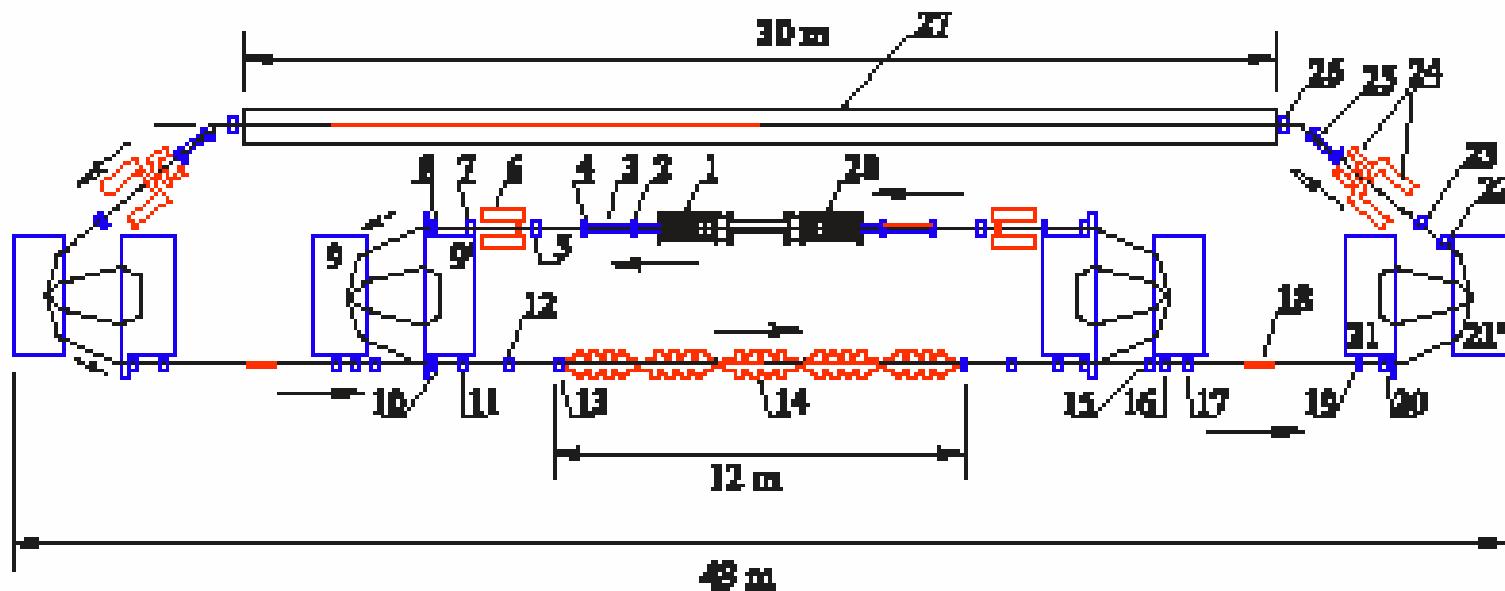
(proposal of BINP for RHIC mentioned above)

This is an advance in the range of few tens of MeV of electron energy.

## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

### Electron cooler – recuperator concept (Budker INP)



Linac based electron cooling system with electron energy recuperation (Proposal of Budker INP for RHIC)

## II. Reflecting... Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

# “Crystalline” beam application:

Electron-**ion** collider with

crystalline ion beam ⇒

⇒ very high luminosity.

[D.Möhl and T.Katayama, RIKEN preprint

ISSN 1346-2431 AF-AC-39, Nov.2002]



## II. Reflecting...Where we are and where we go...

❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

❖ Single particle cooling:

Possibilities for Experiments with Rare  
Radioactive Ions in a Storage Ring  
Using Individual Injection

TUPLT103 A. Sidorin, I.Meshkov, A.Smirnov, E.Syresin,  
G. Troubnikov (JINR, Dubna, ), T.Katayama (Tokyo University),  
W.Mittig, P.Roussel-Chomaz (GANIL, Caen)



- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

### LEPTA Project (JINR, Dubna)

**TUPLT104** I.Seleznev, V.Antropov, E.Boltushkin, V.Bykovsky,  
A.Ivanov, S.Ivashkevich, A.Kobets, Yu.Korotaev, V.Lohmatov,  
I.Meshkov, D.Monahov, V.Pavlov, R.Pivin,, A.Sidorin, A.Smirnov,  
E.Syresin, G.Troubnikov, S.Yakovenko (JINR, Dubna)

#### The goals:

- ✓ Electron cooling of circulating positrons and Positronium generation in-flight;
- ✓ Antihydrogen generation (FLAIR project, GSI, ELENA project, CERN);
- ✓ Electron cooling of high energy ions and p-bars with circulating electron beam.

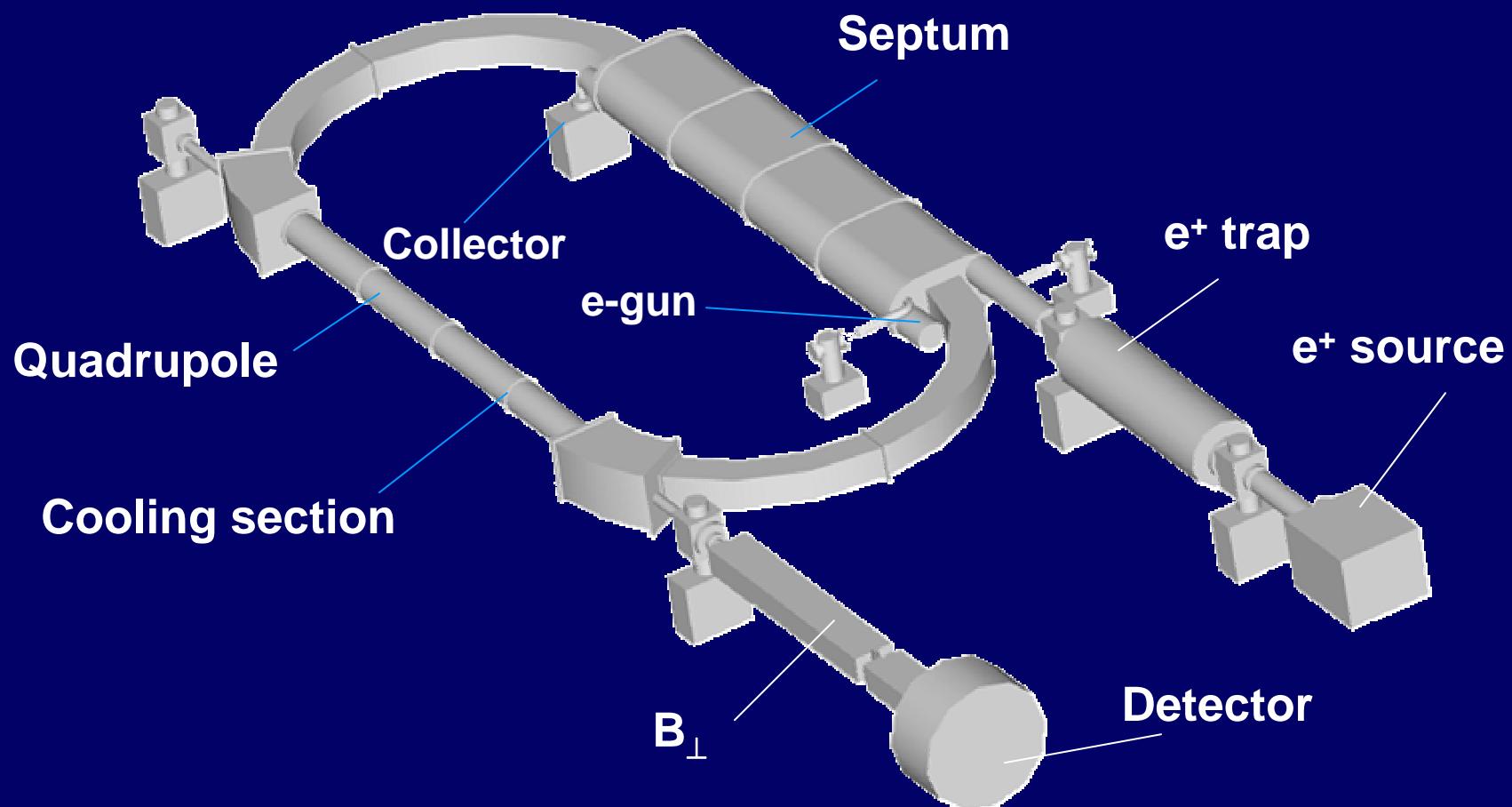


## II.2. Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

### LEPTA scheme

See TUPLT104

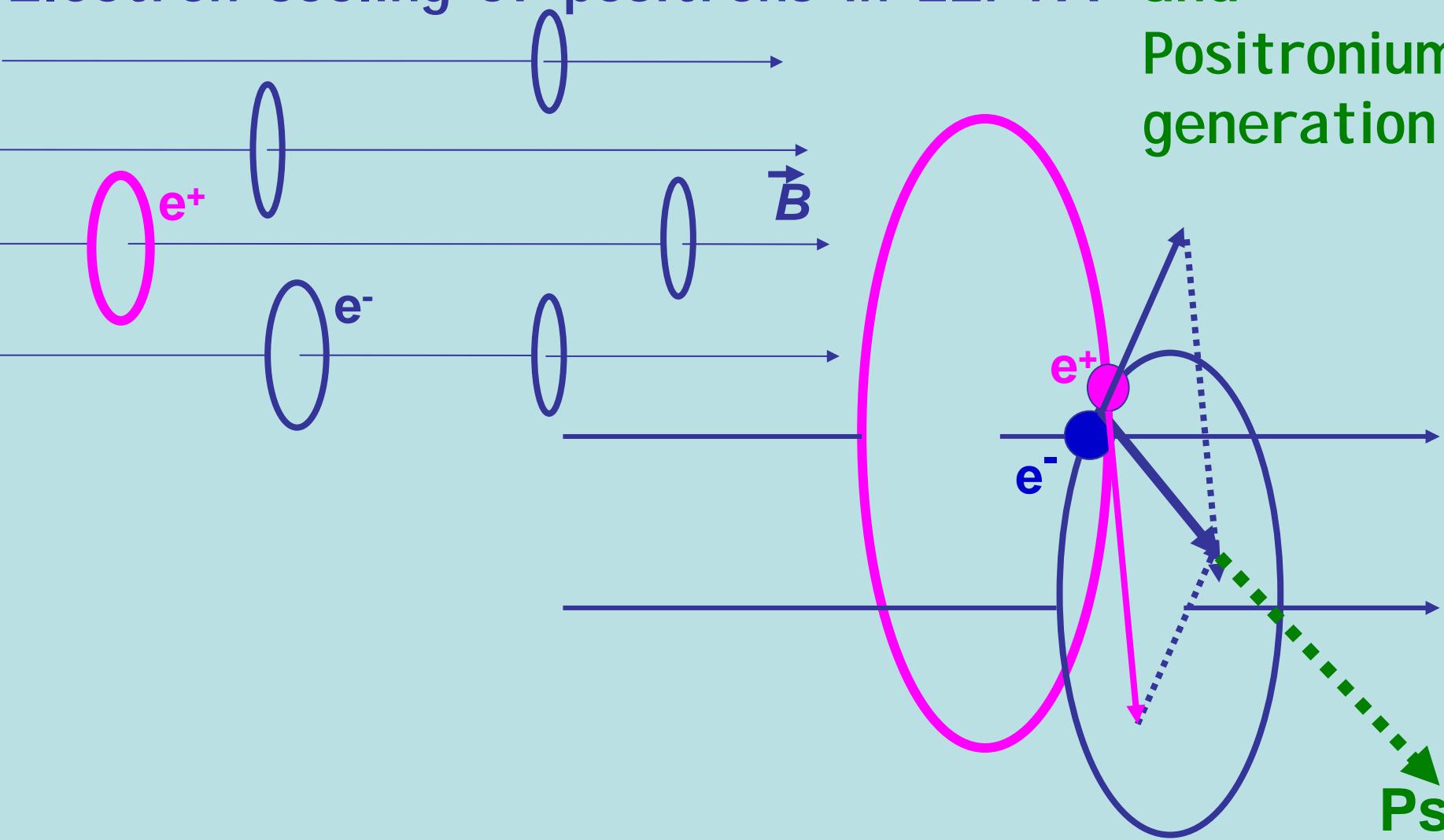




## $\vec{B}$ III. Reflecting...Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

# Electron cooling of positrons in LEPTA and Positronium generation

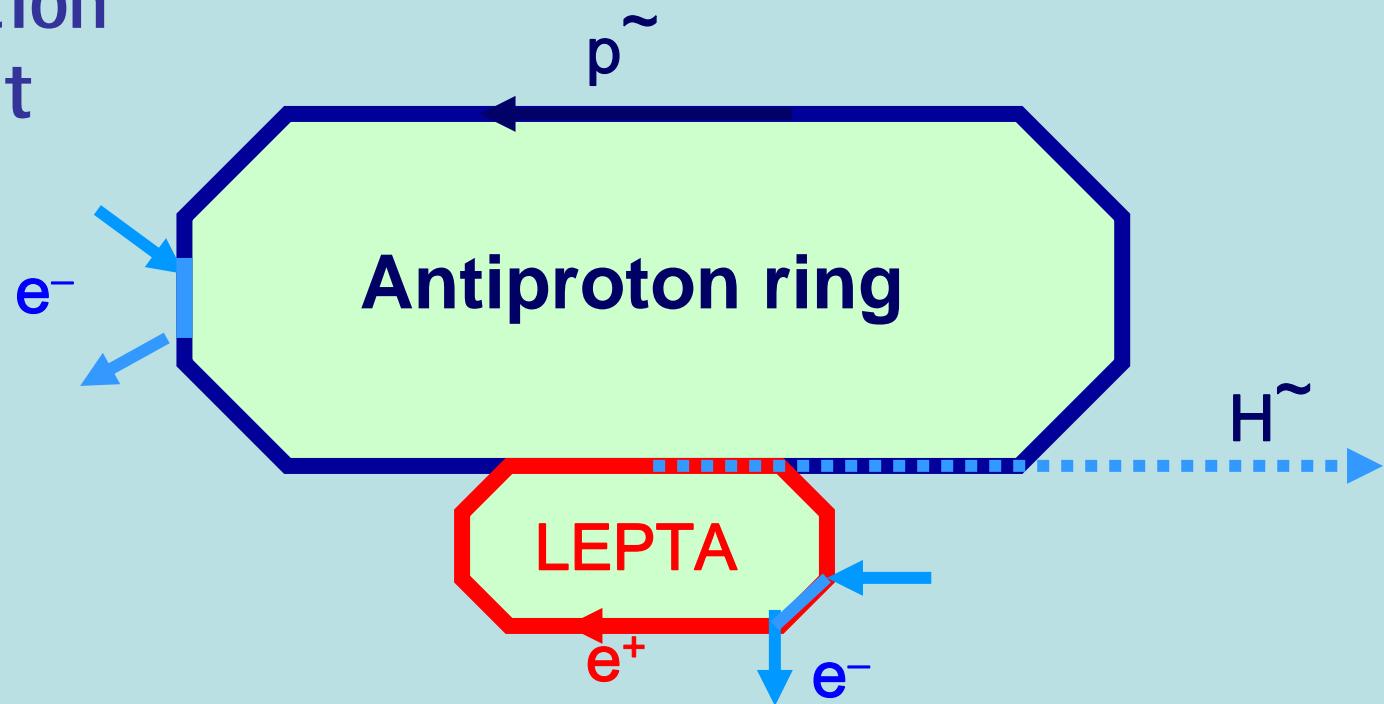




## II. Reflecting...Where we are and where we go...

- ❖ New concepts in electron cooling “technologies”

### Antihydrogen generation in-flight

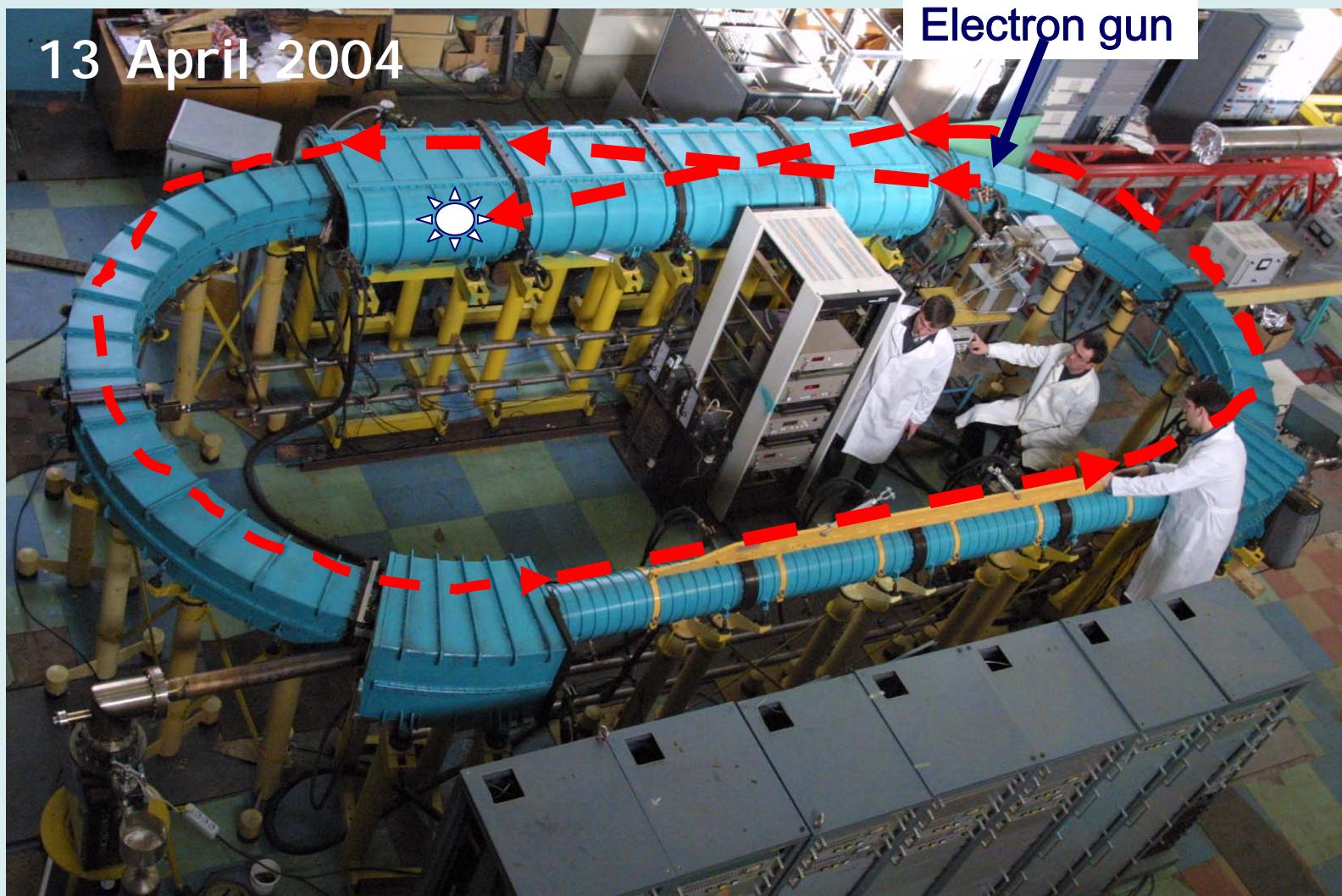


(FLAIR „subproject“ in FAIR project, GSI,  
ELENA project, CERN);



II. Reflecting...Where we are and where we go...

## Status of LEPTA project



1st turn of pulsed electron beam



II. Reflecting...Where we are and where we go...

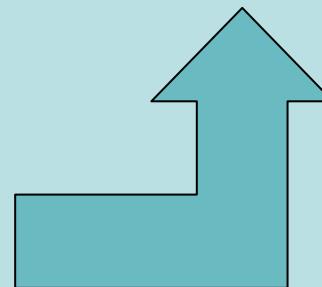
## Status of LEPTA project



# Conclusion:

“Electron cooling is  
as inexhaustible  
as electron itself...”

One can paraphrase it now



The famous sentence;

‘electron is as inexhaustible as atom...’

*Vladimir Ulianov (Lenin), 1909*