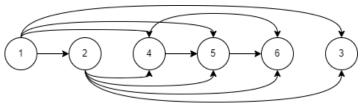
## Design and Analysis of Algorithms 6.3 Dynamic Programming Exercises

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## 6.3.2

- You have a sequence of numbers  $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_n$
- Find the continuous subsequence  $[x_i, ..., x_j]$  with the greatest sum
- Not allowed to skip elements!
- Use dynamic programming to find an O(n) solution



example linearized DAG

Similar to largest increasing subsequence, but we track the sum instead of the length.

```
\begin{aligned} prev(0) &= x_1 \\ \textbf{for all } j &= 1, 2, ...n, \text{ in linearized order do} \\ sum_j += max\{S[j] + x_j : (i,j) \in E\} \\ \textbf{if } S[j] &< sum_j \textbf{ then} \\ S[j] &= sum_j \\ prev(j) \cdot (i,j) \text{ concat} \\ \textbf{end if} \\ \textbf{end for} \end{aligned}
```