## Nuclear

Waves

$$v = f\lambda$$

$$n = \frac{\sin(\text{big})}{\sin(\text{small})}$$

$$\sin c = \frac{1}{n}$$

Electricity

$$Q = It$$

$$V = IR$$

$$P = IV$$

$$E = QV$$

F/M/E

$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

$$F = ma$$

$$W = mg$$

$$W = Fd$$

$$GPE = mgh$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$${\rm efficiency} = \frac{{\rm useful\ energy\ output}}{{\rm total\ energy\ input}}$$

$$p = mv$$

$$M = Fd$$

EMag

$$\frac{\text{input (primary) voltage}}{\text{output (secondary) voltage}} = \frac{\text{primary turns}}{\text{secondary turns}}$$

input power = output power 
$$V_{\rm p}I_{\rm p}=V_{\rm s}I_{\rm s}$$

(for 100% efficiency)

SLG

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$p = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$p = \rho g h$$