Prelab 8

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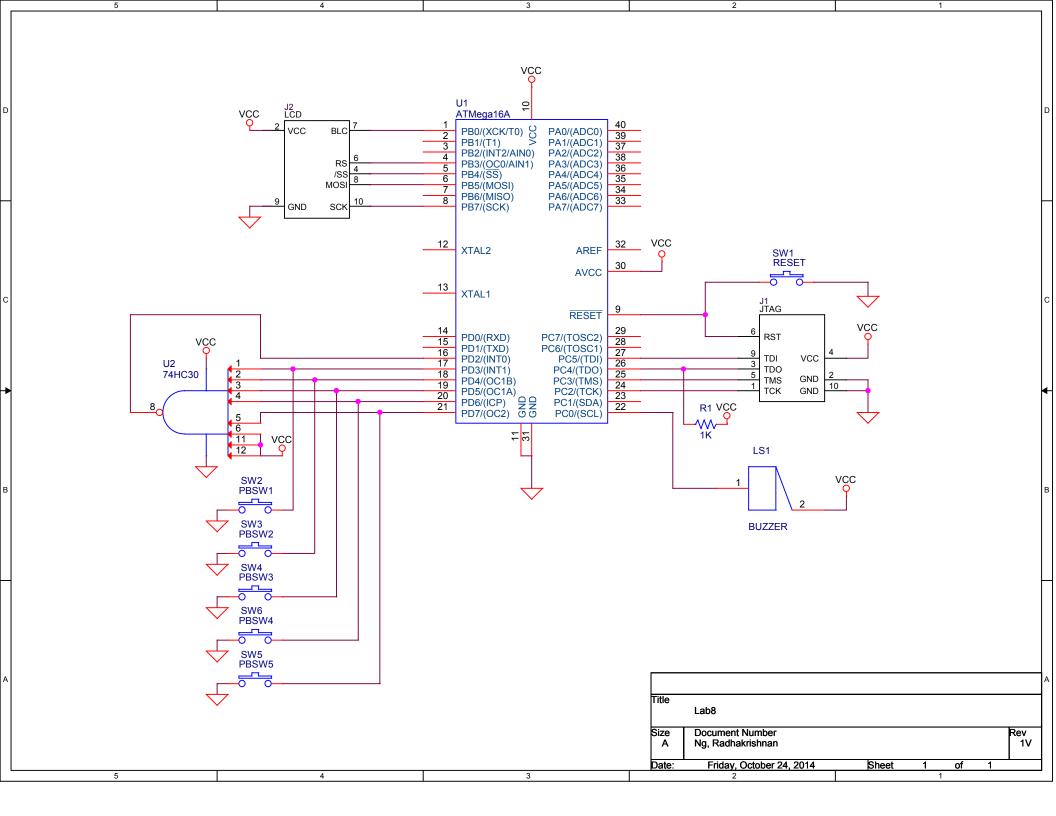
<u>**ID:**</u> 109223276

Course and section: ESE 380 L01

Bench Number: 6

<u>Due Date/time</u>: 10/28/14 9:00 PM

<u>Date of the Lab:</u> 10/29/14



AVRASM ver. 2.1.52 C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files \ese 380 lab\lab \frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2.asm Tue Oct 28 19:43:52 2014

C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 8\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\asm(35): Including file 'C:\Program Files (x86)\Atmel\Atmel Toolchain\AVR Assembler\Native\2.1.39.1005\avrassembler\Include\m16def.inc' C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 8\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2.asm(257): Including file 'C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 8\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\frequency_meter_2\lambda.inc'

* frequency_meter_2.asm

```
; This program will be the same as the previous lab. except the gate period
                ; will be check by the timer and interrupt. The lcd display will now display
                ; in decimial instead of hex. This is done using a subroutine provided by
                ; the atmel corp the Lcd setup code is copied from asm file provided in the
                ; previous lab. the gater period of this code will be 1second, meaning only
                ; the positive edge will be counted. All the code is the same for the next
                ; 2 codes, thus only the number on the compare register will be changed
                ;inputs - pa7(freq generator)
                ;outputs - pb(J2 - connecting to the lcd)
                ;switches are connected to pd, but since they are not used
                ;they will not be initialized.
                ; register modified for the code i added:
                ; r16 - general pupose
                ; r8 and r9 - used as the positive edge counter
                ; r25 - has the values of the freq, which will later be sent to y
                ; r8, r9 - positive edge counters
                ; r17 - incremented for 6 times, used to empty spaces on the lcd
                ; for 6 times. The frequency will be located at the center
                ; r27 - set to 6, so we can compare and stop after r17 is inc
                ; 6 times.
                ; r1,r2,r3,r4, r5 are used to unpack and contain the values stored
                ; in r8 and r9, which will later be accessed to display the freq
                .LIST
                .cseg
                                                   ;reset/restart code entry point <<<<<<<<</pre>
                   .org 0
000000 c01c
                   rjmp reset
                   //when the counter is equal to 1s, the interrupt will be called
                   //0x0E is the adress for timer compare match B.
                   //when the interrupt is called, it will jump to isr_tc0_display
                   .org 0x0E
00000e 940c 0043
                   jmp isr_tc0_display
                start tc1:
               //intialization for the timer
                  ldi r16, $00
000010 e000
                                        ; set up counter with 0's
                 out TCNT1H, r16
000011 bd0d
000012 bd0c
                  out TCNT1L, r16
```

```
;Init Timer/counter Interrupt MaSK (TIMSK) register to enable/set
000013 e008
                                                        ;load with bcd 1000, this will enable the
                    ldi r16, 8
                                                        ;"ocie1b" which is located in bit 4 of the
                                                        ;register.
                                                        ;refer to datasheet pg 115 for details
000014 bf09
                   out TIMSK, r16
                                                        ;set up the timer interrupt
000015 e200
                   ldi r16, 1<<ICF1
                                                        ;loading the timer interrupt flag register
000016 bf08
                   out TIFR, r16
                                                        ;load the counter with 15625
000017 e30c
                   ldi r16, $3C
000018 bd09
                   out OCR1BH, r16
                                                       ; so that we will get 1s
000019 ea04
                   ldi r16, $A4
00001a bd08
                   out OCR1BL, r16
00001b 9478
                                                        ;enable global interrupts...
                   sei
                    ;TCCR1B = FOC0 : WGM11 : COM10 : WGM11 : CS12 : CS11 : CS10
                    ;00000011
                    ; FOC Off; No WF Gen; COM=Nrml Port Op; Pre-scaler= 1/64
00001c 9508
                   ret
                 reset:
00001d e50f
                   ldi r16, low(ramend)
                   out spl, r16
00001e bf0d
00001f e004
                   ldi r16, high(ramend)
000020 bf0e
                   out sph, r16
                                                        ;initialize stack pointer
000021 e000
                   ldi r16, $00
000022 bb01
                   out ddrd, r16
                                                       ;set up the port b as inputs to read the pbsw
                                                       ;values
                                                       ; and nand gate input on pd(2)
                                                       ; set portB = output.
000023 ef0f
                    ldi r16, 0xff
000024 bb07
                    out DDRB, r16
                                                       ; for lcd display
000025 9ac4
                                                       ; set /SS of DOG LCD = 1 (Deselected)1
                    sbi portB, 4
000026 e001
                    ldi r16, 1
                                                       ; set DDRC for all in but PC0
000027 bb04
                    out DDRC, r16
000028 9aa8
                    sbi PortC, 0
                                                       ; turn off sounder
000029 e400
                   ldi r16,0b01000000
                                                        ; set up port a to
00002a bb0a
                   out ddra, r16
                                                        ;read the frequency input on pa7 and output pulse
                                                        ; on pa6
00002b d08d
                   rcall init_lcd_dog
                                                       ; init display, using SPI serial interface
00002c dfe3
                    rcall start_tc1
                                                       ;init the timer counter 1
                       /*
                    ldi r16, 28
                    mov r9, r16
                    ldi r16, 60
                    mov r8, r16*/
                                                       ;for testing in simulation
                 main:
                    //start timer code
                   ldi r16, 0<<CS12|1<<CS11|1<<CS10
00002d e003
                                                      ; load 64 PRESCaLE TCCR0 value.
                                                       ; and start timer
00002e bd0e
                   out TCCR1B, r16
00002f d004
                   rcall frequency_meter_2
                                                       ; load the timer and count the frequency
```

```
;clear the t flag
000030 94e8
                 clt
000031 d0f5
                 rcall unpack
                                               ;when timer is done, unpack the edge counts
000032 d017
                                                ;after its unpacked, display
                 rcall message_dsp_loop
000033 cff9
                 rjmp main
              subroutine: frequency_meter_2
                   This subroutine uses r9:r8 to store the positive edge counters
                   Every time there is a logic change from 0 to 1 or 1 to 0 it updates the
                   new value into r25 and if it is a change from 0 to 1 then the edge
                   counter is incremented. This program runs for 1 second until the t flag
              frequency_meter_2:
000034 e000
                 ldi r16, $00
000035 2e80
                 mov r8, r16
000036 2e90
                 mov r9, r16
000037 b399
                 in r25, pinA
                                       ;and positive edge counter
                 check_edge:
000038 f04e
                  brts finish
000039 b309
                    in r16, pina
                                        ;take in the current wave signal logic
00003a 1709
                    cp r16,r25
                                         ;and compare to previous logic recorded,
00003b f3e1
                   breq check_edge
                                         ;if it is the same then skip to tweak delay
00003c 2f90
                   mov r25,r16
00003d f3d0
                  brcs check_edge
                                       ;if there is a carry then branch
00003e 9483
                   inc r8
                                        ;and then increment the counter
00003f f7c1
                                        ;if it didnt over count then go to tweak delay
                  brne check_edge
000040 9493
                                         ;if so then increment the second register
                   inc r9
000041 f3b6
                    brts check edge
                finish:
000042 9508
                    ret
              ;when the interrupt is called it will jump to this subroutine
              ;set the T flag, resets the timer, update the display
              isr_tc0_display:
              ;codes will be added here after frequency subroutine is added.
000043 930f
                    push r16
000044 9468
                    set
                                                  ;set the tflag
000045 e000
                   ldi r16, $00
000046 bd0d
                    out TCNT1H, r16
000047 bd0c
                                                   ;reset the timer counter
                   out TCNT1L, r16
000048 910f
                   pop r16
000049 9518
                    reti
              ;------
              ;Code to load and display each line on the lcd
              ;r25 is used to load the value of the each digit to the pointer
              ;line 2 refers to table, which containes numbers and depending
              ;on the frequncy, each number is picked and displayed
              ;overflow is not need but, just left since it doesn't affect.
              ;-----
              message dsp loop:
00004a d0b1
                rcall clr dsp buffs
                                               ; clear all three buffer lines
00004b d08b
                 rcall update_lcd_dog
                                                   ; compare weather the frequency value
00004c e30a
                ldi r16, $3A
                                                ; is less than 15k
00004d 1690
                cp r9, r16
00004e f0d0
                 BRLO regular
                                                   ;if less then branch off and display the
```

C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall ...\frequency_meter_2\Debug\frequency_meter_2.lss ; calculated value ;if not continue. overflow: ;load 1st line of prompt message into dbuff1 00004f e0f0 ldi ZH, high(line1_message<<1)</pre> 000050 eaec ldi ZL, low(line1_message<<1)</pre> 000051 d0b2 rcall load msg ; load message into buffer(s). /*second line will be left blank when overflows ;LOAD 2ND LINE OF THE MESSAGE INTO DBUFF2 ldi ZH, high(line2_message<<1)</pre> ldi ZL, low(line2_message<<1)</pre> ;load the table to stack rcall load_msg ;load the frequency number into the buffer ;load 3rd line of prompt message into dbuff3 000052 e0f0 ldi ZH, high(line3_message<<1)</pre> ; 000053 ece0 ldi ZL, low(line3_message<<1)</pre> 000054 d0af rcall load_msg ; load message into buffer(s). 000055 d081 rcall update_lcd_dog ;-----;lines to display on the lcd ;-----.cseg 000056 2a01 000057 2a2a 000058 6f2a 000059 6576 00005a 6672 00005b 6f6c 00005c 2a77 00005d 2a2a line1_message: .db 1, "****overflow****", 0 ; test string for line #1. 00005e 002a line2_message: .db 2,"",0 00005f 0002 000060 7e03 000061 7e7e 000062 7e7e 000063 313e 000064 6b35 000065 7a68 000066 7e7e 000067 7e7e 000068 007e line3_message: .db 3, "~~~~>15khz~~~~", 0 ; test string for line #3. regular: ;load 1st line of prompt message into dbuff1 000069 e0f0 ldi ZH, high(line1_message0<<1)</pre> ; ldi ZL, low(line1_message0<<1)</pre> 00006a eee6 00006b d098 ; load message into buffer(s). rcall load_msg

```
;LOAD 2ND LINE OF THE MESSAGE INTO DBUFF2
00006c e0f0
                     ldi ZH, high(line2_message0<<1)</pre>
                                                            ;load the table to stack
00006d efe8
                     ldi ZL, low(line2_message0<<1)</pre>
00006e d095
                     rcall load_msg
                                                            ;load the frequency number into the buffer
                     ;load 3rd line of prompt message into dbuff3
                     ldi ZH, high(line3_message0<<1)</pre>
00006f e0f0
000070 efea
                     ldi ZL, low(line3_message0<<1)</pre>
```

```
000071 d092
                 rcall load msg
                                               ; load message into buffer(s).
000072 d064
                 rcall update_lcd_dog
              ;lines to display on the lcd
              ;-----
              .cseg
000073 2a01
000074 2a2a
000075 5246
000076 5145
000077 4555
000078 434e
000079 2a59
00007a 2a2a
                            .db 1, "***FREQUENCY****", 0 ; test string for line #1.
00007b 002a
              line1_message0:
              line2_message0: .db 2,"",0
00007c 0002
00007d 4603
00007e 314d
00007f 2a2a
000080 2a2a
000081 5a48
000082 2a2a
000083 312a
000084 4553
                            .db 3, "FM1****HZ***1SEC", 0 ; test string for line #3.
000085 0043
              line3 message0:
              •********************************
              ;----- SUBROUTINES ------
              .include "lcd_dog_asm_driver_m16A.inc" ; LCD DOG init/update procedures.
              ;modified 11/26/12 KLS
              ; lcd_spi_transmit_data and lcd_spi_transmit_CMD handling of SPIF flag
              ;modifued 07/21/14 FST
              ; added BLOCK comments for adjusting power_ctrl & contrast_set parameters
              ATMega16A 2015 Version
                                                            PRINT IN LANDSCAPE
                 This AVR-asm code module is usable as an include file for assembly
                  language and or mixed asm/C application programs. The code is freely
                 usable by any University of Stonybrook undergraduate students for any
                 and all not-for-profit system designs and or implementations.
                 This code is designed to be executed on an AVR ATMega micro-computer.
                 And may be readily adapted for compatibility with IAR/AVR compilers.
                 See the IAR assembler reference guide for more information by
                 clicking 'Help > AVR Assembly Reference Guide" on the above menus.
              This module contains procedures to initialize and update
                 DOG text based LCD display modules, including the EA DOG163M LCD
                 modules configured with three (3) 16 charactors display lines.
                 The display module hardware interface uses a 1-direction, write only
                 SPI interface. (See below for more information.)
```

```
The display module software interface uses three (3) 16-byte
                  data (RAM) based display buffers - One for each line of the display.
                  (See below for more information.)
               ************************
                  *** Port B Interface Definitions:
                                                                  PB1
                 Port B
                                  PB7
                                        PB6
                                             PB5
                                                  PB4
                                                        PB3
                                                             PB2
                                                                        PB0
                 Port B alt names
                                  SCK
                                       MISO MOSI /SS
                                                        /RS
                                                  /CSB
                 LCD Mod Signal
                                  D6
                                              D7
                 LCD Mod Pin #
                                  29
                                              28
                                                   38
                 Notes: RS ==> 0 = command regs, 1 = data regs
                        /SS = active low SPI select signal
               **********
               .DSEG
000060
               dsp_buff_1:
                           .byte 16
000070
               dsp_buff_2:
                           .byte 16
000080
               dsp_buff_3:
                           .byte 16
               ;*** CODE Segment Subroutines ********************
               .CSEG
               **************
               ;NAME:
                           delay_30uS
               ;ASSUMES:
                           nothing
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
               ;MODIFIES:
                           R24, SREG
               ;CALLED BY:
                           init_dsp
               ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                           30 uS (assuming a 1 MHz clock).
               ************************
000086 0000
               delay_30uS:
                           nop
                                  ; fine tune delay
000087 0000
                           nop
000088 938f
                           push r24
000089 e08f
                           ldi
                                r24, 0x0f ; load delay count.
00008a 958a
               d30 loop:
                                          ; count down to
                           dec
                                r24
00008b f7f1
                           brne d30_loop
                                          ; zero.
00008c 918f
                           pop
                                r24
00008d 9508
                           ret
               *************
               ; NAME:
                           v delay
                           R22, R23 = initial count values defining how many
               ;ASSUMES:
                           30uS delays will be called. This procedure can generate
                           short delays (r23 = small #) or much longer delays (where
                           R23 value is large).
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
                           R22, R23, SREG
               ;MODIFIES:
               ;CALLED BY:
                           init_dsp, plus...
               ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a variable delay for a fixed
                           period of time based the values pasted in R24 and R25.
               ;
```

```
;Sample Delays:
                          R22 R23 DelayTime
                           1
                               1
                                   ~65.5 uS
                           0
                                   ~14.2 mS
                               1
                           а
                               9
                                  ~130 mS
              00008e dff7
              v delay:
                          rcall delay_30uS ; delay for ~30uS
00008f 956a
                          dec r22; decrement inner loop value, and
000090 f7e9
                          brne v_delay ; loop until zero.
000091 957a
                          dec r23; decr outer loop count, and loop back
000092 f7d9
                          brne v_delay ; to inner loop delay until r23 zero.
000093 9508
                          ret
              **************
              ;NAME:
                          delay_40mS
              ;ASSUMES:
                          nothing
              ; RETURNS:
                          nothing
              ;MODIFIES:
                          R22,R23, SREG
              ;CALLED BY:
                          init_dsp, ????
              ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                          40 mS.
              ***********************
              delay_40mS:
                          ldi r22,0
                                      ; load inner loop var
000094 e060
000095 e074
                          ldi r23,4
                                         ; load outer loop var
000096 dff7
                          rcall v_delay ; delay
000097 9508
                          ret
              **************
              ;NAME:
                         init_spi_lcd
              ;ASSUMES:
                         IMPORTANT: PortB set as output (during program init)
              ; RETURNS:
                         nothing
              ;MODIFIES:
                         DDRB, SPCR
              ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
              ;DESCRITION: init SPI port for command and data writes to LCD via SPI
              init_spi_lcd:
000098 930f
                   push r16
000099 e50c
                   ldi r16,(1<<SPE) | (1<<MSTR) | (1<<CPOL) | (1<<CPHA)
00009a b90d
                   out SPCR,r16 ; Enable SPI, Master, fck/4,
                   ;kill any spurious data...
                   in r16, SPSR ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR
00009b b10e
                   in r16, SPDR
00009c b10f
                                ; restore r16 value...
00009d 910f
                   pop r16
00009e 9508
                   ret
              ***********
              ; NAME:
                         lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                         r16 = byte for LCD.
              ;ASSUMES:
                         SPI port is configured.
                         nothing
              ; RETURNS:
                         R16, PortB, SPCR
              ;MODIFIES:
              ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
              ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for data
                         to be written by spi port before continuing.
```

```
lcd_spi_transmit_CMD:
00009f 930f
                    push r16
                                    ; save command, need r16.
                                   ; clr PB2 = RS = 0 = comman
; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
;
                                   ; clr PB1 = RS = 0 = command.
0000a0 98c3
                    cbi portB, 3
0000a1 98c4
                    cbi portB, 4
0000a2 b10e
                    in r16, SPSR
0000a3 b10f
                      in r16, SPDR
0000a4 910f
                                     ; restore command
                    pop r16
0000a5 b90f
                    out SPDR,r16
                                     ; write data to SPI port.
                    ;Wait for transmission complete
               wait_transmit:
                                    ; read status reg
0000a6 b10e
                    in r16, SPSR
                    sbrs r16, SPIF ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
0000a7 ff07
0000a8 cffd
                    rjmp wait_transmit
0000a9 b10f
                   in r16, SPDR ;added by Ken to clear SPIF
0000aa 9ac4
                   sbi portB, 4 ; set PB2 = /SS = deselected
0000ab 9508
                ***********
                           lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
                ;NAME:
                ;ASSUMES:
                           r16 = byte to transmit to LCD.
                           SPI port is configured.
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
               ;MODIFIES:
                           R16, SPCR
                ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
               ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for
                           data to be written by spi port before continuing.
                lcd_spi_transmit_DATA:
                               ; save command, need r16.
0000ac 930f
                    push r16
0000ad 9ac3
                    sbi portB, 3 ; clr PB1 = RS = 1 = data.
0000ae 98c4
                    cbi portB, 4 ; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
0000af b10e
                     in r16, SPSR ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
0000b0 b10f
                      in r16, SPDR ;
                                   ; restore command.
0000b1 910f
                    pop r16
0000b2 b90f
                    out SPDR,r16
                                   ; write data to SPI port.
                    ;Wait for transmission complete
               wait transmit1:
0000b3 b10e
                                   ; read status reg
                    in r16, SPSR
                    sbrs r16, SPIF ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
0000b4 ff07
0000b5 cffd
                   rjmp wait_transmit1
0000b6 b10f
                   0000b7 9ac4
0000b8 9508
                    ret
                **************
                ;NAME:
                           init_lcd_dog
                ;ASSUMES:
                           nothing
                ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
                ;MODIFIES:
                           R16, R17
                ;CALLED BY: main application
               ;DESCRITION: inits DOG module LCD display for SPI (serial) operation.
               ;NOTE: Can be used as is with MCU clock speeds of 4MHz or less.
               ; public __version_1 void init_dsp(void)
               init_lcd_dog:
0000b9 dfde
                      rcall init_spi_lcd ; init SPI port for DOG LCD.
```

```
start_dly_40ms:
                    rcall delay_40mS
0000ba dfd9
                                    ; startup delay.
              func_set1:
                                      ; send fuction set #1
0000bb e309
                   ldi
                          r16,0x39
0000bc dfe2
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
                                     ; delay for command to be processed
0000bd dfc8
                    rcall delay_30uS
              func_set2:
0000be e309
                    ldi
                          r16,0x39 ; send fuction set #2
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000bf dfdf
0000c0 dfc5
                    rcall delay_30uS ; delay for command to be processed
              bias_set:
0000c1 e10e
                          r16,0x1E
                    ldi
                                     ; set bias value.
0000c2 dfdc
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000c3 dfc2
                    rcall delay_30uS
                                     ;
                                             ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
                                            ; === (CAUTION... VERY DELICATE ADJUSTMENT)
              power_ctrl:
0000c4 e500
                    ldi
                          r16,0x50
                                            ; === 5V ~= 0x50 nominal; Adjust by 1 ONLY
0000c5 dfd9
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ; === 3.3V ~= 0x55 nominal
                                                                    and think hex!
0000c6 dfbf
                    rcall delay_30uS
                                           ; Hex = 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,a,b,c,d,e,f
                                             follower_ctrl:
0000c7 e60c
                    ldi r16,0x6C
                                     ; follower mode on...
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000c8 dfd6
0000c9 dfca
                    rcall delay_40mS
                                    ;
                                            ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
                                             ; === LCD CONTRAST SETTING ADJUSTMENT
              contrast set:
                                            ; ===
0000ca e707
                    ldi
                          r16,0x77
0000cb dfd3
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ; === Delicate: increases for 3.3V vs 5V
0000cc dfb9
                    rcall delay_30uS
                                    display_on:
                                     ; display on, cursor off, blink off
0000cd e00c
                    1di
                          r16,0x0c
0000ce dfd0
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                    rcall delay_30uS ;
0000cf dfb6
              clr_display:
0000d0 e001
                          r16,0x01
                                     ; clear display, cursor home
                    ldi
0000d1 dfcd
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000d2 dfb3
                    rcall delay_30uS
              entry_mode:
0000d3 e006
                    ldi
                          r16,0x06
                                      ; clear display, cursor home
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD;
0000d4 dfca
0000d5 dfb0
                    rcall delay_30uS
0000d6 9508
                    ret
              **********
```

```
; NAME:
                             update_lcd_dog
                ;ASSUMES:
                             display buffers loaded with display data
                             nothing
                 ; RETURNS:
                             R16, R20, R30, R31, SREG
                 ;MODIFIES:
                ;DESCRITION: Updates the LCD display lines 1, 2, and 3, using the
                ; contents of dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, and dsp_buff_3, respectively.
                ; public version 1 void update dsp dog (void)
                update_lcd_dog:
0000d7 dfc0
                       rcall init_spi_lcd
                                           ; init SPI port for LCD.
                                           ; init 'chars per line' counter.
                       ldi r20,16
0000d8 e140
0000d9 934f
                       push r20
                                            ; save for later used.
                       ;send line 1 to the LCD module.
                wr_line1:
0000da e0f0
                             ZH, high (dsp_buff_1) ; init ptr to line 1 display buffer.
0000db e6e0
                       ldi
                             ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                snd_ddram_addr:
                                                  ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000dc e800
                       ldi r16,0x80
0000dd dfc1
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
0000de dfa7
                       rcall delay_30uS
                snd_buff_1:
0000df 9101
                      ld
                             r16, Z+
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000e0 dfcb
0000e1 dfa4
                       rcall delay_30uS
0000e2 954a
                       dec r20
                       brne snd_buff_1
0000e3 f7d9
                       ;send line 2 to the LCD module.
                init_for_buff_2:
                                     ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
0000e4 914f
                       pop r20
0000e5 934f
                       push r20
                                    ; save for line 3
                wr_line2:
0000e6 e0f0
                       ldi ZH, high (dsp_buff_2) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
0000e7 e7e0
                       ldi ZL, low (dsp_buff_2)
                snd_ddram_addr2:
0000e8 e900
                       ldi r16,0x90
                                                    ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000e9 dfb5
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000ea df9b
                       rcall delay_30uS
                snd_buff_2:
0000eb 9101
                      ld
                             r16, Z+
0000ec dfbf
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000ed df98
                       rcall delay_30uS
0000ee 954a
                       dec r20
0000ef f7d9
                       brne snd_buff_2
                       ;send line 3 to the LCD module.
                init_for_buff_3:
0000f0 914f
                                     ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
                       pop r20
                wr_line3:
0000f1 e0f0
                       ldi ZH, high (dsp_buff_3) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
0000f2 e8e0
                       ldi
                            ZL, low (dsp_buff_3)
                snd_ddram_addr3:
0000f3 ea00
                       ldi r16,0xA0
                                                    ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000f4 dfaa
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                                                            ;
0000f5 df90
                       rcall delay_30uS
                snd_buff_3:
0000f6 9101
                 ld
                             r16, Z+
0000f7 dfb4
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000f8 df8d
                       rcall delay 30uS
```

```
0000f9 954a
                      dec
                           r20
0000fa f7d9
                      brne snd_buff_3
0000fb 9508
                      ret
               ;***** End Of LCD DOG Include Module ***********************
                **************
               ; NAME:
                          clr_dsp_buffs
                ;FUNCTION: Initializes dsp_buffers 1, 2, and 3 with blanks (0x20)
               ;ASSUMES: Three CONTIGUOUS 16-byte dram based buffers named
                          dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, dsp_buff_3.
               ; RETURNS:
                          nothing.
                ;MODIFIES: r25,r26, Z-ptr
               ;CALLS:
                          none
               ;CALLED BY: main application and diagnostics
                clr_dsp_buffs:
                    ldi R25, 48
0000fc e390
                                                  ; load total length of both buffer.
                                                  ; load blank/space into R26.
                    ldi R26, ' '
0000fd e2a0
0000fe e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high (dsp_buff_1)
                                                  ; Load ZH and ZL as a pointer to 1st
                    ldi ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
0000ff e6e0
                                                   ; byte of buffer for line 1.
                   ;set DDRAM address to 1st position of first line.
               store bytes:
                                                   ; store ' ' into 1st/next buffer byte and
000100 93a1
                    st Z+, R26
                                                   ; auto inc ptr to next location.
000101 959a
                    dec R25
                                                   ; cont until r25=0, all bytes written.
000102 f7e9
                    brne store bytes
000103 9508
                    ret
               ************
                          load msg
               ;FUNCTION: Loads a predefined string msg into a specified diplay
                          buffer.
                ;ASSUMES: Z = offset of message to be loaded. Msg format is
                          defined below.
               ; RETURNS:
                          nothing.
                ;MODIFIES: r16, Y, Z
                ;CALLS:
                          nothing
               ;CALLED BY:
               *************************
               ; Message structure:
               ; label: .db <buff num>, <text string/message>, <end of string>
               ; Message examples (also see Messages at the end of this file/module):
                   {\rm msg\_1:~.db~1,"First~Message~",~0~} ; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0 msg_2: .db 1,"Another message ",~0~; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0
                   a) The 1st number indicates which buffer to load (either 1, 2, or 3).
                   b) The last number (zero) is an 'end of string' indicator.
                   c) Y = ptr to disp_buffer
                      Z = ptr to message (passed to subroutine)
                *************************
               load_msg:
000104 e0d0
                    ldi YH, high (dsp_buff_1)
                                                   ; Load YH and YL as a pointer to 1st
                                                   ; byte of dsp_buff_1 (Note - assuming
000105 e6c0
                    ldi YL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                                                   ; (dsp_buff_1 for now).
                                                   ; get dsply buff number (1st byte of msg).
000106 9105
                    lpm R16, Z+
                                                       ; if equal to '1', ptr already setup.
000107 3001
                    cpi r16, 1
                    breq get_msg_byte
000108 f031
                                                  ; jump and start message load.
                   adiw YH:YL, 16
                                                      ; else set ptr to dsp buff 2.
000109 9660
00010a e010
                   ldi r17, $00
```

```
00010b e0b6
                    ldi r27, 6
00010c 3002
                    cpi r16, 2
                                                         ; if equal to '2', ptr now setup.
                    breq digit_load
                                                    ; jump and start message load.
00010d f031
00010e 9660
                    adiw YH:YL, 16
                                                        ; else set ptr to dsp buff 3.
                get_msg_byte:
00010f 9105
                    lpm R16, Z+
                                                    ; get next byte of msg and see if '0'.
000110 3000
                    cpi R16, 0
                                                         ; if equal to '0', end of message reached.
000111 f0a1
                    breq msg loaded
                                                    ; jump and stop message loading operation.
000112 9309
                    st Y+, R16
                                                         ; else, store next byte of msg in buffer.
000113 cffb
                                                    ; jump back and continue...
                    rjmp get_msg_byte
                ; digital_load will only be accessed when displaying line 2,
                ; since the frequency to be displayed in line 2 is constantly
                ; changing for different waveform, the line 2 has to be adjusted
                ; according.
                ; r17, will inc until 6, to display 6 empty spaces
                ; r4 will contain the first digit of the frequency
                ; r3 will contain the second digit of the frequency
                ; r2 will contain the third digit of the frequency
                ; r1 will contian the fouth digit of the frequency
                ;get_dis_freq subroutine will just transfer each value stored in
                ; r25 to y pointer
                digit_load:
000114 9513
                  inc r17
000115 e290
                   ldi r25, $20
                                                ;load empty spaces for 6 places
000116 d00d
                                                ;display
                  rcall get_dis_freq
                                                ;check if 6 places typed
                 cpse r17, r27
000117 131b
                                                ;repeat until 6 places
000118 cffb
                  rjmp digit_load
                                                ;load the first number in freq
000119 2d95
                  mov r25, r5
                                                ;display
;load the first number in freq
00011a d009
                  rcall get_dis_freq
00011b 2d94
                  mov r25, r4
                                             ;display
                  rcall get_dis_freq
00011c d007
00011d 2d93
                  mov r25, r3
                                                ;load the second number in freq
                                            ;display
00011e d005
                  rcall get_dis_freq
                                                ;load the third number in frea
00011f 2d92
                  mov r25, r2
                                                ;display
000120 d003
                  rcall get_dis_freq
                                                ;load the fourth number in freq
000121 2d91
                   mov r25, r1
000122 d001
                  rcall get_dis_freq
                                                 ;display
000123 c002
                  rjmp msg_loaded
                                                 ;go to the next line of the lcd
                get_dis_freq:
                // ldi r16, $00
                                                ;clear for later use
                // add ZL, r25
                                                ;add low byte
                // adc ZH, r16
                                                ;add in the carry
                                                 ;load bid pattern from table into r25
                // 1pm r25, Z+
000124 9399
                   st Y+, r25
                                                 ;display the selected frquency
000125 9508
                   ret
                msg_loaded:
000126 9508
                     ret
                junpacks the values store in r8 and r9 to r1- r4
                ; r4 containe the left most number ie the thousanth
                ;digit and r1 the right most number
                -
;------
                unpack:
                 push r16
000127 930f
                                                ;store the value currently in r16
000128 d017
                  rcall bin2BCD16
                                                ;convert the values from binary to bcd
                  //sub r13, r9
                                                     ;to fix slight error in frequency conversion
000129 2c2d
                 mov r2, r13
                                               ;make a copy of r13 in r2
00012a 2c4e
                  mov r4, r14
                                                 ;make a copy of r14 in r4
```

```
00012b 2c6f
                     mov r6, r15
                                                      ;make a copy of r15 in r6
                                                      ;use and function to
00012c e00f
                    ldi r16, $0f
                    and r13, r16
                                                      ;mask the upper nibble of r8
00012d 22d0
                                                     ;move lower nibble to r1
00012e 2c1d
                    mov r1, r13
                                                     ;mask upper nibble of r9
00012f 22e0
                    and r14, r16
                   mov r3, r14
000130 2c3e
                                                      ;move lower nible to r3
                   and r15, r16
000131 22f0
                                                     ;mask the upper nibble of r8
000132 2c5f
                  mov r5, r15
                                                     ;move lower nibble to r1
                com r16
and r2, r16
swap r2
and r4, r16
swap r4
//and r6, r1
000133 9500
                                                     ;load with f0 to mask lower nibble
000134 2220
                                                     ;mask lower nibble of r8
000135 9422
                                                     ;switch upper and lower nibble
000136 2240
                                                     ;mask lower nibble of r9
                                                     ;switch upper and lower nibble
000137 9442
                    //and r6, r16
                                                      ;mask lower nibble of r9
                                                      ;switch upper and lower nibble
                    //swap r6
                 ldi r16, $30
add r1, r16
add r2, r16
add r3, r16
000138 e300
000139 0e10
00013a 0e20
00013b 0e30
00013c 0e40
                  add r4, r16
                 add r5, r16
00013d 0e50
                                                      ;converting the bcd's to ascii
00013e 910f
                   pop r16
                                                      ;retrive the value previosly stored
00013f 9508
                    ret
```

```
;* "bin2BCD16" - 16-bit Binary to BCD conversion
               ;* This subroutine converts a 16-bit number (fbinH:fbinL) to a 5-digit
               ;* packed BCD number represented by 3 bytes (tBCD2:tBCD1:tBCD0).
               ;* MSD of the 5-digit number is placed in the lowermost nibble of tBCD2.
               ;* Number of words :25
               ;* Number of cycles
                                   :751/768 (Min/Max)
               ;* Low registers used :3 (tBCD0,tBCD1,tBCD2)
               ;* High registers used :4(fbinL,fbinH,cnt16a,tmp16a)
               ;* Pointers used :Z
               //.include "..\8515def.inc"
               ;***** Subroutine Register Variables
               .equ AtBCD0 =13 ;address of tBCD0
               .equ AtBCD2 =15
                                      ;address of tBCD1
                                   ;BCD value digits 1 and 0
;BCD value digits 3 and 2
;BCD value digit 4
;binary value Low byte
               .def tBCD0 =r13
               .def tBCD1 =r14
                    tBCD2 =r15
               .def
                    fbinL =r16
fbinH =r17
               .def
                                     ;binary value High byte
               .def
                    cnt16a =r18
tmp16a =r19
               .def
                                       ;loop counter
               .def
                                       ;temporary value
               ;**** Code
               bin2BCD16:
000140 1889
                 sub r8, r9
000141 2d19
                 mov fbinH, r9
                                      ;copy the values of edge counter to fbin
```

```
000142 2d08
                   mov fbinL, r8
000143 e120
                  ldi cnt16a,16
                                         ;Init loop counter
000144 24ff
                  clr tBCD2
                                          ;clear result (3 bytes)
000145 24ee
                  clr tBCD1
000146 24dd
                  clr tBCD0
                  clr ZH
000147 27ff
                                          ;clear ZH (not needed for AT90Sxx0x)
              bBCDx_1:
               lsl fbinL
000148 0f00
                                         ;shift input value
000149 1f11
                 rol fbinH
                                         ;through all bytes
                rol tBCD0
00014a 1cdd
00014b 1cee
                 rol tBCD1
                rol tBCD2
dec cnt16a
00014c 1cff
                                        ;decrement loop counter
00014d 952a
                  dec cnt16a
                                         ;if counter not zero
00014e f409
                  brne bBCDx 2
00014f 9508
                 ret
                                         ; return
                bBCDx 2:
000150 e1e0
                  ldi r30,AtBCD2+1
                                         ;Z points to result MSB + 1
                bBCDx_3:
                                        ;get (Z) with pre-decrement
000151 9132
                ld tmp16a,-Z
                 subi tmp16a,-$03
                                         ;add 0x03
000152 5f3d
000153 fd33
                  sbrc tmp16a,3
                                         ;if bit 3 not clear
000154 8330
                   st Z,tmp16a
                                          ;store back
                  ld tmp16a,Z
000155 8130
                                          ;get (Z)
000156 5d30
                 subi tmp16a,-$30
                                         ;add 0x30
000157 fd37
                 sbrc tmp16a,7
                                         ;if bit 7 not clear
000158 8330
                 st Z,tmp16a
                                         ;store back
000159 30ed
                 cpi ZL,AtBCD0
                                         ;done all three?
00015a f7b1
                  brne bBCDx_3
                                         ;loop again if not
00015b cfec
                 rjmp bBCDx 1
```

RESOURCE USE INFORMATION

Notice:

The register and instruction counts are symbol table hit counts, and hence implicitly used resources are not counted, eg, the 'lpm' instruction without operands implicitly uses r0 and z, none of which are counted.

x,y,z are separate entities in the symbol table and are counted separately from r26..r31 here.

.dseg memory usage only counts static data declared with .byte

```
"ATmega16" register use summary:
r0: 0 r1: 3 r2: 5 r3: 3 r4: 5 r5: 3 r6: 1 r7: r8: 4 r9: 5 r10: 0 r11: 0 r12: 0 r13: 5 r14: 5 r15:
                                               3 \text{ r6} : 1 \text{ r7} :
                                                               - 5
r16: 98 r17: 5 r18: 2 r19: 8 r20: 8 r21: 0 r22: 2 r23:
                                                              2
r24: 4 r25: 12 r26: 2 r27: 2 r28: 3 r29: 3 r30: 11 r31: 10
x : 0 y : 2 z : 10
Registers used: 28 out of 35 (80.0%)
"ATmega16" instruction use summary:
                                         5 adiw :
.lds : 0 .sts : 0 adc : 0 add
                                     :
                   0 bclr :
                             0 bld
                                                    0 brbs :
andi :
        0 asr
                                         0 brbc :
                                                               0
brcc : 0 brcs : 1 break : 0 breq :
                                         4 brge :
                                                    0 brhc :
brhs : 0 brid : 0 brie : 0 brlo :
                                         1 brlt :
                                                    0 brmi :
brne : 10 brpl : 0 brsh : 0 brtc : 0 brts :
                                                    2 brvc : 0
brvs : 0 bset : 0 bst : 0 call : 0 cbi :
                                                    3 cbr : 0
clc : 0 clh : 0 cli : 0 cln : 0 clr : 4 cls
                                                           : 0
clt : 1 clv : 0 clz : 0 com : 1 cp : cpi : 4 cpse : 1 dec : 8 eor : 0 fmul :
                                                    2 cpc
                                                    0 fmuls :
```

```
fmulsu:
                      0 icall : 0 ijmp : 0 in
                                                                                           : 12 inc :
                                                                                                                                3 jmp

      Id
      :
      5 Idd
      :
      0 Idi
      :
      61 Ids
      :
      0 Ipm
      :
      2 Isl
      :

      Isr
      :
      0 mov
      :
      16 movw
      :
      0 mul
      :
      0 muls
      :
      0 mulsu
      :

      neg
      :
      0 nop
      :
      2 or
      :
      0 ori
      :
      0 out
      :
      18 pop
      :

      push
      :
      8 rcall
      :
      5 fret
      :
      15 reti
      :
      1 rjmp
      :
      8 rol
      :

      por
      :
      0 shc
      :
      0 shi
      :
      5 shic
      :
      0 shis
      :

                                                                                                                                                : 1
                                                                                                                                                          0
                                             2 or : 0 ori : 0 out : 18 pop : 56 ret : 15 reti : 1 rjmp : 8 rol : 0 sbci : 0 sbi : 5 sbic : 0 sbis :
                                                                                                                                                          8
ror : 0 sbc :
                                                                                                                               0 sbis : 0
sbiw : 0 sbr : 0 sbrc : 2 sbrs : 2 sec :
                                                                                                                               0 seh : 0
sei : 1 sen : 0 ser : 0 ses : 0 set : 1 sev : 0
sez : 0 sleep : 0 spm : 0 st : 5 std : 0 sts : 0 sub : 1 subi : 2 swap : 2 tst : 0 wdr : 0
Instructions used: 42 out of 113 (37.2%)
```

"ATmega16" memory use summary [bytes]:

Segment	Begin	End	Code	Data	Used	Size	Use%	
[.cseg]	0×000000	0x0002b8	594	76	670	16384	4.1%	
		0x000090	0	48	48	1024	4.7%	
[.eseg]	0×000000	0x000000	0	0	0	512	0.0%	

Assembly complete, 0 errors, 0 warnings

```
AVRASM ver. 2.1.52 C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files
\ese 380
  lab\lab 8\frequency_meter_3\frequency_meter_3\frequency_meter_3.asm Tue Oct 28 19:54:18 2014
C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 8
 _meter_3\frequency_meter_3\frequency_meter_3.asm(35): Including file 'C:\Program Files (x86)\Atmel
\Atmel Tool
chain\AVR Assembler\Native\2.1.39.1005\avrassembler\Include\m16def.inc'
C:\Users\radra_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab
 meter 3\frequency meter 3\frequency meter 3.asm(250): Including file 'C:\Users\radra 000\Box Sync
\college
sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 8\frequency_meter_3\frequency_meter_3
\lcd_dog_
asm_driver_m16A.inc'
                                                 * frequency_meter_3.asm
                                                 ; This program will be the same as the previous lab. except the gate period will
                                                 ; be check by the timer and interrupt. The lcd display will now display in decimial
                                                 ; instead of hex. This is done using a subroutine provided by the atmel corp
                                                 ; The Lcd setup code is copied from asm file provided in the previous lab.
                                                 ;the gater period of this code will be 1/2 second, meaning both positive and
                                                 ;negative edges will be counted. This is similar to the two other program.
                                                 ; only the compare register is changed from the previous code % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 
                                                 ;inputs - pa7(freq generator)
                                                 ;outputs - pb(J2 - connecting to the lcd)
                                                 ;switches are connected to pd, but since they are not used
                                                 ;they will not be initialized.
                                                ; register modified for the code i added:
                                                ; r16 - general pupose
                                                 ; r8 and r9 - used as the positive edge counter
                                                 ; r25 - has the values of the freq, which will later be sent to y
                                                 ; r8, r9 - positive edge counters
                                                ; r17 - incremented for 6 times, used to empty spaces on the lcd
                                                 ; for 6 times. The frequency will be located at the center
                                                 ; r27 - set to 6, so we can compare and stop after r17 is inc
                                                 ; 6 times.
                                                 ; r1,r2,r3,r4, r5 are used to unpack and contain the values stored
                                                 ; in r8 and r9, which will later be accessed to display the freq
                                                 ;
*/
                                               .LIST
                                                  .cseg
                                                         .org 0
                                                                                                                                                         ;reset/restart code entry point <<<<<<<<</pre>
000000 c01c
                                                         rjmp reset
                                                         //when the counter is equal to 1s, the interrupt will be called
                                                         //0x0E is the adress for timer compare match B.
                                                         //when the interrupt is called, it will jump to isr_tc0_display
                                                         .org 0x0E
00000e 940c 0042
                                                         jmp isr_tc0_display
```

```
start_tc1:
                 //intialization for the timer
000010 e000
                   ldi r16, $00
000011 bd0d
                    out TCNT1H, r16
                                                        ; set up counter with 0's
000012 bd0c
                    out TCNT1L, r16
                    ;Init Timer/counter Interrupt MaSK (TIMSK) register to enable/set
                                                        ;load with bcd 1000, this will enable the
000013 e008
                    ldi r16, 8
                                                        ; "ocie1b" which is located in bit 4 of the
                                                        ;refer to datasheet pg 115 for details
000014 bf09
                    out TIMSK, r16
                                                        ;set up the timer interrupt
000015 e200
                    ldi r16, 1<<ICF1
                                                        ;loading the timer interrupt flag register
000016 bf08
                   out TIFR, r16
000017 e10e
                    ldi r16, $1E
                                                        ;load the counter with 15625
                    out OCR1BH, r16
000018 bd09
                                                        ; so that we will get 1s
000019 e804
                    ldi r16, $84
00001a bd08
                    out OCR1BL, r16
00001b 9478
                                                        ;enable global interrupts...
                    ;TCCR1B = FOC0 : WGM11 : COM11 : COM10 : WGM11 : CS12 : CS11 : CS10
                    ; 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1
                    ; FOC Off; No WF Gen; COM=Nrml Port Op; Pre-scaler= 1/64
00001c 9508
                    ret
                 reset:
00001d e50f
                   ldi r16, low(ramend)
00001e bf0d
                    out spl, r16
00001f e004
                   ldi r16, high(ramend)
000020 bf0e
                                                        ;initialize stack pointer
                   out sph, r16
                    ldi r16, $00
000021 e000
000022 bb01
                    out ddrd, r16
                                                        ;set up the port b as inputs to read the
                                                        ; pbsw values
                                                        ; and nand gate input on pd(2)
000023 ef0f
                    ldi r16, 0xff
                                                        ; set portB = output.
                    out DDRB, r16
000024 bb07
                                                        ; for lcd display
000025 9ac4
                                                        ; set /SS of DOG LCD = 1 (Deselected)1
                    sbi portB, 4
000026 e001
                    ldi r16, 1
                                                        ; set DDRC for all in but PC0
000027 bb04
                    out DDRC, r16
000028 9aa8
                    sbi PortC, 0
                                                        ; turn off sounder
                    ldi r16,0b01000000
000029 e400
                                                        ; set up port a to
00002a bb0a
                    out ddra, r16
                                                        ;read the frequency input on pa7 and output
                                                        ; pulse on pa6
00002b d08c
                    rcall init_lcd_dog
                                                        ; init display, using SPI serial interface
00002c dfe3
                    rcall start_tc1
                                                        ;init the timer counter 1
                       /*
                    ldi r16, 28
                    mov r9, r16
                    ldi r16, 60
                    mov r8, r16*/
                                                        ;for testing in simulation
```

```
main:
                //start timer code
00002d e003
                 ldi r16, 0<<CS12|1<<CS11|1<<CS10 ; load 64 PRESCaLE TCCR0 value.
                rcall frequency_meter_3 : load that:
00002e bd0e
                                              ; load the timer and count the frequency
00002f d004
000030 94e8
                                               ;clear the t flag
                clt
000031 d0f4
                rcall unpack
                                               ;when timer is done, unpack the edge counts
000032 d016
                 rcall message_dsp_loop
                                               ;after its unpacked, display
000033 cff9
                 rjmp main
              subroutine: frequency_meter_3
                   This subroutine uses r9:r8 to store the positive edge counters
                   Every time there is a logic change from 0 to 1 or 1 to 0 it updates the
                   new value into r25 and for every logic change the edge counter is
                   incremented. This program runs for half a second until the t flag is set
              frequency_meter_3:
000034 e000
                ldi r16, $00
                 mov r8, r16
000035 2e80
000036 2e90
                mov r9, r16
000037 b399
                 in r25, pinA
                                        ;and positive edge counter
                 check_edge:
000038 f3fe
                   brts check_edge
000039 b309
                   in r16, pina
                                        ;take in the current wave signal logic
00003a 1709
                                     ;and compare to previous logic recorded,
                   cp r16,r25
00003b f3e1
                  breq check_edge
                                       ;if it is the same then skip to tweak delay
00003c 2f90
                  r16 رmov r25
                                    ;and then increment the counter
00003d 9483
                   inc r8
                                     ;if it didnt over count then go to tweak delay
00003e f7c9
                    brne check_edge
00003f 9493
                   inc r9
                                     ;if so then increment the second register
000040 f7be
                    brtc check_edge
000041 9508
                    ret
              ;when the interrupt is called it will jump to this subroutine
              ;set the T flag, resets the timer, update the display
              isr_tc0_display:
              ;codes will be added here after frequency subroutine is added.
000042 930f
                    push r16
000043 9468
                    set
                                                  ;set the tflag
000044 e000
                    ldi r16, $00
000045 bd0d
                    out TCNT1H, r16
000046 bd0c
                                                   ;reset the timer counter
                   out TCNT1L, r16
000047 910f
                    pop r16
000048 9518
                    reti
              ;------
              ;Code to load and display each line on the lcd
              ;r25 is used to load the value of the each digit to the pointer
              ; line 2 refers to table, which containes numbers and depending
              ;on the frequncy, each number is picked and displayed
              :-----
              message_dsp_loop:
000049 d0b1
                                               ; clear all three buffer lines
                rcall clr_dsp_buffs
00004a d08b
                 rcall update lcd dog
00004b e30a
                ldi r16, $3A
                                                   ; compare weather the frequency value
                                               ; is less than 15k
00004c 1690
                cp r9, r16
                                                   ;if less then branch off and display the
00004d f0d0
                BRLO regular
                                                ; calculated value
```

;if not continue.

```
overflow:
                    ;load 1st line of prompt message into dbuff1
00004e e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high(line1_message<<1)</pre>
00004f eaea
                    ldi ZL, low(line1_message<<1)</pre>
000050 d0b2
                    rcall load_msg
                                                         ; load message into buffer(s).
                    /*second line will be left blank when overflows
                    ;LOAD 2ND LINE OF THE MESSAGE INTO DBUFF2
                    ldi ZH, high(line2_message<<1)</pre>
                    ldi ZL, low(line2_message<<1)</pre>
                                                         ;load the table to stack
                    rcall load_msg
                                                         ;load the frequency number into the buffer
                    ;load 3rd line of prompt message into dbuff3
000051 e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high(line3_message<<1)</pre>
000052 ebee
                    ldi ZL, low(line3_message<<1)</pre>
                    rcall load_msg
000053 d0af
                                                         ; load message into buffer(s).
000054 d081
                    rcall update_lcd_dog
                 ;-----
                 ;lines to display on the lcd
                 ;-----
                 .cseg
000055 2a01
000056 2a2a
000057 6f2a
000058 6576
000059 6672
00005a 6f6c
00005b 2a77
00005c 2a2a
                 line1_message: .db 1, "****overflow****", 0 ; test string for line #1.
00005d 002a
                 line2_message: .db 2,"",0
00005e 0002
00005f 7e03
000060 7e7e
000061 7e7e
000062 313e
000063 6b35
000064 7a68
000065 7e7e
000066 7e7e
000067 007e
                 line3 message: .db 3, "~~~~>15khz~~~~", 0 ; test string for line #3.
                 regular:
                    ;load 1st line of prompt message into dbuff1
000068 e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high(line1_message0<<1)</pre>
000069 eee4
                    ldi ZL, low(line1_message0<<1)</pre>
                                                         ; load message into buffer(s).
00006a d098
                    rcall load_msg
                    ;LOAD 2ND LINE OF THE MESSAGE INTO DBUFF2
00006b e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high(line2_message0<<1)</pre>
                    ldi ZL, low(line2_message0<<1)</pre>
                                                         ;load the table to stack
00006c efe6
00006d d095
                    rcall load_msg
                                                         ;load the frequency number into the buffer
                    ;load 3rd line of prompt message into dbuff3
                    ldi ZH, high(line3_message0<<1)</pre>
00006e e0f0
00006f efe8
                    ldi ZL, low(line3_message0<<1)</pre>
000070 d092
                                                         ; load message into buffer(s).
                    rcall load msg
```

```
000071 d064
                 rcall update_lcd_dog
              :-----
              ;lines to display on the lcd
              .cseg
000072 2a01
000073 2a2a
000074 5246
000075 5145
000076 4555
000077 434e
000078 2a59
000079 2a2a
                             .db 1, "***FREQUENCY****", 0 ; test string for line #1.
00007a 002a
              line1_message0:
                            .db 2,"",0
00007b 0002
              line2_message0:
00007c 4603
00007d 334d
00007e 2a2a
00007f 482a
000080 2a5a
000081 302a
000082 352e
000083 4553
              line3_message0: .db 3, "FM3***HZ**0.5SEC", 0 ; test string for line #3.
000084 0043
              ******************************
              ;----- SUBROUTINES ------
              .include "lcd_dog_asm_driver_m16A.inc" ; LCD DOG init/update procedures.
              ;modified 11/26/12 KLS
              ; lcd_spi_transmit_data and lcd_spi_transmit_CMD handling of SPIF flag
              ;modifued 07/21/14 FST
              ; added BLOCK comments for adjusting power_ctrl & contrast_set parameters
              ATMega16A 2015 Version
                                                            PRINT IN LANDSCAPE
                 This AVR-asm code module is usable as an include file for assembly
                 language and or mixed asm/C application programs. The code is freely
                 usable by any University of Stonybrook undergraduate students for any
                 and all not-for-profit system designs and or implementations.
                 This code is designed to be executed on an AVR ATMega micro-computer.
                 And may be readily adapted for compatibility with IAR/AVR compilers.
                 See the IAR assembler reference guide for more information by
                 clicking 'Help > AVR Assembly Reference Guide" on the above menus.
              This module contains procedures to initialize and update
                 DOG text based LCD display modules, including the EA DOG163M LCD
                 modules configured with three (3) 16 charactors display lines.
                 The display module hardware interface uses a 1-direction, write only
                 SPI interface. (See below for more information.)
```

```
The display module software interface uses three (3) 16-byte
                  data (RAM) based display buffers - One for each line of the display.
                  (See below for more information.)
              *** Port B Interface Definitions:
                 Port B
                                  PB7
                                       PB6
                                            PB5
                                                 PB4
                                                       PB3
                                                            PB2
                                                                 PB1
                                                                      PB0
                 Port B alt names
                                 SCK
                                       MISO MOSI /SS
                                                      /RS
                                                 /CSB
                 LCD Mod Signal
                                 D6
                                            D7
                 LCD Mod Pin #
                                  29
                                             28
                                                  38
                 Notes: RS ==> 0 = command regs, 1 = data regs
                       /SS = active low SPI select signal
               **********
              .DSEG
000060
              dsp_buff_1:
                          .byte 16
              dsp_buff_2:
000070
                          .byte 16
000080
              dsp_buff_3:
                          .byte 16
               ;*** CODE Segment Subroutines *********************
               .CSEG
               ·******************
              ; NAME:
                          delay 30uS
              ;ASSUMES:
                          nothing
              ; RETURNS:
                          nothing
               ;MODIFIES:
                          R24, SREG
               ;CALLED BY:
                          init_dsp
               ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                          30 uS (assuming a 1 MHz clock).
               **********
000085 0000
              delay_30uS:
                          nop
                               ; fine tune delay
000086 0000
                           nop
000087 938f
                           push r24
                           ldi r24, 0x0f ; load delay count.
000088 e08f
000089 958a
              d30_loop:
                           dec r24
                                    ; count down to
00008a f7f1
                           brne d30_loop ; zero.
00008b 918f
                           pop
                                r24
00008c 9508
                           ret
               *************
               ; NAME:
                          v_delay
              ;ASSUMES:
                           R22, R23 = initial count values defining how many
                           30uS delays will be called. This procedure can generate
                           short delays (r23 = small #) or much longer delays (where
                           R23 value is large).
              ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
                          R22, R23, SREG
              ;MODIFIES:
              ;CALLED BY:
                          init dsp, plus...
              ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a variable delay for a fixed
                           period of time based the values pasted in R24 and R25.
              ;Sample Delays:
```

```
R22 R23 DelayTime
              ;
                          --- --- -----
                           1
                               1
                                  ~65.5 uS
                              1 ~14.2 mS
                           0
                             9 ~130 mS
                           0
              00008d dff7
              v_delay:
                          rcall delay_30uS ; delay for ~30uS
00008e 956a
                          dec r22; decrement inner loop value, and
00008f f7e9
                          brne v_delay ; loop until zero.
000090 957a
                          dec r23; decr outer loop count, and loop back
                          brne v_delay ; to inner loop delay until r23 zero.
000091 f7d9
000092 9508
                          ret
              *************
              ;NAME:
                       delay_40mS
              ;ASSUMES:
                         nothing
              ; RETURNS:
                         nothing
              ;MODIFIES:
                          R22,R23, SREG
              ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, ????
              ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                         40 mS.
              **********************
              delay_40mS: ldi r22,0 ; load inner loop var ldi r23,4 ; load outer loop var
000093 e060
000094 e074
000095 dff7
                          rcall v_delay ; delay
000096 9508
                          ret
              **************
                         init_spi_lcd
                         IMPORTANT: PortB set as output (during program init)
              ;ASSUMES:
              ;RETURNS:
                         nothing
              ;MODIFIES: DDRB, SPCR
;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
              ;DESCRITION: init SPI port for command and data writes to LCD via SPI
               **********************
              init_spi_lcd:
000097 930f
                   ldi r16,(1<<SPE) | (1<<MSTR) | (1<<CPOL) | (1<<CPHA)
000098 e50c
000099 b90d
                   out SPCR, r16; Enable SPI, Master, fck/4,
                   ;kill any spurious data...
                   in r16, SPSR   ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR
in r16, SPDR   ;
00009a b10e
00009b b10f
00009c 910f
                                ; restore r16 value...
                   pop r16
00009d 9508
                   ret
              **********
              ; NAME:
                         lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
              ;ASSUMES:
                         r16 = byte for LCD.
                         SPI port is configured.
              ; RETURNS:
                         nothing
                         R16, PortB, SPCR
              ;MODIFIES:
              ;CALLED BY: init dsp, update
              ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for data
                    to be written by spi port before continuing.
              lcd spi transmit CMD:
```

```
00009e 930f
                     push r16
                                      ; save command, need r16.
00009f 98c3
                     cbi portB, 3
                                     ; clr PB1 = RS = 0 = command.
                                     ; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
0000a0 98c4
                     cbi portB, 4
                                      ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
0000a1 b10e
                     in r16, SPSR
0000a2 b10f
                       in r16, SPDR
0000a3 910f
                     pop r16
                                      ; restore command
0000a4 b90f
                     out SPDR,r16
                                      ; write data to SPI port.
                     ;Wait for transmission complete
                wait_transmit:
                     in r16, SPSR    ; read status reg
sbrs r16, SPIF    ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
0000a5 b10e
0000a6 ff07
0000a7 cffd
                     rjmp wait_transmit
                    in r16, SPDR ;added by Ken to clear SPIF
0000a8 b10f
0000a9 9ac4
                    sbi portB, 4 ; set PB2 = /SS = deselected
0000aa 9508
                     ret
                ***********
                ; NAME:
                             lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
                             r16 = byte to transmit to LCD.
                ;ASSUMES:
                             SPI port is configured.
                            nothing
                ; RETURNS:
                ;MODIFIES:
                             R16, SPCR
                ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
                ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for
                             data to be written by spi port before continuing.
                ******************
                lcd_spi_transmit_DATA:
                     push r16 ; save command, need r16.
sbi portB, 3 ; clr PB1 = RS = 1 = data.
0000ab 930f
0000ac 9ac3
                     cbi portB, 4 ; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
0000ad 98c4
                        in r16, SPSR ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
0000ae b10e
0000af b10f
                       in r16, SPDR ;
0000b0 910f
                     pop r16 ; restore command.
                                     ; write data to SPI port.
0000b1 b90f
                     out SPDR,r16
                     ;Wait for transmission complete
                wait_transmit1:
                                     ; read status reg
0000b2 b10e
                    in r16, SPSR
                    sbrs r16, SPIF ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
0000b3 ff07
0000b4 cffd
                    rjmp wait_transmit1
                                    ;clear SPIF (because it follows in r16,SPSR)
0000b5 b10f
                    in r16, SPDR
                          portB, 4 ; set PB2 = /SS = deselected
0000b6 9ac4
                    sbi
0000b7 9508
                     ret
                **************
                ; NAME:
                             init_lcd_dog
                ;ASSUMES:
                             nothing
                ; RETURNS:
                             nothing
                ;MODIFIES:
                             R16, R17
                ;CALLED BY: main application
                ;DESCRITION: inits DOG module LCD display for SPI (serial) operation.
                ;NOTE: Can be used as is with MCU clock speeds of 4MHz or less.
                ; public version 1 void init dsp(void)
                init_lcd_dog:
0000b8 dfde
                       rcall init_spi_lcd ; init SPI port for DOG LCD.
```

```
start_dly_40ms:
0000b9 dfd9
                    rcall delay_40mS ; startup delay.
              func_set1:
                                      ; send fuction set #1
0000ba e309
                           r16,0x39
                    ldi
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
0000bb dfe2
0000bc dfc8
                    rcall delay_30uS ; delay for command to be processed
              func_set2:
0000bd e309
                    ldi
                           r16,0x39 ; send fuction set #2
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000be dfdf
0000bf dfc5
                    rcall delay_30uS ; delay for command to be processed
              bias_set:
0000c0 e10e
                           r16,0x1E
                                     ; set bias value.
0000c1 dfdc
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000c2 dfc2
                    rcall delay_30uS ;
                                             ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
                                             ; === (CAUTION... VERY DELICATE ADJUSTMENT)
              power_ctrl:
                                             ; === 5V \sim = 0x50 nominal; Adjust by 1 ONLY ; === 3.3V \sim = 0x55 nominal and think hex!
0000c3 e500
                   ldi
                          r16,0x50
0000c4 dfd9
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ; === 3.3V ~= 0x55 nominal
0000c5 dfbf
                    rcall delay_30uS ; Hex = 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,a,b,c,d,e,f
                                             follower_ctrl:
0000c6 e60c
                    ldi
                          r16,0x6C
                                      ; follower mode on...
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000c7 dfd6
0000c8 dfca
                    rcall delay_40mS
                                     ;
                                             ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
              contrast_set:
                                             ; === LCD CONTRAST SETTING ADJUSTMENT
                                             ; ===
0000c9 e707
                    ldi r16,0x77
0000ca dfd3
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ; === Delicate: increases for 3.3V vs 5V
0000cb dfb9
                    display_on:
0000cc e00c
                    ldi
                           r16,0x0c
                                      ; display on, cursor off, blink off
0000cd dfd0
                    rcall lcd spi transmit CMD
0000ce dfb6
                    rcall delay_30uS
                                      ;
              clr display:
0000cf e001
                    ldi
                           r16,0x01
                                   ; clear display, cursor home
0000d0 dfcd
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000d1 dfb3
                    rcall delay_30uS
              entry_mode:
0000d2 e006
                    ldi
                           r16,0x06
                                     ; clear display, cursor home
                    rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD;
0000d3 dfca
                    rcall delay_30uS
0000d4 dfb0
0000d5 9508
                    ret
               *********
               ; NAME:
                          update lcd dog
```

```
display buffers loaded with display data
                 ;ASSUMES:
                 ; RETURNS:
                              nothing
                 ;MODIFIES:
                              R16, R20, R30, R31, SREG
                 ;DESCRITION: Updates the LCD display lines 1, 2, and 3, using the
                 ; contents of dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, and dsp_buff_3, respectively.
                 ; public __version_1 void update_dsp_dog (void)
                 update 1cd dog:
0000d6 dfc0
                        rcall init_spi_lcd
                                             ; init SPI port for LCD.
                                            ; init 'chars per line' counter.
0000d7 e140
                        ldi
                              r20,16
0000d8 934f
                        push r20
                                             ; save for later used.
                        ;send line 1 to the LCD module.
                 wr_line1:
0000d9 e0f0
                        ldi
                              ZH, high (dsp_buff_1) ; init ptr to line 1 display buffer.
0000da e6e0
                        ldi
                              ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                 snd ddram addr:
0000db e800
                       ldi r16,0x80
                                                  ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
                        rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
0000dc dfc1
0000dd dfa7
                       rcall delay_30uS
                 snd_buff_1:
0000de 9101
                       ld
                              r16, Z+
0000df dfcb
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000e0 dfa4
                        rcall delay_30uS
0000e1 954a
                        dec r20
0000e2 f7d9
                       brne snd_buff_1
                        ;send line 2 to the LCD module.
                 init_for_buff_2:
0000e3 914f
                                     ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
                       pop r20
0000e4 934f
                       push r20
                                     ; save for line 3
                 wr line2:
0000e5 e0f0
                       ldi
                              ZH, high (dsp_buff_2) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
0000e6 e7e0
                       ldi
                              ZL, low (dsp_buff_2)
                 snd_ddram_addr2:
                                                     ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000e7 e900
                       ldi r16,0x90
0000e8 dfb5
                        rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                                                            :
0000e9 df9b
                       rcall delay_30uS
                 snd_buff_2:
0000ea 9101
                      ld
                              r16, Z+
0000eb dfbf
                       rcall lcd spi transmit DATA
0000ec df98
                       rcall delay_30uS
0000ed 954a
                       dec r20
0000ee f7d9
                       brne snd_buff_2
                        ;send line 3 to the LCD module.
                 init_for_buff_3:
0000ef 914f
                                     ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
                       pop
                 wr_line3:
                              ZH, high (dsp_buff_3) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
0000f0 e0f0
                       ldi
0000f1 e8e0
                       ldi
                             ZL, low (dsp_buff_3)
                 snd ddram addr3:
0000f2 ea00
                                                     ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
                       ldi r16,0xA0
0000f3 dfaa
                        rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                                                             ;
0000f4 df90
                        rcall delay_30uS
                 snd_buff_3:
0000f5 9101
                       ld
                              r16, Z+
0000f6 dfb4
                       rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000f7 df8d
                       rcall delay_30uS
0000f8 954a
                       dec
                              r20
```

```
0000f9 f7d9
                      brne snd buff 3
0000fa 9508
                      ret
               ;****** End Of LCD DOG Include Module ***********************
               **************
               ; NAME:
                          clr dsp buffs
               ;FUNCTION: Initializes dsp_buffers 1, 2, and 3 with blanks (0x20)
               ;ASSUMES: Three CONTIGUOUS 16-byte dram based buffers named
                          dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, dsp_buff_3.
               ;RETURNS: nothing.
               ;MODIFIES: r25,r26, Z-ptr
               ;CALLS:
                          none
               ;CALLED BY: main application and diagnostics
               clr_dsp_buffs:
0000fb e390
                    ldi R25, 48
                                                  ; load total length of both buffer.
                    ldi R26, ''
                                                  ; load blank/space into R26.
0000fc e2a0
                                                 ; Load ZH and ZL as a pointer to 1st
0000fd e0f0
                    ldi ZH, high (dsp_buff_1)
0000fe e6e0
                    ldi ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                                                  ; byte of buffer for line 1.
                   ;set DDRAM address to 1st position of first line.
               store_bytes:
                                                   ; store ' ' into 1st/next buffer byte and
0000ff 93a1
                   st Z+, R26
                                                   ; auto inc ptr to next location.
000100 959a
                    dec R25
000101 f7e9
                    brne store_bytes
                                                   ; cont until r25=0, all bytes written.
000102 9508
               ***********
               :NAME:
                        load msg
               ;FUNCTION: Loads a predefined string msg into a specified diplay
                          buffer.
               ;ASSUMES: Z = offset of message to be loaded. Msg format is
                          defined below.
                          nothing.
               ; RETURNS:
               ;MODIFIES: r16, Y, Z
               ;CALLS:
                          nothing
               ;CALLED BY:
               ************************
               ; Message structure:
               ; label: .db <buff num>, <text string/message>, <end of string>
               ; Message examples (also see Messages at the end of this file/module):
                   msg_1: .db 1,"First Message ", 0 ; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0 msg_2: .db 1,"Another message ", 0 ; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0
               ; Notes:
                   a) The 1st number indicates which buffer to load (either 1, 2, or 3).
                   b) The last number (zero) is an 'end of string' indicator.
                   c) Y = ptr to disp_buffer
                     Z = ptr to message (passed to subroutine)
               *******************
               load_msg:
                                                 ; Load YH and YL as a pointer to 1st
000103 e0d0
                    ldi YH, high (dsp_buff_1)
                    ldi YL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                                                   ; byte of dsp_buff_1 (Note - assuming
000104 e6c0
                                                   ; (dsp_buff_1 for now).
                                                   ; get dsply buff number (1st byte of msg).
000105 9105
                   lpm R16, Z+
000106 3001
                   cpi r16, 1
                                                      ; if equal to '1', ptr already setup.
000107 f031
                                                 ; jump and start message load.
                   breq get_msg_byte
000108 9660
                   adiw YH:YL, 16
                                                      ; else set ptr to dsp buff 2.
000109 e010
                   ldi r17, $00
00010a e0b6
                   ldi r27, 6
```

```
; if equal to '2', ptr now setup.
00010b 3002
                     cpi r16, 2
00010c f031
                     breq digit_load
                                                      ; jump and start message load.
00010d 9660
                     adiw YH:YL, 16
                                                          ; else set ptr to dsp buff 3.
                get_msg_byte:
00010e 9105
                     lpm R16, Z+
                                                     ; get next byte of msg and see if '0'.
00010f 3000
                                                          ; if equal to '0', end of message reached.
                     cpi R16, 0
                                                      ; jump and stop message loading operation.
000110 f0a1
                     breq msg_loaded
000111 9309
                                                          ; else, store next byte of msg in buffer.
                     st Y+, R16
000112 cffb
                     rjmp get_msg_byte
                                                      ; jump back and continue...
                ; digital load will only be accessed when displaying line 2,
                ; since the frequency to be displayed in line 2 is constantly
                ; changing for different waveform, the line 2 has to be adjusted
                ; according.
                ; r17, will inc until 6, to display 6 empty spaces
                ; r4 will contain the first digit of the frequency
                ; r3 will contain the second digit of the frequency
                ; r2 will contain the third digit of the frequency
                 ; r1 will contian the fouth digit of the frequency
                ;get_dis_freq subroutine will just transfer each value stored in
                ; r25 to y pointer
                digit_load:
000113 9513
                   inc r17
000114 e290
                   ldi r25, $20
                                                  ;load empty spaces for 6 places
000115 d00d
                                                  ;display
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                 ;check if 6 places typed
000116 131b
                   cpse r17, r27
                                                 ;repeat until 6 places
000117 cffb
                   rjmp digit load
                                                 ;load the first number in freq
000118 2d95
                   mov r25, r5
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                              ;display
000119 d009
                rcall get_dis_freq
mov r25, r4
rcall get_dis_freq
mov r25, r3
                                              ;load the first number in freq
;display
;load the second number in freq
00011a 2d94
00011b d007
00011c 2d93
                                             ;display
;load the third number in freq
00011d d005
                   rcall get_dis_freq
00011e 2d92
                   mov r25, r2
                                             ;display
:load the
00011f d003
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                 ;load the fourth number in freq
000120 2d91
                   mov r25, r1
000121 d001
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                  ;display
000122 c002
                   rjmp msg_loaded
                                                  ;go to the next line of the lcd
                get_dis_freq:
                                                  ;clear for later use
                // ldi r16, $00
                                                  ;add low byte
                // add ZL, r25
                // adc ZH, r16
                                                  ;add in the carry
                                                  ;load bid pattern from table into r25
                // lpm r25, Z+
000123 9399
                   st Y+, r25
                                                  ;display the selected frquency
000124 9508
                   ret
                msg_loaded:
000125 9508
                     ret
                ;unpacks the values store in r8 and r9 to r1- r4
                ; r4 containe the left most number ie the thousanth
                ;digit and r1 the right most number
                ;-----
                unpack:
000126 930f
                 push r16
                                                  ;store the value currently in r16
                                                  ;convert the values from binary to bcd
000127 d017
                   rcall bin2BCD16
                  //sub r13, r9
                                                      ;to fix slight error in frequency conversion
000128 2c2d
                 mov r2, r13
                                                 ;make a copy of r13 in r2
                 mov r4, r14
                                                  ;make a copy of r14 in r4
000129 2c4e
                   mov r6, r15
00012a 2c6f
                                                  ;make a copy of r15 in r6
```

```
00012b e00f
                   ldi r16, $0f
                                                  ;use and function to
00012c 22d0
                   and r13, r16
                                                  ;mask the upper nibble of r8
                                                  ;move lower nibble to r1
00012d 2c1d
                   mov r1, r13
00012e 22e0
                                                  ;mask upper nibble of r9
                   and r14, r16
00012f 2c3e
                   mov r3, r14
                                                  ;move lower nible to r3
000130 22f0
                                                  ;mask the upper nibble of r8
                   and r15, r16
000131 2c5f
                  mov r5, r15
                                                  ;move lower nibble to r1
000132 9500
                                                  ;load with f0 to mask lower nibble
                  com r16
000133 2220
                                                  ;mask lower nibble of r8
                 and r2, r16
000134 9422
                 swap r2
                                                  ;switch upper and lower nibble
                and r4, r16
000135 2240
                                                  ;mask lower nibble of r9
                 swap r4
                                                  ;switch upper and lower nibble
000136 9442
                                                  ;mask lower nibble of r9
                   //and r6, r16
                   //swap r6
                                                  ;switch upper and lower nibble
000137 e300
                   ldi r16, $30
000138 0e10
                   add r1, r16
000139 0e20
                   add r2, r16
                   add r3, r16
00013a 0e30
00013b 0e40
                 add r4, r16
00013c 0e50
                  add r5, r16
                                                  ;converting the bcd's to ascii
                                                   ;retrive the value previosly stored
00013d 910f
                   pop r16
00013e 9508
                   ret
```

```
;* "bin2BCD16" - 16-bit Binary to BCD conversion
                ;* This subroutine converts a 16-bit number (fbinH:fbinL) to a 5-digit
                ;* packed BCD number represented by 3 bytes (tBCD2:tBCD1:tBCD0).
                ;* MSD of the 5-digit number is placed in the lowermost nibble of tBCD2.
                ;* Number of words :25
                ;* Number of cycles
                                      :751/768 (Min/Max)
                ;* Low registers used :3 (tBCD0,tBCD1,tBCD2)
                ;* High registers used :4(fbinL,fbinH,cnt16a,tmp16a)
                ;* Pointers used
                                 :Z
                //.include "..\8515def.inc"
                ;***** Subroutine Register Variables
                      AtBCD0 =13
                                          ;address of tBCD0
                .equ
                      AtBCD2 =15
                                         ;address of tBCD1
                .equ
                .def
                      tBCD0 =r13
                                          ;BCD value digits 1 and 0
                                       ;BCD value digits 1 and 0
;BCD value digits 3 and 2
;BCD value digit 4
                      tBCD1 =r14
                .def
                      tBCD2 =r15
                .def
                      fbinL =r16
fbinH =r17
cnt16a =r18
                .def
                                        ;binary value Low byte
                                        ;binary value High byte
                .def
                .def
                                         ;loop counter
                      tmp16a =r19
                .def
                                          ;temporary value
                ;**** Code
                bin2BCD16:
                sub r8, r9
00013f 1889
                                        ;copy the values of edge counter to fbin
000140 2d19
                  mov fbinH, r9
000141 2d08
                  mov fbinL, r8
```

```
000142 e120
                  ldi cnt16a,16
                                         ;Init loop counter
000143 24ff
                  clr tBCD2
                                         ;clear result (3 bytes)
000144 24ee
                  clr tBCD1
000145 24dd
                  clr tBCD0
000146 27ff
                  clr ZH
                                         ;clear ZH (not needed for AT90Sxx0x)
              bBCDx_1:
                lsl fbinL
000147 0f00
                                         ;shift input value
000148 1f11
                 rol fbinH
                                         ;through all bytes
                rol tBCD0
000149 1cdd
00014a 1cee
                rol tBCD1
                rol tBCD2
00014b 1cff
                                         ;decrement loop counter
00014c 952a
                  dec cnt16a
00014d f409
                  brne bBCDx 2
                                         ;if counter not zero
00014e 9508
                  ret
                                         ; return
                bBCDx 2:
00014f e1e0
                 ldi r30,AtBCD2+1
                                        ;Z points to result MSB + 1
                bBCDx_3:
000150 9132
                ld tmp16a,-Z
                                        ;get (Z) with pre-decrement
000151 5f3d
                 subi tmp16a,-$03
                                         ;add 0x03
                                        ;if bit 3 not clear
000152 fd33
                 sbrc tmp16a,3
000153 8330
                  st Z,tmp16a
                                         ;store back
000154 8130
                  ld tmp16a,Z
                                         ;get (Z)
                 subi tmp16a,-$30
000155 5d30
                                         ;add 0x30
000156 fd37
                 sbrc tmp16a,7
                                         ;if bit 7 not clear
                                         ;store back
000157 8330
                 st Z,tmp16a
000158 30ed
                cpi ZL,AtBCD0
                                         ;done all three?
000159 f7b1
                 brne bBCDx_3
                                         ;loop again if not
                rjmp bBCDx_1
00015a cfec
```

RESOURCE USE INFORMATION

Notice:

The register and instruction counts are symbol table hit counts, and hence implicitly used resources are not counted, eg, the 'lpm' instruction without operands implicitly uses r0 and z, none of which are counted.

x,y,z are separate entities in the symbol table and are counted separately from r26..r31 here.

fmulsu: 0 icall: 0 ijmp: 0 in

.dseg memory usage only counts static data declared with .byte

```
"ATmega16" register use summary:
r0: 0 r1: 3 r2: 5 r3: r8: 4 r9: 5 r10: 0 r11:
                               3 r4 :
                                      5 r5 :
                                               3 r6:
                                                       1 r7:
                               0 r12: 0 r13:
                                               5 r14:
                                                        5 r15:
                                                                5
r16: 98 r17: 5 r18: 2 r19: 8 r20: 8 r21:
                                               0 r22: 2 r23:
                                                               2
r24: 4 r25: 12 r26: 2 r27: 2 r28: 3 r29: 3 r30: 11 r31: 10
x : 0 y : 2 z : 10
Registers used: 28 out of 35 (80.0%)
"ATmega16" instruction use summary:
                                         5 adiw :
.lds : 0 .sts : 0 adc : 0 add
                                     :
                                                     2 and
                                                                5
andi : 0 asr : 0 bclr : brcc : 0 brcs : 0 break :
         0 asr
                   0 bclr :
                               0 bld
                                         0 brbc
                                                     0 brbs :
                             0 breq :
                                         4 brge :
                                                     0 brhc :
                                                                0
brhs : 0 brid : 0 brie : 0 brlo :
                                         1 brlt :
                                                     0 brmi :
brne : 10 brpl : 0 brsh : 0 brtc : 1 brts :
                                                     1 brvc :
brvs : 0 bset : 0 bst : 0 call : 0 cbi :
                                                     3 cbr
clc : 0 clh : 0 cli : 0 cln : 0 clr :
                                                     4 cls
                                                               а
clt : 1 clv : 0 clz : 0 com : 1 cp : cpi : 4 cpse : 1 dec : 8 eor : 0 fmul :
                                                     2 cpc
                                                               a
                                                     0 fmuls:
```

: 12 inc :

3 jmp

```
ld
       : 5 ldd : 0 ldi : 61 lds : 0 lpm :
                                                                      2 lsl :
lsr : 0 mov : 16 movw : 0 mul : 0 muls : 0 mulsu : 0
neg : 0 nop : 2 or : 0 ori : 0 out : 18 pop : push : 8 rcall : 56 ret : 15 reti : 1 rjmp : 8 rol : ror : 0 sbc : 0 sbci : 0 sbi : 5 sbic : 0 sbis : sbiw : 0 sbr : 0 sbrc : 2 sbrs : 2 sec : 0 seh :
                                                                                   8
                                                                                   0
                                                                : 0 seh : 0
sei : 1 sen : 0 ser : 0 ses : 0 set : 1 sev : 0
sez : 0 sleep : 0 spm : 0 st : 5 std : 0 sts : 0 sub : 1 subi : 2 swap : 2 tst : 0 wdr : 0
```

Instructions used: 42 out of 113 (37.2%) "ATmega16" memory use summary [bytes]:

Segment	Begin	End	Code	Data	Used	Size	Use%	
. 01		0x0002b6	592	76	668	16384	4.1%	
. 01		0x000090	0	48	48	1024	4.7%	
[.eseg]	0x000000	0x000000	0	0	0	512	0.0%	

Assembly complete, 0 errors, 0 warnings