## Prelab 7

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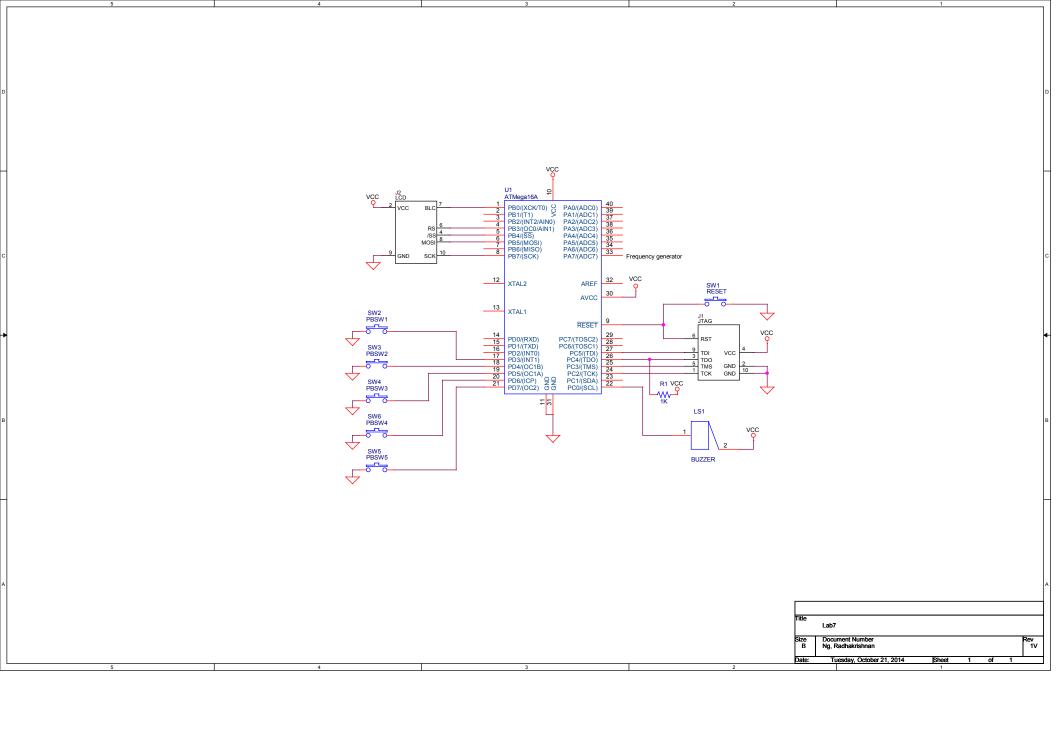
<u>**ID:**</u> 109223276

**Course and section:** ESE 380 L01

**Bench Number:** 6

**<u>Due Date/time</u>** : 10/21/14 9:00 PM

**Date of the Lab:** 10/22/14



AVRASM ver. 2.1.52 C:\Users\radra\_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\asm Tue Oct 21 20:26:51 2014

C:\Users\radra\_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\asm(42): Including fi le 'C:\Program Files (x86)\Atmel\Atmel Toolchain\AVR Assembler\Native\2.1.39.1005\avra ssembler\Include\m16def.inc'
C:\Users\radra\_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and files\ese 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\asm(159): Including file 'C:\Users\radra\_000\Box Sync\college sophomore fall 2014\fall 2014 notes and file s\ese 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\ese 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_rajith\ladrage for the s\esp 380 lab\lab 7\frequency\_raj

\* frequency\_rajith.asm

```
;For this program we will measure the freuquency of the wave,
                  ;(pa7) genereated by a wavefunction generator. The freq value
                  ; read is displayed on the lcd, attached to port b. THe program
                  ; will count the number of positive edges for a 1s period, and
                  ; stores that value on r8 and r9, we are using two registers
                  ; becuase number will be in thousands. The r18 and r19 will
                  ; be used as loop counter to count for 1s. The subroutines
                  ; clr_dsp_buff ,update_dsp and load_msg are taken directly
                  ; from the codes provided(creidts:Scott Tierno). The first
                  ;line of lcd displays "frequency", the second line will display
                  ; the frequency values unpacked and stored in r1 -r4.
                  ;inputs - pa7(freq generator)
                  ;outputs - pb(J2 - connecting to the lcd)
                  ;switches are connected to pd, but since they are not used
                  ;they will not be initialized.
                  ; register modified:
                 ; r21 - used as the positive edge counter
                  ; r25 - has the values of the freq, which will later be sent to y
                  ; r8, r9 - positive edge counters
                  ; r17 - incremented for 6 times, used to empty spaces on the lcd
                  ; for 6 times. The frequency will be located at the center
                  ; r18, r19 - 1 s loop counter
                  ; r27 - set to 6, so we can compare and stop after r17 is inc
                  ; r1,r2,r3,r4 are used to unpack and contain the values stored
                  ; in r8 and r9, which will later be accessed to display the freq
                     Created: 10/18/2014 9:19:14 AM
                      Author: radra 000
                  * /
                  .list
                 reset:
000000 e50f
                    ldi r16, low(RAMEND)
                                                        ; init stack/pointer
000001 bf0d
                     out SPL, r16
000002 e004
                     ldi r16, high(RAMEND)
000003 bf0e
                     out SPH, r16
000004 ef0f
                     ldi r16, 0xff
                                                        ; set portB = output.
                     out DDRB, r16
999995 hh97
                                                        ; set /SS of DOG LCD = 1 (Deselected)1
000006 9ac4
                    sbi portB, 4
```

```
; set DDRC for all in but PC0
000007 e001
                   ldi r16, 1
000008 hh04
                   out DDRC, r16
000009 9aa8
                  sbi PortC, 0
                                                     ; turn off sounder
                // ldi r21, 0
                                                     ;load edge counter
                // ldi r22, $A0
                                                     ;load loop counter
                                                     ;load r23 with 250, so whenever other
                // ldi r23, $fa
                                                     ; counter registers reach 250 we could find the
                                                     ;frequency or delay accurately
                // ldi r16, 0x59
                                                     ;this is just a test code used for simulating
                // mov r8, r16
                                                     ;purposes
                // ldi r16, 0x13
                // mov r9, r16
                // ldi r27, 6
00000a d06d
                    rcall init_lcd_dog
                                                     ; init display, using SPI serial interface
                //main will call various subroutines. first it will measure the frequency
                ; The unpack will take the ferquency values and store each number in r1 - r4
                ; the message_dsp_loop will take the values stored in r1-r4 and displays it
                ; and it will repeat forever.
                main:
00000b d003
                  rcall freq_meas_1secgate
                                                   ;count the freqency of the wave.
                                                     ;unpack the calcualted frequency value
00000c d0d5
                   rcall unpack
00000d d017
                  rcall message_dsp_loop
                                                    ;display the values unpacked
00000e cffc
                 rjmp main
                                                    ;repeat the process
                ;-----
                ; code to count the number of positive edges and store
                ;the value in r8 and r9, counted for 1s.
                ·-----
                freq meas 1secgate:
                                                   ;set initial values
00000f ea30
                   ldi r19, $a0
000010 e020
                   ldi r18, $00
                                                    ;for the outer loop counter
000011 b399
                   in r25, pinA
                                                    ;and positive edge counter
                   pos_edge:
                                                    ;set tweak delay to 10
000012 e01a
                       ldi r17, 10
                                                     ;take in the current wave signal logic
000013 b309
                      in r16, pina
                                                   ;and compare to previous logic recorded,
;if it is the same then skip to tweak delay
;set tweak delaay for 7
000014 1709
                      cp r16,r25
000015 f041
                      breq tweak
                      ldi r17, 7
000016 e017
                                                    ;set previous logic to 0 just in case
                      ldi r25, $00
000017 e090
                                                    ;if there is a carry then branch
000018 f028
                      brcs tweak
                      ldi r17, 2
                                                    ;if not then set tweak delay to 2
000019 e012
                                                    ;and set previous logic to be 1
00001a e890
                      ldi r25, $80
                                                    ;and then increment the counter
00001b 9483
                      inc r8
                                                    ;if it didnt over count then go to tweak delay
00001c f409
                      brne tweak
00001d 9493
                      inc r9
                                                     ;if so then increment the second register
                      tweak:
                                                ;decrement the tweak counter
00001e 951a
                          dec r17
00001f f7f1
                          brne tweak
                                                    ;and keep looping
                      neg_edge:
                                                ;decrement outer loop
;counter and if 0
;then decrement the second register
000020 952a
                          dec r18
000021 f781
                           brne pos_edge
000022 953a
                           dec r19
000023 f771
                                                     ;if second register is not 0 then keep looping
                          brne pos_edge
000024 9508
                  ret
                ;------
                ;Code to load and display each line on the lcd
                ;r25 is used to load the value of the each digit to the pointer
                ;line 2 refers to table, which containes numbers and depending
                ;on the frequncy, each number is picked and displayed
```

```
message_dsp_loop:
                  rcall clr_dsp_buffs
000025 d095
                                                      ; clear all three buffer lines
000026 d06f
                  rcall update_lcd_dog
                   ;load 1st line of prompt message into dbuff1
000027 e0f0
                   ldi ZH, high(line1_message<<1)</pre>
000028 e6e2
                   ldi ZL, low(line1_message<<1)</pre>
                                                     ; load message into buffer(s).
000029 d099
                   rcall load_msg
                   ;LOAD 2ND LINE OF THE MESSAGE INTO DBUFF2
00002a e0f0
                   ldi ZH, high(line2_message<<1)</pre>
00002b e7e4
                   ldi ZL, low(line2_message<<1)</pre>
                                                     ;load the table to stack
00002c d096
                  rcall load_msg
                                                     ;load the frequency number into the buffer
                   ;load 3rd line of prompt message into dbuff3
00002d e0f0
                   ldi ZH, high(line3_message<<1)</pre>
                   ldi ZL, low(line3_message<<1)</pre>
00002e e7e8
00002f d093
                   rcall load_msg
                                                     ; load message into buffer(s).
000030 d065
                  rcall update_lcd_dog
                ;lines to display on the lcd
                :------
000031 2a01
000032 2a2a
000033 5246
000034 5145
000035 4555
000036 434e
000037 2a59
000038 2a2a
000039 002a
                line1_message: .db 1, "***FREQUENCY****", 0 ; test string for line #1.
00003a 2002
00003b 0000
                line2_message: .db 2," ",0
00003c 5c03
00003d 5c2f
00003e 5c2f
00003f 4548
000040 5452
000041 2f5a
000042 2f5c
000043 2f5c
000044 005c
                line3_message: .db 3, "\\\\HERTZ\\\\\", 0 ; test string for line #3.
                ;------SUBROUTINES ------
                .include "lcd_dog_asm_driver_m16A.inc" ; LCD DOG init/update procedures.
                ;modified 11/26/12 KLS
                ; lcd_spi_transmit_data and lcd_spi_transmit_CMD handling of SPIF flag
                ;modifued 07/21/14 FST
                ; added BLOCK comments for adjusting power_ctrl & contrast_set parameters
```

```
ATMega16A 2015 Version
                                                     PRINT IN LANDSCAPE
                  This AVR-asm code module is usable as an include file for assembly
                  language and or mixed asm/C application programs. The code is freely
                  usable by any University of Stonybrook undergraduate students for any
                  and all not-for-profit system designs and or implementations.
                  This code is designed to be executed on an AVR ATMega micro-computer.
                  And may be readily adapted for compatibility with IAR/AVR compilers.
                  See the IAR assembler reference guide for more information by
                  clicking 'Help > AVR Assembly Reference Guide" on the above menus.
                ***************************
                  This module contains procedures to initialize and update
                  DOG text based LCD display modules, including the EA DOG163M LCD
                  modules configured with three (3) 16 charactors display lines.
                  The display module hardware interface uses a 1-direction, write only
                  SPI interface. (See below for more information.)
                  The display module software interface uses three (3) 16-byte
                  data (RAM) based display buffers - One for each line of the display.
                  (See below for more information.)
              *** Port B Interface Definitions:
                                 PB7 PB6 PB5 PB4 PB3
                 Port B
                                                           PB2 PB1
                                                                      PB0
                 Port B alt names SCK MISO MOSI /SS /RS
                LCD Mod Signal D6
LCD Mod Pin # 29
                                            D7 /CSB -
                                      -
                                             28
                                                 38
                Notes: RS ==> 0 = command regs, 1 = data regs
                       /SS = active low SPI select signal
              ***********
              ;*** DATA Segment ******************************
              .DSEG
              dsp_buff_1: .byte 16
000060
000070
              dsp_buff_2: .byte 16
000080
              dsp_buff_3: .byte 16
              ;*** CODE Segment Subroutines ********************
              .CSEG
              **************
              ; NAME:
                          delay_30uS
               ;ASSUMES:
                          nothing
              ; RETURNS:
                          nothing
              ;MODIFIES:
                          R24, SREG
              ;CALLED BY: init dsp
              ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                          30 uS (assuming a 1 MHz clock).
              000045 0000
              delay_30uS: nop ; fine tune delay
```

```
000046 0000
000047 938f
                           push r24
000048 e08f
                           ldi r24, 0x0f ; load delay count.
000049 958a
              d30_loop:
                           dec r24 ; count down to
00004a f7f1
                           brne d30_loop ; zero.
00004b 918f
                           pop
                                r24
00004c 9508
                           ret
               ************
               ;NAME:
                           v_delay
               ; ASSUMES:
                           R22, R23 = initial count values defining how many
                           30uS delays will be called. This procedure can generate
                           short delays (r23 = small #) or much longer delays (where
                           R23 value is large).
               ; RETURNS:
                          nothing
               ;MODIFIES: R22, R23, SREG
               ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, plus...
               ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a variable delay for a fixed
                           period of time based the values pasted in R24 and R25.
               ;Sample Delays:
                           R22 R23 DelayTime
                           --- ---
                           1 1 ~65.5 uS
                            0 1 ~14.2 mS
                           0
                               9 ~130 mS
               ***********************
00004d dff7
               v_delay:
                           rcall delay_30uS; delay for ~30uS
00004e 956a
                           dec r22 ; decrement inner loop value, and
00004f f7e9
                           brne v_delay ; loop until zero.
000050 957a
                           dec r23; decr outer loop count, and loop back
                           brne v_delay ; to inner loop delay until r23 zero.
000051 f7d9
000052 9508
                           ret
               *************
               ; NAME:
                          delay_40mS
               ;ASSUMES:
                          nothing
               ; RETURNS:
                         nothing
               ;MODIFIES: R22,R23, SREG
               ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, ????
               ;DESCRIPTION: This procedure will generate a fixed delay of just over
                           40 mS.
               *************************
                           ldi r22,0 ; load inner loop var
ldi r23,4 ; load outer loop var
rcall v_delay ; delay
000053 e060
               delay_40mS:
000054 e074
000055 dff7
000056 9508
                           ret
               *************
                          init_spi_lcd
               ;NAME:
               ;ASSUMES:
                          IMPORTANT: PortB set as output (during program init)
               ; RETURNS:
                          nothing
               ;MODIFIES: DDRB, SPCR
               ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
               ;DESCRITION: init SPI port for command and data writes to LCD via SPI
```

init\_spi\_lcd:

```
push r16
000057 930f
000058 e50c
                     ldi r16,(1<<SPE) | (1<<MSTR) | (1<<CPOL) | (1<<CPHA)
000059 b90d
                     out SPCR,r16 ; Enable SPI, Master, fck/4,
                     ;kill any spurious data...
                     in r16, SPSR ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR
00005a b10e
00005b b10f
                     in r16, SPDR
00005c 910f
                     pop r16
                                  ; restore r16 value...
00005d 9508
                     ret
               **********
               ; NAME:
                           lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
               ;ASSUMES:
                           r16 = byte for LCD.
                           SPI port is configured.
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
               ;MODIFIES:
                           R16, PortB, SPCR
               ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
               ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for data
                           to be written by spi port before continuing.
                lcd_spi_transmit_CMD:
                                    ; save command, need r16.
00005e 930f
                    push r16
                                    ; clr PB1 = RS = 0 = command.
00005f 98c3
                    cbi portB, 3
000060 98c4
                    cbi portB, 4
                                    ; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
                                   ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
000061 b10e
                       in r16, SPSR
000062 b10f
                       in r16, SPDR
                                   ;
000063 910f
                                    ; restore command
                    pop r16
                                    ; write data to SPI port.
000064 b90f
                    out SPDR,r16
                    ;Wait for transmission complete
               wait_transmit:
000065 b10e
                    in r16, SPSR
                                   ; read status reg
000066 ff07
                    sbrs r16, SPIF
                                   ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
000067 cffd
                   rjmp wait_transmit
000068 b10f
                   in r16, SPDR ;added by Ken to clear SPIF
000069 9ac4
                   sbi portB, 4 ; set PB2 = /SS = deselected
00006a 9508
                    ret
               ***********
               ;NAME:
                           lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
               ;ASSUMES:
                           r16 = byte to transmit to LCD.
                           SPI port is configured.
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
                           R16, SPCR
               ;MODIFIES:
                ;CALLED BY: init_dsp, update
               ;DESCRITION: outputs a byte passed in r16 via SPI port. Waits for
                           data to be written by spi port before continuing.
               *******************
               lcd_spi_transmit_DATA:
                    push r16
                                   ; save command, need r16.
00006b 930f
                                   ; clr PB1 = RS = 1 = data.
00006c 9ac3
                    sbi portB, 3
                                    ; clr PB2 = /SS = selected.
00006d 98c4
                         portB, 4
                                    ; clear SPIF bit in SPSR.
00006e b10e
                      in r16, SPSR
00006f b10f
                      in r16, SPDR
                                    ; restore command.
000070 910f
                    pop r16
000071 b90f
                    out SPDR, r16
                                    ; write data to SPI port.
                    ;Wait for transmission complete
```

wait transmit1:

```
000072 b10e
                    in r16, SPSR
                                  ; read status reg
000073 ff07
                   sbrs r16, SPIF ; if bit 7 = 0 wait
000074 cffd
                   rjmp wait_transmit1
                   in r16, SPDR ;clear SPIF (because it follows in r16,SPSR)
000075 b10f
000076 9ac4
                   sbi portB, 4
                                  ; set PB2 = /SS = deselected
000077 9508
                   ret
               **************
               ;NAME:
                           init_lcd_dog
               ;ASSUMES:
                           nothing
               ; RETURNS:
                           nothing
               ;MODIFIES:
                           R16, R17
               ;CALLED BY: main application
               ;DESCRITION: inits DOG module LCD display for SPI (serial) operation.
               ;NOTE: Can be used as is with MCU clock speeds of 4MHz or less.
               ; public __version_1 void init_dsp(void)
               init_lcd_dog:
000078 dfde
                     rcall init_spi_lcd
                                       ; init SPI port for DOG LCD.
               start_dly_40ms:
000079 dfd9
                     rcall delay_40mS
                                        ; startup delay.
               func_set1:
00007a e309
                            r16,0x39
                     ldi
                                       ; send fuction set #1
00007b dfe2
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
00007c dfc8
                     rcall delay_30uS ; delay for command to be processed
               func set2:
00007d e309
                     ldi
                            r16,0x39
                                        ; send fuction set #2
00007e dfdf
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
00007f dfc5
                     rcall delay_30uS ; delay for command to be processed
               bias_set:
000080 e10e
                     ldi
                            r16,0x1E
                                        ; set bias value.
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
000081 dfdc
000082 dfc2
                     rcall delay_30uS
                                               ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
               power_ctrl:
                                               ; === (CAUTION... VERY DELICATE ADJUSTMENT)
                                              ; === 5V ~= 0x50 nominal;
000083 e500
                     ldi
                            r16,0x50
                                                                          Adjust by 1 ONLY
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ; === 3.3V ~= 0x55 nominal
000084 dfd9
                                                                          and think hex!
                                                Hex = 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,a,b,c,d,e,f
000085 dfbf
                     rcall delay_30uS
                                               ; -----
               follower_ctrl:
000086 e60c
                     1di
                           r16,0x6C
                                       ; follower mode on...
000087 dfd6
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
000088 dfca
                     rcall delay_40mS
                                               ; === CALIBRATION PARAMETER - USER ADJUSTABLE
               contrast_set:
                                               ; === LCD CONTRAST SETTING ADJUSTMENT
                                              ; ===
000089 e707
                     ldi
                           r16,0x77
00008a dfd3
                     rcall lcd spi transmit CMD; === Delicate: increases for 3.3V vs 5V
00008b dfb9
                     rcall delay_30uS
                                             display_on:
00008c e00c
                     ldi
                            r16,0x0c
                                        ; display on, cursor off, blink off
```

```
00008d dfd0
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
00008e dfb6
                      rcall delay_30uS
                clr_display:
00008f e001
                             r16,0x01
                                         ; clear display, cursor home
                      ldi
000090 dfcd
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
000091 dfb3
                      rcall delay_30uS
                entry_mode:
000092 e006
                      ldi
                             r16,0x06
                                         ; clear display, cursor home
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD;
000093 dfca
000094 dfb0
                      rcall delay_30uS
000095 9508
                      ret
                **********
                ; NAME:
                            update_lcd_dog
                            display buffers loaded with display data
                ;ASSUMES:
                ; RETURNS:
                            nothing
                            R16,R20,R30,R31,SREG
                ;MODIFIES:
                ;DESCRITION: Updates the LCD display lines 1, 2, and 3, using the
                ; contents of dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, and dsp_buff_3, respectively.
                ; public __version_1 void update_dsp_dog (void)
                update_lcd_dog:
000096 dfc0
                                         ; init SPI port for LCD.
                      rcall init_spi_lcd
                                          ; init 'chars per line' counter.
000097 e140
                      ldi r20,16
000098 934f
                                           ; save for later used.
                      push r20
                      ;send line 1 to the LCD module.
                wr_line1:
000099 e0f0
                      ldi
                            ZH, high (dsp_buff_1) ; init ptr to line 1 display buffer.
                            ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
00009a e6e0
                      ldi
                snd_ddram_addr:
                      ldi r16,0x80
00009b e800
                                                ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
00009c dfc1
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD ;
00009d dfa7
                      rcall delay_30uS
                snd_buff_1:
00009e 9101
                     1d
                            r16, Z+
00009f dfcb
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000a0 dfa4
                      rcall delay_30uS
0000a1 954a
                      dec r20
                      brne snd_buff_1
0000a2 f7d9
                      ;send line 2 to the LCD module.
                init_for_buff_2:
                                  ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
                      pop r20
0000a3 914f
0000a4 934f
                      push r20
                                 ; save for line 3
                wr_line2:
                            ZH, high (dsp_buff_2) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
0000a5 e0f0
                      ldi
0000a6 e7e0
                      ldi ZL, low (dsp_buff_2)
                snd_ddram_addr2:
0000a7 e900
                      ldi r16,0x90
                                                  ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000a8 dfb5
                      rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
                                                        ;
0000a9 df9b
                      rcall delay_30uS
                snd_buff_2:
0000aa 9101
                      ld
                            r16, Z+
```

```
0000ab dfbf
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000ac df98
                     rcall delay_30uS
0000ad 954a
                     dec r20
0000ae f7d9
                     brne snd_buff_2
                     ;send line 3 to the LCD module.
               init for buff 3:
0000af 914f
                                  ; reload r20 = chars per line counter
                     pop
               wr_line3:
0000b0 e0f0
                     ldi
                           ZH, high (dsp_buff_3) ; init ptr to line 2 display buffer.
                           ZL, low (dsp_buff_3)
0000b1 e8e0
                     ldi
               snd ddram addr3:
0000b2 ea00
                     ldi r16,0xA0
                                                ; init DDRAM addr-ctr
0000b3 dfaa
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_CMD
0000b4 df90
                     rcall delay_30uS
               snd buff 3:
0000b5 9101
                   ld
                           r16, Z+
0000b6 dfb4
                     rcall lcd_spi_transmit_DATA
0000b7 df8d
                     rcall delay_30uS
0000b8 954a
                     dec
                          r20
0000b9 f7d9
                     brne snd_buff_3
0000ba 9508
                     ret
               ;***** End Of LCD DOG Include Module ***********************
               *************
               ; NAME:
                         clr_dsp_buffs
               ;FUNCTION: Initializes dsp_buffers 1, 2, and 3 with blanks (0x20)
               ;ASSUMES: Three CONTIGUOUS 16-byte dram based buffers named
                         dsp_buff_1, dsp_buff_2, dsp_buff_3.
               ;RETURNS: nothing.
               ;MODIFIES: r25,r26, Z-ptr
               ;CALLS:
                         none
               ;CALLED BY: main application and diagnostics
               ************************
               clr_dsp_buffs:
0000bb e390
                   ldi R25, 48
                                                  ; load total length of both buffer.
                   ldi R26, ''
                                                  ; load blank/space into R26.
0000bc e2a0
                   ldi ZH, high (dsp_buff_1)
                                                  ; Load ZH and ZL as a pointer to 1st
0000bd e0f0
                                                  ; byte of buffer for line 1.
0000be e6e0
                   ldi ZL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                   ;set DDRAM address to 1st position of first line.
               store bytes:
                                                  ; store ' ' into 1st/next buffer byte and
0000bf 93a1
                   st Z+, R26
                                                  ; auto inc ptr to next location.
                   dec R25
0000c0 959a
                                                  ; cont until r25=0, all bytes written.
0000c1 f7e9
                   brne store_bytes
0000c2 9508
               ************
               ; NAME:
                          load_msg
               ;FUNCTION: Loads a predefined string msg into a specified diplay
                          buffer.
               ;ASSUMES:
                         Z = offset of message to be loaded. Msg format is
                         defined below.
               ;RETURNS: nothing.
               ;MODIFIES: r16, Y, Z
               ;CALLS:
                         nothing
               ;CALLED BY:
```

```
; Message structure:
                    label: .db <buff num>, <text string/message>, <end of string>
                 ; Message examples (also see Messages at the end of this file/module):
                    msg_1: .db 1,"First Message ", 0 ; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0 msg_2: .db 1,"Another message ", 0 ; loads msg into buff 1, eom=0
                    a) The 1st number indicates which buffer to load (either 1, 2, or 3).
                    b) The last number (zero) is an 'end of string' indicator.
                    c) Y = ptr to disp_buffer
                        Z = ptr to message (passed to subroutine)
                 ldi YH, high (dsp_buff_1)
0000c3 e0d0
                                                      ; Load YH and YL as a pointer to 1st
0000c4 e6c0
                      ldi YL, low (dsp_buff_1)
                                                        ; byte of dsp_buff_1 (Note - assuming
                                                        ; (dsp_buff_1 for now).
                                                       ; get dsply buff number (1st byte of msg).
0000c5 9105
                    lpm R16, Z+
0000c6 3001
                                                            ; if equal to '1', ptr already setup.
                     cpi r16, 1
0000c7 f021
                     breq get_msg_byte
                                                      ; jump and start message load.
                                                           ; else set ptr to dsp buff 2.
                     adiw YH:YL, 16
0000c8 9660
                                                            ; if equal to '2', ptr now setup.
0000c9 3002
                     cpi r16, 2
                                                     ; if equal to '2', ptr now ; jump and start message load.
0000ca f031
                     breq digit_load
0000cb 9660
                     adiw YH:YL, 16
                                                            ; else set ptr to dsp buff 3.
                 get_msg_byte:
                                                      ; get next byte of msg and see if '0'.
0000cc 9105
                     lpm R16, Z+
0000cd 3000
                                                            ; if equal to '0', end of message reached.
                      cpi R16, 0
0000ce f091
                                                       ; jump and stop message loading operation.
                     breq msg_loaded
0000cf 9309
                     st Y+, R16
                                                            ; else, store next byte of msg in buffer.
0000d0 cffb
                     rjmp get_msg_byte
                                                        ; jump back and continue...
                 ; digital load will only be accessed when displaying line 2,
                 ; since the frequency to be displayed in line 2 is constantly
                 ; changing for different waveform, the line 2 has to be adjusted
                 ; according.
                 ; r17, will inc until 6, to display 6 empty spaces
                 ; r4 will contain the first digit of the frequency
                 ; r3 will contain the second digit of the frequency
                 ; r2 will contain the third digit of the frequency
                 ; r1 will contian the fouth digit of the frequency
                 ;get_dis_freq subroutine will just transfer each value stored in
                 ; r25 to y pointer
                 digit_load:
0000d1 9513
                    inc r17
                    ldi r25, $20
                                                   ;load empty spaces for 6 places
0000d2 e290
                                                   ;display
0000d3 d00b
                    rcall get_dis_freq
                                                  ;check if 6 places typed
;repeat until 6 places
;load the first number in freq
0000d4 131b
                    cpse r17, r27
0000d5 cffb
                   rjmp digit_load
0000d6 2d94
                   mov r25, r4
0000d7 d007
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                  ;display
0000d8 2d93
                                                   ;load the second number in freq
                    mov r25, r3
0000d9 d005
                                                  ;display
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                   ;load the third number in freq
0000da 2d92
                    mov r25, r2
                                                   ;display
0000db d003
                    rcall get_dis_freq
0000dc 2d91
                    mov r25, r1
                                                   ;load the fourth number in freq
0000dd d001
                   rcall get_dis_freq
                                                    ;display
0000de c002
                                                    ;go to the next line of the lcd
                   rjmp msg_loaded
                 get dis freq:
                                                   ;clear for later use
                 // ldi r16, $00
                 // add ZL, r25
                                                   ;add low byte
                                                   ;add in the carry
                 // adc ZH, r16
                 // 1pm r25, Z+
                                                    ;load bid pattern from table into r25
```

```
0000df 9399
                   st Y+, r25
                                                  ;display the selected frquency
0000e0 9508
                   ret
                msg_loaded:
0000e1 9508
                    ret
                ;------
                ;unpacks the values store in r8 and r9 to r1- r4
                ; r4 containe the left most number ie the thousanth
                ;digit and r1 the right most number
                unpack:
0000e2 930f
                  push r16
                                                 ;store the value currently in r16
0000e3 2c28
                  mov r2, r8
                                                 ;make a copy of r8 in r2
0000e4 2c49
                  mov r4, r9
                                                 ;make a copy of r9 in r4
0000e5 e00f
                  ldi r16, $0f
                                                 ;use and function to
                  and r8, r16
0000e6 2280
                                                 ;mask the upper nibble of r8
                  mov r1, r8
0000e7 2c18
                                                 ;move lower nibble to r1
                                                 ;mask upper nibble of r9
0000e8 2290
                  and r9, r16
0000e9 2c39
                  mov r3, r9
                                                 ;move lower nible to r3
0000ea 9500
                  com r16
                                                 ;load with f0 to mask lower nibble
0000eb 2220
                  and r2, r16
                                                 ;mask lower nibble of r8
                and r2, r16
swap r2
and r4, r16
swap r4
0000ec 9422
                                                 ;switch upper and lower nibble
0000ed 2240
                                                 ;mask lower nibble of r9
0000ee 9442
                                                 ;switch upper and lower nibble
0000ef e300
                 ldi r16, $30
                                                 ;add thirty to every number
                add r1, r16
0000f0 0e10
                                                 ;to convert from hex to ascii
                  add r2, r16
0000f1 0e20
0000f2 0e30
                  add r3, r16
0000f3 0e40
                  add r4, r16
0000f4 910f
                                                  ;retrive the value previosly stored
                  pop r16
0000f5 9508
                   ret
                ;-----
                ;This subroutine is placed here, if it was required during
                ; the lab. Its not called anywhere in the code.
                ;delays for 10ms
                ;r20 set to 100
                ;r21 set to 33
                ; combined delay will yield 9999 clock cycles
                delay:
0000f6 e644
                ldi r20,100
                   outer:
0000f7 e251
                      ldi r21, 33
                       inner:
                          dec r21
0000f8 955a
0000f9 f7f1
                          brne inner
                          dec r20
0000fa 954a
0000fb f7d9
                          brne outer
0000fc 9508
                   ret
```

## RESOURCE USE INFORMATION

-----

## Notice:

The register and instruction counts are symbol table hit counts, and hence implicitly used resources are not counted, eg, the 'lpm' instruction without operands implicitly uses r0 and z, none of which are counted.

x,y,z are separate entities in the symbol table and are counted separately from r26..r31 here.

.dseg memory usage only counts static data declared with .byte

```
"ATmega16" register use summary:
                   5 r3 :
                                  5 r5:
r0: 0 r1: 3 r2:
                           3 r4 :
                                          0 r6:
                                                 0 r7 :
r8: 4 r9: 4 r10:
                    0 r11:
                           0 r12: 0 r13:
                                          0 r14:
                                                 0 r15:
r16: 66 r17: 6 r18: 2 r19: 2 r20: 10 r21:
                                          2 r22:
                                                 2 r23: 2
r24: 4 r25: 12 r26: 2 r27: 1 r28: 3 r29:
                                          3 r30: 7 r31:
                                                        7
x : 0 y : 2 z : 6
Registers used: 24 out of 35 (68.6%)
"ATmega16" instruction use summary:
                                 : 4 adiw :
.lds : 0 .sts : 0 adc : 0 add
                                               2 and
andi : 0 asr : 0 bclr : 0 bld
                                 : 0 brbc :
                                               0 brbs :
brcc : 0 brcs : 1 break : 0 breq : 4 brge :
                                               0 brhc :
brhs : 0 brid : 0 brie : 0 brlo : 0 brlt :
                                               0 brmi :
brne : 13 brpl : 0 brsh : 0 brtc : 0 brts :
                                               0 brvc :
                                                        0
brvs : 0 bset : 0 bst : 0 call : 0 cbi :
                                               3 cbr :
                                                        0
clc :
       0 clh :
                 0 cli
                       : 0 cln : 0 clr
                                               0 cls
                                                         0
                                           :
              :
        0 clv
                 0 clz
                       : 0 com
: 12 eor
clt
                                     1 cp
                                               1 cpc
                                    0 fmul :
срі
        3 cpse :
                 1 dec
                                               0 fmuls:
                                                         0
        0 icall :
                 0 ijmp :
                          0 in
                                 : 12 inc
                                               3 jmp
fmulsu:
                                                        0
ld :
       3 ldd : 0 ldi
                        : 51 lds
                                :
                                    0 lpm
                                           :
                                               2 lsl
lsr :
       0 mov : 8 movw : 0 mul
                                 : 0 muls :
                                               0 mulsu:
        0 nop : 2 or
                       : 0 ori
                                 : 0 out
                                               7 pop :
                                                        7
                        : 14 reti : 0 rjmp :
                                                        a
push :
       7 rcall : 50 ret
                                               6 rol
ror : 0 sbc : 0 sbci : 0 sbi :
                                    5 sbic :
                                               0 sbis :
                                                        0
sbiw :
       0 sbr :
0 sen :
       0 sbr
                 0 sbrc : 0 sbrs :
                                     2 sec
                                               0 seh
sei
                 0 ser
                           0 ses
                                     0 set
                                               0 sev
                                                        0
sez
        0 sleep :
                 0 spm
                           0 st
                                     3 std
                                               0 sts
                                                        0
sub : 0 subi : 0 swap : 2 tst :
                                     0 wdr
                                               0
Instructions used: 29 out of 113 (25.7%)
```

## "ATmega16" memory use summary [bytes]:

Segment	Begin	End	Code	Data	Used	Size	Use%	
. 01		0x0001fa 0x000090	466 0	40 48	506 48	16384 1024	3.1% 4.7%	_
. 01		0x000000	0	0	0	512	0.0%	

Assembly complete, 0 errors, 0 warnings