In kindergarten, children are learning how to color. They have several colors available and each receives a different drawing that requires different colors. For each drawing it is specified with what colors each area should be colored. Unfortunately, due to the funding cuts for pencils, some colors are missing, and some of the drawings will remain incompletely colored. The children, being inventive, learned that they can get some colors using combinations of the ones they already have. However, in some cases, this trick is not enough either.

Requirement

Given the colors available to the children, as well as the types of drawings and colors needed for each drawing, write a program that determines which children can finish the coloring. As they learned from art class, they can combine colors to get some of the ones they don't have, like this:

- red + blue = purple
- yellow + red = orange
- yellow + blue = green
- red + yellow + blue = brown

Input Data

On the first line there is a positive integer C representing the number of colors available. On the second line there are the C available colors, separated by one or more spaces. From the third line to the end of the input stream are the information about each child and drawing: the child's name, the number N_i of colors required for the drawing, then N_i colors, all separated by one or more spaces.

Output Data

The names of the children who can finish the drawing, each name on a new line, in the order in which they appear in the input stream, will be displayed on the standard output stream.

MAKE SURE to carefully meet the requirement of the problem: the display of the results must be done EXACTLY in the way indicated! In other words, nothing in addition to the problem requirement will be displayed on the standard output stream; as a result of the automatic evaluation, any additional character displayed, or a different display than the one indicated, will lead to an erroneous result and therefore to be "Rejected".

Restrictions

- 1. The names of children and colors are made up of a single word.
- 2. $0 < \mathbf{C} <= 10$
- 3. $0 < N_i <= 10$
- 4. The number of children is in interval [0; 10]
- 5. **Warning**: According to the chosen programming language, the file containing the code must have one of the extensions .c, .cpp, .java, .py or .m. The web editor does not add automatically these extensions and the lack of the extensions leads to the impossibility of program compilation!
- **6. Warning:** For those using Matlab, it is recommended that the source file be named <name>.m

Examples

Input	Output	Explanation
3	mihai	The "blue" color required for Mihai
pink green blue	andra	is in the list of available colors.
mihai 1 blue		
andra 1 pink		The "pink" color required by
		Andrei is in the list of available
		colors.
		Both children can finish the
		drawing, so both their names are
		displayed.
4	marin	Marin can create orange from red
pink blue red yellow	marina	and yellow and green from blue and
marin 4 blue green pink orange		yellow, so he can finish his
ion 5 cyan green blue red yellow		drawing.
marina 2 red green		
		Ion, on the other hand, can't get the
		"cyan" color so he can't finish his
		drawing.

Working time: 150 minutes