

## Zad 1

### Metoda prostokątów

```
Funkcja: x*x
Początek przedziału: 0
Koniec przedziału: 1
Liczba podprzedziałów: 100
Całka z funkcji x*x po przedziale od 0.0 do 1.0 = 0.32835000000000014
```

### Metoda trapezów

```
Funkcja: x*x
Początek przedziału: 0
Koniec przedziału: 1
Liczba podprzedziałów: 100
Całka z funkcji x*x po przedziale od 0.0 do 1.0 = 0.33335
```

### Metoda Simpsona

```
Funkcja: x*x
Początek przedziału: 0
Koniec przedziału: 1
Liczba podprzedziałów: 100
Całka z funkcji x*x po przedziale od 0.0 do 1.0 = 1.3133333333333335
```

## Zad 2

```
xs = np.array([ 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0], dtype=float)
ys = np.array([ 6.0, 0.0, -4.0, 0.0, 18.0, 56.0, 120.0, 216.0], dtype=float)
```

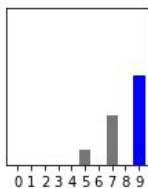
```
[74] print(model.predict([7.0]))
```

```
[[118.99976]]
```

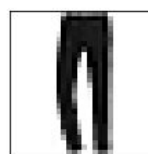
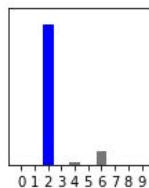
## Zad 3



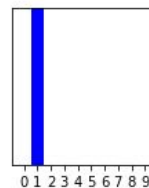
Ankle boot 57% (Ankle boot)



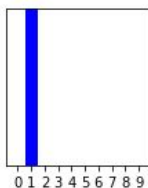
Pullover 89% (Pullover)



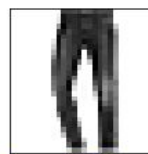
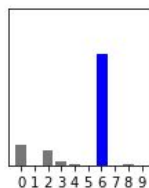
Trousers 100% (Trousers)



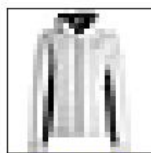
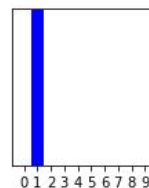
Trousers 100% (Trousers)



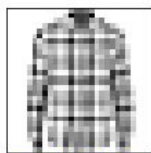
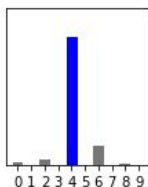
Shirt 72% (Shirt)



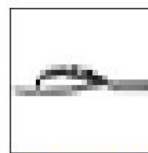
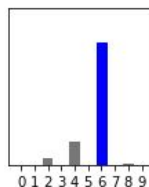
Trousers 99% (Trousers)



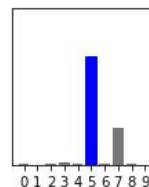
Coat 82% (Coat)



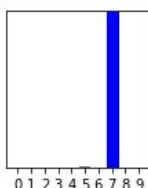
Shirt 78% (Shirt)



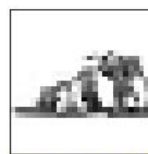
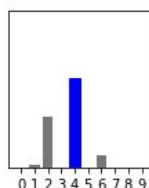
Sandal 70% (Sandal)



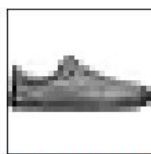
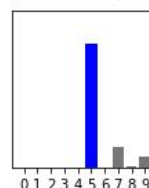
Sneaker 99% (Sneaker)



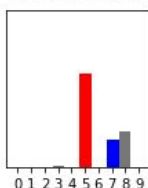
Coat 57% (Coat)



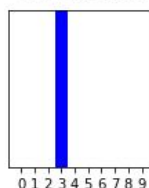
Sandal 79% (Sandal)



Sneaker 59% (Sneaker)



Dress 100% (Dress)



Coat 89% (Coat)

