# COMPENG 4DN4 Lab 1 Report

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## TCP: WireShark



Figure 1: http://compeng4dn4.mooo.com:50008/photos/351.jpeg

## TCP: Tcpdump

A topdump packet capture was started and the scan written to a WireShark compatible pcap file for analysis. The topdump terminal output is shown in Listing 1. The Noat terminal output where the group member's names and MAC ID numbers were echoed is shown below in Listing 2.

Listing 1: Tcpdump Packet Capture of Python Echo Server Connection

```
sudo tcpdump -nnvvX -i 1 -S host compeng4dn4.mooo.com -w mooo_echo.pcap
tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes
21 packets captured
88 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
```

Listing 2: Neat Connection to Python Echo Server

ncat --crlf compeng4dn4.mooo.com 50007 Wecome to COMPENG 4DN4 Echo Server! Raeed Hassan Raeed Hassan 400188200 400188200 Aaron Pinto Aaron Pinto 400190637 400190637

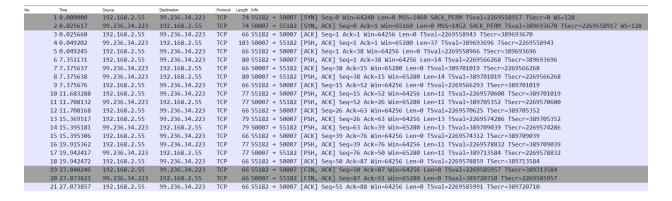
The capture displayed in WireShark is shown below in Figure 2. The first three packets (1-3) contain the three way handshake which establishes the TCP connection. The next two packets are (4-5) shows that the server is letting the host know that it is sending some data in packet 4 (the message "Wecome to COMPENG 4DN4 Echo Server!") while acknowledging the last signal with a [PSH, ACK] signal, and that the host acknowledges this in packet 5.

Packets 6-9 are for the first message sent to the server ("Raeed Hassan") which is echoed back to the host. The host sends the message in packet 6, with a [PSH, ACK] signal as discussed earlier, which is then acknowledged by the server in packet 7. The server then does the same when echoing the message back, with a [PSH, ACK] signal in packet 8, which is acknowledged by the host in packet 9.

For the next three messages, the ACK signal from the server (such as in packet 7) is dropped and instead only 3 packets are sent, a [PSH, ACK] signal from the host to the server when sending the message, a [PSH, ACK] signal from the server to the host when it echoes back the signal, and an ACK signal from the host acknowledging the previous signal. Packets 10-12 are for the next message sent to the server ("400188200") which is echoed back to the host. Packets 13-15 are for the next message sent to the server ("Aaron Pinto") which is echoed back to the host. Packets 16-18 are for the next message sent to the server ("400190637") which is echoed back to the host.

The last three packets (19-21) close the TCP connection. The host sending sends a FIN signal in packet 19 to indicate it wishes to finish the TCP connection, which the server acknowledges in packet 20 and sends back it's own FIN signal. The connection is finished as the host acknowledges the server's signal in packet 21.

Figure 2: Tcpdump Capture of Python Echo Server in WireShark



#### DNS

The nslookup utility was used to do a DNS query on the compeng4dn4.mooo.com server. The terminal output of the DNS query is shown in Listing 3.

Listing 3: DNS Query Terminal Output

```
nslookup compeng4dn4.mooo.com
Server: mynetwork
Address: 192.168.2.1

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: compeng4dn4.mooo.com
Address: 99.236.34.223
```

The WireShark capture for the DNS query is shown below in Figure 3. The capture was filtered for DNS queries containing compeng4dn4.mooo.com, using the display filter dns.qry.name contains "compeng4dn4.mooo.com".

The DNS query first searches for compeng4dn4.mooo.com with the DNS suffix .home, performing the query with "A" and "AAAA" records, for mapping hostnames to IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. Both DNS queries return "no such name" indicating that the queries are unsuccessful. The DNS query then queries compeng4dn4.mooo.com with no suffix, returning the correct IPv4 address for the A record. The AAAA record does not return any address.

Figure 3: DNS Query WireShark Capture

dis.gry.name contains "compeng-ddn4.mooo.com"						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info	
	202 16.449334	192.168.2.49	192.168.2.1	DNS	85 Standard query 0x0002 A compeng4dn4.mooo.com.home	
	203 16.454914	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	DNS	85 Standard query response 0x0002 No such name A compeng4dn4.mooo.com.home	
	204 16.455021	192.168.2.49	192.168.2.1	DNS	85 Standard query 0x0003 AAAA compeng4dn4.mooo.com.home	
	205 16.459511	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	DNS	85 Standard query response 0x0003 No such name AAAA compeng4dn4.mooo.com.homo	
	206 16.459602	192.168.2.49	192.168.2.1	DNS	80 Standard query 0x0004 A compeng4dn4.mooo.com	
	207 16.463819	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	DNS	96 Standard query response 0x0004 A compeng4dn4.mooo.com A 99.236.34.223	
	208 16.465093	192.168.2.49	192.168.2.1	DNS	80 Standard query 0x0005 AAAA compeng4dn4.mooo.com	
	209 16.469126	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	DNS	80 Standard query response 0x0005 AAAA compeng4dn4.mooo.com	

### Traceroute

The traceroute terminal output is shown below in Listing 4. We can see that the traceroute begins first with a hoop to the local router at 192.168.2.1, then takes 10 hops to route to 24.156.158.102, with all subsequent hops timing out.

Listing 4: Traceroute Terminal Output

```
tracert compeng4dn4.mooo.com
Tracing route to compeng4dn4.mooo.com [99.236.34.223]
over a maximum of 30 hops:
                5 ms
                         5 ms mynetwork [192.168.2.1]
                        19 ms 10.11.2.49
 2
      22 ms
               15 ms
                        * Request timed out.
  4
      14 ms
               21 ms
                        *
                              cksnon1673w_lag37.net.bell.ca [142.124.127.44]
  5
       9 ms
               18 ms
                        22 ms cr01-toroonxnhe9-bundle-ether1.net.bell.ca [142.124.127.159]
  6
       22 ms
               26 ms
                        24 ms bx5-torontoxn_ae0.net.bell.ca [64.230.52.229]
                        20 ms rogers_bx5-torontoxn.net.bell.ca [184.150.158.205]
  7
      29 ms
               28 ms
                        21 ms 209.148.235.221
      22 ms
               20 ms
  9
      23 ms
               13 ms
                        15 ms 3039-dgw01.hstr.rmgt.net.rogers.com [209.148.237.94]
                       18 ms 24.156.158.102
  10
       23 ms
                33 ms
  11
                                Request timed out.
                 *
 12
                                Request timed out.
  13
                                Request timed out.
 14
                                Request timed out.
```

```
Request timed out.
                                Request timed out.
16
17
                                Request timed out.
18
                                Request timed out.
19
                                Request timed out.
20
                                Request timed out.
21
                                Request timed out.
22
                                Request timed out.
23
                                Request timed out.
24
                                Request timed out.
25
                                Request timed out.
26
                                Request timed out.
27
                                Request timed out.
                                Request timed out.
28
29
                                Request timed out.
30
                                Request timed out.
```

The WireShark capture was done with a capture filter of icmp. The WireShark capture for traceroute is shown below in Figure 4. We can see that what the traceroute command does is continually send ICMP echo requests to the targeted hostname (99.236.34.223) from 192.168.2.49 (the localhost). We can also follow the hops in the traceroute by checking the source destination of the "Time-to-live exceeded" ICMP packets, with the first two hops of the traceroute (192.168.2.1 and 10.11.2.49) appearing in the figure.

Figure 4: Traceroute WireShark Capture

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info		
	1 0.000000	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=236/60416, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	2 0.000016	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	(1 0/ 1	id=0x0001, seq=236/60416, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	3 0.005391	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	4 0.006001	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=237/60672, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	5 0.006013	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=237/60672, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	6 0.011327	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	7 0.011721	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=238/60928, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	8 0.011727	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=238/60928, ttl=1 (no response found!)	
	9 0.017607	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	10 1.022108	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=239/61184, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	11 1.022119	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=239/61184, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	12 1.044148	10.11.2.49	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	13 1.044623	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=240/61440, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	14 1.044629	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=240/61440, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	15 1.060458	10.11.2.49	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	16 1.061046	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=241/61696, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	17 1.061062	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=241/61696, ttl=2 (no response found!)	
	18 1.080493	10.11.2.49	192.168.2.49	ICMP	134 Time-to-live exceede	d (Time to live exceeded in transit)	
	19 7.026845	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=242/61952, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	20 7.026854	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=242/61952, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	21 10.974409	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=243/62208, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	22 10.974426	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=243/62208, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	23 14.969557	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=244/62464, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	24 14.969568	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=244/62464, ttl=3 (no response found!)	
	25 18.972363	192.168.2.49	99.236.34.223	ICMP	106 Echo (ping) request	id=0x0001, seq=245/62720, ttl=4 (no response found!)	

## Nmap

# Standard TCP Connection Scan of compeng4dn4.mooo.com

A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) of the server compeng4dn4.mooo.com over the port range 50000-50009 is performed and shown in Listing 5. The scan showed that ports 50007 and 50008 were open, indicating that there is an application that will accept

TCP connections, UDP datagrams, or SCTP associated on these ports. The remainder of the ports reported their states as filtered, indicating Nmap could not determine if the port is open. Nmap states that this usually occurs due to packet filtering preventing Nmap's probes from reaching the port. The known services corresponding with each port (from the nmap-services database) are also listed, with port 50000 being used for IBM Db2 and port 50002 for Internet/Intranet Input Method Server Framework.

Listing 5: Nmap Standard TCP Connection Scan Over Port Range 50000-50009

```
nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sT -p 50000-50009
Starting Nmap 7.93 (https://nmap.org) at 2023-02-11 22:50 Eastern Standard Time
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up (0.030s latency).
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
PORT
          STATE
                  SERVICE
50000/tcp filtered ibm-db2
50001/tcp filtered unknown
50002/tcp filtered iiimsf
50003/tcp filtered unknown
50004/tcp filtered unknown
50005/tcp filtered unknown
50006/tcp filtered unknown
50007/tcp open
               unknown
50008/tcp open
                  unknown
50009/tcp filtered unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 3.36 seconds
```

## TCP SYN Scan of compeng4dn4.mooo.com

A TCP SYN scan (using -sS option) of the server compeng4dn4.mooo.com over the port range 50000-50009 is performed and shown in Listing 6. The scan returns the same information, reporting the same state and services for each of the ports scanned.

Listing 6: Nmap TCP SYN Scan Over Port Range 50000-50009

```
nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sS -p 50000-50009
Starting Nmap 7.93 (https://nmap.org) at 2023-02-11 22:51 Eastern Standard Time
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up (0.032s latency).
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
PORT
         STATE
                   SERVICE
50000/tcp filtered ibm-db2
50001/tcp filtered unknown
50002/tcp filtered iiimsf
50003/tcp filtered unknown
50004/tcp filtered unknown
50005/tcp filtered unknown
50006/tcp filtered unknown
50007/tcp open
                  unknown
50008/tcp open
                  unknown
50009/tcp filtered unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.50 seconds
```

## TCP Scans of Open Port 50007

A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) and a TCP SYN scan (using -sS option) of the server compeng4dn4.mooo.com on the open port 50007 are performed and shown in Listing 7. For both scans, the Nmap scan reported the same information. The scans reported the same information on port 50007 as the earlier scans on the larger port range.

Listing 7: Nmap Scans on Port 50007

```
sudo nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sT -p 50007
Starting Nmap 7.80 (https://nmap.org) at 2023-02-12 21:32 EST
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up (0.031s latency).
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
          STATE SERVICE
50007/tcp open unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.15 seconds
sudo nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sS -p 50007
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-02-12 21:32 EST
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up (0.024s latency).
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
PORT
          STATE SERVICE
50007/tcp open unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.20 seconds
```

Both scans were captured with tcpdump, writing the scan to a WireShark compatible pcap file for analysis. The tcpdump packet capture command of the scans is shown in Listing 8.

Listing 8: Tcpdump Packet Capture of Scans on Port 50007

```
sudo tcpdump -nnvvX -i 1 -S host compeng4dn4.mooo.com -w 50007.pcap tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes 7 packets captured 13 packets received by filter 0 packets dropped by kernel
```

The capture displayed in WireShark is shown below in Figure 5. The first four packets (1-4) are from the standard TCP connection scan on port 50007. The last three packets (5-7) are from the TCP SYN scan on port 50007.

The first four packets shows the expected behaviour of a TCP connection scan on an open port. The host (192.168.2.55) sends a SYN signal to the destination (port 50007 on 99.236.34.223). The destination lets the host know that the port is open by returning a SYN/ACK signal. The host then establishes the connection and sends an ACK signal. Finally, the host will kill the connection with a RST signal.

The last three packets shows the expected behaviour of a TCP SYN scan on an open port. The first two packets are the same as before, however the host sends a RST signal on the third packet to let the destination know it will not be establishing a connection.

Figure 5: Tcpdump Capture of Port 50007 in WireShark

No	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	1 0.000000	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	74 46748 → 50007 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2265637838 TSecr=0 WS=128
- 1	2 0.030798	99.236.34.223	192.168.2.55	TCP	74 50007 → 46748 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65160 Len=0 MSS=1452 SACK_PERM TSval=385772596 TSecr=2265637838 WS=128
	3 0.030899	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	66 46748 → 50007 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=2265637869 TSecr=385772596
	4 0.030960	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	66 46748 → 50007 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=2265637869 TSecr=385772596
	5 17.701279	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	58 62988 → 50007 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
- 1	6 17.725210	99.236.34.223	192.168.2.55	TCP	60 50007 → 62988 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1452
	7 17.725278	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	54 62988 → 50007 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0

### TCP Scans of Closed Port 50009

The filtered ports were assumed to be closed, and the scans were performed on the port 50009. A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) and a TCP SYN scan (using -sS option) of the server compeng4dn4.mooo.com on the closed port 50009 are performed and shown in Listing 9. For both scans, the Nmap scan reported the same information. The scans reported the same information on port 50009 as the earlier scans on the larger port range.

Listing 9: Nmap Scans on Port 50009

```
sudo nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sT -p 50009
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-02-12 21:31 EST
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up.
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
PORT
          STATE
                   SERVICE
50009/tcp filtered unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 2.12 seconds
sudo nmap compeng4dn4.mooo.com -Pn -sS -p 50009
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-02-12 21:32 EST
Nmap scan report for compeng4dn4.mooo.com (99.236.34.223)
Host is up.
rDNS record for 99.236.34.223: cpe382c4a5bff48-cm00fc8db8cbb0.cpe.net.cable.rogers.com
PORT
          STATE
                   SERVICE
50009/tcp filtered unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 2.18 seconds
```

Both scans were captured with tcpdump, writing the scan to a WireShark compatible pcap file for analysis. The tcpdump packet capture command of the scans is shown in Listing 10.

Listing 10: Tcpdump Packet Capture of Scans on Port 50009

```
sudo tcpdump -nnvvX -i 1 -S host compeng4dn4.mooo.com -w 50009.pcap tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), snapshot length 262144 bytes 4 packets captured 10 packets received by filter 0 packets dropped by kernel
```

The capture displayed in WireShark is shown below in Figure 6. The first two packets (1-2) are from the standard TCP connection scan on port 50009. The last two packets (3-4) are from the TCP SYN scan on port 50009.

The first two packets and last two packets both show the expected behaviour of a Nmap scan on a filtered port. The host (192.168.2.55) sends a SYN signal to the destination (port 50009)

on 99.236.34.223) but does not receive a reply. After waiting some time (around 1 second in this capture), the host sends another SYN signal to try again. If the timeout period is again exceeded, Nmap will give up and mark the port as filtered.

Figure 6: Tcpdump Capture of Port 50009 in WireShark

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
	1 0.000000	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	74 36270 → 50009 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2265584398 TSecr=0 WS=128
	2 1.000716	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	74 36286 → 50009 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM TSval=2265585399 TSecr=0 WS=128
	3 13.421758	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	58 37040 → 50009 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
	4 14.422800	192.168.2.55	99.236.34.223	TCP	58 37041 → 50009 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460

## Standard TCP Connection Scan of localhost

A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) of localhost was performed and shown in Listing 11. The scan reports all found open ports, and also states that there are 993 tcp ports that were filtered due to no-response. The services corresponding to each open port is also listed. The purposes of each service on these open ports are discussed in Table 1.

Listing 11: Nmap Standard TCP Connection Scan of localhost

```
nmap localhost -Pn -sT
Starting Nmap 7.93 (https://nmap.org) at 2023-02-11 23:39 Eastern Standard Time
Nmap scan report for localhost (127.0.0.1)
Host is up (0.00015s latency).
Other addresses for localhost (not scanned): ::1
Not shown: 993 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
135/tcp open msrpc
445/tcp
        open
              microsoft-ds
2179/tcp open vmrdp
5357/tcp open wsdapi
9010/tcp open sdr
9080/tcp open
              glrpc
9100/tcp open
              jetdirect
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 44.45 seconds
```

Table 1: Services on Open Ports of localhost

PORT	SERVICE	PURPOSE
135/tcp	msrpc	Microsoft Remote Procedure Call
445/tcp	microsoft-ds	Server Message Block (SMB)
2179/tcp	vmrdp	Microsoft RDP for virtual machines
5357/tcp	wsdapi	Microsoft Network Discovery
9010/tcp	$\operatorname{sdr}$	Secure Data Replicator Protocol
9080/tcp	glrpc	Groove Collaboration software GLRPC
9100/tcp	jetdirect	HP JetDirect (for HP LaserJet printers)

#### TCP Scan of Port 8000 on localhost

A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) of port 8000 on localhost was performed and shown in Listing 12. The scan reports that the port is filtered (likely due to

no response as mentioned in the previous report). The service that typically corresponds to this port is http-alt, an alternative HTTP port.

Listing 12: Nmap Standard TCP Connection Scan of Port 8000 on localhost

```
nmap localhost -Pn -sT -p 8000
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-02-11 23:43 Eastern Standard Time
Nmap scan report for localhost (127.0.0.1)
Host is up.
Other addresses for localhost (not scanned): ::1

PORT STATE SERVICE
8000/tcp filtered http-alt

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 2.11 seconds
```

#### TCP Scan of Port 8000 on localhost with HTTP Server

A standard TCP connection scan (using -sT option) of port 8000 on localhost was performed while the HTTP server was running, and the scan is shown in Listing 13. The scan reports that the port is now open. When the web service is accessed through a browser, a page that serves the contents of the directory where the server was launched is shown. The webpage is shown in Figure 7.

Listing 13: Nmap Standard TCP Connection Scan of Port 8000 on localhost with HTTP Server

```
nmap localhost -Pn -sT -p 8000
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-02-11 23:43 Eastern Standard Time
Nmap scan report for localhost (127.0.0.1)
Host is up (0.0010s latency).
Other addresses for localhost (not scanned): ::1

PORT STATE SERVICE
8000/tcp open http-alt

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.09 seconds
```

Figure 7: localhost:8000

