

In [18]:

```
# Load the weather dataset (assuming it's in the same directory as this scrip
weather_df = pd.read_csv('weather.csv')
print(weather_df)
```

	MinTemp	MaxTemp	Rainfall	Evaporation	Sunshine	WindGustDir	\
0	8.0	24.3	0.0	3.4	6.3	NW	
1	14.0	26.9	3.6	4.4	9.7	ENE	
2	13.7	23.4	3.6	5.8	3.3	NW	
3	13.3	15.5	39.8	7.2	9.1	NW	
4	7.6	16.1	2.8	5.6	10.6	SSE	
..	
361	9.0	30.7	0.0	7.6	12.1	NNW	
362	7.1	28.4	0.0	11.6	12.7	N	
363	12.5	19.9	0.0	8.4	5.3	ESE	
364	12.5	26.9	0.0	5.0	7.1	NW	
365	12.3	30.2	0.0	6.0	12.6	NW	

	WindGustSpeed	WindDir9am	WindDir3pm	WindSpeed9am	...	Humidity3pm	\
0	30.0	SW	NW	6.0	...	29	
1	39.0	E	W	4.0	...	36	
2	85.0	N	NNE	6.0	...	69	
3	54.0	WNW	W	30.0	...	56	
4	50.0	SSE	ESE	20.0	...	49	
..	
361	76.0	SSE	NW	7.0	...	15	
362	48.0	NNW	NNW	2.0	...	22	
363	43.0	ENE	ENE	11.0	...	47	
364	46.0	SSW	WNW	6.0	...	39	
365	78.0	NW	WNW	31.0	...	13	

	Pressure9am	Pressure3pm	Cloud9am	Cloud3pm	Temp9am	Temp3pm	\
0	1019.7	1015.0	7	7	14.4	23.6	
1	1012.4	1008.4	5	3	17.5	25.7	
2	1009.5	1007.2	8	7	15.4	20.2	
3	1005.5	1007.0	2	7	13.5	14.1	
4	1018.3	1018.5	7	7	11.1	15.4	
..	
361	1016.1	1010.8	1	3	20.4	30.0	
362	1020.0	1016.9	0	1	17.2	28.2	
363	1024.0	1022.8	3	2	14.5	18.3	
364	1021.0	1016.2	6	7	15.8	25.9	
365	1009.6	1009.2	1	1	23.8	28.6	

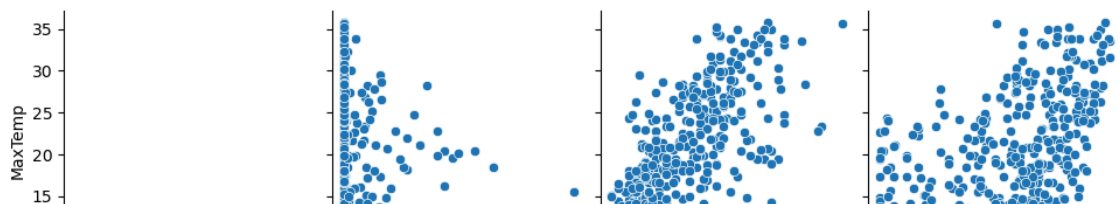
	RainToday	RISK_MM	RainTomorrow
0	No	3.6	Yes
1	Yes	3.6	Yes
2	Yes	39.8	Yes
3	Yes	2.8	Yes
4	Yes	0.0	No
..
361	No	0.0	No
362	No	0.0	No
363	No	0.0	No
364	No	0.0	No
365	No	0.0	No

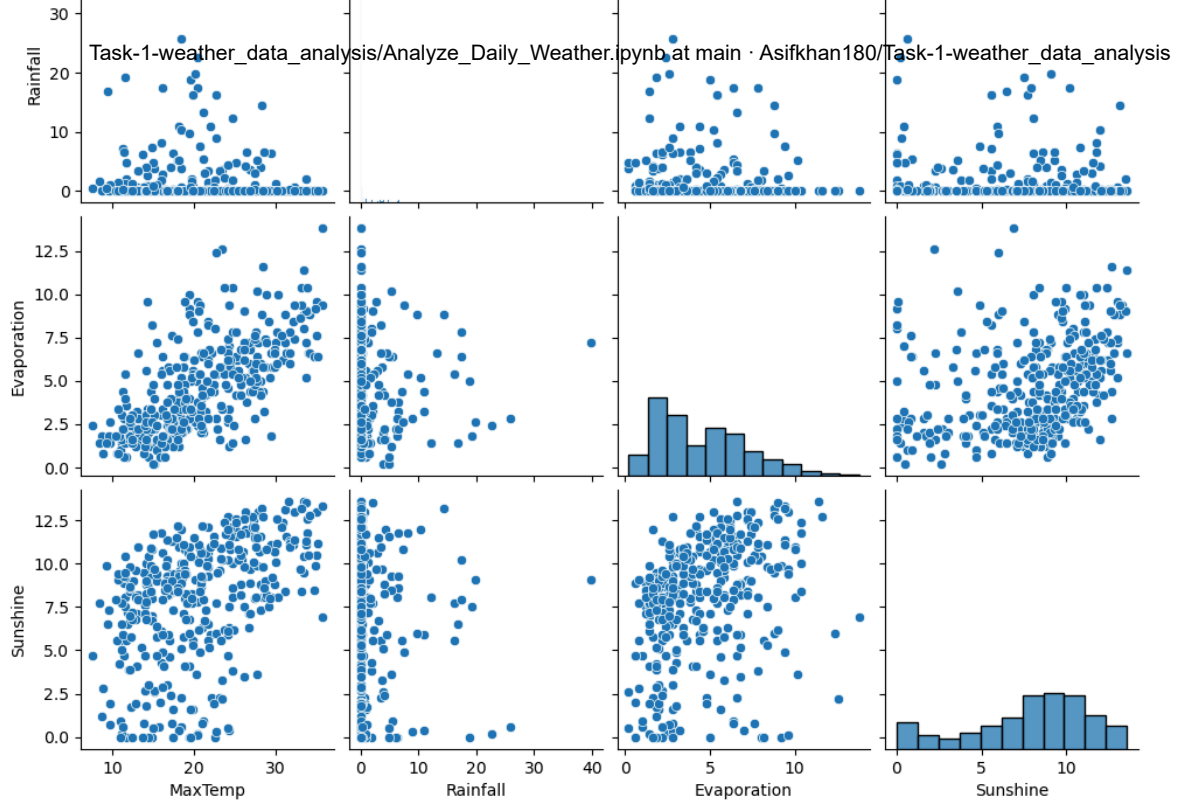
```
print(weather_df.info())
Task-1-weather_data_analysis/Analyze_Daily_Weather.ipynb at main · Asifkhan180/Task-1-weather_data_analysis
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 366 entries, 0 to 365
Data columns (total 22 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   MinTemp                366 non-null   float64
1   MaxTemp                366 non-null   float64
2   Rainfall               366 non-null   float64
3   Evaporation            366 non-null   float64
4   Sunshine               363 non-null   float64
5   WindGustDir            363 non-null   object
6   WindGustSpeed           364 non-null   float64
7   WindDir9am             335 non-null   object
8   WindDir3pm             365 non-null   object
9   WindSpeed9am           359 non-null   float64
10  WindSpeed3pm           366 non-null   int64
11  Humidity9am            366 non-null   int64
12  Humidity3pm            366 non-null   int64
13  Pressure9am            366 non-null   float64
14  Pressure3pm            366 non-null   float64
15  Cloud9am               366 non-null   int64
16  Cloud3pm               366 non-null   int64
17  Temp9am                366 non-null   float64
18  Temp3pm                366 non-null   float64
19  RainToday              366 non-null   object
20  RISK_MM                366 non-null   float64
21  RainTomorrow           366 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(12), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 63.0+ KB
None
```

In [21]:

```
# Create pair plots to visualize relationships between numeric variables
sns.pairplot(weather_df[['MaxTemp', 'Rainfall', 'Evaporation', 'Sunshine']])
plt.show()
```

```
R:\anaconda\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_
as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf
values to NaN before operating instead.
  with pd.option_context('mode.use_inf_as_na', True):
R:\anaconda\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_
as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf
values to NaN before operating instead.
  with pd.option_context('mode.use_inf_as_na', True):
R:\anaconda\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_
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R:\anaconda\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_
as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf
values to NaN before operating instead.
  with pd.option_context('mode.use_inf_as_na', True):
```





In [22]:

```
# Calculate statistics for specific columns
mean_rainfall = weather_df['Rainfall'].mean()
max_temp = weather_df['MaxTemp'].max()

print(f"Mean rainfall: {mean_rainfall:.2f} mm")
print(f"Maximum temperature: {max_temp:.2f} °C")
```

Mean rainfall: 1.43 mm

Maximum temperature: 35.80 °C

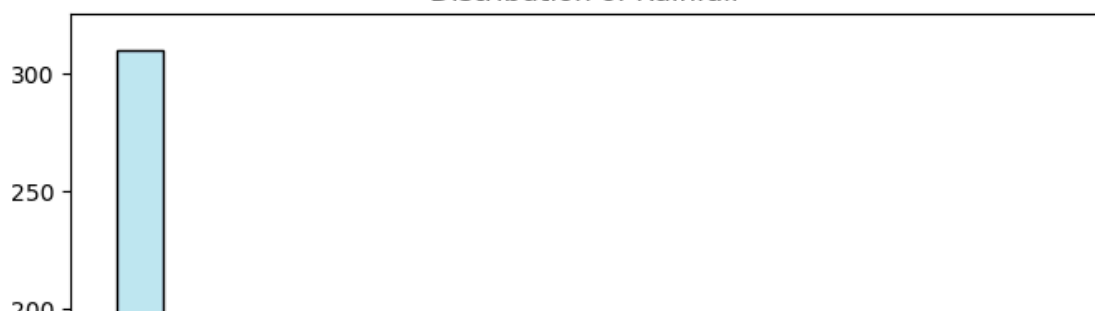
In [24]:

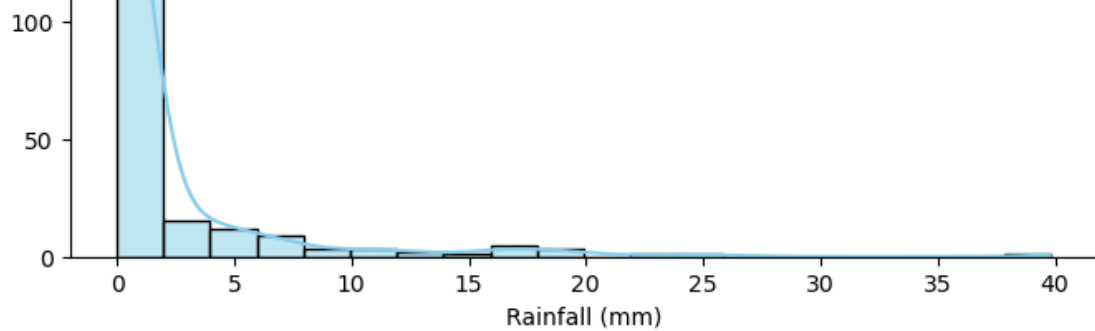
```
# Distribution of rainfall
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.histplot(weather_df['Rainfall'], bins=20, kde=True, color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Rainfall (mm)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Rainfall')
plt.show()
```

R:\anaconda\Lib\site-packages\seaborn_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

with pd.option_context('mode.use_inf_as_na', True):

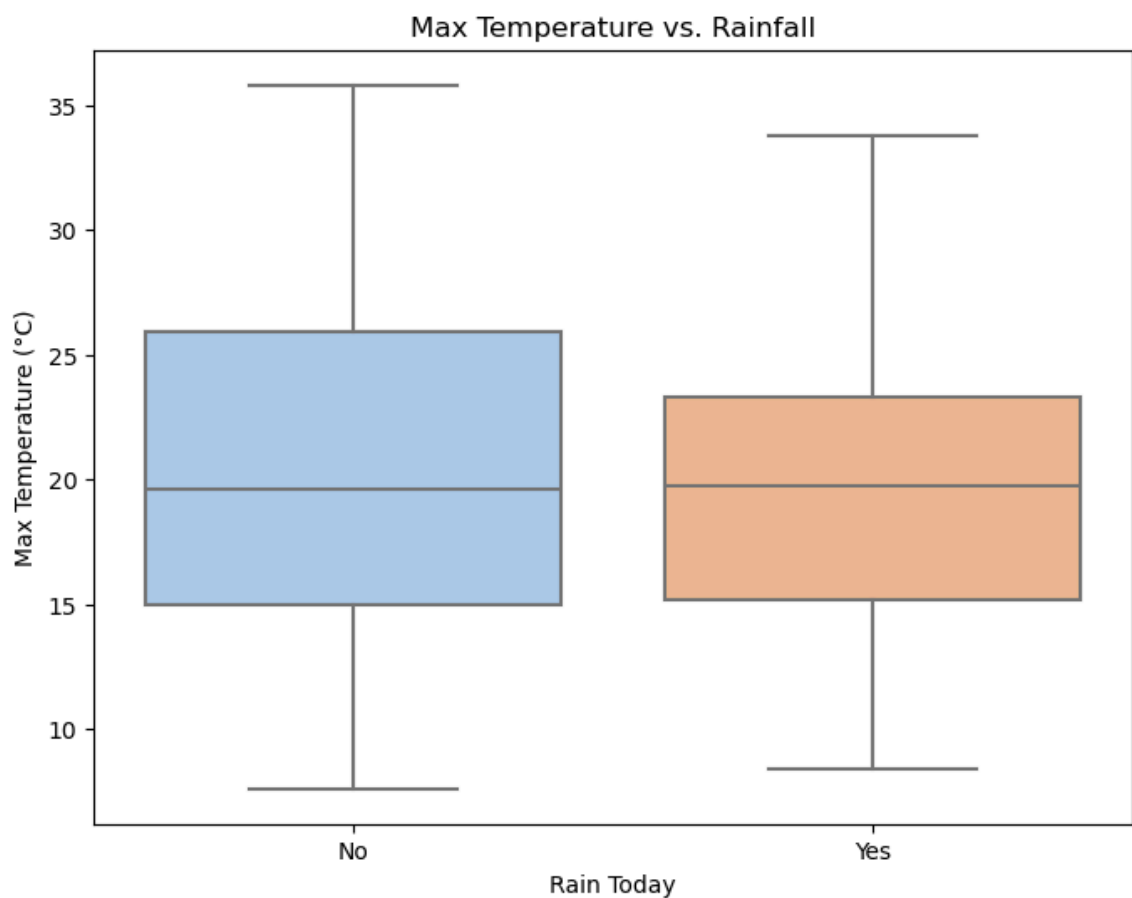
Distribution of Rainfall





In [25]:

```
# Box plot for MaxTemp and Rainfall
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='RainToday', y='MaxTemp', data=weather_df, palette='pastel')
plt.xlabel('Rain Today')
plt.ylabel('Max Temperature (°C)')
plt.title('Max Temperature vs. Rainfall')
plt.show()
```



In [26]:

```
# Example: Rainfall prediction using Linear Regression (for demonstration purposes)
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X = weather_df[['MaxTemp']]
y = weather_df['Rainfall']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
rainfall_pred = model.predict(X_test)
Task-1-weather_data_analysis/Analyze_Daily_Weather.ipynb at main · Asifkhan180/Task-1-weather_data_analysis
print(f"Sample rainfall predictions: {rainfall_pred[:5]}")
```

Sample rainfall predictions: [1.24920459 0.95342914 0.7265329 1.37480786 0.8804982]

In [29]:

```
##### Final Conclusion and Insights #####

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Read the weather dataset from 'weather.csv'
file_path = 'weather.csv'
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Calculate average maximum temperature (MaxTemp)
max_temp_mean = df['MaxTemp'].mean()

# Calculate total rainfall
rainfall_sum = df['Rainfall'].sum()

# Calculate average humidity at 9 am (Humidity9am) and 3 pm (Humidity3pm)
humidity_9am_mean = df['Humidity9am'].mean()
humidity_3pm_mean = df['Humidity3pm'].mean()

# Calculate average atmospheric pressure at 9 am (Pressure9am) and 3 pm (Pressure3pm)
pressure_9am_mean = df['Pressure9am'].mean()
pressure_3pm_mean = df['Pressure3pm'].mean()

# Display conclusions and insights
print("Conclusions and Insights:")
print(f"1. Average Max Temperature: {max_temp_mean:.2f} °C")
print(f"2. Total Rainfall: {rainfall_sum:.2f} mm")
print(f"3. Average Humidity at 9 am: {humidity_9am_mean:.2f}%")
print(f"4. Average Humidity at 3 pm: {humidity_3pm_mean:.2f}%")
print(f"5. Average Pressure at 9 am: {pressure_9am_mean:.2f} hPa")
print(f"6. Average Pressure at 3 pm: {pressure_3pm_mean:.2f} hPa")

# Feel free to customize and expand this analysis further!
```

Conclusions and Insights:

1. Average Max Temperature: 20.55 °C
2. Total Rainfall: 522.80 mm
3. Average Humidity at 9 am: 72.04%
4. Average Humidity at 3 pm: 44.52%
5. Average Pressure at 9 am: 1019.71 hPa
6. Average Pressure at 3 pm: 1016.81 hPa

In []:

