Cluster Computing

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Message Passing Interface (MPI)

- Introduced in early 90's
- Each process may have multiple threads
- Each process has its own address space
- Inter-process communication

MPI Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
   MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
   printf("hello world!\n");
   MPI_Finalize();
   return 0;
```

MPI Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
   int rank, size;
   MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
   MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
   MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
   printf("hello world from %d of %d!\n", rank, size);
   MPI_Finalize();
   return 0;
```

```
int MPI_Send(
  void* data,
  int count,
  MPI_Datatype datatype,
  int destination,
  int tag,
  MPI_Comm communicator)
int MPI_Recv(
  void* data,
  int count,
  MPI_Datatype datatype,
  int source,
  int tag,
  MPI_Comm communicator,
  MPI_Status* status)
```

```
int MPI_Probe(
  int source,
  int tag,
  MPI_Comm comm,
  MPI_Status* status)
int MPI_Get_count(
  MPI_Status* status,
  MPI_Datatype datatype,
  int* count)
```

```
int MPI_Isend(
      const void *buf,
      int count,
      MPI_Datatype datatype,
      int dest,
      int tag,
     MPI_Comm comm,
      MPI_Request *request)
```

```
int MPI_Wait(
      MPI_Request *request,
      MPI_Status *status)
int MPI_Test(
      MPI_Request *request,
      int *flag,
      MPI_Status *status)
```

Communicator

Compilation and Execution

- MPICH, OpenMPI
- mpicc, mpiCC, mpic++
- mpiexec, mpirun
- mpiexec -np 4 ./a.out
- mpiCC a.cc --showme

- SLURM
 - sbatch
 - srun

MPI Configuration

- For each node, create a user that can ssh to all other nodes
- Install MPICH/OpenMPI
- mpirun -np 4 --hostfile myhost_file ./a.out
 - node1 slots=2 max_slots=10
 - node2 slots=2 max_slots=10
- mpirun -np 4 --hostfile myhost_file --byslot ./a.out
- mpirun -np 4 --hostfile myhost_file --bynode ./a.out

MPI Collective Communications

- MPI_Barrier(MPI_Comm communicator)
- MPI_Bcast(void* data, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, int root, MPI_Comm communicator)
- MPI_Reduce(const void *sendbuf, void *recvbuf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, MPI_Op op, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
 - MPI_MIN, MPI_MAX, MPI_MINLOC, MPI_MAXLOC, MPI_BOR, MPI_BXOR, MPI_LOR, MPI_LXOR, MPI_BAND, MPI_LAND, MPI_SUM and MPI_PROD
- MPI_Allreduce(const void* send_buffer, void* receive_buffer, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, MPI_Op operation, MPI_Comm communicator)

Cluster Computing

- MPI
 - Inter-node communication
 - High-performance computing
- Node failure
 - Broken hardware
 - Software bugs
 - Insufficient resources
- Node failure happens commonly for clusters with 1,000+ nodes
 - $(1 p)^1000$

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We need a system to handle these failures!

Distributed File System

- Decouple data and computing resources
- Replication to take care of node/disk failures
- HDFS
 - Name node
 - Data node

Common Data Analysis Tasks

- Given a large data, find some statistics
- Given a page view log, find the number of users
- Given a page view log, find the number of users group by browser
- Given a page view log, find the number of users from NY state group by browser

Map and Reduce

- PageRank
- $PR(x) = \sum_{y \in A} \{y \text{ links to } (x)\} (PR(y) / \text{ out } \text{ degree}(y))$

• Iterative disk I/O

Spark

- Spark
- Resilient Distributed Dataset (RDD)
 - Immutable
 - Transformations
 - map
 - filter
 - reduceByKey
 - join
 - •
 - Actions
 - count
 - collect
 - ...