

2. Spring Core _Basic

https://www.notion.so/miraebyraejin/2-_59ddc19355d646829c3d3fa9137d98fe

Lecture by Kim Younghan (inflearn.com/course/스프링-핵심-원리-기본편)

Personal documents

```
| Documents  
|-- classes.xlsx  
|-- diagram.drawio  
|-- readme.md
```

Class list: with fields and methods

Diagram: contains Domain relation, Class diagram, Object diagram

readme: this

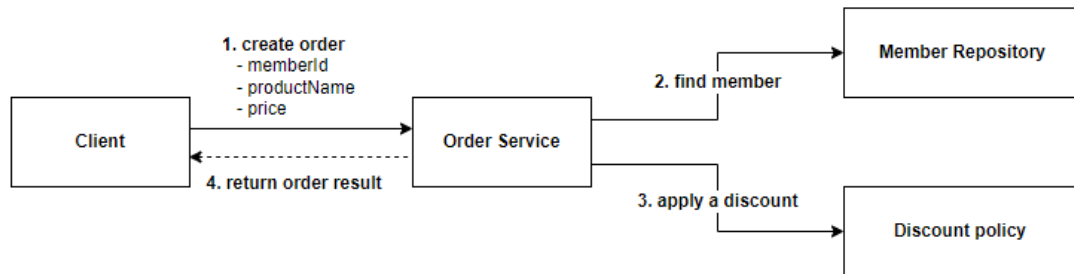
Summary of Main Points

▼ Distinguish role from implementation

Interface must focus only on its role(execution)

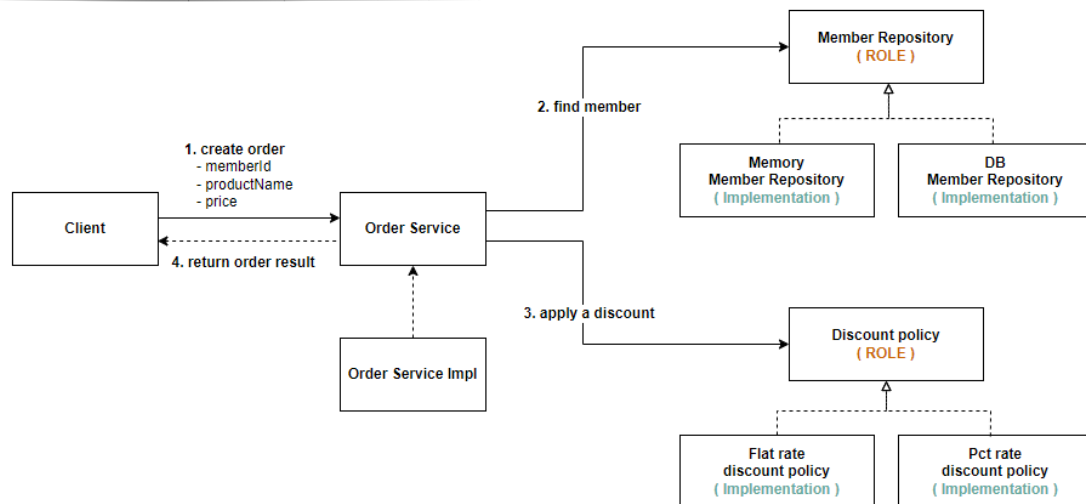
→ Role and Implementation can be separated by [DI/loC](#)

Role of Order Service / Domain relation_simple (Order & Discount)



1. Create order: A client(controller) requests 'OrderService' to create order
2. Find member: member grade is needed for discount
3. Apply a discount
4. Return order result

Domain relation_entire (Order & Discount)

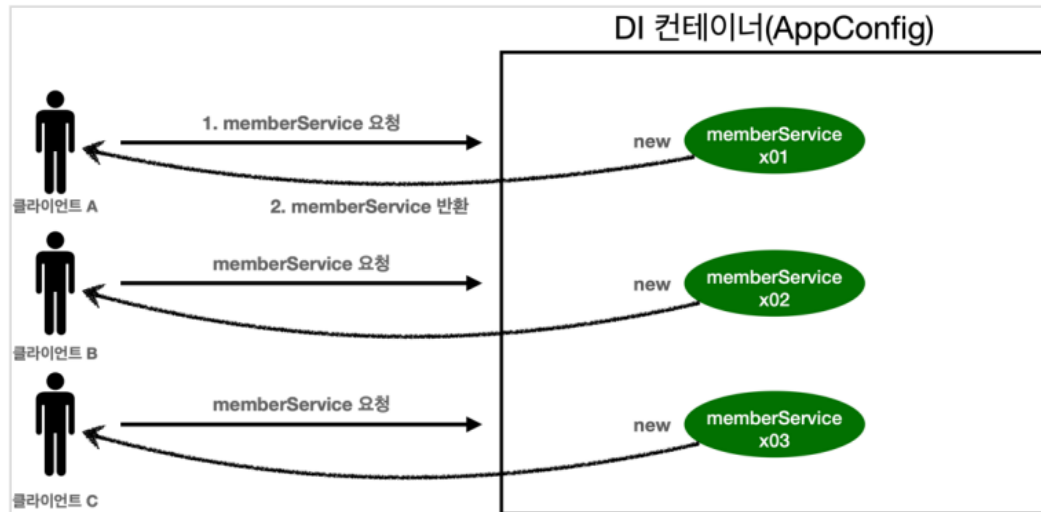


▼ DI Container / IoC Container

- XxxConfig.class

Here, create implementation objects and inject(link) them

However, it cause huge memory wasting because each objects are created every single call



→ Singleton pattern resolve this problem by creating and using only one object

▼ Singleton Pattern

It is regarded as Anti pattern because

Singleton pattern with plain java violates DIP, OCP and contains many other problems.

→ Singleton(Spring) Container can resolve this violation.

(Details: PDF - page 71 - 싱글톤 패턴 문제점, google)

- DIP violation

Need to get instance from implementation class

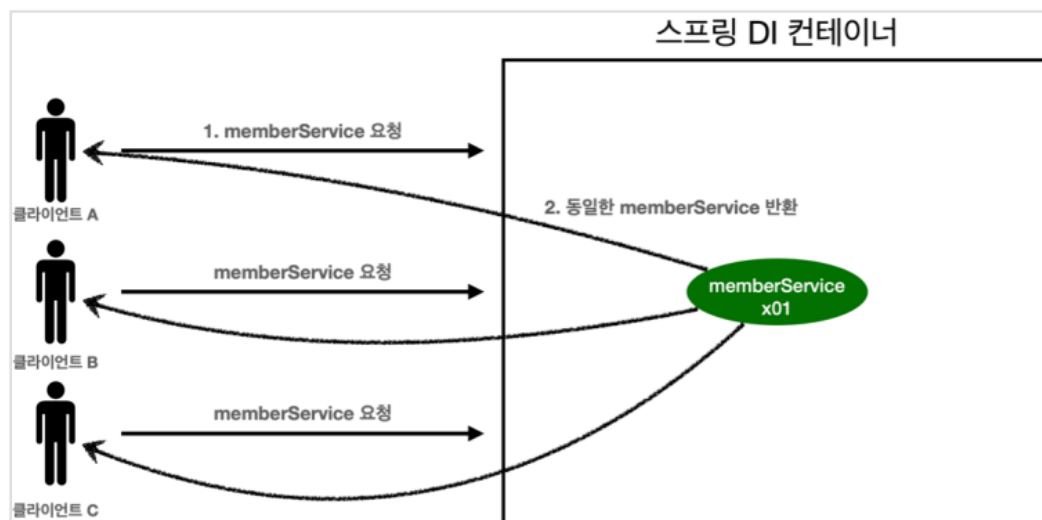
→ depend on implementation not interface → It leads to OCP violation

```
public class AppConfig {
    return new MemberServiceImpl.getInstance();
}
```

```
}
```

▼ Spring Container / Singleton Container

→ ApplicationContext



- XxxConfig.class

@Configuration

Apply this annotation to XxxConfig.class to create as a spring container

@Bean

If exists, return the bean. Or else, enroll one.